"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain and warmer today; Tuesday, probably rain; southeast winds.
☞ For weather report see Page 20.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,332. ••• NEW YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 17, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

ZAPATA IN FLIGHT; HIS STRONGHOLD WON BY MEXICO

State of Morelos Occupied by Gonzales's Troops After Ten Years of Massacre.

CHIEF PURSUED TO HILLS

His Early Capture Expected—Remnants of Bandit's Army Now Surrendering.

REBELS STRIPPED REGION

Made Oil Paintings Into Trousers—Fourteen Families Once Owned the State.

MEXICO CITY, March 15, (Associated Press.)—The State of Morelos, just south of this city, is completely under the control of Government troops after being overrun for ten years by bands commanded by Emiliano Zapata.

A campaign conducted by General Pablo Gonzales, commander of the Government forces, has been successful, Zapata and a few hundred of his followers being driven into the almost impassable mountains near Puenta de Ixtla, on the boundary between Mexico and Guerrero. His capture, with that of Generals Genevevo de Lao and Manuel Palofax, his chief lieutenants, is expected almost any day.

An opportunity to confirm the Government's announcement that Morelos has been pacified has been afforded the correspondent of The Associated Press, who has just completed a seven-day journey by railroad, muleback, and afoot through a large part of the State, including virtually all of Zapata's former strongholds. There is regular train service over the National Railway of Mexico between this city and Cuernavaca, the capital of Morelos, and colonists and artisans are being taken there free of charge by the Government.

Made Trousers of Paintings.

Cuernavaca, which has been held by Government troops for several months, is rapidly approaching a normal condition, although the Zapatistas during their occupation of the town stripped the place of almost every stick of timber and unroofed nearly all the houses and public buildings. So scarce was material for clothing while Zapata held the town that his men looted the cathedral and the people who remained there tell of seeing the rebel soldiers wearing trousers made out of what were once valuable paintings.

General Gustavo Elisondo, a former Rough Rider, who is in command at Cuernavaca, reports the discovery of a cave in the mountains where Zapata, who seldom entered cities, had his headquarters. The cave is said to be ten miles long and was used as a warehouse for supplies and ammunition.

An average of thirty Zapatistas are surrendering to General Elisonde daily, giving up their rifles, for which they are paid ten pesos. If they care to serve in the Government armies, they are accepted and sent to the northern States.

A trip was made from Cuernavaca to Cuautla, the principal commercial center of the State, and on the way a number of Zapata's former strongholds were visited. Government forces are stationed at all strategic points, one of which is Tetilla Pass, where, on May 7, 1918, a Government regiment of 400 men were ambushed and massacred.

Thirst Forced Surrender.

Nearby is a valley several square miles in extent, which is covered with dense scrub growth. This was the refuge of a large number of Zapatistas, but the loyal soldiers, by guarding the water holes in this district, forced the surrender of nearly all the rebels in a few days.

The country between Cuernavaca and Cuautla is dotted with looted sugar refineries representing investments totalling millions of dollars. They are surrounded by sugar plantations, which were allowed to run to waste by the rebels. Every stick of timber and every pound of salable metal was torn from the refineries by Zapata's men.

The district near Cuautla, where Genereral Gonzales has his headquarters, shows the results of the Government's program of dividing up the great estates among the people, with the cooperation of the proprietors. Many former rebels are working in the fields, while the town of Cuautla is being rapidly rehabilitated.

The absence of a State Government for ten years and the lack of funds, however, make for a slow development of the plan, under which former field workers have a chance to earn a small farm at the end of ten years by sharing in the crops raised on the land. The Government is determined to eliminate the old system, under which the whole State of Morelos was formerly divided into twenty-eight estates owned by fourteen families.

New Schools Overcrowded.

Schools are being opened, but their capacity is entirely inadequate to accommodate the hundreds of children seeking admission. One may observe evidence of the conditions which have prevailed there in the curiosity of children, some of whom are 15 and 16 years old, in the first civilian they have ever seen. They are especially interested in his clothes. In the past they have encountered only the cotton-clad Zapatista rebels or uniformed Government soldiers.

Except for the extreme southwest section, where Zapata has taken refuge, the whole State is quiet and there has not been a skirmish reported in weeks.

In addition to the resumption of railway service between Mexico City and Cuernavaca, the Interoceanic Railway is operating trains between Cuautla and this city. The trains are run without armed escorts, but strategic points are well guarded, especially the bridge at Nepantla, where it is estimated 3,000 civilian railway passengers were slaughtered by Zapatistas during the ten years of rebellion.

REMEMBER VENUS PENCILS
Remember Venus Pencils.—Advt.

Italian Envoy Quits Serbia; Dispute Over Credentials

PARIS, March 16.—The Reuter correspondent learns that the new Italian Minister to Serbia has left Belgrade because of the refusal of the Government to recognize his credentials, which were addressed to the King of Serbia instead of to Serbia, Croatia and Slovenia combined. America alone thus far has recognized the tri-State as an entity.

Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, said today that its status had not yet been discussed by the Supreme Council.

CALLS ON BAKER FOR ANSELL REPLY

Chamberlain Formally Requests That Rejoinder to Crowder Be Made Public.

DEMOTION AGAIN ASSAILED

Violation of Department Order Charged in Replacing Ansell with Kreger.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, Chairman of the Senate Military Committee in the last Congress, today sent to Secretary of War Baker, who is absent from Washington on a tour of inspection, a telegram calling on him to make public the answer that Lieut. Col. Samuel T. Ansell has made to Major Gen. Enoch Crowder's recent defense of the army court-martial system. It was in this letter that General Crowder made the accusation that Lieut. Col. Ansell had tried to have himself appointed Judge Advocate General in place of General Crowder while the latter was acting as Provost Marshal General.

The telegram which Senator Chamberlain sent reads:

March 16, 1919.

Hon. Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, Presidio, Cal.:

Upon my request I have been furnished by the Acting Secretary of War a copy of a statement made by General Ansell and addressed to the Secretary of War in reply to the statement made by General Crowder in defense of the present court-martial system, which was released by you for publication last Monday. The statement of General Ansell has been furnished me confidentially and for the information of the Military Committee alone.

I have read the statement with care. In my judgment, it is a complete answer to the published defense of the present court-martial system, and shows affirmatively and convincingly the necessity of court-martial reform, a subject on which you should be as quickly disposed to give data to the public as you were to the statement made in the defense of the system. I, accordingly, request that you authorize the Acting Secretary to release this statement for publication, not at a late date, but immediately, when the public mind is fresh with the subject and is desirous of receiving it.

GEORGE E. CHAMBERLAIN,
Chairman, Senate Military Affairs Committee.

Lieut. Col. Ansell's reply was submitted to Benedict Crowell, the Acting Secretary of War, early last week, but he declined to make it public.

"I think," said Senator Chamberlain tonight, "that the Secretary of War ought to give this statement to the public, and believe that he will do so. This should be done, not only because the statement is an affirmative contribution of great informative value upon the subject of military justice itself, but because common fairness and justice to the officer who has advocated the necessity of reforming the present court-martial system require it."

Assert Order Was Violated.

It was pointed out tonight that Circular 69 of the War Department, dated Feb. 8, 1919, provided that regular officers rendered surplus in their higher grade would be assigned to vacancies in that grade, and if no such vacancies existed they would be demoted to their regular army rank. The circular further provided that in addition to these normal demotions, officers of the regular army found unsuited for advance rank would be demoted to their regular army rank.

A statement was made by the War Department that the office of the acting Judge Advocate General in France, which had been created to review courts-martial judgments in the American Expeditionary Forces, had been abolished and that it was necessary to find a place for General Kreger. In finding him a place it is contended that the department not only demoted his senior, but violated Order 69, inasmuch as General Kreger became the surplus officer.

It now develops that the War Department abolished the office in France on March 1, only to re-etstablish it on March 13.

The charge also is made that the demotion of General Ansell and the transfer to his place of General Kreger have resulted in maladministration. General Kreger organized and thoroughly understood the office in France and General Ansell organized and thoroughly understood the office here at home. The office in France, it is asserted by supporters of Ansell, is now in charge of an officer who is unfamiliar with its organization and duties and the office here will be in similar condition, as General Crowder is going to Cuba. It also is asserted that, instead of a decrease by way of demobilization or oth-

Continued on Page Three.

Pall Mall Famous Cigarettes
Cork and Plain Ends.—Advt.

TELLER ARRESTED IN $26,000 THEFT FROM BRONX BANK

Police Say He Has Confessed and Implicated Three Others Who Are in Custody.

GAVE KEY AND COMBINATION

To Saloonkeeper Who Entered Before Banking Hours and Carried Away the Cash.

ALL BUT $3,400 RECOVERED

Found Hidden in Cigar Factory Where Alleged Burglar's Brother Was Employed.

Four men, including the paying teller, were arrested yesterday in connection with the theft of $26,000 from the Cosmopolitan Bank at 803 Prospect Avenue, the Bronx, early last Tuesday morning. According to the police, two of the four have made statements in which they confess to having taken part in the robbery. All but $3,400 of the stolen money has been recovered.

The men arrested were Samuel Smith, 29 years old, married, 2,462 Valentine Avenue; Samuel Levitt, 29, a saloon keeper at Dawson Street and Longwood Avenue, who lives at 791 Dawson Street, a depositor in the bank; Abraham Levitt, 31 years old, a brother to Samuel Levitt, shipping clerk for the American Exchange Cigar Company at 1,059 Third Avenue, 1,333 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx; Frank Reynolds, aged 31, formerly assistant cashier of the Cosmopolitan Bank, 2,639 Jerome Avenue.

After being under an almost continuous fire of questions for three days, the police say that Smith, the teller, finally confessed that he had given the combinations of the bank vaults and a key to the door of the building to his friend, Samuel Levitt, who at 7:15 Tuesday morning made his way into the bank, entered the vault and carried away the packages containing $26,432. When Levitt was arrested yesterday the police say he confessed, and said he had given the package to his brother Abraham for safekeeping. Abraham, the police say, admitted having received the money and took the police to the cigar factory where he worked and produced it from behind a pile of packing boxes.

Although the robbery was discovered at 8 o'clock on Tuesday morning, the bank relied on a private detective agency, and the police did not learn of the robbery until Wednesday morning, and then through outside channels. Captain Andrew Wines of the Bronx Detective Bureau, Lieutenant John E. McGrath and twelve other detectives were assigned to the case. They decided that the robbery was an "inside job," and proceeded to examine all employes who had keys or knew the combinations. Finally through a process of elimination they became certain that Smith was the man who knew about the burglary.

From noon on Saturday until early yesterday morning Smith was grilled by detectives. They say his first break was the admission that he was $2,000 short in his accounts. Then he said that Levitt had frequently urged him to rob the bank and that he had finally agreed. On Monday night, according to Capt. Wines, he pretended to lock the safe containing the money, but left the combination on a half turn so that all Levitt had to do was to pull the door open. Then he gave Levitt the combinations of the outer and inner vaults and a duplicate key to the Westchester Avenue door.

Levitt, in his statement, Capt. Wines says, declares that on Tuesday morning he found Rudolph Steuber, the watchman, on duty, and waited until he saw him depart at 7 o'clock. Then, knowing that the day watchman did not report until 8 o'clock, he went back, got the money, and wrapping it in a newspaper, boarded a downtown subway train and took it to his brother.

Smith has been an employe of the bank for six years and as teller received $33 a week. His wife, before she learned of his confession, said that while his salary was small, they had been able to keep themselves comfortably in a three-room apartment so that there had been no temptation to steal. They have been married three years and have no children.

NORTH RUSSIAN REDS AGAIN DRIVEN BACK

Attempt to Cut Communications Between Allies and Americans on Dvina Front.

ARCHANGEL, March 15, (Associated Press.)—Bolshevist forces made a determined attempt Friday to cut the communications between the American and allied columns on the Dvina and Vaga Rivers, but their attack was repulsed with heavy losses.

The enemy lost fifty-seven dead and four prisoners. The allied casualty was one soldier wounded.

On the anniversary of the Russian revolution, March 12, the celebrations by the city and the countil of professional unions were made the occasion for numerous pro-Bolshevist addresses, whereupon the Provisional Government arrested a number of the speakers and declared its determination to suppress all such attempts to lend assistance to enemies and hamper the struggle of the Allies against the Bolsheviki.

There is increasing evidence that the Bolshevist agitators are ready to take advantage of any minor disturbance to bring about a Bolshevist revolt behind the lines at any time when the allied troops are hard pressed at the front.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Australia Provides $2,500,000 To Give Work to Soldiers

MELBOURNE, Australia, March 16.—The Commonwealth Government is to provide £500,000 for use by local governing bodies throughout Australia on works which will give immediate employment for returned soldiers.

SYDNEY, March 16.—Premier Holman said today the Government intended to find employment for 80,000 soldiers in New South Wales. The Premier said there would be legislation compelling employers to reinstate returned soldiers, that 8,000 soldiers would be settled on farm lands and that the remainder would be employed on public works.

OUR TROOPS AID ON SIBERIAN ROAD

Occupy Strategic Points as Stevens Assumes Charge of Transportation System.

AMERICANS AS INSPECTORS

Colonel G. H. Emerson Organizing Operatives to Take Over the Chinese Eastern Line.

VLADIVOSTOK, March 14, (Associated Press.)—American troops have begun to move to strategic points on the trans-Siberian Railway west of Vladivostok to aid John F. Stevens and his staff of American railway men in the technical operation of the railway. The first contingent is already at Harbin, while the second will entrain within a few days for Chita, which is the furthest point west to which the Americans will be sent.

It is proposed to place additional detachments at Verkhni Udinsk, Manchuria station and Nikolsk. On the Ussuri branch American troops already are stationed at Spasske and Khabarovsk.

Szechoslovak troops are guarding the line from Irkutsk to Cheliabinsk. Japanese troops are in Siberia and also are guarding the Chinese Eastern Railway as far as Irkutsk.

No announcement has yet been made of the zones which the various Allies will police. It is said to be a question for the Interallied Committee in Siberia to decide. The committee is awaiting the arrival of the Chinese member of the Military Committee before making a decision. There is strong sentiment among the allied representatives that the Chinese should police at least half of the Chinese Eastern. While there have been some rumors of secret opposition to the allied plan, all appearances are that the nations are working in complete harmony.

Mr. Stevens's plan for operating the Trans-Siberian Road contemplates a division of the line into four sections under the supervision of a General Inspector. Each section in turn will be sub-divided into districts, each district comprising several divisions under corresponding sub-Inspectors and Superintendents.

Until the allied technical appointees are familiar with American methods only Americans will be employed as Inspectors, the others acting as assistants.

Mr. Stevens proposes at the earliest moment to inaugurate an express service to Omsk. The schedule has for a long time been prepared. It is contingent on the available passenger equipment. The system of car accounting and financing will be gone over by experts and made to conform to the American system. These experts at present will consist of Americans summoned by cablegrams.

Colonel George H. Emerson of St. Paul, Minn., former General Manager of the Great Northern Railway, who will be the first assistant of Mr. Stevens as General Inspector, already is on his way to Harbin, organizing the first corps of operatives to take over the Chinese Eastern Railway. Lieut. Gen. Horvath, Vice President and General Manager of the Chinese Eastern Railway, is working in close sympathy with the allied plans. It is considered that his co-operation will go far toward the simplification of the task.

Mr. Stevens expects to make his headquarters at Harbin after completing the details of his task here.

Roland S. Morris, American Ambassador to Japan, having completed his diplomatic mission, sailed for Tokio yesterday.

The Inter-Allied Committee is preparing an announcement to the Russian public explaining the aims and scope of the allied undertakings. The Military Committee has not yet been fully organized, and the question of the definite distribution of troops for policing is still to be determined.

The controversy between Major Gen. Graves, the American Commander in Siberia, and the Japanese staff over the disposition of the 1,500 Cossacks of General Kalmikoff's forces, who were interned by the Americans at Khabarovsk at their own request, virtually has been adjusted by the gradual dispersal of the Cossack force. The Cossacks have been returning to their homes.

General Graves has notified the Japanese Staff that upon the identification of the arms and equipment of the Cossacks as their property it will be delivered to them.

YOU WILL FIND THE STEARNS KNIGHT
at 12 Central Park West.
Come and see it. It's wonderful.—Advt.

ENGLAND RESTIVE OVER PEACE DELAY; LABOR UNSETTLED

Coalition Government Censured for Failure to Carry Out No-Conscription Promise.

FRET UNDER BIG OUTLAYS

Huge Appropriations for Army, Navy, and Air Service Cause a Public Outcry.

MINE AND RAIL TROUBLES

Discontent Reflected in Defeat of Lloyd George Candidate at By-election.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 15.—The West Leyton bye-election result is undoubtedly a nasty blow for the Coalition Government and particularly for Lloyd George, who had specially recommended the Tory candidate to the voters and thereby drawn upon himself a scathing rejoinder from the Independent Liberal candidate. The latter won an extraordinary success in reversing by huge figures the vote cast at the December general election. Politicians have to go back as far as 1880, when Sir William Harcourt was defeated at the Oxford bye-election, to discover a parallel sensation.

Everybody is asking the reason. The Independent Liberals are overjoyed and proclaiming that it is the writing on the wall. Some Tories admit the Conservative candidate was too reactionary for the times. Most experts agree it is an indication of the general dissatisfaction felt throughout the country owing to the wide gulf separating the Coalition's election promises and its attempts to realize them.

Most people think peace should have been made before now, and while the British Government cannot be held wholly responsible for the delay, it is the only culprit within reach of the British electorate. Lloyd George's election promises of no conscription were taken literally, and impatience with the methods he has adopted to bring about that happy consumation is rife even in quarters where it is admitted that Britain could not disarm until the other countries did likewise. The fact that the national daily expenditure remains at the high figure of $31,250,000 is regarded as serious proof of governmental incapacity to adapt itself to new conditions.

Outcry Against Appropriations.

A great outcry has been made against the huge military, naval, and air service appropriations asked for by the respective heads of those departments. A particularly telling point is made of the fact that in the Air Ministry's budget of $332,500,000 only $15,000,000 is earmarked for development of civilian flying.

A. E. Newbould, the new member of Parliament for West Leyton, says:

"The result is largely due to the unfulfilled promises and broken pledges of the Government, which the electors resent. Can you wonder at it when they see today $2,000,000,000 army estimates as a result of victory? It has left electors wondering whether we really have won the war or whether it is only that we have lost peace.

"The electors are staggered by the audacity of Churchill's statements that at the time of the general election the Government did not realize that conscription would be necessary. They did not know when they voted that this would be the excuse for the broken pledge to abolish conscription."

Austen Chamberlain's misadventures as Chancellor of the Exchequer seriously reflected upon the whole Cabinet, and many West Leyton electors who journey daily to and from the city asked when Sir Albert Stanley would redeem his promise to reduce the railway fares, which were increased 50 per cent. during the war.

Some of the reasons advanced for the West Leyton turnover are only interesting as an indication of the general unrest and dissatisfaction. The industrial situation seems to be growing black again. The Coal Commission has not yet had the results expected from it. The miners' representatives say the men will not withdraw or defer their notices after March 22, and the commission will be still hearing evidence on Monday, so that it will only have Tuesday and Wednesday to deliberate and prepare its report, which has to be presented on the 20th.

Deadlock Over Nationalization.

So far as present indications go there is likely to be a deadlock between the Governmental attitude toward the nationalization of the mines and the position taken by the miners. In the former case, nationalization is interpreted as Government control; in the latter, nationalization is construed to imply joint control by the Government and the miners. This is, of course, putting the position broadly, but it is recognized that it will need all of Justice Sankey's abilities to secure a harmonious report from the commission over which he presides, and the divergent, not to say antagonistic, elements which have been very apparent during the commission's sittings.

At today's meeting William Straker, representing the Northumberland Miners, said it was useless to have asked the men to withdraw the strike notices

Continued on Page Two.

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange. 1 Wall St.—Advt.

PICHON SEES OBSTACLES TO WILSON PLAN OF FULL LEAGUE DRAFT IN FIRST TREATY; MONROE DOCTRINE AGAIN DISCUSSED

PICHON'S COMPROMISE PLAN

To Embody League Principles in First Treaty, Postponing Details.

OUR DELEGATES ARE FIRM

Proceeding on the Assumption That the Covenant May Not Be Abridged.

PEACE WILL BE DICTATED

German Delegates Will Have Merely the Option of Accepting or Rejecting Terms.

PARIS, March 16, (Associated Press.)—Efforts are being directed today to shaping the League of Nations covenant so as to insure its acceptance by the Supreme Council and win the approval of those Americans who are demanding its amendment.

Colonel House conferred with Lord Robert Cecil, Léon Bourgeois, and the American delegates, and reported to President Wilson.

It is conceded that some of the suggested amendments can safely be adopted—for instance, the safeguarding of the Monroe Doctrine and the fixing of conditions which will permit of the adherence of the Central Powers.

One of the five powers has hesitated to accept a distinct expression of the right of secession from the League.

The Americans are proceeding on the supposition that the covenant may be included in the peace treaty.

Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, said today that he felt it was practically impossible to include the covenant in the first treaty. The views of neutral countries, which had been invited, and amendments could not be disposed of, he added, before the probable early signing of the preliminaries.

The issue, the Minister suggested, might be met by a declaration in the treaty of the principles underlying the League, leaving the details in abeyance. The war would be ended when the preliminaries were signed, he pointed out, but the Germans would not regain their pre-war status, with liberty of movement, until the signing of the final treaty, pending which the blockade would be only partly lifted.

Regarding Posen, M. Pichon said that if the Germans persisted in their rejection of the terms of the allied Commissioners the Entente would have to intervene; Poland could not be left in its present dangerous situation. A French General would be sent to Poland with the first Polish division which had fought in France, as soon as possible.

M. Pichon denied the report that the French Government had accorded recognition to the Russian Bolsheviki, saying that the Supreme Council would consider the Russian question this week.

The present determination in Peace Conference circles is that after the allied and associated powers have reached a complete understanding regarding the conditions to be imposed on Germany the German delegates will be called to Versailles, but they will not be allowed to discuss the conditions, the intention of the allied and associated powers being to dictate peace.

Either the German delegates must accept the terms and sign, or a state of war will continue. The general opinion here is that, in view of the internal situation in Germany, the delegates of that country will accept rather than expose the country to a graver risk and more drastic measures.

ARGENTINA'S LEAGUE PLAN.

Said to Contemplate Admission of Central Powers as Charter Members.

BUENOS AIRES, March 16.—Persistent rumors in Government circles today were to the effect that Argentina in making suggestions for amendments to the League of Nations covenant would suggest the admission of the defeated States as original members. The Foreign Office has issued a formal denial, but refuses to discuss the proposals the Argentine Government will make.

Foreign Minister Puerreydon yesterday informed Frederic J. Stimson, the United States Ambassador to Argentina, that this country would support the League of Nations in principle, adding that the fundamental idea of the League "coincides perfectly with the principles

Plan to Give Germany Land Communication Across Polish Corridor to the Baltic

PARIS, March 16, (Associated Press.)—The report of the Polish Commission on the Eastern Boundary, which is on Monday's business before the Council, proposes to give Germany direct land communication across the corridor to the Baltic, which has been accorded to Poland and which cuts off part of East Prussia from the rest of Germany. The report suggests that for Poland's security the German territory to the east of the corridor be demilitarized.

It is also proposed by the commission that the 600,000 Protestant Poles in the Mazurian Lake region be allowed to determine by plebiscite whether they shall join Catholic Poland or remain German.

The Peace Conference Commission on the International Régime of Ports, Waterways, and Railways at a plenary session yesterday continued its discussion of clauses to be inserted in the treaty of peace in regard to the navigation of the Rhine. The meeting was held at the Ministry of Public Works.

BERLIN REDS PLOT NEW REVOLT SOON

Start Vigorous Propaganda for Another General Strike March 24 or 25.

AIM TO INVOLVE NATION

Revolution of Feeling in Berlin Against Government Troops for Summary Executions.

By LEONARD SPRAY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, March 14.—Though the latest pitched battle with the Spartacides has ended in the victory of the Government, Berlin is still a city of fear and anxiety.

Nervous soldiers preserve a precarious peace in the centre of the city by completely shutting off Alexander Square and other strategic areas, but at nightfall there is always much desultory rifle fire and now and then there burst stray shells from rebel guns somewhere to the eastward.

Thousands of people are mourning their dead. The exact number of victims in the recent fighting will probably never be known, for many Spartacides have been buried secretly, but there are nearly 600 bodies in the morgue and the principal hospitals.

The past is bad enough, but many believe that there are worse things to come. The Berlin Bolsheviki have already planned another strike for March 24 or 25 and have started a strong propaganda for the purpose of making the movement general over the whole country.

The Government at Weimar, now apparently really alive to the fact that Russians and Russian money are playing a leading rôle in the business, is taking one measure to oppose this influence. A bill is to be presented forbidding traffic in Russian money and the use of paper rubles for credit purposes. This step is taken very late, for there is already so much Bolshevist money in Germany that in some parts of the country paper rubles are freely accepted for ready payments.

Despite Noske's victory, and he, a nominee of the Socialistic Government, has shown an iron hand as hard as that of any militarist of the old régime, competent observers believe that the extremists have gained in strength and will have still larger backing when the next rebellion comes. This applies to the country generally.

Very significant is an item today from Leipzig. The general strike movement was defeated there, but the Federation of Trades Unions has decided that in future only Independent Socialists may hold office in the central organization. Moreover, several individual unions, including the building trade workers, metal workers, carpenters, compositors, and bookbinders, have dismissed all Majority Socialist officials, while the Independents are also increasing their authority in co-operative societies.

Reverting to Berlin, the influence of the extremists there has been augmented by a curious factor arising out of the latest struggle. At first the city was horrified by stories of Spartacide atrocities, but it has since turned out that many of these were inventions of the official News Bureau, which was under control of the military. There is now a strong revulsion of feeling against the Government troops in consequence of the advantage they took of the establishment of a regime of "summary judgment" and the ruthless manner in which they conducted operations against the Lichtenberg suburb, where scores of innocent men and children were killed.

The latest instance of "summary judgment" took place yesterday, when, on the discovery of an alleged Sparticist nest in Kopenicker Street, no fewer than thirty-four men were executed on the spot, calling attention to the feeling against the Government troops in spite of the resentment at the Spartacist plunder and shooting.

The Berlin correspondent of the Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant says: "There is growing mistrust of the mili-

Continued on Page Two.

NEW YORK SYNCOPATED ORCHESTRA—Will Marion Cook, Condr. One Week Only Beginning TONIGHT at 8:15. NCRA BAYES THEATRE, 44th, West of B'way. Mat. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.—Advt.

ARGUE FOR SINKING OF GERMAN SHIPS

Wilson's Expert Advisers Are Strongly Against the Policy of Distribution.

INCREASE OF NAVAL BURDEN

Vast Expenditures Inevitable for America if Prizes Are Added to Existing Fleets.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 15.—President Wilson is taking up the subject of the destruction of the warships surrendered by Germany. Although an adverse judgment was recently attributed to him, this is the first time he has examined the matter, and he has called for data from American naval experts. It is understood that his advisers here favor the policy of destruction.

In addition to destroyers and submarines, there are involved twenty-one German and Austrian battleships, six battle cruisers, and nineteen light cruisers. Among the arguments brought to bear for their destruction are the following:

It is in accord with Article VIII. of the covenant committing the League of Nations to a general policy of disarmament. Destruction would demonstrate the sincerity of this committal.

Distribution would increase the armament of the allied European powers 30 per cent. The German naval menace having been removed, the increase would be absolutely unnecessary and illogical.

The addition of the German ships to the navy of any European power increases the economic burden and imperils the financial credit to the injury of the United States.

The distribution would further arouse competition and rivalry.

The United States should not participate in it. She went in with clean hands and should come out with empty ones, refusing to share in any spoils.

There would be danger of nations selling these ships to one another and thereby throwing naval power out of balance and causing distrust and friction.

The distribution will create new and artificial standards among the three powers dependent on sea power—Great Britain, America, and Japan. It is absolutely necessary that each should maintain its relative strength for itself and for the common interest of the League of Nations. America would have to bear the brunt of matching Great Britain in building. Thus the effect of distribution would not be to diminish but to increase the building competition and expense.

The argument that France during the war was compelled to manufacture munitions, while the other nations built warships, is academically sound, but France suffered no real comparative disadvantages. Germany's naval destruction removes her sea danger, and the ostensible expansion would only add to France's expense in the face of decreased financial resources.

The distribution of capital ships, with the United States not participating, would work out as follows: Before the distribution Great Britain has forty-three capital ships, and all the others forty-two. The proportion of destroyers and submarines runs about the same. The United States must build twenty-six more capital ships than Great Britain in order to be on a basis of equality.

Distribution on the basis of two ships to one would give Great Britain

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

which have been expressed by the Government."

In commenting on the League of Nations, La Epoca, the Government organ, said:

"Argentina will heartily support the principle of the League. President Wilson's ideals conform to the principles of our foreign policy. Argentina is opposed to imperialism, secret diplomacy and armed peace, and will enthusiastically co-operate in any way to protect civilization from sufferings due to injustice, hate and violence."

President Wilson's return to Paris is contrasted with his reception in December in a dispatch from Paris to La Prensa as follows:

"The people of France no longer are disposed to make noisy demonstrations after watching months pass with nothing substantial done. France takes little interest in the League of Nations, which is not a popular subject. France sees in it only a more or less problematical guarantee of future peace. The people of France are more interested in the present than in the future and demand peace at once, after which they are willing to consider measures for the future."

SANTIAGO, Chile, March 16.—The Chilean Government today announced the names of its delegates to the conference of neutral States to be held in Paris. The delegates will be Maximiliano Ibañez, the Chilean Minister to France; Carlos Vildosola and Alejandro Alvarez. Vildosola and Alvarez are in Paris.

VALPARAISO, March 15.—A plea for the League of Nations was made by Augustin Edwards, former Premier and former Minister in London, at a banquet given in his honor last night. Señor Edwards, who has just returned from London, said:

"There never was an epoch in the history of Chile when it was so necessary that every patriot should support the Government and enable it to take its place in the new organizations which yesterday were considered unattainable ideals. A League of Nations was until yesterday the ideal of thinkers who hated imperial brutality, but the war showed that rapid communication enables nations to unite economically and militarily. Only those who are heartless or who have never understood the horrors of this war can doubt the blessing of a League. It is an ideal, but it is an ideal for which millions have died.

"The day is coming when we will be asked to join, and must join the League as now formed or slightly amended. No Chilean patriot can view without satisfaction and pride the opportunity given to us to unite with the nations which have suffered to preserve civilization. Two of the great nations on which rest the security of the world have Pacific Coasts, the United States and the British Empire. We may have full confidence that the spirit which impels both countries, as well as the perfect understanding between them, is another guarantee for the American Continent."

KOREANS PETITION WILSON.

Ask Him to Initiate at Peace Conference Action for Independence.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—President Wilson has been asked by the Korean National Association to initiate action at the Peace Conference looking to independence for Korea, with the country to be guided by a mandatory until such time as the League of Nations shall decide that it is "fit for full self-government."

The copy of the letter to the President was made public here today by Syngman Rhee, who, with Henry Chung, is an authorized delegate of the association in the United States.

Mr. Rhee also announced today that on behalf of the Korean Association, representing all Koreans living abroad, he had sent communications to the American and British Governments asking that they use their good offices with the Japanese Government to see that the Koreans arrested in the independence demonstrations this month be not cruelly treated.

SHANGHAI, March 14, (Associated Press.)—Thirty persons were killed and forty were wounded at Sungchun, Korea, on March 4, according to a translation of an account of the disorders in that country published in a Japanese newspaper at Seoul and translated by the Reuter Agency.

At the village of Suheung, south of Pingyang, four gendarmes fired on a mob until their ammunition was exhausted, fifty-one persons being killed, the account states. The mob eventually killed the gendarmes. At Yangdok twenty rioters were slain in an engagement. The activities of girl students throughout the demonstrations in Korea are emphasized by the newspaper, which makes particular mention of the fact that at Anju, two Korean gendarmes discarded their uniforms, joined a crowd and shouted "Long live Korea!" The Japanese guards thereupon fired, eight persons being killed and thirty wounded, four mortally.

RHINE BANK A GERMAN TEST.

Delegates Said to be Ready to Resist French Claims.

LONDON, March 17.—The test question for the German delegates at the Peace Conference will be the west bank of the Rhine, says a Berlin dispatch to The Mail.

The delegates will be authorized to break negotiations if this matter is forced upon them, and in this case the Cabinet will support the delegation and will resign if the National Assembly takes a different attitude.

IRISH OPPOSE THE LEAGUE.

Demand Peace Conference Give Ireland Self-Determination.

A mass meeting of 3,000 persons at the Brooklyn Academy of Music last night, which was announced to be "a public demonstration by united Irish-American Societies of Brooklyn to demand the fulfillment of the war policies of the United States regarding the rights of small nations," adopted this resolution by unanimous vote:

> Resolved, That we respectfully urge upon President Wilson the necessity, in the interest of humanity and world peace, of demanding that the Peace Conference recognize the right of Ireland to self-determination, as it has already recognized that right in the case of Poland, Ukrania, Czechoslovakia, and Jugoslovakia, in accordance with President Wilson's solemn and oft-repeated declaration, that peoples are entitled to self-determination.
>
> Resolved, That we are opposed to any plan of any league of nations which blasts the hope of oppressed peoples by guaranteeing the territory and the integrity of the countries which are members of the League, which interferes with the liberty of action of the United States in control of its own affairs, which abolishes or curtails the Monroe Doctrine, or which infringes on the American Constitution.

The Right Rev. Mgr. David J. Hickey, rector of St. Francis Xavier Church, Sixth Avenue and Carroll Street, Brooklyn, presided. Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan was one of the speakers.

Supreme Court Justice Edward J. Gavegan criticised the statement of ex-President Taft to the effect that self-determination for Ireland was a domestic question, which should be settled by the British Government and not by the Peace Conference.

SAYS PEOPLE FAVOR LEAGUE

H. S. Houston Declares 150 Newspapers Want World Alliance.

Nearly 150 leading newspapers of the country, interpreting the sentiment of the regions they serve, are outspokenly in favor of the League of Nations, according to a statement issued yesterday by Herbert S. Houston of the League to Enforce Peace. Mr. Houston asserted that when President Lowell and Senator Lodge debate the League on Wednesday in Boston the Massachusetts Senator will find his own State hostile to his opposition views.

Mr. Houston declared that a recent vote on the question taken at Amherst disclosed 300 students in favor of the League, with only 6 opposed. He cited a poll conducted by The Portland Oregonian, which registered 17,825 for the League and 109 against it. He said that Senator Capper of Kansas was authority for the statement that Kansas was overwhelmingly in favor of the adoption of the world alliance.

BELGIUM HOPES FOR AMERICAN AID

Minister of Economics Asks $200,000,000 Credit to Re-establish Industries.

EAGER FOR WILSON'S VISIT

Belgians Want Him to Realize the Extent of Ruin Due to German Outrages.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BRUSSELS, March 15.—It is, perhaps, difficult for Americans to understand with what eagerness and joyful anticipation every Belgian, from the Premier to the workingman, awaits President Wilson's promised visit. Wilson to them is their preserver. The American Relief Commission has taught them to believe in America, but everywhere there is an undercurrent of disappointment that not more has been done for Belgium. They know that only by a visit to the country can Belgium's economic plight be fully realized.

Speaking to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent of the reconstruction of Belgium from her economic distress, M. Jaspar, Minister of Economics, said:

"We badly need America, in whom we place great confidence; but we need, above all, money and raw materials. The gentlemen with whom I have just conferred in Paris—Messrs. Hoover, Davis, and Baruch, Colonel House and Secretary Lansing—have shown the greatest interest in the reconstruction of Belgium.

"President Wilson received Premier Delacroix and gave the same assurances. We await impatiently President Wilson's visit, promised for the end of the month, and when he is here we hope to show him the full details of the destruction wrought by the Germans. We will show him that the Germans took away raw materials, wool, wood, cotton, &c., machinery from the big factories and rolling mills, including dynamos and machine tools, and destroyed what they could not carry away. Thus many big factories, which employed 3,000 or 4,000 workmen each, were razed to the ground.

"It is estimated that to re-establish Belgian industry at present prices more than 1,000,000,000 francs would be necessary, and in the meantime a large part of the working class is without work, living exclusively on charity. Several hundred thousand workmen were deported to Germany behind the front, where they were condemned to forced labor. Many others are ill and mutilated, so that Belgium, which formerly was the world's fifth economic power, is today seriously compromised. Living expenses continue excessively high, and the poor people get weaker.

"There is only one way to save us. It is to give us immediately large credits which will permit us to buy, especially in America, machinery and raw materials in order to revive our industry as soon as possible, as well as our agriculture."

The Minister here laid stress on the need for thousands of breeding horses and cows. At present there is a lack of milk. Woods are cut down, and the former battle area is largely flooded, to say nothing of thousands of houses destroyed and whole towns, such as Ypres, Dinant, and Louvain, laid in ruins.

"The Belgian working class," he said, "has only one desire—to work. All over Belgium I have remarked the same energy and wish to work. Bolshevist ideas do not appeal to the serious reason of the Belgian mind, but it is indisputable that the present serious, abnormal situation cannot be prolonged. We need work more even than food, but our industry is at a standstill.

"Thanks to America, Belgium has been saved from the horrors of starvation, and we feel sure her big friends in America will preserve her from the economic decadence which is threatening. We learned with the greatest satisfaction through Colonel Sewell that America's Rhine army base would be fixed at Antwerp. This decision will bring new life to our big port, which is one of the best factors in the resumption of trade. The port of Antwerp and the Scheldt are now quite free, and millions of tons of sand and gravel, abandoned by the Germans, have been removed, so that Antwerp can receive an unlimited number of vessels.

"American war material which is now in France has been put at our disposition and a convention signed between myself and General Krauthoff permits Belgium to buy a large quantity of this material."

URGE LIFTING CENSORSHIP.

The American Defense Society yesterday issued copies of a letter to President Wilson, signed by the organization's Board of Trustees, urging that the cable censorship be discontinued in order that a freer exchange of world views on the League of Nations might result. Something in the peace treaty to permit individual punishment of enmy plotters and a full disclosure of their activities in all countries also was urged.

"In view of the world disorder which has followed the attempt to institute a League of Nations, without making peace," said the statement, "and in view of the marked differences which have arisen as to the particular plan for a League which was tentatively put forward at Paris, and in view of the fact that it is now universally conceded that it must be amended and changed, the President should take prompt steps and exert his utmost endeavors to see that no further time is lost in safeguarding those great world interests which the Peace Conference assembled to safeguard."

ENGLAND RESTIVE OVER PEACE DELAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

unless the Government definitely pledged itself to the nationalization of mines, profits from which would be claimed to pay their purchase price in five years. Straker presented a scheme providing for a central mining council of ten members, five appointed by the Ministry of Mines, of whom two should represent the consumers, and five appointed by the Miners' Federation.

The opposition which would be forthcoming to any such scheme can be gauged by the revolt of the vested interests against the two measures which already have been laid before Parliament by the Government, the Housing bill and the Ways and Communications bill. The latter is the more illuminating example. The bill, of which Sir Eric Geddes has charge, has been hailed as a solution of the whole problem of transportation. This measure vests in the new Ministry of Ways and Communications all the powers and duties of all existing Government Departments in regard to railroads, tramways, canals, ferries, harbors, docks, and piers, and supplies of electricity. The war has shown the advantages of unified control of railroads, and while the measure does not actually imply their nationalization it would prepare the ground for nationalization.

Electrification of Railroads.

The future electrification of all railroads is contemplated, together with the construction of a great generating station from which the whole country could be supplied with electric power. Under this scheme, it is argued, Great Britain need have no fear of American competition, and England would move many steps forward along the road to becoming, in Lloyd George's phrase, "a country fit for heroes to live in."

Sir Eric Geddes will speak on the second reading of the bill on Monday. The opposition to the measure comes from nearly every quarter concerned, the dock authorities of the country particularly having a strong case against absorption, but resistance to the bill will probably be indirect and will turn upon the clause conferring upon the proposed Ministry of Ways and Communications powers to act under Orders in Council without reference to Parliament. If the House of Commons reject this clause, the whole measure will be still-born.

The railway trouble is also again threatening, and the quarrel between the police and the authorities on the question of the men having a recognized union is spreading throughout the whole country. At the end of February over 750,000 men, women, boys, and girls were receiving out-of-work donations under the hastily conceived plan by which the Government sought to meet the evil of unemployment resulting from the close of the war. The middle classes are forming organizations to look after their particular interests, and everywhere there is a spirit of disquiet and dissatisfaction. It is already being announced that Lloyd George will return from Paris at the end of next week.

SAYS TURKEY WAS DRAGGED INTO WAR

Heir to Throne Puts Whole Blame on Enver Pasha's Infatuation for Germany.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, March 16.—"Enver Pasha's attitude in blindly dragging Turkey to take sides against the free powers of the west, an act which ruined my country, was due to his infatuation for Germany," says Prince Abdul Megid Effendi, heir presumptive to the Turkish throne, in an interview published by Giornale d'Italia. He continues:

"After his return from Berlin, he spoke like a German, not like a Turk. When the European war broke out, he kept affirming that France, England, and Russia would be swept away like bits of straw by the overwhelming power of Germany, and already then he expounded his imperialistic plans. Unfortunately, at that period, Mahomet V. reigned, a man of weak character, who put up no opposition to the tyrannical will of Enver.

"Thus it came about that, although the country was averse to war, he drew us into the conflict. Europe must know that the Ottoman people were resolute against participating in the conflict. We had just come through two unfortunate wars, that of Tripoli and that in the Balkans, and were not, therefore, in a position to enter another terrible adventure. Turkey was united in a desire to keep neutral, which is demonstrated by the fact that even many of Enver's friends resigned their positions as Ministers at the outbreak of the war. I desperately attempted to persuade the Sultan to undo the tragic error, but in vain.

"As long as Russia, our hereditary enemy, stood, our army kept firm, as it felt it was defending the sacred soil of the mother country against an enemy aiming to penetrate to the heart of our empire. The moment Russia fell to pieces the war ceased to be. The national army began to break up to the point of there being 160,000 deserters in a few months.

"But that was not all. Officers who had done their duty magnificently, the moment Russia was eliminated, counseled the Sultan's Government to conclude peace. A typical example was Colonel Jacub Giemil. This officer, decorated several times for valor, who distinguished himself on the battlefield, sent Enver a memorandum wherein he honestly and patriotically advised him to conclude peace with the Entente. Enver had Jacub Giemil called to General Headquarters on the pretext of discussing the memorandum with him. Instead he had him arrested and shot within twenty-four hours for treason. Many other officers underwent the same fate."

OUTBREAK IN CAIRO.

Troops Forced to Check Disorder—Nationalists Blamed.

LONDON, March 15.—A Reuter's dispatch from Cairo, under date of March 12, reports extensive riotous demonstrations by students and the populace, with considerable destruction of property, necessitating the employment of military forces. It is reported that the disorders were easily suppressed without bloodshed.

General Watson, commanding the British forces there, has issued a warning that the country is still under martial law and that meetings and demonstrations cannot be permitted.

The motive for the demonstrations is not stated in the dispatch, but it is believed that the disorders were a result of the recent nationalist agitation in Egypt.

BERLIN REDS PLOT NEW REVOLT SOON

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

tary and doubt whether they are not making innocent victims, and the conduct of the Government troops, as I observed it when they entered Lichtenberg, has very little sympathy."

This resentment was further intensified by extremely provocative action today when a contingent of Government troops, fully armed, burst into a hall where was sitting the General Assembly of the Berlin Soldiers' and Workers' Council and seized the platform and all exits. There was a scene of tumult for twenty minutes, but eventually the troops withdrew, the explanation being given by the commandant that he did not know the Soviet was exempt from the ukase forbidding public meetings.

Another illustration of the attitude of the soldiers is afforded by the correspondent already quoted, who thus describes what he saw in Alexander Square:

"From the direction of the Kaiserstrasse came a troop of excited Government soldiers. They shouted to clear the streets, hunted passers-by away and continuously fired into the air with large revolvers which each man was carrying, necessarily causing terror and disorder. In an extraordinary manner they pointed their revolvers toward the upper stories of houses, shouting to inhabitants to close the windows, although as a matter of fact there was not a single unbroken pane of glass in the whole street."

Later the correspondent visited Lichtenberg, which he found like a battlefield. "In Frankfurter Avenue," he writes, "in the middle of which heavy guns are mounted, there is not a single house undamaged. Stray bullets were flying about and the terrified people were slinking along close up to the houses. In the side streets were groups of folks standing outside the ruined houses and children playing in shell craters. At several points mines of the heaviest caliber had pitched through roofs, destroying dwellers and dwellings. We walked the whole way ankle deep in broken glass, pieces of paving stone, and roof tiles. Approaching the 'front' we found masses of Government troops. Scores of guns were in position, some facing east and others west, the soldiers evidently fearing attacks in the back."

This was in the heart of a Berlin suburb.

LLOYD GEORGE RETURNING.

Must Be In London This Week for Important Labor Conference.

LONDON, March 16.—Premier Lloyd George is expected to return to London to be present during a week which is looked upon as critical in the labor affairs of the country. On Thursday the Coal Commission will make its interim report, which is expected to decide whether the miners will proceed with their threatened strike. There will be conferences on Friday between the railwaymen and the "Triple Alliance of Labor" to decide on a strike policy.

Revelations made by the Coal Commission relative to large profits in the coal industry are leading to insistent demands for similar inquiries into the shipping, iron, steel, and other large industries.

GIBBS SEES IN LEAGUE SOLDIERS' ONE HOPE

Says Men Who Survived the Horrors of War Will Not Revert to Old Order.

APPEALS TO AMERICANS

Declares That as the Greatest Democracy United States Must Help Keep the World Free.

Philip Gibbs, speaking on the League of Nations last night before an audience which crowded the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, said that the masses of the world are today looking to Paris to formulate some plan which will minimize for all time to come the danger of such a cataclysm as that which the civilized world has just passed through. The English people, he added, realize that the American people cannot be expected to abrogate one jot of their national sovereignty, but the fact remains that America having embarked on one of the greatest missions in history, cannot turn back, and "that if America does not take this chance you will have missed a call that is divine."

Mr. Gibbs referred to the bitter thoughts of the officers and men who fought in France and who, in the face of their great sufferings and never ending dangers cursed, those who had made such a war possible. The survivors of those horrors are now going home, and they are determined, he said, that a new order must be created. The League of Nations is the answer to the problems, he added.

"I want to say that I have no official right to speak of this League of Nations," said Mr. Gibbs. "I am not a statesman, and I am not a politician. I am not, thank God, a propagandist. I am only one of the world's nobodies, and the only reason I can give for talking of the League is because for four and one-half years I was in the midst of the war from which it has been born.

Mr. Gibbs said the Balkan wars laid the foundation for the great crisis that was to follow. After the last Balkan war he had seen in Serbia equipment furnished to the Serbian forces by Russia, while in Bulgaria he had seen modern equipment which had been provided by German money.

"Early in the war England realized that that narrow strip of sea was no gulf between her and the agonies of the Continent. England found out that modern warfare reaches across water as easily as it does across land. She sent her boys forth, not by thousands, but by millions, and hundreds of thousands of them never returned. England's fate was absolutely bound up with that of France and the other nations welded together against the German menace. And it was the thought of the men who fought and suffered then which will form the motive power behind the League of Nations. There were certain elementary thoughts in the minds of those men. They saw before them the long stretches of chalked German trenches and behind those trenches was the enemy. They knew it was that enemy that had brought this thing to pass, and that unless they killed the Germans the Germans would kill them.

"These men knew that unless they smashed that German front Germany would smash England and France. These men asked, Why had this thing come to pass? They wanted to know the meaning of it all. Why, they asked, are men, with centuries of civilization behind them, thrust into these filthy, vermin-infested holes? Why is everything that life holds most sacred destroyed? Why did this thing happen in the twentieth century, so long after Christ?

"I have heard our officers in our dugouts and in pill boxes captured from the Germans, I have heard them in messes and in their billets behind the lines, curse the war as an outrage against God and against all things that civilization has meant to mankind. They knew the Germans had attacked them, but they looked for a cause further back than that. They looked back to England and cursed the politicians and the statesmen who had not foreseen these things, and they cursed the foolish old philosophy which had led to these things instead of preventing them. They cursed those who had made those silly little treaties and had negotiated those damnable alliances without letting the people know what they were in for. Now these men—those who survive—are going back to England and to Canada, and they are thinking more positively and more silently than they did on the battlefield. I know that in England and in France these thoughts are seething among the people of those nations, and these thoughts are being talked from man to man, and what I say applies not only to our own side but it is also what is happening on the German side.

"It is out of this agony of peoples, it is out of the thoughts of men who revolt against the great outrage, that is being formed the motive power of the League now being drawn in Paris. It is because of this that the League of Nations plan is being formulated. For a long time, and until recent months, the idea of a League of Nations was somewhat vague. Therefore it was thought advisable by President Wilson, Lloyd George, and others at the Peace Conference to get the plan down in some form of a draft that would form the basis for discussion. That was done by General Smuts, a great lawyer with a great intellect, and what is not at all the same thing, also a very great man. He put his heart into the work, and it was his draft that formed the first basis for discussion.

"The men who drew up the League," added Mr. Gibbs, "are not dreamers, neither are they angels. Clemenceau is a great little man with a lion's heart whose love for France is intense and fervent, and he finds that the League on the whole is good. President Wilson and Lloyd George are not dreamers either, and they too have given it their backing.

"As far as England and France are concerned they are looking to America to help them make this League a real and living thing. There are two reasons for this. The first is that America held aloof from the jungle of Europe until she came to this war, and she is free of the poison of European philosophy and diplomacy and for this reason can look at it in a more detached and just way. In the second place they look to you because in America there has been developed the greatest democracy the world has known. Your isolation has been broken by the spiritual act with which you entered this war. It is only by your help that the League can be put into effect."

In conclusion Mr. Gibbs said that he believed that if the League failed the alternative would be revolution.

GERMANY'S FOOD CREDIT.

$55,000,000 Gold Deposit to Insure Beginning of Deliveries.

COPENHAGEN, March 16.—Germany, in consideration of a deposit of £11,000,000 in gold at Brussels, will receive an immediate delivery of 270,000 tons of foodstuffs, according to a Berlin version of the agreement entered into between the German delegates and the representatives of the allied powers at Brussels.

Germany will further be entitled to purchase monthly 370,000 tons of food in enemy and neutral countries, besides fish from European waters, and vegetables. The restrictions on fishing in the Baltic will be removed, the dispatch adds, and it is Germany's most important task in the immediate future to increase to the utmost her exports of raw materials and industrial products.

PARIS, March 16.—Several of the members of the allied commission dealing with the taking over of the German merchant fleet and the revictualling of Germany have returned to Paris. It is learned that payment for the food supplies will be made on the basis of exportations. The Germans will have the right to export by sea certain products, the receipts from which will go to pay for the products delivered to Germany.

BRUSSELS, March 14.—Before the signing by the Germans tonight of the agreement for the taking over of the German merchant fleet and the provisioning of Germany, the sub-committees on food supply and merchant shipping held conferences.

At the meet of the Conference Sub-Committee on Food Supply. Herbert Hoover was the only speaker. In the name of the allied Governments he told the Germans the allied conditions. The principal questions examined were the quantities of food to be delivered, the control of accounts, and the method of payment. The question of control was the only one to which the Germans objected. They asked that it be exercised by German military officers, but the allied representatives insisted that it should be in the hands of the German civil authorities, who would be called upon to furnish accounts and statistics regularly.

The meeting of the merchant shipping sub-committee was short and formal.

After a plenary session of the allied and German delegations in the afternoon, the Germans signed the conditions imposed by the Allies.

ARGUE FOR SINKING OF GERMAN SHIPS

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

fifty-three capital ships and all the others fifty-nine, and the United States would have to build thirty-six more to reach an equality with Great Britain.

If the distribution were made on the basis of losses suffered in the war Great Britain would have sixty-three and all the others forty-nine, and America must build forty-six more than the British. The distribution would compel the nations to support 112 instead of eighty-five capital ships.

If both America and Great Britain should refuse the German ships the distribution would be as follows: France, with seven capital ships before the distribution, would have eleven under the first method of distribution and twelve under the second; Japan, with thirteen before the distribution, would have seventeen by the first method and thirteen by the third method of distribution; and Italy's share would be five, nine, and seven respectively. Japan would thus have the same total of capital ships as America.

Summing up, the arguments are as follows:

1. In the face of the covenant committal to decreased armament, distribution makes an immediate increase of 30 per cent. in allied European armaments.

2. As matters stand the American ability to put through a building program creates the possibility of inducing Great Britain to join her in the alternative of scaling down to the lowest point the number of ships consistent with self-protection and maintaining the League, whereas distribution will make new standards to be built up to.

3. Distribution will vastly and unnecessarily increase the burden of taxation.

4. World interests would be subserved by no one power controlling the seas against all comers.

5. The morale of the world requires a dramatic heralding of better days. Distribution is a step in the opposite direction.

6. Destruction preserves entire our moral position with respect to Germany.

7. American interests compel the acceptance of a joint naval burden with Great Britain. Distribution will make that burden too great for America to carry.

8. Finally if the German fleet is thrown among the Allies to be contended for as a prize, it will prove a veritable apple of discord that may make its surrender profit to Germany more than if she had risked her ships in a final battle. The division of naval spoils would be a negation of the principle of co-operation which is the foundation stone of the League.

GARVIN PREDICTS WORLDPARTNERSHIP

Sees America's Isolation Forever Ended by Development of Air Traffic.

ECONOMIC UNION VITAL

Britain and United States Must Work Together for World and All That Is Best in It.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 16.—J. L. Garvin explains in a signed article in The Observer his hopes for world Government and world partnership which he has set forth in full in his book "Economic Foundations of Peace," to be published Wednesday. He says:

"The argument throughout is addressed equally to Britain and America In their full co-operation lies their only hope.

"The Irish question stands in the way. I face that, too. I repudiate the theory of Anglo-Americanism as what I call a 'race syndicate' founded on Shakespeare and in raw materials, and maintain that the two countries must work for the world and all that is best in it or they will never work together."

Mr. Garvin says his main contention is that the League of Nations has been too much discussed in juridicial and abstract terms. Political institutions are necessary, but by themselves never can be enough. A parallel range of institutions for the benefit of an economic partnership is also required. He continues:

"That is the key of it. There must be some system of mutual service or there will be a return to mutual slaughter. I therefore conceive the League of Nations as architecture with two wings, economic and political. I furnish a table showing the proposed political institutions in their order and suborder, while exhibiting in the same way the structure of economic councils and commissions for finance and debts, for food and raw materials, for traffic and communication, what I call 'airways, railways, riverways, and seaways'; for control of international trusts, whose operations are henceforth going to be a formidable danger to us all, and for the development and application of an international labor code."

Mr. Garvin calls the question of communications "the nerve of the whole argument," and declares that traffic, including in that transmission of intelligence, is stronger than treaties. So he holds that human flight is a practiced agent more absolutely certain to transform civilized and non-civilized intercourse than anything that has ever been known and sure to make an end of American isolation and to abolish the Atlantic for political purposes.

Consequently the world will be one entity, and if it is at last handled as one in accordance with the progress of economic facilities it can yield enough for every individual and every nation.

What the world needs now, he argues, is "productive and harmonious energy between nations equal to their destructive energy in their recurrent paroxysms of man killing. There must be in the world policy of peace effort on a war scale."

WILSON TOOK LONG REST.

In Bed Till Noon Sunday and Then Conferred with Colonel House.

PARIS, March 16.—President Wilson, somewhat fatigued by his sea journey and the busy days spent since his arrivay here, remained in bed until noon today. He received Colonel E. M. House during the afternoon and with him discussed the military and naval terms of peace, as well as the results of the Brussels conference relative to shipping and the supplying of food to Germany.

Later he drove to St. Germain with Mrs. Wilson, returning to the "White House" at about 7 o'clock.

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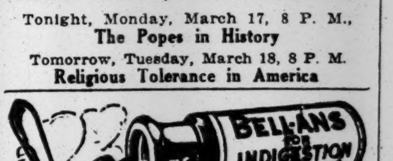
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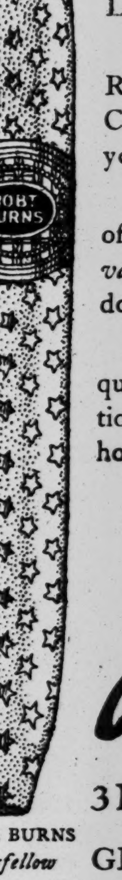

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PROBLEMS RAISED BY GREEK CLAIMS

Whole Question of Asia Minor Developing Old and New Controversies in Paris.

THREE POWERS INVOLVED

Treaty Right to Coast Section Has Caused Only Difficulty Between Britain and France.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 16.—As this is an era of peacemaking without discord in the making, it should not be said that the Commission on Greek Territorial Claims has thrown an apple of discord into the Peace Conference with its majority, minority, and unanimous reports on the various phases of the Greek problem. But it surely has raised difficult problems with a direct bearing on the Italian question, and even the possibility of leading to greater development of the proposal for America as a mandatory power in Asia Minor.

Moreover, the whole question of Asia Minor is developing old and new controversies, not only in respect to Italy and Greece, but to England and France, and so far as what comes to the surface would indicate, there is more or less inconsistency as to what secret treaties should be abrogated and what should remain intact.

Incidentally some phases of the Asia Minor problem are not altogether devoid of commercial complications based on recent discoveries of natural wealth.

First as to Greece. The report on its territorial future may be divided roughly into five parts. On two of these the big powers are unanimous. All agree that Greece should have Western Thrace. Secondly, all agree she should have Eastern Thrace barring the southern part of it, the area of which has not yet been determined, but is held in reserve as part of the zone to go with Constantinople when the future of that city is determined.

Concerning the Greek claims to Northern Epirus, there is a majority report from America, England, and France in favor of Greece, with a minority adverse report from Italy, which claims that Northern Epirus should go to Albania or Italy. This is a revival of the old difficulty which two months ago seemed to have been satisfactorily adjusted.

Concerning the Dodacanese Islands, the minority report is from the United States, and it is very emphatic. It is well known that these islands were seized from Turkey by Italy in the Turco-Italian war and held by her troops ever since, although the population is entirely Greek. France and England appreciate the justice of the Greek claims, but affirm that they are bound by the secret London treaty of 1915, by which they promised the islands to Italy. America protests that the treaty fails now for two reasons. It is against the principle that secret treaties are abrogated by the League of Nations and against the principle of the fourteen points on self-determination.

On the Greek claims on the western coast of Asia Minor there is a different line-up of the powers. This time America is siding with Italy against Greece. The former Turkish territory involved in this particular question runs from Aviali opposite the Island of Lesbos to the Gulf of Kos, making a coast line of approximately 300 miles, with Smyrna about midway between Aviali and Kos and a hinterland averaging 100 miles depth. England and France approve giving this territory to Greece.

America is opposed because the population of Smyrna, although Greek, wants independence and desires to be freed from Turkey. Furthermore, there are non-Greek sections in the hinterland. Italy sides with the United States, but from a different motive, claiming this country centring around, Smyrna was promised to Italy by the treaty of 1917. England contends that no such treaty exists, but only a tentative project which never became a formal fact.

As already intimated, France and England do not think Italy morally entitled to the Dodacanese Islands, with their all-Greek population, and they would welcome a solution of the problem which would restore the islands to Greece and at the same time reconcile Italy to yielding that much of what was promised her in the London treaty and thus relieve them of the awkward position of standing by a treaty they now regret.

One such solution, tentatively proposed by France but not yet in shape for formal discussion by the Council of Ten, is to give Italy a mandate from the League of Nations for a big section of Asia Minor, with 400 miles of coast line running east from Kos to Lamas, including the Gulf of Adalia, with the hinterland to a maximum depth of about 175 miles, extending north to what is to be left of the Turkish Empire. The proposal to give Italy something satisfactory in Asia Minor is based partly on the desire not to let Italy come out of the war so discontented that she may in the near or remote future develop a tendency to return to her former alliances.

Going further east on the map from this region of Lamas, you come to the beginning of Asia Minor granted to France by the secret so-called Sykes-Picot Treaty with England in 1916. The vast territory allotted to France by this treaty has its northern boundary beginning at Lamas, on the coast, and running northeast to Sivas, in Armenia, then southeast through Diarbekir to Mardin; thence east to the Persian boundary. The southern boundary of this territory ceded to France runs from Persia through a point 42 longitude, 36 latitude across the Euphrates, and southwest to Akka, on the Mediterranean Coast.

Out of this treaty has grown the chief, uractically the only, disagreement between England and France. England wants France to have only a narrow strip of Mediterranean coast with a hinterland running from Abil north to Aintab, leaving out of French territory the cities of Damascus, Hama, Aleppo, and all the vast region eastward to Persia. This difference between the two countries grows out of commercial investments in the territory involved.

Also there is an apparent inconsistency so far as the reasons attributed to England by France are concerned. While she says the secret treaty with Italy of 1915 must stand, England, according to the French version of the controversy, declares that the secret Syke-Picot treaty will be abrogated by the fourteen points. France wants the treaty to stand, of course, but she is more than willing to give up about 60,000 square miles of the northern part of the territory, for that is now included in the proposed new Armemian State over which France is most eager that the United States shall take a mandate.

This coming of America into Asia Minor is one of the most popular things in French foreign policy. It is even suggested that America might take more than Armenia and bring peace and order effectively by assuming responsibility for Constantinople and all the region west to the sea.

MINE BLEW AWAY STERN.

U. S. Naval Transport Yselhaven Sank in Seven Minutes.

LONDON, Saturday, March 15.—The American naval transport Yselhaven, which struck a mine early Friday morning, was at the time forty miles northwest of Hartlepool. The survivors say that after the first explosion a second blew away the steamer's stern and the vessel sank in seven minutes. The survivors, of whom there were thirty-five, were adrift for several hours before they were picked up. Four were sent to the hospital.

An earlier report on the sinking of the Yselhaven placed the possible number of casualties at nine sailors drowned. The Yselhaven was bound from Baltimore to Copenhagen.

CALLS ON BAKER FOR ANSELL REPLY

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

erwise in the office of the Judge Advocate General, the number of officers and men in that office is steadily increasing.

As to General Ansell being "unsuited" for his advanced position, it is insisted by those rallying to his support that he could hardly have been unsuited as Brigadier General and acting Judge Advocate General of the Army, because by General Orders No. 18, dated Jan. 27, 1919, the Distinguished Service Medal was awarded to him. The citation read:

"Brig. Gen. Samuel T. Ansell, U. S. A., for especially meritorious and conspicuous service as acting Judge Advocate General of the Army, whose broad and constructive interpretations of law and regulation have greatly facilitated the conduct of the war and military administration."

Ansell Protests Inspection.

There was another development in the situation tonight in connection with the disclosure that the Inspector General of the Army, Major Gen. John L. Chamberlain, is investigating the office of the Judge Advocate General and any controversy therein with respect to the system of military justice and its administration. It is learned that Ansell has protested against this investigation on the ground that the system of military justice is not an incident of military administration or a disciplinary matter which falls within the jurisdiction of the Inspector General and also because the Inspector General himself is alleged to be disqualified by reason of bias and prejudice.

The controversy concerning military justice is taking on a more serious aspect than was at first expected in the War Department. Many members of Congress are contending that Secretary Baker abused the functions of his office when he recently ordered that the records of courts-martial proceedings should not be considered public documents open to the public and the press. They say that this has effectually concealed information to which the public is entitled upon a question which is of great public interest. They do not like what they characterize as "disingenuous" statements made to Congress by the Secretary concerning the demotion of Ansell and in other matters of far more general importance.

It is also regarded as unprecedented that the Secretary himself should have invited one officer to attack another who had testified before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, and then make that attack public without at the same time permitting the reply of the assailed officer to receive equal publicity promptly.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 20.

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Topcoats for Men
$55

The Aquascutum Topcoat is the *entente cordiale* in clothes. Worn in London, Paris, and New York. Made of those warmth-without-weight woolens in which Britain excels. Light, durable, shower-proof, colorful, loose, swagger, easy-swinging, rough-and-ready compositions that look good, wear well, and don't cost much. Get one. You'll like it.

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REVOLT PLANNED BY SWISS REDS

Full Preparation to Deal with It Made by Federal and Cantonal Authorities.

LEADER ESCAPES TO RUSSIA

Councilor Platten Accused of Aiding Berlin Sparticides and Plotting International Rising.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, March 14.—Significant international ramifications of Bolshevism and Spartacism were disclosed today during the trial by court-martial at Berne of the Swiss November strike leaders when the military Judge, Colonel Turler, stated in court that Socialist National Councilor Platten helped to organize the Berlin Spartacide insurrection.

Platten, who has been the leading spirit in the Bolshevist movement in Switzerland, escaped to Russia before the trial, and it was soon after reported that he had been arrested on his way through Germany. In reality, Colonel Turler declared, Platten stayed unmolested for several weeks in Berlin, where he put the finishing touches to the preparations for the revolt and replaced the imprisoned Soviet Commissary Radek as intermediary between the Spartacides and Russian Bolsheviki.

Early in March Platten continued his journey to Petrograd and Moscow, where he has since been busy organizing the International Communist Congress which the Soviet rulers intend to convoke and to which the Bolshevist leaders attach great importance. A plan for simultaneous insurrections in all the European countries is to be definitely adopted at this conference.

Platten's trip to Russia was undertaken to acquaint the Soviet dictators with the views of the foreign Bolsheviki, with whom he is in close touch in Switzerland, and before leaving Berne he arranged a cipher with his friends for communications from Russia.

There are widespread rumors in Switzerland that the Swiss Bolsheviki are meditating a coup before the end of March. The defeat of the Berlin Spartacides, with whose victory the revolt in Switzerland was probably intended to coincide, may damp the Bolsheviki's ardor, but I understand the Federal Council and cantonal authorities have already taken precautions and are fully prepared to act with the utmost energy.

SAY EITEL SEEKS DIVORCE.

Ex-Kaiser, It Is Said, Prevented Son from Suing Before the War.

AMSTERDAM, March 15. — Eitel Friedrich, second son of the former German Emperor, the Kleine Journal of Berlin says, has began divorce proceedings against his wife, charging infidelity before the war.

The paper adds that when the former Prince attempted to begin proceedings before the war his father vetoed the plan.

Eitel Friedrich was married in 1906 to Grand Duchess Sophie Charlotte of Oldenburg. In November, 1913, the Kleine Jorunal published a report that a possible divorce was pending between Eitel and his wife. About the same time it was reported that Eitel and his wife had separated, but this was denied later. The couple have no children.

ALLIED AIR RAIDS SLEW 729.

1,754 Injured in Attacks on Germany, Berlin Reports.

COPENHAGEN, March 16.—Seven hundred and twenty-nine persons were killed and 1,754 were injured in aerial attacks by allied forces on German territory up to Nov. 6, 1918, according to official figures made public in Berlin.

BOLSHEVIKI WIPE OUT A JAPANESE FORCE

But Reinforced Column Engages Reds Again, Defeats and Pursues Them.

VLADIVOSTOK, March 4, (Associated Press.)—Two companies of Japanese troops were virtually wiped out by the Bolsheviki in fighting near Stramskoe, fifty miles northeast of Blagoviestchensk, Feb. 26. Two hundred and fifty men were engaged. Major Tanaka, commanding the Japanese, was killed.

In a second batle, March 3, at Pralovka, thirty miles to the north, the Japanese suffered ninety casualties. In the two engagements the Bolsheviki left 600 dead on the field.

The campaign against the Bolsheviki has gathered in force. It began early in February with a battle near Pochkalo. The enemy then moved north through Alexiev and rallied at Skramsko. Though greatly outnumbered, two Japanese companies, of peace strength, engaged the Bolsheviki, but were defeated.

The enemy afterward moved southeast to a point ten miles east of where the first engagement occurred. Here he was again attacked by a reinforced Japanese column. The operation is continuing, with the enemy moving southeast, pursued.

King Albert to Visit Pershing.

BRUSSELS, March 16.—King Albert will visit American Headquarters at Chaumont this week, according to announcement by the Brussels papers. He will be the guest of General Pershing.

BOTH SIDES BLAMED FOR TIENTSIN RIOT

Japanese Said to Have Seized Americans in French Concession.

OUR MARINES NOT INVOLVED

Colonel Kane Cables from Peking That Troops Concerned Belonged to the Army.

PEKING, March 14, (Associated Press.)—While early reports from Tientsin suggested that American marines were to blame for the recent disorders there, later reports seem to show that the Japanese were also at fault.

It is asserted that Japanese military guards entered the French concession and there seized two Americans, and one report has it that when American officials inquired of the Japanese police authorities if any Americans were being detained, they received a negative answer. Later American officials found two Americans in a police station, one of them lying almost naked in the yard calling for water. The Japanese were induced to send the injured man to a hospital, and the American Consul refused to leave the station until the other man, a Corporal, had been released. This demand was finally granted. The American Consul was stoned by the Japanese as he drove away from the station, it is said.

When the American marines entered the Japanese Consulate they are reported to have attacked a visitor.

On Thursday evening American marines who were entering a moving picture theatre in the French concession were attacked by a crowd of Japanese armed with sticks. They managed to enter the theatre, the proprietor of which telephoned for the French police, who dispersed the Japanese.

The situation at Tientsin is said to be tense. The matter has been referred to the French Legation here.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Colonel Theodore P. Kane, commanding the American Legation Marine Guard at Peking, reported today that marines were not involved in the disturbance at Tientsin, which the American Minister is investigating. He said the trouble was between soldiers and Japanese, which accords with the assumption in official quarters here that members of the 15th Regular Infantry, stationed at Tientsin, were confused with marines in early accounts of the affair.

The State Department is awaiting further advices from Minister Reinsch before taking any step in regard to the report that the Japanese Consulate was raided. The Minister cabled yesterday that he had sent First Secretary Spencer to Tientsin to report.

Colonel Kane's message, sent in response to an inquiry from Major Gen. Barnett, Commandant of the Marine Corps, follows:

"No trouble between American marines and Japanese. Trouble between army troops and Japanese in Tientsin. Investigation being held by American Minister. Taking every precaution to prevent friction."

343

Heirs' Enigmas:
How thoughtful men safeguard their families' future

■

A MAN dies. The will is clean-cut. The estate is quickly settled. Financially, at least, the prospects of the family seem rosy.

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The wife discovers that the option of convertibility contained in certain bonds must be exercised at once, if at all. She faces a puzzle. She seeks and secures a friend's advice. But is it sound advice? Perhaps! Perhaps not!

Next—an owner takes up his mortgage. The heir must re-invest the money.

An acquaintance offers a return of 10%. Is it safe? More advice is sought and given. Such advice is often unsound. It is sometimes tinctured by personal motives.

So it goes. The puzzles of the wife pile themselves on her perplexities. Under such conditions estates often dwindle. Heirs often come to want common necessities.

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4. Income from the Trust Fund will be paid in installments to *whom* you wish and *when* you wish and in the *amount* you wish.

You can take up this matter at any one of our offices. The Vice-President in charge will be glad to talk to you personally and promptly. Of course, there is no obligation on your part.

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The new Waist-Seam Spring Overcoat is a beauty. Double-breasted or single-breasted, it makes you wish for a long, long Springtime.

All sorts of smart style innovations. New fabrics, appropriate to the season—with a waterproof disregard for showers. Partly silk-lined with silk sleeves.

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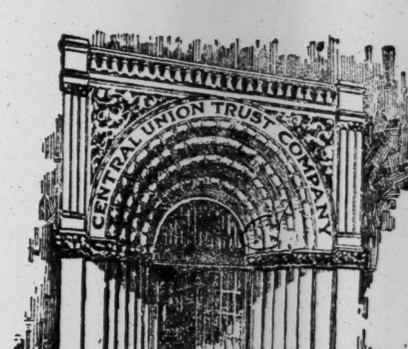

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and they will stand by you. Next to the eyes the feet are the most used members of the body. Treat them with due consideration by wearing Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoes, with the patented cushion. Find out what true foot COMFORT is and means.

Made in the latest styles, of the choicest leathers with the greatest care.

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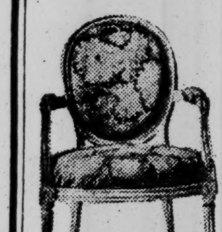

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Crooks make counterfeits—but you don't refuse real money. Don't miss

Club Cocktails

because some other bottled cocktail tasted like hair tonic

EXTOL DR. I. M. WISE AS A TRUE AMERICAN

Speakers at Centenary Meeting Review the Career of the Jewish Leader.

OPEN CAMPAIGN FOR FUND

About $19,000 Subscribed at Temple Emanuel-El Toward Payment of $100,000 to Aid Institutions.

Tributes to the Americanism of Dr. Isaac M. Wise, founder of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations and the Hebrew Union College in Cincinnati, were paid last night by prominent Jews who spoke at the Isaac M. Wise centenary meeting held at Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street. The meeting inaugurated the campaign, which will last all this week throughout the United States, whose purpose is to raise $300,000 for the support of the institutions founded by Dr. Wise. The quota of the Reform Jewish congregations in New York has been placed at $100,000, and $25,000, it is expected, will be donated by unaffiliated Jews. The meeting last night was under the joint auspices of all the Reform Jewish congregations in New York City and Westchester County. The slogan of the campaign is "For American Judaism."

The speakers were the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman of Temple Emanu-El, the Rev. Dr. David Philipson of Hebrew Union College, Cincinnati; Abram I. Elkus, former Ambassador of the United States to Turkey, and the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman of Temple Beth-El. The meeting opened with the singing of "America," by the choir and congregation and closed with the singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner." The opening prayer was made by the Rev. Dr. M. H. Harris and the closing prayer by the Rev. Dr. Clifton H. Levy. The Rev. Simon Schlager, cantor, and the choir sang traditional songs.

Reviews Dr. Wise's Career.

Dr. Philipson, who came from Cincinnati to address the meeting, told of Isaac M. Wise, the young man who left his native Bohemia because he could no longer abide the Hapsburg rule and came to the United States, where he was permeated with the American spirit until, as he told Dr. Philipson many times, he had "the American fever."

As showing the universalist side of the character of Dr. Wise, the speaker quoted from the late rabbi's "Reminiscences," written in 1856, the prophecy that if American Judaism continued under German influence it would "become bigoted and atheistic, a satellite or a tyrant." The quotation added that Jews in the United States must not only become American citizens, but they must become Americans "through and through" outside the synagogue. It was with these purposes in mind, said Dr. Philipson, that Dr. Wise established the organizations with which his name has become familiar to Jews.

"Isaac M. Wise gave a distinct interpretation of what he constantly called American Judaism, the term which I believe he coined to designate the peculiar phase which our age-old faith assumed in this land of freedom and opportunity," he continued.

"American Judaism is possible because of the free American spirit. The breadth of thought which American Judaism represents shall dominate the future unless the prophets of the race have babbled vain things.

"Isaac M. Wise came to the United States because the free spirit wherewith he had been dowered at birth could not brook the restrictions and limitations of the surroundings in which he had been reared. Though born abroad he was the embodiment of the American spirit. He was democratic through and through, democratic in his sympathies, in his leanings, in his hopes, in his thoughts, in his ideals. For him Judaism spelled democracy, and therefore he perceived that the American environment gave Judaism such an opportunity for its true development as it had not had since the Roman legions set flame to the Temple on Moriah's Heights and the Jews were scattered to the four corners of the earth. Isaac M. Wise was both a dreamer and a man of affairs, and idealist and a realizer; a thinker and an achiever; a student and an organizer. His was the indomitable optimism of the man who dares and who never acknowledges defeat. Obstacle and difficulty but spurred him on to further effort. Discouragement gave way constantly to renewed hope.

"He fitted thoroughly into American environment. Freedom was the breath of his nostrils. He came to these shores because of the opportunity here afforded for the unhampered development of human power. As Jew and as man he had chafed under the restrictions of the Hapsburg rule in his native land. Had he remained in Europe he would in all likelihood have cast his lot with the brave spirited who rose against autocracy in the revolutionary year of 1848. In fact, the only time that he ever felt a desire to return to Europe was in that year. But though his was a free spirit he was a devout believer in constituted authority (the authority set up by people themselves) a thoroughgoing individualist, but was yet a devout adherent to the idea of organization.

"As a reformer he contended for the right of the individual Jew living in the nineteenth century to an interpretation of his faith, conformable with the thoughts and the needs of the time, but he insisted also that such individualism, necessary as it was, must yet be curbed by organization, if it were not to degenerate into religious anarchy. Individual freedom and organized effort may therefore be considered the watchword of his activity."

Outlines the Campaign.

Dr. Silverman said that in a sense the meeting was historical, for it was the first meeting held under the auspices of all the reform congregations in New York. The $100,000, which was New York City's quota, was to be subscribed annually toward the support of the two institutions, he said. He outlined the plan of campaign and said that its purpose was to lay the foundation for the reconstruction of the House of Israel. What the Jews of the country would do with this opportunity, he added, would be the test of American Jewry.

"The monument of the Jews of America to Isaac M. Wise will be the reconstruction of the synagogue," he declared.

Rabbi Schulman hailed Dr. Wise as the "beloved and revered Nestor of American Judaism," who uncompromisingly vindicated the principles of a progressive Judaism and who was imbued with an enthusiastic Americanism. After declaring that the age was in need of the ideas of Judaism, Dr. Schulman said:

"It must turn away from its man-worship and recognize an authority superior to man. It can only be cured of the Bolshevism which threatens the vitals of our civilization by the re-establishment of respect for law. Civic virtue is an essential part of Judaism. And it also needs it because of the dangers of reaction which the sinister spectre of Bolshevism may bring about. We already see the cynical rebound of the thought of the politician from the days of holy and zealous consecration of America to unselfish service on behalf of men.

"We hear now the thought of America's self-interest magnified, as against the glorious opportunity which challenges the conscience of America and urges her to lay the foundation for a world community. The Jew is called upon to justify his existence by being a moral and religious leader in the national life of America.

"Our reputation and our character in this land depend upon our virtues, nourished by Judaism, our ancestral religion, and formed by the culture and ideals of Americanism. This twofold ideal is the animating spirit of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations. It was imbued with it by its creator, the man whose centenary we are celebrating in connection with this campaign. A great name inspires us.

"We appeal to American Jewry, in the name of the immortal founder of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations. Isaac M. Wise. We have a definite thing in mind when we speak of American Judaism. It is the Judaism of a land in which the Jew was never compelled to bow in submission to the oppressor. It is the Judaism of perfectly free men. It is the Judaism of the sons and daughters of Israel who with joy can bring their ancestral faith, with priestly consecration, to the service of their beloved land. Such a Judaism necessarily must differ from a Judaism of Russia under the Pobiednostieffs, such a Judaism must necessarily create for itself a new form.

Praised as Leader and Organizer.

"Isaac M. Wise was the man, the greatest as leader and organizer, who, in company with others, laid deep the foundations of the edifice of our faith in this free land. His personality stands out pre-eminent, because his was the most creative mind and best organizing genius. He was a man of clear mind, strong will, big heart, and democratic soul. His was the genuine pioneer spirit. He came from across the seas, and more than any of his contemporaries realized the opportunities which this country offered to Israel. He felt that here would be realized the visions of our seers.

"It was very characteristic of the spirit of Isaac M. Wise that in the names which he gave to the three institutions that he founded, the Hebrew Union College, the Union of American Hebrew Congregations, and the Central Conference of American Rabbis, he did not use the word reform. Every one, of course, knew what Isaac M. Wise stood for. He certainly was unafraid to declare his conviction. He faced every great movement in Israel and put himself fearlessly on record with his opinions.

"Compared with other denominations, we are permitting our religion literally to be starved in this country. There are something like three and a half millions of Jews in this country. The union carries on its many-sided work in a nation-wide field, with an income of $104,000. Such a pitiable sum is nothing less than a disgrace to the American Jew. It means that the American Jew, proud as he likes to say that he is of his religion, consents to have less than a third of a cent per soul paid for the maintenance of that great national work, which is to train rabbis and teachers, make propaganda, give moral education to the masses, enlighten the Gentile world on the fundamental truths of our faith, and, in general, to represent spiritual Israel. I believe merely to state this is to proclaim the shame of American Israel. And this shame is the result of our lack of personal faith.

"Let our contributions square with our convictions. If we mean to perpetuate Judaism in this land, let us realize the dangers of indifference and ignorance which confront it. Let us shrink back in horror from the possibilities of a generation without faith and without the character the result of Jewish faith. For we are in danger of becoming a despiritualized Jewish community, and, therefore, a demoralized racial entity in American life. We need positive, constructive work."

Speech by Mr. Elkus.

Mr. Elkus, after telling of the appreciation of the ideals of America by the Jews who have come to this country, said:

"Isaac M. Wise brought a new light to America and to American Jews. He began to harmonize advancing thought and our ancient faith. He showed that one was not in conflict with the other but that they were in harmony—and no greater honor could be done his name and his memory than in honor of him we hold this campaign for American Judaism.

"American Judaism, as a mere layman understands it, does not cast out one single item of the old Jewish belief and the articles of the Jewish faith, but rather reaffirms them all. It puts them in a higher and a better light. It takes from them only the dross of superstition, of custom grafted upon them because of living in alien countries for many centuries, and leaves the pure gold of ideals and idealism behind—the idealism that is everlasting.

"We hold no faith with those who have wandered from the path and preached anarchy and strife and the tearing down of government. That is not only un-American, but more so un-Jewish. The Jewish government was one based not only on law and order, but on justice. It never believed in the power of might, but all its teachings, all its laws were for the building up and the establishment of the principles of right and justice.

"The young men and young women of Jewish faith in America need inspiration as well as example. All peoples of the world today, as a result of the lessons of the war, are turning toward religious beliefs as never before. Religion has come to be a living thing for many who either scoffed or had no belief, and there is a duty and an obligation upon the leaders of American Judaism to bring the truths of American Judaism home to the young men and the young women of the Jewish faith in America today. They hunger for these truths—and the name of Isaac M. Wise may be made brighter and clearer if in his name those truths may be brought to these people awaiting eagerly and anxiously to receive them. This will keep them in the faith of their fathers."

Subscriptions at the Meeting.

Upward of $19,000 was subscribed at the end of the meeting. A number of memorials were established, the annual subscriptions ranging from $1 to $200. There were a large number of subscriptions from $500 to $50 each. The subscriptions in part were as follows:

Jacob H. Schiff	$6,000	L. Vogelstein	$1,000
F. M. Warburg	2,500	N. J. Miller	1,000
A. S. Ochs	2,000	M. H. Rothschild	1,000
Ben Altheimer	1,000	Sol Migel	500
P. J. Goodhart	1,000	D. P. Hays	250
M. H. Mack	1,000	Sam Weil	250
M. Rosenwasser	1,000		

The amounts which it is expected each synagogue will raise in subscriptions are as follows:

Temple Emanu-El	$43,000
Temple Beth-El	13,000
Free synagogue and branches	8,000
Central Synagogue	6,000
Temple Israel of Harlem	4,000
New Synagogue	3,000
Shaarey Tefilah	3,000
Temple Rodelph Sholom	5,000
Bethel Elchim, Brooklyn	3,000
Temple Israel, Brooklyn	2,500
Eighth Street, Temple, Brooklyn	2,500
Temple Israel, Far Rockaway	2,500
Tremont Temple	500
Temple Sinai, Bronx	250
Daughters of Covenant	250
Mount Zion	666
Mount Nebo	1,000
Ahebath Sholem, Brooklyn	1,000
Temple Israel of New Rochelle	300
Hebrew Tabernacle	1,500
Anshe Emeth, Brooklyn	500

Daniel P. Hays, Chairman of the New York Campaign Committee, said after the meeting that he was confident that the Jews of New York would rally to the call.

The headquarters of the committee are on the second floor of The Times Building Times Square, and checks may be sent there to Jacob H. Schiff, treasurer.

SAYS FRENCH HAVE MONEY.

J. R. Clarke Declares People Can Pay for Goods Bought Here.

French people are able to pay for American merchandise and it is only a question of arranging to get goods into France, according to J. R. Clarke, an American who just has returned to New York after ten years' commercial experience in France and who is here to promote trade between the two countries. He is quoted in a bulletin sent out yesterday by the American Manufacturers' Export Association as saying:

"It is quite true that the French Government is faced with a large debt, but the same is true of all the nations that participated in the world war. This does not indicate that the French people are financially burdened to the extent of not being able to purchase goods that are now in great demand. Quite the contrary is true.

"While this great demand exists the Government has very properly seen fit to protect the French manufacturer by means of import restrictions. French industries must be protected against heavy foreign importation for some time, otherwise they would never be able to regain the position they held prior to the war.

"This does not mean that American manufacturers are unable to send their products to France. While it is safe to say that these import restrictions will not be materially modified for at least another year, exporters in this country can do business with France.

"I would suggest that an effort be made by American manufacturers to make arrangements with French houses that have sales organizations perfected to handle this business. It is difficult for the average exporter to attempt to create his own selling organization in France at the present time, and the proper and profitable thing to do is to get a representative firm in France to act as the American manufacturer's agent."

Mr. Clarke predicted that within five years French exports would again exceed imports.

QUERIES HYLAN ON FARES.

Thompson Asks Mayor's Opinion About Laws for Higher Rates.

State Senator George F. Thompson of the Senate Committee on Public Service made public yesterday a letter which he had sent to Mayor Hylan asking for his opinion and suggestions on proposals for legislation that would enable the traction companies to increase their fares.

Senator Thompson in his letter denies the validity of the arguments made by Charles Evans Hughes for holders of securities that, by exercising the right to limit fares and otherwise regulate public utilities, the municipality bound itself to a policy of favoring reasonable revenues to such regulated companies. Senator Thompson said that he opposed legislation conferring benefits on traction companies unless accompanied by legislation which would save the city from alleged pitfalls in the dual subway contracts.

"The theory that there is something extra holy about a public service company's investment," Senator Thompson wrote, "has never appealed to me, even though some of our courts seem to have reasoned themselves into this france of mind. If a man builds a hotel and can't make it pay, he loses it and some one else puts in more money and tries to attract business. So it is with an iron foundry, or a livery stable, which the automobile has supplanted, or a delicatessen store, but if a man puts his money into an electric light company, or the like the Public Service Commission has held in effect, that he is entitled to a monopoly and the courts have held that the people must pay him enough to give him a substantial profit, regardless of efficient or economical operation, at the same time protecting him from competition. I think the day is coming soon, when this sort of language will become highly unfashionable."

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 20.

CALL FOR LUSITANIA CLAIMS

Board Organized to Look After the Interests of Americans.

The Committee of Rectors representing Lusitania claimants, composed of George L. Ellsworth, Sidney Rossman, Raymond Ballantine and George W. Betts, Jr., has arranged for a board headed by United States Judge Julius M. Mayer to act without charge in passing upon the validity of the claims of American citizens for losses incident to the torpedoing of the vessel by a German submarine. Announcement of the board and its purposes is made by the committee in the following letter just sent to the attorneys for claimants:

> The undersigned Committee of Proctors, representing Lusitania claimants, takes great satisfaction in announcing that, at its request, the Hon. Julius M. Mayer, United States District Judge for the Southern District of New York; the Hon. Charles M. Hough, United States Circuit Judge for the Second Circuit, and the Hon. E. Henry Lacombe, former Presiding Judge of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, have consented to act, without compensation, as a board to receive evidence from American citizens who have suffered losses by reason of the sinking of the Lusitania in May, 1915, by a German submarine, and to liquidate the claims of the various claimants, fixing the amounts which, in their judgment, such claimants are entitled to receive.
>
> Although the claimants have filed their claims with the United States Government, in so far as can be ascertained, no definite method, as yet, has been fixed for determining the amount which it is hoped will be submitted to the Peace Conference in behalf of the claimants. It is believed that the finding of this disinterested board, owing to its unquestioned standing, will afford a basis for an amount to be demanded by this Government from Germany, and also that much valuable time and expense will be saved by this method of proving claimants' losses.
>
> If, therefore, you desire your claim to be passed upon by this board, have the inclosed blank form of proof of claim filled out carefully and sworn to by the claimant before a notary public, whose seal should be attached, and mail the same in the inclosed addressed envelope to Lusitania Claimants' Liquidating Committee, George Whitefield Betts, Jr., Secretary, 120 Broadway, New York City, N. Y. Full instructions for the execution of the form are printed thereon.

It was Judge Mayer who rendered the decision for the United States District Court that Germany committed an act of piracy in sinking the liner and that the Cunard Company could not be held liable.

JUNIOR RED CROSS TO AID.

American School Children Will Help Rebuild War-Stricken Europe.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Announcement was made today by the American Red Cross that the Junior Red Cross, an organization of 9,000,000 members, would play an active part in the rebuilding of the world by helping to alleviate conditions surrounding children in the war-stricken countries of Europe.

Particular attention is to be given to education, and an advisory board of representative educators will be selected to supervise the program, which includes the bringing of the school children of America into closer touch with those of Europe, so that each will understand the traditions, customs and characteristics of the other.

GIVES POLICE FUND FIGURES.

Not a Penny Improperly Expended, Says Deputy Commissioner Wallis.

Some of the questions raised by Alderman Bruce M. Falconer last Tuesday concerning the special fund of the Police Reserve and the status of the equipment of the men for which the money was to be applied were answered yesterday by Fourth Deputy Commissioner Frederick A. Wallis. Mr. Wallis said that the total fund had amounted to $377,000.

Mr. Falconer, who said he had been informed that there were now approximately 9,000 members in the reserves, wanted to know why not more than 5,144 uniforms and 450 officers' overcoats had been ordered and requisitions forwarded up to Feb. 24, when he had obtained his facts. In reply to this Mr. Wallis said:

"I have no authority to speak as to the personnel of the reserve, but I understand that the numbers to be continued as a permanent force will be approximately 8,000. But it is intended to provide uniforms and other equipment for those only who are active or ready for active service in police work, who will probably not exceed half of the total force. My part in the matter concerns only the care of the fund and its disbursement on proper orders from the commander of the reserve.

"The delay in getting the men into uniform was chiefly due to the last selective draft call, which took in men up to 46 years, but I am told that all who may be in the active service will soon be fully equipped. Whatever may remain from the fund after these bills for uniforms are settled will be held in bank to meet other equipment needs as occasion may require.

"I want to say that not one penny contributed to this fund has been expended for anything except for the single purpose to which it was intended to apply. The public has contributed liberally to this fund and is entitled to hear how it has been used, and this I will make known in a detailed statement tomorrow at Police Headquarters."

WATCH MURDER SUSPECT.

Weeks Asserts Arrest Impends in the Wilkins Case.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., March 16.—An officer engaged in the search for the murderer of Mrs. Julia Wilkins, who was killed on Feb. 27, when she and her husband returned to their summer home on Olive street, Long Beach, asserted tonight that an arrest was impending and that the crime would be cleared up within a few days.

District Attorney Weeks corroborated this statement at his home at Port Washington tonight. When he was asked if the authorities had positively identified the suspect, he replied:

"Within a short time there will be an arrest. I have sufficient circumstantial evidence to justify me in taking the course I have mapped out. We have been piecing the evidence together, and when we act we will have fortified ourselves with sufficient information to make a strong case."

Louis D. Friess, attorney for Dr. Walter K. Wilkins, husband of the murdered woman, requested the District Attorney yesterday to send County Detective Plant to the city home of Dr. Wilkins, at 164 West Sixty-fifth Street, Manhattan, for the purpose of accompanying the physician to the home of Mr. Weeks, so that Mr. Friess could make a statement to the District Attorney in the presence of the physician. The District Attorney did not comply with the request, and did not see either the physician or his counsel.

Nine Times Out of Ten

a newly introduced system in office management that does not co-ordinate with the existing practices of a business invariably results in general confusion and delay. And sooner or later there follows a lowered standard of efficiency that is sure to present its evidence on the debit side of the ledger.

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"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

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These supplementary shipments, having arrived on the steamship Espagne Thursday last with our Paris representatives, complete what is said to be the Largest Collection of Paris Fashions in America,

and

to these will be added in a few days the Successes of Callot Soeurs and Cheruit.

They are shown side by side with the reigning successes of the best American designing talent—comprising the most important ensemble of authentic Fashions in Tailleur One, Two and Three Piece Suits and Frocks—Smart and Severely Plain Tailored Suits—Limousine—Motor—Afternoon and Utility Coats—Gowns—Dance Frocks—Dinner Dresses—Wraps—Manteaux—Paletots—

Dress, Street and Sports Hats

and

the New Fashions in Spring Furs that is shown in America today

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THE AUTOMATIC FIREMEN

"31 sprinkler heads went into action"—

This happened *instantly* when fire started in the straw room of Morley Bros.' collar factory, Saginaw, Michigan. Their letter continues: "The fire was confined to the room in which it started."

Get this GLOBE protection—it pays for itself. 'Phone or write *today*.

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THE men who will wear Saks-tailored Clothes this season are the ones who wore them last season. Wisdom does not give up a certainty for an uncertainty.

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THE growth of this business during 62 years is based on confidence in our shoes and satisfaction in the service we render. To hold the patronage of many families from one generation to another is not possible without integrity of purpose as well as performance.

Individual styles, comfortable shapes, unquestioned qualities—these we offer as a matter of course. It is SERVICE in the fitting, in carrying more sizes than ordinarily considered necessary, in countless ways, that we strive constantly to improve.

This smart oxford represents a type which will be universally popular with women this spring, and is shown in Brown and Black leathers priced from eight-fifty to twelve-fifty.

PECK & PECK FINE HOSE

Sheer Silk Stockings

Sheerer than ever this spring and surprisingly durable for all their delicacy. Black silk in four weights, priced accordingly, $3, $3.50, $4.50 and $5.50.

Heavier and more durable stockings are $1.75, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.75.

Sweaters
Silk Sweaters—four smart models in the newest shades worn in the South, $27.50 to $45.00. New models also in Angora and Shetland wool sweaters, $7.50 to $22.50.

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We have the pleasure to announce to our customers the arrival of Mr. Pares from France, with an extraordinary collection of French Louis XV. and Louis XVI. Furniture, Tapestries, Silks, Objects of Art and Paintings. We request the honor of a visit at our American Branch, 20 East 55th Street.

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NEW YORK

WANT CITY TO ENTER THE ANTI-DRY FIGHT

Organization Led by Bouck White Urges Public Hearing by the Aldermen.

OBTAINS UNION SUPPORT

Proposes an Ordinance Permitting Sales of Liquor for "Hygienic and Medical Use."

Petitions asking the Board of Aldermen to hold a public hearing on the prohibition question, and suggesting as the date April 19, when a nation-wide demonstration is to be held in protest against the Prohibition amendment, were circulated throughout the city yesterday for signatures, from an organization known as The Free City, 21 East Fourteenth Street, which has Bouck White as the acting head. Along with the petition is a suggested ordinance, by which the Aldermen would decree that on and after July 1 no alcoholic liquor should be sold except on statement that same is for "hygienic or medical use," and creating a volunteer municipal militia to enforce the measure pending a United States Constitutional Convention.

Local 59, Union of Brewery Workers, in session yesterday morning, with John Mulhern presiding, adopted resolutions indorsing the petition and commending Mr. White to the other unions of the city in his effort to interest them in the proposed ordinance. Mr. White said that he would take the question up with other unions this week as fast as he could get to them. Thousands of copies of the petitions have been printed and are being circulated. The organization has had printed large posters giving practically the same statement, and these are being placed in conspicuous places about the city.

The following is a copy of the resolutions adopted by the Brewery Workers at the meeting which was held in Beethoven Hall, 210 East Fifth Street, yesterday morning:

> Whereas we, the members of Local 59, Union of Brewery Workers, have passed the following resolution:
>
> "To the New York Board of Aldermen:
>
> "The social customs of New York City, including what we shall eat and what we shall drink, are for New York City alone to decide. On this prohibition issue, the jobs of 40,000 workers in our city, property values to the extent of $50,000,000, and the social habits of perhaps 75 per cent. of the voting population are at stake. By consenting to the nullification of the Fifteenth Amendment at the hands of lawmaking bodies in the South Washington has established the precedent that it will not coerce a community that is bent on self-determination.
>
> "Therefore we, members of Local 59, Union of Brewery Workers, in meeting assembled, request the New York Board of Aldermen to set a public hearing on the question, Shall prohibition shackle our city? A nation-wide demonstration is being planned for April 19 anniversary of the firing of the first gun in the American Revolution of 1776. It would coincide with that wider demonstration, if the hearing before your honorable body could be set as near as could be to that date."
>
> And whereas Bouck White is the head of a citizens' committee having this matter in charge,
>
> Therefore resolved that we commend him to the open floor of the other unions in New York City, to the end that this request to the Board of Aldermen may be urged by the labor unions of Greater New York.

The following is a copy of the proposed ordinance in the form it is proposed by Mr. White's organization:

> The social customs of New York City, including what we shall eat and what we shall drink, are for New York City alone to decide. An amendment has been added to the United States Constitution prohibiting alcoholic liquor for beverage purposes. In accordance with the history and spirit of said Constitution, we judge that the application of this law to each city lodges in the lawmaking body of that city.
>
> Therefore we, the New York Board of Aldermen, decree that on and after July 1, 1919, no alcoholic liquor shall be sold in our city except on signed statement that the same is for hygenic or medical use. Nor shall any such liquors be made or transported within our city limits, except for such hygienic or medical use
>
> A political corporation in America places a construction on above-mentioned amendment diverse from the construction we have here applied; it threatens to invade our city and assert its viewpoint by force of arms. Be it therefore decreed that the New York police force be the nucleus of a volunteer municipal militia, (under regulations to be hereafter drawn up,) to protect our city until a United States constitutional convention can be called to decide the fundamental issues involved.

The circular containing the proposed ordinance also has the following:

> Article V. of the United States Constitution provides, in times of convulsion of the State, for the assembling of a constitutional convention.
>
> Article II. permits the cities to arm and protect their own rights until the assembling of said constitutional convention:
>
> "A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed."

On the reverse side of the circular is the following: "Home rule for New York Town. The Board of Aldermen is requested to appoint a public hearing on the prohibition question. The election next fall in all likelihood is going to pivot on this home rule issue. Those of our city officials who champion the cause of New York municipality and her inalienable right to self-government, will have earned reward at the hands of a grateful electorate."

Mr. White, in talking with reporters yesterday afternoon, read from the morning papers the account of the formation of the Association Opposed to National Prohibition, headed by Percival S. Hill, President of the American Tobacco Company, and asserted that it was the purpose of his organization and the various unions to work in cooperation with that body and to take part in the demonstration that the new organization has announced will be held in 43 cities of the country on April 19.

Contrary to previous statements of labor men in New Jersey, at least the 150,000 who are members of the State Federation of Labor and the State Building Trades Council are not advocating a "No Beer, No Work" program, according to their 400 delegates, who met yesterday in the Coliseum in Newark. Arthur F. Quinn, President of the State Federation, called the convention to order.

Referring to the "No Beer, No Work" proposal, Henry F. Milfers, Secretary of the Federation, said: "A general strike against beer by laboring men on July 1 would make us look ridiculous. A general strike always means a disruption of organized labor. We must express our protests by other means."

Resolutions adopted by the convention requested Congress to repeal the war-time prohibition law; indorsed the bill now before the New Jersey Legislature to permit the sale of beer containing 4 per cent. alcohol; called on Congress to pass such measures as would bring about a repeal or modification of the Eighteenth Amendment and directed the convention to send a cable message to President Wilson asking him to revoke his order of Dec. 1, last; indorsed the joint resolution about to be introduced in the New Jersey Legislature, authorizing the Attorney General to test the legality of the Sheppard Amendment; urged the American Federation of Labor at its convention to enter a protest against prohibition and protested against the ratification by the New Jersey Legislature of the Sheppard Amendment.

FEARS INCREASE OF VICE.

Committee of Fourteen Discusses Conditions to Follow Prohibition.

Fearing vice may increase because of nationwide prohibition, the Committee of Fourteen, which was organized to fight vice in this city, in its annual report, issued yesterday, announced that a vigorous campaign was planned for the coming year.

"If our committee had a part to play in preventing men from becoming unfit to fight, we have an equal responsibility," writes William Adams Brown, Chairman of the committee, in his report, "to help men to be fit to live in the strenuous days which are to come, days when clear thinking is needed, thinking which is only possible to one who is clean in mind and body."

"The most important gain of the year independent of the war," the report says, "has been in the improvement in hotel conditions. At the suggestion of the police and the committee, the brewers refused to supply beer to those hotels which were carried on the police records as suspected disorderly resorts and which, as a result of the co-operation of the brewers, surety companies, and the committee, had already been forced to file a cash bond with the Excise Commissioner. The result has been a two-thirds reduction in the number of these hotels."

"As we look forward to the future we realize that we face a year of difficulty and responsibility," continues the report. "In our effort to maintain the necessary standards New York City must take the lead. Here our difficulties will be most acute, because New York is the place where our returning troops will be present in largest numbers.

"A special problem which will face us during the next year will grow out of the coming of national prohibition. With the passing of the saloon we must expect that new forms of evil will arise. Nature abhors a vacuum, and unless substitutes are provided for the saloon we shall face a dangerous situation, all the more difficult to deal with because of its uncertainties. In preparing to meet this situation our committee should find a wide field of usefulness."

The report suggests an investigation of conditions in the cabarets and dance halls, and the whole question of the connections between amusement and vice and an investigation of the whole question of providing substitutes for the evils which it is sought to repress.

IN CONFERENCE WITH POPE.

Diplomats Consider Audience Given French Cardinal Significant.

ROME, March 16, (Associated Press.)—Pope Benedict today received in private audience Cardinal Amette, Archbishop of Paris. The pontiff and the Cardinal had a long conference, during which the latter related to Pope Benedict a conversation he had with Premier Clemenceau on the eve of the Cardinal's departure for Rome.

In diplomatic circles here the meeting between the pontiff and the Cardinal is considered significant.

WANTS HOLIDAY FOR PARADE

Mayor Hylan Says He Will Ask Aldermen to Honor 27th.

Mayor Hylan announced last night that he would request the Board of Aldermen to declare Tuesday, March 25, a city holiday so that the general public might be certain of witnessing the parade of the 27th Division up Fifth Avenue. The plan to declare a holiday was inspired by thousands of letters received within the last few days at the City Hall. It is likely that the Aldermen will grant the request at their meeting tomorrow.

The movement of the division from Camp Merritt and Camp Mills has been so arranged that all of the units should arrive at their home armories before noon on the day before the parade, it was said yesterday at the temporary headquarters of the division in the Hotel Biltmore. In Brooklyn and the Bronx the men will parade through the principal thoroughfares and then return to the armories to rid themselves of their accoutrements in order to attend special shows that night. According to the Mayor's Committee on Welcome to Homecoming Troops, about 32,000 seats at the theatres have been donated for the night.

Offers of sheltered places in windows of business and residence buildings along Fifth Avenue for the use of wounded or convalescent soldiers continue to pour into the Mayor's Committee. It was said that already enough have been received to care for nearly all of the men, but in order that none will be unable to witness the spectacle a number of Fifth Avenue buses are to be stationed in the side streets as near the avenue as possible, and from the tops of them the wounded men will get their view.

In speaking of the big dinner which is to follow the parade, August Silz, Chairman of the Dinner Committee, said yesterday that more than 40,000 plates had been arranged for by the city's hotels and restaurants. He said the biggest dinner of all would be the Eighth Coast Defense Armory, where the Reisenweber Restaurant interests would lay covers for 6,000. Other big dinners will be through the Boomer chain of hotels, the McAlpin, Waldorf and Claridge, which will care for 2,500; the Hotel Astor, where 2,000 will be fed, and 1,500 at the Hotel Commodore and 1,000 at the Hotel Pennsylvania.

This is the dinner which will be served uniformly in all the hotels:

Olives. Mixed Sweet Pickles.
Grape Fruit.
Fresh Vegetable Soup.
Half Roast Broiler,
(1½ pounds.)
Boiled Sweet Potato. Green Peas.
Apple Pie.
Neapolitan Ice Cream.
Large Coffee with Milk and Sugar.
Bread and Butter.
Cigarettes. White Rock.

Mr. Silz said that the same dinner would be served to the officers, inasmuch as there has been no difference in the measure of heroism shown by officers and men in the ranks during the months of fighting abroad.

TO BREAK ARGENTINE STRIKE

Government Moves to Nationalize Buenos Aires Stevedore Service.

BUENOS AIRES, March 15.—The Argentine Government issued a decree today empowering the Custom House to load and unload ships and nationalize the harbor.

This followed an effort by Sir Reginald T. Tower, British Minister, to reach a compromise between the shipowners and strikers, acting in the rôle of mediator, which he assumed earlier in the day. The men demand full pay for the last month during which they have been idle. Sir Reginald suggested to the shipowners that the men receive pay for fifteen days. The owners refused to consider the proposal.

Under the decree issued by the Government the Custom House will use Government tugs in loading and unloading ships in the harbor. It is provided that all vessels refusing to accept the services of the Government shall leave the port. The men employed on the work will be fed in Government kitchens at cost price.

The decree will become effective Monday morning. The Government says it has enough men to enable efficient service.

ASUNCION, Paraguay, March 16.—A movement has been started here to have the Government requisition all ships in trade between Buenos Aires and Asuncion, on account of the port strike at Buenos Aires. The Argentine Government also will be asked to facilitate the renewal of trading.

MISS HAY FAVORS PRIMARY.

Suffrage Party Chairman Protests Against Return to Convention.

Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Chairman of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party, issued a statement yesterday in which she expressed opposition to the several bills before the Legislature intended to restore the old time party convention and abolish the primaries. Following are some of her reasons for favoring the retention of the primaries:

"Under the old system of the convention 15 to 20 per cent. of the voters participated in the nomination of candidates. Under the comparatively new system of the direct primary 40 to 50 per cent. take part in primary elections. This is a gain.

"While bosses may be able to designate candidates under the direct primary, these, as a rule, cannot stand publicity, and, as a rule, the candidates who are open to attack are defeated.

"The direct primary, too, is the only weapon the legislator has to fight the boss who refuses to redesignate him because of his independence in voting on proposals in the interest of the people.

"As the present primary law has only been in force since 1913, the new voters feel that it has not been tried out for a long enough period of time. It does not necessarily follow that because there are defects the whole plan of the primary should be discarded."

TARDY INCOME TAX RETURNS POUR IN

Office Forces of Three New York Collectors Busy All Day Yesterday.

MANY PERSONS PAID IN FULL

Much Mail Deposited at the Last Hour Awaits Clerks in Revenue Offices.

The offices of all three Collectors of Internal Revenue in New York were scenes of busy activity yesterday, despite the fact that the time for filing income tax returns and making the first payments expired at midnight Saturday. Under the ruling of the Internal Revenue Bureau of the Treasury Department all returns and remittances deposited in the mail in time to be postmarked March 15 before midnight, were to be received as having been sent in on time, and no penalty was to be levied against the tardy taxpayers.

It was this ruling which resulted in a strenuous day for the forces of the three collectors yesterday, for hundreds of pounds of late mail awaited their disposition. The approximate 700 employes of the three offices—300 in the offices of the Second District in the Custom House, 200 in the Third, at 1,150 Broadway, and 200 in the First in Brooklyn—faced the task of handling these tardy returns. Some of them worked yesterday and the entire forces will finish the job today.

The collectors were as far yesterday as they were on Saturday from knowing how much the tax in this city had netted the Government. It was said last night that a surprising number of persons had chosen not to take advantage of the privilege extended by the Government this year of making the payments in four quarterly installments and instead paid their taxes in full.

Despite the fact that the majority of those who decided to get their obligation to the Government paid up at once were those whose taxes were comparatively small, there were enough of them to swell the total well beyond a quarter of the entire tax.

No Indication of Extension.

Though there had been some hope, on the part of taxpayers who found the time between the belated passage of the Revenue bill and the last day of filing returns too short for them, that the Government would grant a further extension without penalties, no official in New York had heard yesterday of any such intention.

It was pointed out that the privilege extended by the Treasury of filing tentative returns to be replaced within forty-five days by amended returns made it unnecessary for any person in this country to delay filing his return beyond the appointed time. Special extension already has been granted to soldiers and sailors in foreign service and others unavoidably detained abroad.

Notwithstanding the fact that the filing of returns, except for the amended forms and in special cases of delay, has expired, the local collectors' offices in common with the other forty-three distributed throughout the country face an extremely busy period for some time to come. There will be many thousands of those who filed tentative returns who will seek expert advice as to how to make their amended reports of income from the Government's officials rather than from private authorities, and the questions of all such must be answered. In addition there are a number of moot questions about the tax as to which rulings by the Treasury may be made which will necessitate many corrections.

An example of a point in which rulings already made are disputed by many taxpayers, and concerning which efforts undoubtedly will be made to get the Treasury officials to change their stand is the decision that cash dividends paid during the first sixty days of 1918, but in reality representing part of 1917's income, are taxable at the 1918 rates.

Those who disagree with the official ruling contend that the law makes these dividends taxable at the 1917 rates. Because of the higher rates of this year many thousands of dollars are involved in the decision as to this point.

Concerning Gifts to Charity.

Another question which has been much discussed in the closing days of filing returns and making payments is that regarding contributions made by corporations to the Red Cross and similar war welfare organizations. Many corporation heads discovered to their surprise that there appeared to be nothing in the law to exempt such contributions from taxation, and that the Bureau of Internal Revenue had held them not to be exempted. Nevertheless a contention has arisen that as part of the necessary expenses of a corporation such contributions are exempt under the law. Briefs on this subject are being prepared by attorneys representing some of those affected, and will be submitted to the Treasury.

The time fixed by the law for making the three remaining payments by those who paid but one-quarter of the tax is on or before June 15 for the second installment, on or before Sept. 15 for the third, and on or before Dec. 15 for the last.

MAJOR PETERSEN DIES IN AIRPLANE'S FALL

American Ace Had Also Gained Fame in the Lafayette Escadrille.

SEABREEZE, Fla., March 16.—Major David McK. Petersen, one of America's officially recognized Aces, was killed today in the fall of his airplane at Daytona Beach. Major Petersen's home address was Honesdale, Penn.

The airplane piloted by Major Petersen, and in which Lieutenant F. X. Paversick was a passenger, dropped nose forward after reaching a height of about seventy-five feet while ascending from the beach. Major Petersen was killed instantly and Lieutenant Paversick was injured seriously.

Previous to his enlistment with the American Air Forces, Major Petersen was a member of the Lafayette Escadrille. While connected with the French Aerial Service he was unofficially credited with bringing down eighteen German machines. The official report of the War Department giving the names of the sixty-two recognized American Aces showed that Petersen brought down five German machines while serving in the American Air Service.

SCRANTON, Penn., March 16.—David McKelvey Petersen was the son of Dr. P. B. Petersen of Honesdale, Coroner of Wayne County, and had been back in this country six months, after serving overseas for two and a half years. Petersen went to France, soon after his graduation from Lafayette University, to drive an ambulance, and later became a member of the famous Lafayette Escadrille, where he served until the United States entered the war. In company with other members of that unit, he was transferred to the United States forces, with the rank of Lieutenant.

Later he was promoted to a Captaincy, and soon afterward to be a Major, commanding the squadron of which Quentin Roosevelt was a member. He was one of the American aces and wore the Croix de Guerre. Six months ago Major Petersen was sent back to this country, with orders to proceed to Gerstner Field, Louisiana, as an instructor.

He was a nephew of Brig. Gen. Edgar L. Jadwin, in charge of all construction work in France for the American Expeditionary Forces.

$3,000 for Crippled and Blind.

A performance was staged at the Cohan and Harris Theatre last night in aid of the Comfort Club of the Blind and Crippled Relief Fund, with net receipts of about $3,000. The performers included Gus Edwards, Emma Carus, Rube Marquard, the Farber Sisters, Jack Norworth, and Jimmy Hussey Julius Tannen was master of ceremonies.

Influenza Again in Brazil.

SAO PAULO, Brazil, March 16.—Influenza again has appeared here in epidemic form. The Government is taking steps to prevent the spread of the disease.

Gidding
5th AVE at 46th ST
PARIS NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

The Gidding Tailormade

Designed with a true sense of feminine charm and youthful chic is fashioned according to the prime requisites of the best dressed women in America.

Being very large producers of superior fashions our values are greatly enhanced by the volume of business done.

The Custom Tailoring Department is now prepared to develop New Spring Fashions to individual order

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.
In the Heart of New York—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"

The Fourth of a Series of Introductory Sales—
In the Infants' Wear Dept.—
New Location, Fourth Floor

Dainty Little Frocks at $2.95
Sizes 2 to 6 Years

Four distinct styles, each beautifully made. One is in Empire effect, made of Striped Cotton Tissue with Dotted Lawn collar and cuffs, edged with picot ruffles. Two styles are of White and Colored Voiles, trimmed with smocking or hand-embroidery. A third model is of White Lawn, trimmed with Val. Lace and cross stitching. You never saw such dainty little frocks at this low price.

Japanese Quilts, Special $2
Beautifully made of Japanese Silks in colorings of the land of Cherry Blossoms. Borders are in Pink and Blue. Quantity limited.

Ultra-Fashionable Suits for Women
—Duplicates of Models Costing as High as $300 to Land

At $45

Suits truly representative of Fashion's latest edicts, as shown in leading Paris shops. Their wonderful lines are simply impossible to transfer to print and their exquisite needlework is of a standard seldom seen in suits below $75.

Smart Blouse, Strictly Tailored, and Handsome Dressy Styles are included, developed in the materials of the hour—Finest Men's Wear Serge, Poiret Twill, Tricotine, Gabardine, Silvertone, Oxfords, Tweeds and those ever fashionable Checks.

Each Suit Lined With Plain or Fancy Silk. Sizes 34 to 44; Several models to 50 1-2 bust.
Fourth Floor

Buy Your Fur Coat Now at a Substantial Reduction

Furs are scarcer now than at any previous time, and prices are soaring to unprecedented levels. Next season a good fur coat will cost at least 30% more than regular prices prevailing this season.

All Our Women's Fur Coats Are Now Greatly Reduced and you need pay only one-third at time of selection, the balance becoming due when you take your furs from our storage vaults next Fall. By selecting now you make a liberal saving on today's prices and avoid the big increase which must come next season.

Handsome Fur Scarfs, Muffs and Coatees may also be had at big reductions on the same liberal purchasing basis.

Take advantage of this opportunity immediately!

"A New Note in Distinctive Fashions"
Women's Embroidered Satin Frocks at $35

A very charming straight line frock, reproducing with marked fidelity the rare chic and individuality of its expensive original.

Fashioned of a soft, lustrous Satin, trimmed with embroidery. To be had in Navy Blue and Black. Sizes 34 to 44. Illustrated.

Suit Dresses for Women
are now receiving much favor in Paris.

We have assembled a most complete collection of these splendid frocks, in Tricolette, with exquisite embroidered vestees, and in Tricotine and Poiret Twill, embellished with steel beading. Each model is beautifully man-tailored and compares favorably with to-order productions of the very highest type.

Prices: $39.50 to $95

A Real Economy Event!

Sale of Boys' Sailor Suits at $3

Snappy regulation Middy Suits as pictured, made of fine quality White Jean with collars and cuffs of Blue Belgium Linen. Not one suit in the collection can be duplicated at this price when these are gone.

Sizes 3 to 8 years.

Limited to Monday and Tuesday—A Special Offering of
Women's Beautiful Dolman Wraps, Coats and Capes
At Prices So Low They Are Really Without Competition

$25
$38
$49.50
At $25
At $38

Handsome Capes and Coats
in a variety of stunning models, carefully tailored, in Men's Wear Serge, Poplin, Gabardine and Velour. The model pictured is just one of many at this price, in Men's Wear Serge.

Very fashionable Dolman Wraps and Capes
the smartest shown in leading Paris shops, skilfully produced in Silvertone, Duvet de Laine, Gabardine, Wool Jersey and Serge, trimmed with Silk Braid. One style pictured.

At $49.50—The most distinctive Cape introduced with the much wanted accordion pleats, as pictured. Loose panel in back may be worn as a scarf, creating a very smart effect. Beautifully hand-tailored in Men's Wear Serge of superior quality. Other models may be had in Bolivia, Duvet de Laine, Silvertone and Tricotine.

15 Reasons

Why First Mortgages Guaranteed by this Company Are the Best Investment for Prudent People.

10.

It is said that mortgages sometimes have to be foreclosed and the property bought in. This is true, but the guaranteed mortgagee never has to do this. The Company buys it, if necessary, and pays him his money.

In the past five years the Company has had to bring 1889 foreclosure suits but the mortgagees have not worried. The Company has bought in $4,562,000 of property but it has sold $3,697,000 of it at a loss of $333,000 and has $864,000 on hand now, after going through the worst period ever experienced.

It has done this without strain, has paid dividends to its stockholders regularly and has added to surplus $1,122,000, considerably more than the total amount of the foreclosed real estate now owned.

No investor has ever lost a dollar.

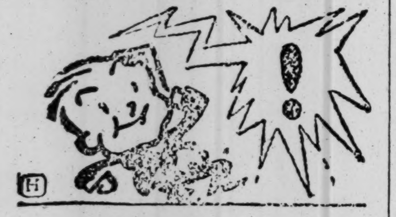
BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000
176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St., 196 Montague St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica

The 3 little Johnsons—and how they grew

Papa Johnson probably didn't love his kiddies a bit more than you love yours—but he had the fortunate sagacity to provide a Lincoln Trust Fund for them before the sad accident that lost him to them.

Fatherless children are badly enough off without being deprived of adequate provision for their bringing up and support—but thanks to a wise trust fund, based on insurance, the oldest Johnson boy can go to college next year — and the younger ones, too, when they finish school.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY
204 FIFTH AVENUE
Broadway at Leonard Broadway at 72d



Did it ever strike you that the big idea today is *specialization?* We specialize in making and selling shirts, and as shirt specialists we are able to offer better materials, better patterns, better assortments and better values than just an ordinary haberdashery shop.

Silk and Madras
SHIRTS
$2.65 4 for 10.00

A new fabric—a combination of Madras for wear and silk for looks—two good allies.

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS
LARGEST SHIRT SPECIALISTS IN AMERICA

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Hotel Commodore
1407 Broadway
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204 W. 125th St.
BROOKLYN SHOPS
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NEWARK SHOP, 170 Market St.
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ORDER
Ballantine's
GOLDEN GLOW
GINGER ALE

STOP THAT COLD
AT THE VERY START
HURLBURT'S CAMPHOR PILLS
TAKE ONE AT ONCE—if you sneeze, snuffle, or feel a chill coming on. Carry the small bottle at all times. Price 25c.

DEFENDS APPEAL FOR $1,000,000 FUND

Steen of National Association of City Editors Answers Questions About Campaign.

WOULD FIGHT BOLSHEVISM

Says Association Is "Almost a One-Man Affair" and He "Takes All the Blame."

The National Association of City Editors, of which Clyde P. Steen is President, is conducting a campaign for $1,000,000 to fight Bolshevism in the United States. The Editor and Publisher, in its issue of Saturday, says that the campaign was launched last month and that a telegraphic appeal was sent out for funds, the appeal bearing the names of Murray Hulbert, Chairman and Treasurer, and Roy L. McCardell, Irvin S. Cobb, Myron T. Herrick, former Ambassador to France; William E. Lewis, and Mr. Steen. Mr. Hulbert is the Commissioner of Docks of this city and, according to The Editor and Publisher, was in Cuba when the appeal was issued. Mr. McCardell, the same paper says, subsequently resigned from the organization.

"Questions arising over the campaign started in the name of the National City Editors' Association," says The Editor and Publisher, "to raise a fund of $1,000,000 to help fight Bolshevism in the United States have caused President Clyde P. Steen of New York to issue a special letter of explanation to the Board of Directors and to the heads of the various State chapters, in which he said:

"'I am frank to say to you that no Directors authorized this campaign with the exception of Roy L. McCardell, who has now resigned not only as a member of the Board of Directors, but from the membership of the organization, and is no longer connected with it in any way.'"

Mr. Steen further on says that the "Department of Justice of the United States Government has thoroughly investigated this campaign and feels convinced that it is a worthy proposition," and adds that all funds collected will go "to the Merchants' National Bank of New York, which is the depository and which will be presided over by the Hon. Theodore E. Burton, who is Chairman of that institution."

Steen Explains the Campaign.

In other parts of his letter Mr. Steen says:

"While I realize that a campaign of this kind is probably not in keeping with the exact purpose of this organization, it is, nevertheless, one of our duties, and was so designated by the Ohio division, at its convention in January, to avoid any feeling of unrest in this country. This can be done only through the newspapers, and it cannot be done through these papers without having a fund to carry it on.

"It has been history to date that the President has done most of the work in this organization. This is unfortunate, as it makes it almost a one-man organization, but I am willing to take all the blame, for I feel that this movement is one of the greatest that has ever been brought into the newspaper field, and there is no reason why the convention in Chicago should not be the greatest ever held by working newspaper men in the United States.

"The campaign will be completed this week and at the end of that time all funds are to be turned over to a permanent organization which is already in the process of formation."

The Editor and Publisher, after citing the instance of the telegraphic appeal for funds which was signed by Mr. Steen and others, says that immediately following the issuance of that appeal "city editors of local New York newspapers began to receive inquiries regarding the fund, and "they went to Mr. Steen, who explained that the N. A. C. E. campaign had its birth recently when he (Mr. Steen) was called as a witness before the Senate committee investigating Bolshevism."

Continuing its comment, The Editor and Publisher says:

"Steen's next step was to send out a half-column article arguing against Bolshevism, accompanied by a note signed by Warren G. Harding, General Chairman, and Clyde P. Steen, Chairman Publicity Committee.

"Investigation showed that Murray Hulbert, who is Commissioner of Docks and Ferries for the City of New York, was in Cuba when the appeal for funds was made. It found, too, that it had not been intended to use his name, but that of former United States Senator Theodore E. Burton, who is President of the Merchants National Bank.

"Senator Burton had consented to allow his bank to be used as a depository for the funds that might be raised, but 'that was all,' as he put it. Senator Harding acknowledged being 'temporary' Chairman, but said he would not take the office permanently, 'though remaining in the movement and being deeply interested.'

"Mr. McCardell, who is a special writer and not a city editor, severed connection with the movement on March 1. His offices in the Park Row Building were given up as headquarters for the campaign and Suite 109 at the Waldorf-Astoria became headquarters.

Protest from Pennsylvania.

"Another development is a protest against the continuance of the fund-raising by Hubert R. Kroh of Pittsburgh, President of the Pennsylvania Chapter of the N. A. C. E. He informed The Editor and Publisher that he suggested to the Board of Directors that it take action immediately to prevent the further use of the association's name in the campaign for funds pending a reorganization.

"This caused the board to call upon President Steen for the explanation herewith printed. In a letter sent to The Editor and Publisher Mr. Kroh said:

"'President Clyde P. Steen rushed into a work that should have been carefully planned and conducted with measured step. I am constrained to say that he has not proceeded as it was my understanding he would proceed.'

"Mr. Kroh quoted Senator Harding as writing to him that Mr. Steen had no right to use his name in connection with a financial campaign; that he could not serve as Chairman of this committee, and that his name was prohibited for any use except as an honorary member of the committee.

"Mr. Kroh also quotes President Steen as telling him that Senator Harding was temporary Chairman of the committee for the period of organization, but that his name was to have been withdrawn from that position before March 5 and placed as Chairman of the honorary committee, and that it was through an error that the Senator's name was used.

"Mr. Kroh added that he was authorized to raise $500,000 in Pennsylvania, and more if it could be done, and to deduct $75,000 for expenses.

"When The Editor and Publisher called Mr. Steen's attention to Mr. Kroh's charges, he said:

Mr. Kroh is a good agitator, but I am acting strictly in accordance with the N. A. C. E. by-laws. My letter to the Board of Directors and State officers gives all the explanation necessary. Mr. Kroh's references to Senator Harding are correct. A mistake was made by a member of our office force in the first telegrams sent out, but these were immediately recalled by me and explanations made to the senders of checks, which were returned.

Regarding expense accounts for the work of raising the State funds, each State fund Director is authorized to deduct 10 per cent. of the amount raised for payment of all expenses incurred. Mr. Kroh himself set the Pennsylvania quota at $500,000, but I have no knowledge how he comes to figure his authorized deduction as $75,000.

The Editor and Publisher quotes Roy L. McCardell as saying:

"I have had no connection with the anti-Bolshevik campaign since March 1. I withdrew in writing and had my withdrawal accepted by Clyde P. Steen and Grant S. Whitslar. My withdrawal was simply because, in an excess of zeal, led on, I believe, by what seemed to be the overwhelming success of the movement, mistakes were made in using the names of several prominent citizens as definite officers of the various committees, when these gentlemen had simply given their names in support of the movement."

The national headquarters of the Association of City Editors, in the Waldorf-Astoria, was not open yesterday. It was said that the New York officials would be there today. It was said that the Governors of many of the States, Cardinal Gibbons, and many other prominent persons were connected with the movement. Senator Burton, when asked if he had anything to say regarding the movement, said his only connection with the matter was an indirect one and due to the use of the bank, with which he is connected, as the depository of the fund. Senator Burton said Mr. Steen was an Ohio newspaper man of standing. Mr. Steen could not be found yesterday.

DIAGNOSTIC HOSPITAL PLANS

Time-Payment System for Fees to be Inaugurated There.

Announcement was made yesterday that the New York Diagnostic Hospital, at No. 125 West Seventy-second Street, will be opened the first week in May. This institution, the first of its kind in this country, has been made possible through the work of more than 1,000 physicians who, as members of the New York Diagnostic Society, raised the necessary funds.

It will in no way conflict with the work of hospitals and will relieve the present overworked clinics, both public and private. Drs. Robert T. Morris, Thomas E. Satterthwaite, Abraham Jacobi, and M. Joseph Mandelbaum, the President of the society, have worked on the idea for the last eleven years and have been greatly assisted by Drs. Charles H. and William J. Mayo, the noted surgeons, of Rochester, Minn.

At present the hospital will be for diagnosis only and it will be completely equipped for all diseases. About 500 cases for special diagnosis can be accommodated daily. The building is six stories and the present plans are to erect in the future two ten-story structures on each side which will be able to accommodate 400 patients for operation and study.

Dr. Mandelbaum in speaking of the institution said that the Directors will adopt an entirely new system for medical services. One may go there and have his trouble diagnosed by the most noted physicians in the city and then be able to pay the fee on a time-payment plan. The physician said that this was the first institution to undertake time payment for medical services. If one is in distress financially the patient will receive free treatment.

The new hospital will represent an outlay of about $500,000. Subscriptions have been received from philanthropic persons all over the country, and only $90,000 is now lacking. This amount, the Directors hope, will be obtained in the next few days.

MEN MADE OVER IN THE NAVY

Statistics Show Great Improvement During Enlistment Term.

The Bureau of Medicine and Surgery of the Navy Department says that men who are now leaving the service are taking back to civilian life a much better physique on the average than when they entered. Figures compiled by Lieutenant F. L. Ridge, Medical Corps, after examining 500 men, show that in almost every instance the individual is in considerably better condition for having served in the navy.

Measurements of the chest, biceps, and waist line were taken and compared with the measurements of the same men when they entered the navy. A general average was taken, and it was found that the man going out has a chest circumference 1¾ inches greater than when he entered. He can expand his chest an additional seven-eighths of an inch. His biceps are three-fourths of an inch larger, while his waist line has been reduced three-fourths of an inch.

Of 500 men it was found on the average the individual has gained 5.3 pounds in weight since entering the navy. Fat men have reduced, and youngsters have become husky men. On the average, men coming from aviation have gained more than those coming from other camps. The greatest individual increase occurred in the weight of a landsman machinist's mate, aviation. This sailor enlisted at the age of 17, and after a year's service is leaving the navy 52 pounds heavier.

"This shows," says the statement, "what a navy training will do for a young man, so why waste your time looking for a job when the navy will enlist you, whether you have a trade or not? The Bureau of Navigation has ordered a vigorous campaign for men for the naval service."

PLANS FOR ST. PATRICK'S DAY

Wounded of 69th Will Ride in Big Parade Up Fifth Avenue.

The St. Patrick's Day parade up Fifth Avenue this afternoon, headed for the seventy-sixth time by the Ancient Order of Hibernians, promises to be one of the largest and most representative of its kind yet held. The wounded of the Old 69th will ride, not walk, in the column and will be guests of honor at the dinner with which the day is to be terminated at Sulzer's Harlem River Casino.

Organizations are to fall in line by 2 o'clock. The parade, with an estimated 38,000 in line, will start up Fifth Avenue from Forty-fifth Street at 2:30 and will proceed to 120th Street, where Grand Marshal John W. Goff, recently retired as Supreme Court Justice, and his staff will review the marchers. From that point the paraders will go to the Casino. One of the features there is to be the drawing for prizes for the benefit of the K. of C. War Fund and both Knights of Columbus officials and leaders of the Catholic Big Brothers will be on hand to assist in the ceremonies which will culminate with the annual A. O. H. ball.

Major Michael J. Heany, Provost Marshal at Camp Upton, will head the contingent of service men who will march and a special committee, to be identified by their white sashes, has been appointed to look after the comfort of the wounded. Automobiles will be provided for them at the 69th Regiment Armory, and owners who wish to lend their cars are asked to have them at the Armory by 1 P. M. The Veteran Corps of the 69th will parade behind the active service men.

There is to be another A. O. H. parade in Brooklyn. Each marcher is to carry an American and Irish flag and there is to be a review at Borough Hall.

In Manhattan besides the parade and the Casino ball there will be the annual dinner of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick at the Hotel Commodore, where 800 guests are expected. Supreme Court Justice Victor J. Dowling will preside. John McCormack, who will celebrate St. Patrick's Day by becoming an American citizen, will sing "The Star-Spangled Banner" and "The Wearing of the Green" at the dinner for the first time as an American tenor. There will be numerous other celebrations of the day.

FAVORS A FREE IRELAND.

Representative Mason Suggests Other Changes in League Covenant.

Representative William E. Mason of Illinois delivered a lecture last night at Cooper Union Hall under the auspices of the Peoples' Institute on the League of Nations. Mr. Mason said that he agreed with Mr. Taft's ideas on the League of Nations, but said that he should go a step further. He said arrangements should be made so that parties submitting to arbitration should have something to say about the judges; there should be recognition of the smaller peoples, Ireland, the Philippine Islands, and South Africa, and all small nations and peoples in the world should be free.

"We promised Spain," Mr. Mason said, "that we would not take territory or power. I was in Cuba on the day our flag came down and the little Republic's flag took its place. Our flag never looked so beautiful as it did that day coming down, because it was keeping a promise of a Christian people."

America, Mr. Mason said, made room for a Cuban flag and when Great Britain made room for an Irish flag, she would have as strong an ally in Ireland, in peace and war, as America has in Cuba.

CARDINAL DEFENDS IRELAND

O'Connell Says World Must Learn Justice and Faith from Her.

BOSTON, March 16.—Cardinal O'Connell, speaking in the Cathedral of the Holy Cross today, said that the great nations must learn from Ireland the lesson of maintenance of faith in God and the law of right.

"It is a certainty," said he, "that unless the ruling classes, those who have the power in their hands, recognize the eternal laws of justice and righteousness and follow them the world is inevitably on the point of collapse."

The Cardinal recited Ireland's experiences and added:

"Ireland for seven centuries has stood up against the world, against the pride of the world, the eyes of the world, and the conquest of the world. The Irish people held fast to the Cross. You have taken our lives, they said, you have taken our lands and our money, but you can never take God from us.

"Now let the other nations learn from Ireland, because Ireland saw what they never can see—God on His throne of Justice. That is the only lesson today that can preserve any nation on the face of the earth. If Ireland is wrong, then there is nothing left for the world but Bolshevism. But Ireland is right."

AGAINST FAVORING VETERANS

Civil Service Reform Association Tells Objections to Plan.

The Civil Service Reform Association, through its President, Samuel H. Ordway, has sent out a memorandum setting forth its opposition to the proposal now pending in the Legislature to amend the Constitution and grant preference in civil appointments to veterans of the Spanish and world wars. Opposition to the plan is summed up as follows:

"It destroys the basic principle of the merit sytem—that public office is a public trust, awarded according to proved capacity. It is undemocratic in that it favors a class of citizens. It excludes women from obtaining civil service positions in the future. It impairs the efficiency of the civil service and raises the cost of administration. It discriminates against men who worked in important and often hazardous war industries, and who were told that their services were more valuable to the Government in such industries than in the army.

"It discriminates against the coming generation—men who were too young to enlist in the army during the war against Germany. As among veterans themselves, the measure is discriminatory, as it places the Spanish war veterans ahead of the veterans of the present war. The proposal to reward military service by preferment in the civil service is wrong in principle. The veterans do not desire it, except the small organization of Spanish war veterans. Proper recognition should be given to the fact that experience in the army and navy is of value in a great variety of civil service positions."

B. Altman & Co.
MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

FASHIONABLE TAILOR-MADES
Copies or adaptations of lately-imported
Paris Models
from Premet, Bernard, Georgette, and other leading French couturiers
Made to order at $135.00 & 165.00
The Tailoring and Dressmaking Department
(Third Floor)

The Centemeri Seven
Kid Gloves That Are
The Flower of France

"Art is long but Time is fleeting." It requires *months* merely to prepare the skins that yield the soft and beautiful French *Nationale* Kid of which these gloves are made—

But the feminine lover of the exquisite has only *minutes* to see the 70 styles we have received from our Grenoble factory.

So we have selected *seven styles* which she can least afford *not* to see—

A group representing the full flower of master glovecraft and the culmination of a half-century of Centemeri experience—embracing every type and color—the novelty, the conventional, the formal.

If you cannot see each beautiful flower in our spring garden of gloves, at least do not miss

The Centemeri Seven
which is to say:

The Fielder	4.00	The Seville	3.00
The Bandalette	3.00	The Elsinore	3.00
The Van Dyke	3.50	The Isere	3.00
The Mousquetaire 8-button length	4.50		

Comprised of these seven gloves, or any number of your own selections, a *Centemeri Glove Wardrobe** provides the perfect Easter Remembrance.

* Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

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REAL ORANGE MARMALADE
Sold by leading dealers
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:MENNEN'S:
CREAM
DENTIFRICE
ANTISEPTIC — EFFICIENT

Nature invented Chemistry

WHEN nature made teeth, she also supplied a protection for teeth.

Saliva protects teeth from the acids of food decay. Saliva is alkaline and destroys acids. Plenty of saliva means sound teeth.

Savage races and wild animals are practically free from tooth trouble, whereas 90% of civilized people have decayed teeth.

That is partly because civilized people have been deceived into using alkaline dentifrices.

The danger of an alkaline dentifrice is that it paralyzes the salivary glands and lessens the flow of saliva—exposing teeth to the unchecked ravages of acids.

Mennen's Cream Dentifrice is absolutely non-alkaline; on the contrary, it contains a mild fruit acid which stimulates the flow of saliva.

A 20% content of alcohol insures an antiseptic action and a cool, refreshing after-effect. Mennen's cleans and polishes the teeth and breaks down tartar formations without scouring the enamel.

It costs 35 cents, and the tube is smaller than many dentifrices selling for 25 cents—but Mennen's was made to deliver a result and not to fit a price.

G. Mennen Chemical Co.
Newark, N. J.

MENNEN'S CREAM DENTIFRICE

Three Generations

In many instances there are names among the Mercantile clientele that mark the third generation of family depositors. The institution marches abreast of changing times like these clients—adapting itself to new needs, yet never forgetting the old traditions that built character in the early years.

THE MERCANTILE Safe Deposit Company
Established 1870
115 BROADWAY NEW YORK

MAKE OLD SHOES WEAR LIKE NEW

"I had Neōlin Soles put on my shoes—wore these shoes every day for fifteen months, then had Neōlin half-soles put on. They are still in good condition," writes F. T. Evans, of Seattle, Washington.

This is cutting shoe bills down to the minimum through Neōlin Soles. Anyone can do this if he will follow Mr. Evans' example, and have his shoes re-bottomed with Neōlin Soles. These tough, durable soles cost no more than soles that give only ordinary wear. And all good repair shops have them.

Neōlin Soles come on new shoes, too—in many styles for men, women and children. They are created by Science to be all that soles should be—comfortable and waterproof, as well as long-wearing. They are made by The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio, who also make Wingfoot Heels—guaranteed to outwear any other heels.

Neōlin Soles
Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

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are made for you by a thousand happy workers in the world's most ideal garter plant.

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Every requisite for the Fisherman. Rods, Reels, Artificial Bait, Flies, Lines, etc. Great Variety and Highest Quality, including Imported Tackle of renown, for Fresh or Salt Water.

20% Reduction on All Fishing Tackle.

Send $1 for sample Packet of One Dozen of our Imported Dry Flies.

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Specialists in Sporting Goods
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Young Men Use Cuticura To Save Your Hair

Nothing like shampoos with Cuticura Soap and hot water, preceded by touches of Cuticura Ointment to spots of dandruff and itching to keep the scalp and hair healthy. They are ideal for all toilet uses. In the morning shave with Cuticura Soap the Cuticura way—without mug. After shaving and before bathing touch spots of dandruff or irritation with Cuticura Ointment. Then bathe face, hands and scalp with Cuticura Soap and hot water.

Comfort itching skin with Cuticura. Bathe with Soap, soothe with Ointment, dust with Talcum. 25c. each at all dealers.

GUIDE TO BOOK WORLD.

To know what is going on in the literary world it is necessary to read The New York Times Book Review. Mailed to any address in the United States for one dollar a year. Have it sent to a friend who loves books.—Advt.

BOAT OWNERS FAIL TO DIVIDE STRIKERS

Union Leaders Dissuade Captains from Conferring with Employers.

BOTH SIDES ARE CONFIDENT

Workers Predict Victory This Week and Adopt Resolution Against Separate Agreements.

The leaders of the harbor strikers and a number of their followers posted themselves in front of the Maritime Exchange, at 80 Broad Street, yesterday morning, and dissuaded Captains of harbor boats from attending a conference on the strike situation, to which they had been invited by their former employers.

Eight representatives of large lighterage concerns engaged in handling transatlantic shipping were at the Maritime Exchange shortly after 10 o'clock, but their plans for a conference were a complete failure. Thomas L. Delahunty, President of the Marine Workers' Affiliation; William A. Maher, the Vice President, and several other leaders were at the building, with a number of strikers, before the harbor Captains were due to arrive, and as fast as they appeared the strike leaders intercepted them and urged them not to attend the meeting, which they regarded as a bold effort to break up the solidarity of the combination of harbor unions.

Only a few of the Captains went into the building before 11 o'clock, at which time a large crowd had assembled on the outside and peaceably but vehemently argued against the move of the boat owners. The employers inside of the building saw by this time that there was no chance for a conference, and started to come out. They were accosted by President Delahunty, who said:

"I want to serve an ultimatum on you gentlemen. This is an unfair way to deal with us. If you attempt to get away with individual bargaining with the men, we will call out the International Longshoremen's Union."

"We invited our Captains here to deal with them, and we will have nothing to do with you leaders," said one of the boat owners. "You have lived on the fat of the land off these men long enough."

"Yes," replied Delahunty, "but you fellows have lived on the fat of the land for over fifty years."

The boat owners went to automobiles in front of the building and drove off. Captain William A. Maher, Vice President of the affiliation, called on the crowd to attend a meeting at union headquarters at 26 Park Place. Here the strike leaders made vigorous speeches against any individual negotiating, and a resolution was adopted against such practices.

Says Captains Wanted Meeting.

Fred B. Dalzell, Jr., of the Dalzell Towing Company, who was at the meeting, said that the boat owners called the meeting largely because their captains were anxious for such a meeting. He said:

"Only a few of the companies handling ocean shipping were there. We are co-operating with the other boat owners in fighting the strike, but we did not represent the associations in holding this meeting. We found many of our captains and other employes anxious to return to work and called this meeting for mutual advice as to a basis for resuming. The fact that the strike leaders thought it necessary to prevent the conference is pretty good proof that they know their attitude won't stand discussion. It was a sign of their weakness. From what we understand from our men the strike is very near an end.

"We have offered our men their jobs back on a ten-hour-day basis. This would give them time and a half for overtime for two hours each day and would be equivalent to about a 16 per cent. increase. All of the Captains and the other intelligent men among the strikers frankly admit that the demand for an eight-hour day is not a genuine one, and that it can't work in a business depending on tides. The Captain's generally think our proposals very fair, and are willing to return to work. Probably most of them will be back during the week.

"We probably won't attempt to hold any more general conferences after what happened, but our Captains are in our offices every day. The same is true of other lines. There will be several conferences instead of one large one."

Expect Conference Today.

Officers of the boat-owners said yesterday that conferences might be held today between the boat-owners and groups of the strikers, but that the officials of the boat-owners would not meet members of the Strike Committtee and would not attend any gatherings arranged by James L. Hughes, the Federal Conciliator, who was active in causing the abandonment of the Macy award and the concessions made to the strikers by the Railroad Administration, the War and Navy Departments, and the Shipping Board. The leaders of the boat owners have asserted that the recent efforts at conciliation have not been made to settle the controversy on its merits, but to win the strike for the strikers. The boat-owners contend that the persistent attempts to mediate have resulted in prolonging the strike, and that it would have been over a week ago if the strikers had not received moral and practical support from Federal agencies.

Far from considering that their strategy in blocking the conference of the harbor Captains with their employers was a sign of weakness, the strike leaders were well satisfied with their work yesterday, asserting that they had made the scheme of the boat-owners look ridiculous and had strengthened the morale of the strikers by repelling this overture.

President Delahunty, the chief officer of the strikers, predicted yesterday that the strike would end in a complete victory for the strikers by the middle of this week. He issued a denial of propaganda which he said was being circulated in army camps to the effect that the strikers had been causing delays in the home-coming of American soldiers.

"We have not done a thing to hinder the return of the men who have fought for their country," he said. "The first act of the marine workers when they declared a strike was to exempt army and navy boats. If there is any delay of troopships from any cause we will man the boats with volunteer crews."

A resolution was passed at the headquarters of the Marine Workers' Affiliation last night reaffirming confidence in their officers and condemning individual bargaining.

OCEAN SHIPS AVOID NEW YORK.

Seek Other Ports Because of Coal Shortage Here.

On account of the delay in getting coal for their steamships caused by the harbor strike, the Cunard Line officials have decided to have the steamship Carmania return to Europe from Halifax when she arrives there today, instead of continuing on to New York. She has about 3,000 Canadian troops on board, 135 first class and 101 second class passengers for New York, and 3,500 sacks of mail.

Among the passengers are Major Gen. Sir Frederick B. Maurice, K. C. M. G., Director of Military Operations on the British General Staff from 1915 to 1918; Colonel Harvey Gibson of the American Red Cross, Sir Percy Girouard and others. The Cunard Line in New York is making arrangements with the Canadian Pacific Railway to have them brought on a special train with sleepers and dining car, which ought to arrive in New York on Wednesday.

The passengers booked to sail on the Carmania will be sent by train to join her at Halifax.

The management of the Cunard Line decided upon this action last week if the harbor strike continued, as the company had been put to a considerable loss through the five days' delay of the Caronia, and the two days' tieup of the Mauretania through the lack of coal. The Caronia, which got away last Wednesday, had to coal at Halifax, which meant further delay of four or five days on her round voyage from Liverpool to New York and back. Other vessals of the line, it is said, will be stopped at Halifax and turned round instead of coming to New York if the harbor strike continues.

Agents for other steamship lines in New York have telegraphed to Halifax to know if their vessels can get coal if they put in to that port.

The White Star liner Baltic, which is due at Halifax on Wednesday from Liverpool with 4,000 Canadian troops and 250 civilian passengers for New York, will fill her bunkers before continuing her voyage to this port, where she has a big cargo waiting for her.

Shipping men said yesterday that the strike was not interfering with commerce as much at this time as it would have done a few months earlier because things were a little slack in the foreign export trade and there were no imports to speak of except from South America. They also said that the strike would cause freight steamships to be diverted from New York to other ports either by wireless at sea or on their arrival at the Ambrose Channel Lightship.

Among the vessels which arrived yesterday and were ordered to proceed to Philadelphia were the President Bunge, Belgian, from Rotterdam and the Japan, Swedish, from Rotterdam. The Carmen, Norwegian, from Rouen was ordered to proceed to Baltimore.

END OF JERSEY CAR STRIKE NOW IN SIGHT

Terms Reached at Conference Only Await Ratification by Workers Today.

BETTER RATES FOR MEN

Basis of Settlement Proposed by Federal Mediator Accepted by Company and Union Leader.

The end of the trolley strike on the Public Service Company's lines in Northern New Jersey is practically certain this afternoon, according to representatives of the War Labor Board and of the strikers. After a conference called yesterday by the Federal mediators, William Wepner, Chairman of the Joint Conference Board of the strikers, said:

"We have reached a settlement and the men will return to work, if the settlement is approved at their mass meetings tomorrow afternoon in Newark, West Hoboken, Plainfield, Paterson, Elizabeth, Edgewater, and New Brunswick. If the action is favorable at these meetings, a time will be set at once for the return to work."

Mr. Wepner said he could not discuss the proposed terms. Charlton Ogburn, representative of the War Labor Board, who attended all the conferences, said last night:

"I have submitted to the joint conference board of trolleymen and to the company a basis of settlement which has been accepted by the company, and has met the approval of all the union officers."

It was stated that the company had abandoned its proposal for a co-operative league between the company and its employes and a collective bargaining system, which was objectionable to the union leaders. Representatives of the company also declined to discuss the terms of settlement, but they were reported to grant more favorable terms to the men and to leave to the War Labor Board the question whether the company should recognize the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America.

PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN FIRST.

Pictures of Danish Sailors Required So They Could Go to Funeral.

When the Danish bark Kylemore arrived from Buenos Aires yesterday and anchored off Sixty-ninth Street, South Brooklyn, the crew were surprised to hear that they could not go ashore to attend the funeral of one of their shipmates, Christian Christiansen, because they were not provided with permits bearing their photographs, which is demanded of men on all foreign ships, from captains to cabin boys.

Christiansen, an able seaman, twenty-one years old, who was killed three days ago by falling from the masthead, was popular with all hands and the Captain decided to bring the body to port instead of burying it at sea. The immigration authorities who boarded the bark communicated with Ellis Island and finally arrangements were made for a photographer to go off to the Kylemore and take pictures of the men so that they could attend the funeral.

The crews of the big liners, such as the Olympic, France, Mauretania, and Aquitania, have to go through the same process each time they arrive in New York. Every member of the crew has to have his card with his photograph on it, and the examination takes nearly a whole day. These cards have to be shown on passing through the pier gates.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

Military Clothing
½ Price Sale

Trench Coats, Raincoats, Overcoats, Shirts, Suits, Puttees, etc.

Suitable for Civilian wear—for Motoring, Hunting, and Hiking—as well as for Military Men who want "something better."

Officers' Overseas Trench Coats
$55.00 *Now* $27.50
Separate Wool Linings

Officers' Whipcord Suits	$70.00	*Now*	$35.00
Officers' Whipcord Suits	$60.00	*Now*	$30.00
Officers' Serge Suits	$55.00	*Now*	$27.50

Officers' Trench Coats. $50.00 *Now* $25.00
Moleskin and belted, single or double breasted.

Belted Trench Model Raincoats
Were $22.50 *Now* $11.25
Guaranteed Water Proof.

Officers' Raincoats	$40.00	*Now*	$20.00
Raincoats	$30.00	*Now*	$15.00
Raincoats	$35.00	*Now*	$17.50
Officers' Raincoats	$22.50	*Now*	$11.25
U. S. Navy Raincoats, (Black)	$30.00	*Now*	$15.00
U. S. A. Spiral Puttees	$6.00	*Now*	$3.00
Wool Army Shirts	$7.50	*Now*	$3.75
Wool Army Shirts	$8.00	*Now*	$4.00
Wool Army Shirts	$9.00	*Now*	$4.50
Cotton Khaki Shirts	$5.50	*Now*	$2.75
Silk Khaki Shirts	$10.00	*Now*	$5.00
Officers' Garrison Caps	$6.00	*Now*	$3.00
Leather Belted Coats	$100.00	*Now*	$50.00
Leather Belted Coats	$80.00	*Now*	$40.00
Leather Belted Coats	$75.00	*Now*	$37.50
Leather Belted Coats	$50.00	*Now*	$25.00
Leather Lined Coats	$60.00	*Now*	$30.00
Leather Lined Coats	$55.00	*Now*	$27.50
Leather Lined Coats	$30.00	*Now*	$15.00

No C. O. D.'s GIMBELS—MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor No Returns

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street (*Between 5th and 6th Avenues*) West 43rd Street

For One Week Only Beginning To-day!

MEN'S SUITS OR OVERCOATS

Made to your measurements

at $33.50

As a special introductory offering for Spring, we have included at this price a very unusual selection of custom suitings.

Serges, Cheviots, Cassimeres, Finished and Unfinished Worsteds, also Topcoatings

No extra charge for oversizes during this event.

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COMPLETE OUTFITS FOR COLLEGE AND "PREP" SCHOOL STUDENTS

College and "prep" school students in New York for the Easter holidays, whose social obligations may require at a moment's notice a complete outfit for evening dress, sports wear, formal or informal day dress, may rely upon our organization to provide for immediate service the correct clothing and accessories.

The "Lounge" on our mezzanine floor is reserved as a convenient meeting place for our regular student customers and their friends while in New York.

Young men's top coats and motor coats in loosely draped English models.

Young men's suits in imported tweeds, homespuns and flannels.

"Prep" suits made especially to the proportions of young men wearing long trousers for the first time.

Riding suits and golf clothes in the most approved English models.

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Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

B.V.D. Quality can only be had in B.V.D. Underwear.

If it hasn't this Red Woven Label
MADE FOR THE B.V.D. BEST RETAIL TRADE
It isn't B.V.D. Underwear

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B. V. D. Coat Cut Undershirts and Knee Length Drawers.
$1.00
The Garment

B. V. D. Closed Crotch Union Suits. (Pat. U. S. A.)
$1.75
The Suit

THE B. V. D. COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

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Ginger Ale
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Whatever has appeared in The New York Times or any other American newspaper is clearly indicated in The New York Times Index. Time and trouble in examining files of papers obviated. Invaluable to all who have to make researches. Published quarterly. $2 a volume. 100,000 references in a year's volumes.—Advt.

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

BALATA and GUTTA PERCHA

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Francis P. Garvan, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale at public sale, to the highest bidder, at Driggs Warehouse, 563 Water St., New York City, at 11 o'clock A. M., on the 28th day of March, 1919, six lots of Balata and nine lots of Gutta Percha.

For further information concerning said Balata and Gutta Percha, or the terms and conditions of sale, apply to the Merchandise Dept., Bureau of Sales, Room 518, 110 West 42nd St., New York City.

JOSEPH F. GUFFEY,
Director, Bureau of Sales.

FRANCIS P. GARVAN,
Alien Property Custodian.

TELLS YEAR'S WORK AMONG CITY'S NEEDY

Association for Improvement of the Poor Aided Thousands in All Classes.

INFLUENZA ADDED TO TASK

Need for Good Food, Sanitation and Recreation to Uphold Civic Morale Emphasized.

"No Armistice—No Peace; Only War Against Disease and Poverty," is the war-born slogan of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, according to its seventy-fifth annual report made public yesterday. Perhaps the chief lesson the organization gained from the war is thus summed up in the document:

"The war has taught us that we cannot have suitable morale of any group of individuals, whether military or civilian, without making certain that they are well fed; that adequate attention is given to sanitary and other conditions affecting the health of the group, and that in addition suitable facilities for recreation are provided.

"We were willing to spend millions of dollars to insure the morale of our fighting men. The peace corollary of this war-learned lesson is that you cannot have a civic morale with any considerable group of underfed individuals, or with any group of individuals whose health is continuously undermined, not only because of the lack of the necessities of life, but also because of lack of access to reasonable health and recreation facilities."

Thousands Are Aided.

What the association has done to contribute toward this ideal of civic morale is set forth in this statistical abstract of its year's endeavors:

Four thousand seven hundred and six families, with 21,177 members, were assisted with money, food, clothing, or friendly help; 4,255 families were under care of its nurses, involving 45,182 visits and treatment of 12,109 individuals; 1,295 actual tuberculosis patients and as many more suspects in 863 families were given medical and surgical treatment and needed relief; twenty-two homes were made available in the Victoria Apartments for sanitarium treatment of individuals in 100 families in which parents and children have tuberculosis; 1,146 expectant mothers were given prenatal supervision; 865 days' work was done by visiting housewives in homes where mothers were prevented by temporary illness from doing their work in tenement houses; 3,295 persons, including 1,997 children, were examined at the medical clinic and 2,452 were treated at the dental clinic; 76,536 outings, ranging from one to eight weeks, were provided for 5,950 mothers and children; 532 families were given instruction by dietitians in cooking and general household economies; 210 children with defective nutrition received intensive clinical and home care; 532 widows got monthly allowances to enable them to care for their 1,619 children; 394 deserted wives with 1,354 children received assistance and $32,256 was got for them from deserting husbands; 73 old men were given daily work at the Old Men's Toy Shop; 165 women were helped toward daily self-support at the sewing rooms; 40,801 bundles of clothes were washed at cost under model conditions for tenement house families; 78,814 bathers were accommodated at the Milbank Memorial Bath; 117,295 hot meals were served to working people at the people's kitchen, and 850,000 school lunches were served at thirty-five public schools.

In handling the influenza epidemic, the report says, the association tackled one of the heaviest problems it has ever had to face in its seventy-five years. As an indication of the widespread effects of the disease the report points out that during the epidemic it cared for 355 families which had never before received aid from any relief organization. From Oct. 1 to March 1, the association took charge of 600 homes where influenza was prevalent. The work still continues. The association is spending $3,000 a month to care for families whose wage earners died during the epidemic.

Open New Home.

In reviewing the year's work Bailey B. Burritt, the general director, in reference to the influenza epidemic said:

"This has meant greatly increased drafts upon the energies of our nursing and visiting corps. It has meant many additional families which have had to be cared for, and some of these families will have to be cared for for many months because of the death of the breadwinner. It has meant the opening of an additional convalescent home for the after care of influenza cases. It has meant also greatly increased expenditures.

"The past months," he continued, "have also witnessed the reorganization of the former home hospital of the association. Victoria Apartments, with twenty-two four and five room apartments, has been acquired, in which the association is now caring for families in which one or both parents have tuberculosis, and in which there are children who already are either suffering from tuberculosis or have been exposed to it.

"The year has also seen the beginning of a community health service in the Italian section between Canal and Houston Streets and the Bowery and Broadway that is significant, and capable of much wider application. This is an intensive effort in a limited number of blocks to deal systematically and thoroughly with the problem of physical defects in child life and their prevention in so far as that may be possible. It begins in prenatal work that has for its aim giving to each child its birthright—to be well born. It is continued in instruction in feeding and care of the child after birth, in giving convalescent care to the mother if need be, in a systematic and periodical effort to not only discover and deal with existing defects of other children in the family, but to discover developing defects in time to prevent them. Our nurses and dietitians are dealing with defective teeth, defective nose and throat conditions, defective nutrition, and other miscellaneous defects that are peculiar to child life, always with a view to preventing more serious defects.

"In general the association is emphasizing more and more health work. Lack of opportunity of health for children means payment at compound interest by the community in the waste and expense of subsequent incapacity and destitution.

"We do not exaggerate when we say that the anxiety in the matter of assuring sufficient income to meet the pressing demands made upon us has been a very real one. We present to you anew this outline view of what we are endeavoring to do. We ask you to consider it because it affects you directly. Your interests and your welfare are tied up with the interest and welfare of the whole community in which you reside. If you are of the opinion that the health and comfort and happiness and community effectiveness of these families is worth preserving; if you are of the opinion that a continued home life, however simple it may be, is better for the community than institutional life for the children and the breaking up of homes and the rude interruption of the love of children for their mothers and of mothers for their children; if you believe that little children whose fathers have been taken from them should never be left to grow up half fed, half clothed, an easy prey to every form of disease, then we believe you will continue to contribute, as only thus can this war against disease and poverty be successful."

Appeal in Behalf of Cottin.

PARIS, March 16.—An appeal has been entered against the death sentence passed on Emile Cottin, the assailant of Premier Clemenceau.

HELIUM WAS TO AID IN BOMBING GERMANS

Noninflammable Gas for Dirigibles Had Been Perfected Here for Spring Campaign.

BIG SUPPLY FOR FUTURE

War and Navy to Use It—Makes Gas Bags Safe from Enemy's Incendiary Bullets.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Some of the secrets regarding the production of helium, the noninflammable balloon gas which was developed and produced in considerable quantities during the war, were disclosed tonight by Franklin D. Roosevelt, Acting Secretary of the Navy, when he issued a statement based on a memorandum prepared by the Bureau of Steam Engineering.

"If the war had lasted until Spring," said Mr. Roosevelt, "the British and American Governments would have sent helium-filled rigid airships over strategic points in Germany, each capable of dropping a total of ten tons or more of high explosives, either in a single tremendous discharge or in a number of smaller ones during its passage over a fortress or city. These airships would have carried batteries amply sufficient to repel airplane attack."

Mr. Roosevelt stated that the success won in producing helium has resulted in the War and Navy Departments allotting funds for the production of the gas on a large scale for the use of the military and naval service. It is expected the plant will be in active operation in a few months. It draws its raw material from a natural gas field which is the largest and richest in helium now known in the world. A ten year lease of this field is held by the Government for practically its entire output. During the war this helium gas was camouflaged under the name of "Argon."

"Since helium is noninflammable," said the statement, "an observation or dirigible balloon filled with it cannot be destroyed by incendiary bullets. The only effective method of attack would be by driving an airplane bodily through the great gas bag. With the fire risk eliminated, the rigid airship or Zeppelin will hence be one of the most powerful weapons known.

"Just prior to the armistice a shipment of 150,000 cubic feet of helium was sent by our Government to Europe. The problem of an ample supply of helium has, therefore, been virtually solved by American energy and resourcefulness. This shipment was made in a relatively brief period after contracts were made for its production.

"The high military value of helium was recognized by the Allies in the early stages of the war, but it was not until the United States began hostilities that methods for obtaining the gas in serviceable quantities could be devised. Helium is a component of natural gases, and the quality of the richest helium-bearing gases which the British used for their early experiments was relatively very poor, having only one-third of 1 per cent. of helium.

"Prior investigation indicated, however, that there were in this country deposits of natural gases far richer in helium than any known to exist in the British Empire. Hence, when we entered the war, our Government was promptly advised by the British as to the great importance of securing with all dispatch an ample supply of the gas.

"When the War and Navy Departments first allotted funds for experimental work the Bureau of Mines decided to design its own apparatus for production. This caused so much delay that after officers of the British Navy had urged speeding up more funds were provided and specific instructions were given to the Bureau of Mines that all qualified commercial organizations should be called upon to advise as to helium production, that all methods proposed by these companies and offering a reasonable prospect of success should be tried, and that no funds from the second allotment should be used for the investigation and design of special apparatus undertaken originally by the Bureau of Mines.

"The result was that the Bureau of Mines made contracts with the Linde Air Products Company and the Air Reduction Company, both of New York, which were operating organizations producing large quantities of liquefied oxygen and nitrogen, and were hence especially fitted to undertake the production of helium, which is obtained by the liquefaction of the other components of natural gas, leaving the helium free.

"During the experimental period of this work, the Bureau of Mines, assuming that the plants designated by its organization would soon be in successful operation, advised that the experimental work on the two commercial plants should be stopped. The War and Navy Departments and particularly the Naval Bureau of Steam Engineering, which was concerned with the production of helium, insisted upon a continuation of the experimentation of those plants. Their judgment was vindicated within a few weeks, when it was shown that helium could be produced in quantity and at a reasonable price by both these plants."

PLAYING SAFE

"The day has gone by when any building operation needs to be a gamble, provided an Owner uses the necessary care in choosing a contractor to conduct it.

THOMPSON-STARRETT
COMPANY
Building Construction

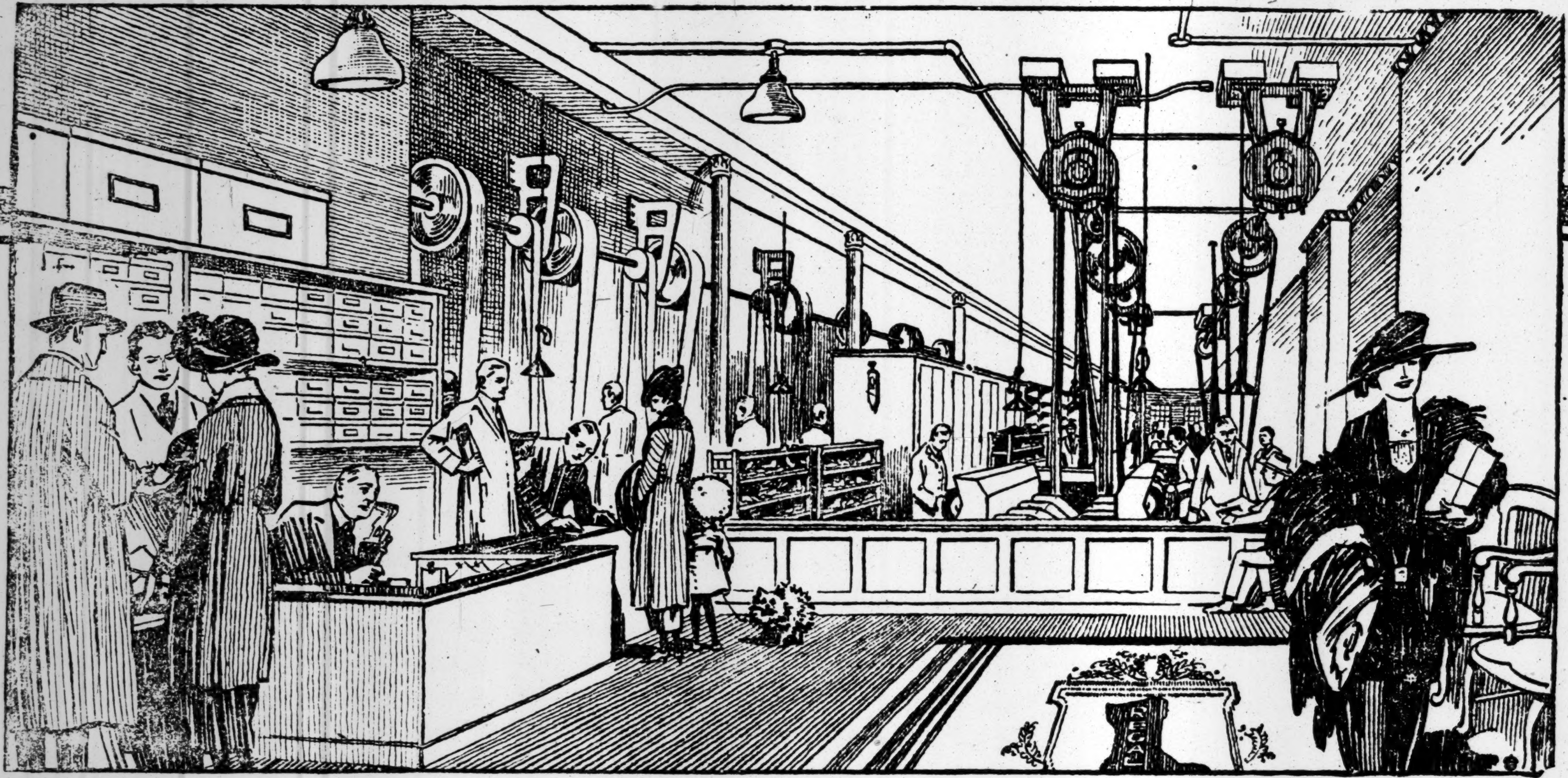
PRIDE IN OUR OWN

You wouldn't expect a good housewife to recommend the bakers pies in preference to her own home-made.

When a Liggett salesman recommends an article made in our own laboratories, it is because he knows exactly what it contains and how it is made.

Your interests are protected by an absolute guarantee of satisfaction or money refunded.

THE SAFE DRUG STORES Liggett's



REGAL REMAKING DEPARTMENT — 19 WEST 35th STREET

Your Worn Shoes Can Now Be Rebuilt

Regal opens the First Remaking Service in America

It will be welcome news to know that your worn shoes can now be rebuilt to look almost like new and good for another long period of wear.

When shoes are as well made as Regal, the uppers and foundations are good after the heels and soles are worn out.

To lessen your yearly expense for shoes—and *shoes cost much more than they did three years ago*—the Regal Shoe Company, in keeping with its policy of service, has established a Remaking Department.

While the Regal Remaking Service is offered to the wearer of any sound make of shoes, it is primarily intended for every wearer of Regal Shoes in the Metropolitan District.

Do not confuse the Regal Remaking Service with mere shoe repairing. The same sound policy that regulates the making of Regal Shoes—shoes with integrity of workmanship and materials—is the basis of this new service.

Good but worn shoes are put on the last again, reshaped, rebuilt and returned to you in almost their original style; and ready for renewed service.

The charge for the new Regal Remaking of shoes is little, if any, more than you have paid for the "mending" of your shoes.

Shoes may be left at any of the twenty-two Regal Metropolitan Stores located in New York, Brooklyn, Newark and Jersey City.

REGAL SHOE COMPANY, BOSTON, U. S. A.

NEW YORK — CHICAGO — SAN FRANCISCO

America's Own Table Drink

The same good product
No raise in price.

POSTUM

Now used in preference to coffee in tens of thousands of families, because of its all'round economy, delicious flavor and healthfulness as a table beverage.

"There's a Reason"

Sealed tight - Kept right
WRIGLEYS
WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM THE FLAVOR LASTS
WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT THE PERFECT GUM THE FLAVOR LASTS MINT LEAF FLAVOR
WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM PEPPERMINT
WRAPPED IN UNITED COUPONS
The largest-selling gum in the world naturally has to have a package worthy of its contents.
So look for
WRIGLEYS
in the sealed package that keeps all its goodness in. That's why
The Flavor Lasts

DENY MACHINE GUNS TALE AT NAVY CLUB

Story That They Were Placed to Stop German Opera Is Called "Ridiculous."

McRAE'S TALK CONDEMNED

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont Denies Knowledge of ex-Seaman's Proposed "For America" League.

The statement made by William G. McRae, a former sailor in the American North Sea Patrol Fleet, that machine guns had been placed on the roofs of neighboring buildings ready to open fire on the Lexington Theatre if Mayor Hylan had not intervened to prevent the performance of German opera there last Monday night, was denied emphatically yesterday by C. S. King, manager of the Navy Club, at 509 Fifth Avenue.

Mr. King, who was one of the men who carried the petition with 2,000 names on it to Mayor Hylan asking him to stop the production, was indignant over what he termed the "irresponsible remarks" of McRae.

The statement was made by McRae on Saturday night at the Sunshine Rest, at 4 West Forty-fourth Street, where he spoke to some three hundred wounded soldiers. In the course of the speech, in which he advocated the organization of a "For America League," he said:

"Mayor Hylan would not have stopped the proposed performance of the German opera at the Lexington Theatre on the night of March 10 if he had not known that we would. Little did the police know that there were two machine guns mounted on roofs adjoining the opera house that night, nor were they aware that on that night I stopped a member of the Intelligence Bureau who was leading a mob of soldiers and sailors and marines, armed with whisky and hand grenades from appearing in front of the theatre and causing trouble."

Harmful to Cause.

"Now, such remarks as these," said Mr. King, "will do more harm to the very cause that McRae was working for when he helped, along with his comrades, to stop the German opera. The idea that machine guns could be obtained and placed on the roof of a building in this city without sanction from the Government is too ridiculous to need much denial. The assertion that a crowd of men were going to that theatre with whisky and hand grenades is a scurrilous and unjustifiable reflection on the character of the men who got together to stop what they considered an act of German propaganda.

"You have only to ask the police on duty at the theatre that night to learn that America's soldiers and sailors behaved themselves straight through as became Americans and gentlemen. No one was molested, and not even a German who came to the opera, not knowing that it was been called off, was insulted.

"I cannot see what is the object of McRea's remarks. The men in the navy whose straightforward, sincere protests stopped the German opera, all of them come into this club, and I can speak for them when I say that now the matter is over their only anxiety is to say nothing more about it. They are ready if they see another evidence of the work of German agents here to come to the front as they did before in an effort to have the city authorities take action, but they don't want to continue to discuss it. This talk of hand grenades and whisky doesn't have an American ring in their ears."

Sailors at the Navy Club yesterday backed up Mr. King. They are more than sorry, they assert, that a disagreeable matter is being stirred up.

"I don't know what McRae meant by making that crack about stopping a gang with hand grenades," said a bluejacket yesterday. "He was shooting pool with me right here in this club most of that evening."

McRae still wears his uniform, but he has been discharged after a year's service with the overseas fighting fleet as a second class wireless operator.

Mrs. Belmont's Denial.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, who was mentioned by McRae as being one of the backers of his proposed "For America League," sent a letter to THE TIMES yesterday denying any connection with the organization. Mrs. Belmont's letter follows:

New York, March 16, 1919.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your paper today, it is stated that William G. McRae mentioned my name, among others, as one backing "the League for America." I wish to say that I have never heard of the existance of such a league. I was asked several days ago to receive two soldiers, so that they might express to me their ideas on certain questions. Having personally witnessed one very disgraceful scene more or less conducted by sailors and soldiers, and another rather foolishly would-be heroic one, I thought that as these men being young and, if you will pardon the word, "fresh," perhaps a common sense talk might be of assistance to them. It was for this reason only I consented to meet them and have them come to my house by appointment.

I listened to their rather warlike and boyish intentions of how they were going to settle the German opera question and other civic conditions. I reminded them that the people of this city had elected a Mayor and how it was our duty to respect his office by obeying his orders, and that no mob law was possible. I advised them to form a "League of Law and Order" to help send sailors and soldiers back to their home cities and towns. We parted friends and I trusted that, perhaps, reason might help and penetrate the unsettled state of their minds.

ALVA S. BELMONT.

Mrs. W. H. Hamilton, Vice President of the Navy Club, announced yesterday that a campaign was to be started to obtain sufficient funds to make the club a permanent organization in peace as well as war.

"We have established a home and a welcome in New York for our boys," she said, "and if I can possibly achieve it we are going to keep it up. I have had letters and encouragement from men high up in the navy, who think the plan a splendid one. Heretofore when a sailor landed in New York he often found himself in a strange city with not a decent person to welcome him. Was it strange that he went to vicious places, where he was sure of a welcome?

"I think after that matter of the German opera American sailors showed how American sailors could act rightly inspired, and I do not want to see the inspiration taken away."

Herbert L. Satterlee is President of the Navy Club. Mrs. Hamilton said that a big mass meeting was being arranged for next Sunday to launch her campaign.

PAY RAISED AT ANNAPOLIS.

Civilian Instructors at Naval Academy Win Long Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 16.—Increased salaries and an improved status have been granted to the hundred or more civilian teachers at the Naval Academy by an order just approved by Secretary Daniels which will become effective about April 1. Efforts have been made for years by the civilian teachers to bring this about. Most of them are attached to the departments of mathematics, modern languages, and English.

Under the order, the civilians will be divided into instructors, assistant professors, associate professors, and professors, the first being the initial grade. They will receive $2,000, $2,500, $3,000, and $3,600 annually, with an increase of 10 per cent. after each five years' period of continuous service.

Destruction of French Factories.
An incredible story of indescribable destruction. Circumstantial, detailed report of destruction of French factories by Germans, and forty other big features. March CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, the monthly published by The New York Times Company. News stands. 25 cents.—Advt.

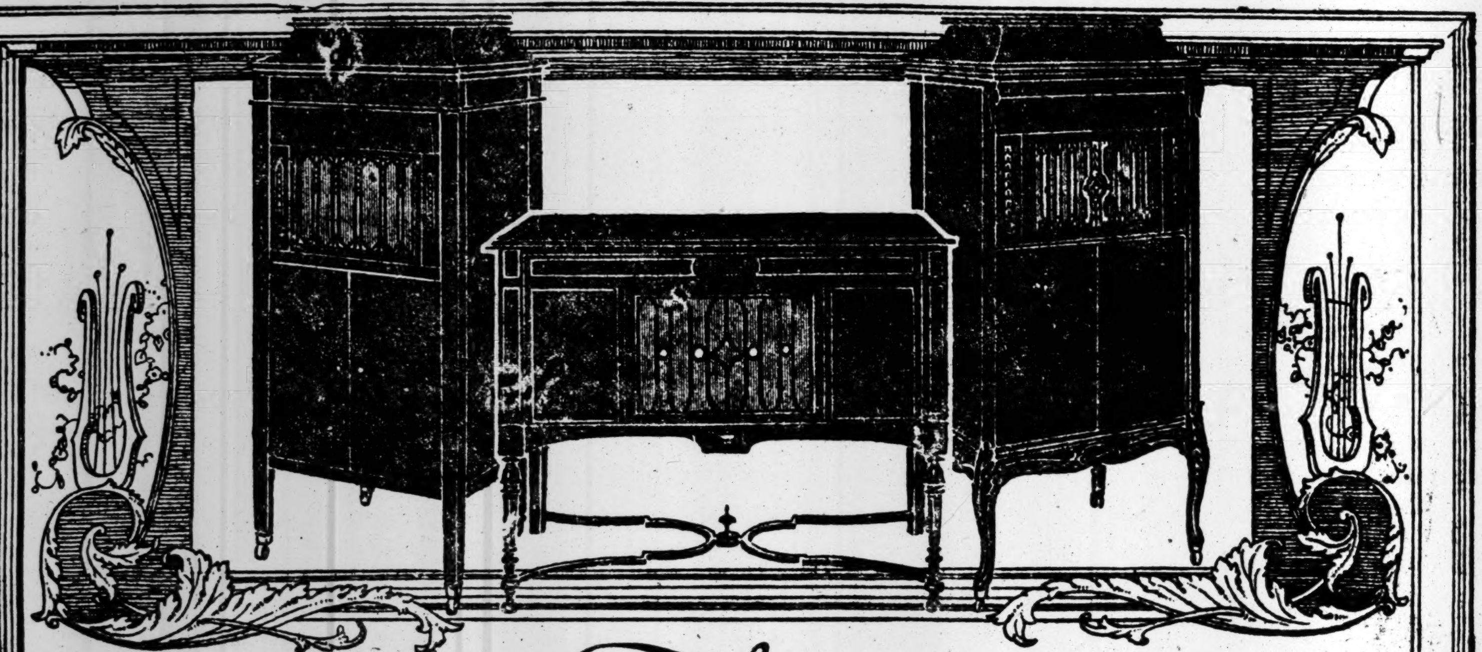
WONDER-MIST
The Sprayer Polish
Cleans and Polishes your car in 15 minutes

Spray right over the dust, mud, grease, grime or road tar. Wipe off with cheesecloth dampened with water—then polish with a second cheesecloth. A fine-looking car without breaking your back or smearing yourself with grease and grime.

Use WONDER-MIST in the home as well as in the garage. Cleans and polishes furniture, woodwork and floors without scratching and with half the usual work. Will not collect dust.

Buy WONDER-MIST from your auto supply, hardware, furniture or drug dealer.

THE WONDER-MIST MFG. CO.
Boston, Mass.



The AEOLIAN~VOCALION

The Phonograph Made By Musical Experts For Musical People

AMONG the members of the Aeolian Company's staff are the world's masters in the art of musical instrument building. The magnificent Pipe-organs, built by this firm—the most pretentious and costliest instruments ever constructed—are installed in hundreds of the palaces of Europe and residences of wealth in this country.

The *Steinway* and the *Weber* Duo-Art Pianos and Pianolas, are unapproached in the realm of the pianoforte. All of the productions of this great house are distinctive, distinguished and supreme, each in its field.

The *Aeolian-Vocalion* is far more than has hitherto been conveyed by the word "phonograph." It is a true musical instrument, designed for, and appealing to, people of cultured taste and discernment.

Its tone has the richness, depth, purity and beauty that people with such taste demand and appreciate. Its cases exhibit the simplicity of true art, the appropriateness to their surroundings, that only knowledge and experience in fine instrument designing can produce.

Its many important and exclusive features, such as the *Graduola*, giving personal control of tone effects; the *Universal Tone-Arm*, giving access to all the different standard makes of records and the *Automatic Stop*, providing a simple and precise means for starting the music and stopping it at desired points; all add their value to the sum of its completeness.

Today, the *Aeolian-Vocalion* with its extraordinary qualities emphasized and enhanced by the production of the new and revolutionary *Vocalion Record*, occupies a position in the phonograph field that is a true reflection of the standing and character of the distinguished Music House that builds it.

The three instruments illustrated above exemplify the tastefulness and distinction of Vocalion cases. That in the center is Period Model No. 1497 in *William & Mary* design. Its price is $340. The instrument on the left is Conventional Model No. 600, Price $225. The one on the right is No. 800, Price $350.

Conventional Models of the Vocalion cost, with the *Graduola*, from $115 upwards; without *Graduola* from $50. There are many beautiful *Period* Models from $240 upwards. All prices subject to change.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY
Makers of the Duo-Art Pianola Piano. Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World

In MANHATTAN, 29 West 42nd Street
In THE BRONX, 367 East 149th Street
In BROOKLYN, 11 Flatbush Avenue
In NEWARK, 895 Broad Street

Aeolian Vocalion

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

EXONERATED!

Rosenwasser Case Thrown Out of Court

A more complete vindication could not be given

From the very beginning of the unfortunate experience from which we have emerged—exonerated—we have maintained that neither ourselves nor our co-defendants had done other than was our duty—to help win the war. We put all our energies into the task of meeting a great crisis. Our manufacturing skill and organization was equal to the emergency. Yet, malicious, not patriotic, motives placed us for a time in a bad light. Today the facts in the case have proven beyond the shadow of a doubt our innocence of the false charges we were caused to face.

But Why Should We Tell the Story? The Press Has Spoken for Us

"The Scandal of a Prosecution."

Judge Garvin took the only course possible when he halted the trial of the nineteen defendants in the so-called Rosenwasser case and directed the jury to bring in a verdict of acquittal. The jury took the only course possible when, after acquitting the accused, it adopted resolutions condemning the Department of Justice for instituting the prosecution. Heavy expense has been incurred, three weeks of valuable court time has been wasted, palpably innocent men have been subjected to hurtful suspicion, financial loss and mental suffering on a charge which, in all human probability, would never have resulted in an indictment if the prosecuting authorities had properly presented the case to the Grand Jury.

The majority of the defendants in this case represented a manufacturing company under contract to the Government for the production of uniforms. They were accused of conspiracy to defraud in skimping the amount of material put into their goods. Indicted along with them were two Army officers and several civilian inspectors in the employ of the Government. The evidence to which the Department of Justice could have had easy access before seeking an indictment clearly showed, first, that the alleged skimping, trivial and insignificant as it was, was done on cloth owned by the Government, which alone profited by the saving; and, secondly, that the passing of uniforms not exactly conforming to specifications was in direct obedience to orders received from Washington. In all of its aspects the case was weaker than the hopelessly flimsy one which the Department of Justice endeavored to build up against the Kenyon Raincoat Company, and which ended in the acquittal of men who suffered unjustly from charges that had no substantial foundation.

In view of Judge Garvin's action and the condemnatory resolution of the jury there ought to be an investigation to fix responsibility for a prosecution so manifestly unwarranted. The needless and costly expenditure of effort by agents of the Department of Justice and the enforced wasting of the time of court and jury are serious enough; but of much graver moment is the injury done to the defendants who obtain a partial redress only through the verdict of acquittal. * * * That is obviously the lesson of the Rosenwasser case."

—Editorial, Brooklyn Eagle, March 13, 1919.

The Rosenwasser Case.

Federal Judge Garvin performed a distinct and highly praiseworthy public service when he ordered the dismissal of the nineteen Rosenwasser cases, and a still greater one in ordering an investigation of the testimony given by Inspectors Frank Creedon and Private Leon Meth. If these two men perjured themselves, the limit of punishment prescribed by the law will hardly be severe enough for their deserts.

To blame the Department of Justice in a general way for the indictmen of men whose devotion to the tasks entrusted to them by the Government was such that the Judge added unstinting praise to their exoneration, would be manifestly unfair. The department could hardly proceed other than it did so long as it had faith in the reports of its investigators and so long as there was no evidence on hand and no accusation made, that should have shaken that faith. True, the whole case, now that the actual circumstances surrounding it, are known, shows that the high temperature of the war fever made it difficult for the authorities to proceed coolly and deliberately, and that some Grand Juries, like that which returned the Henning indictment, found it easier to denounce than to investigate. Still, Government inspectors are supposed to be men of such established probity and acumen that the average citizen, called to Grand Jury duty, may perhaps be excused for taking their word implicity and discrediting the defendants on the general principle that they must be guilty or else they would not be accused.

It is, indeed, a fortunate thing that a reassuring thought that our Federal Judges do not hesitate to clear innocent men without permitting even the stigma of a jury deliberation to rest upon them. An acquittal is a poor sort of consolation when honest men are accused, because juries have been known to err both ways, and the public, invariably accepting conviction as indisputable proof of guilt, is not always inclined to consider acquittal an infallible proof of innocence. It takes courage for a Federal Judge to throw out as elaborate a chain of cases as those of the Rosenwasser Brothers and their co-defendents, but the existence and exercise of that courage is a safeguard of our rights more dependable even than the law itself.

Now that this case has proceeded to such a sensational juncture, let it be probed to the very bottom; and we trust that U. S. District Attorney Bell will not forget to investigate the report that an attempt was made by some one to write an exoneration of the Department of Justice into Judge Garvin's opinion which never passed his lips.

—Editorial, Brooklyn Times, March 13, 1919

Exonerated.

The outcome of the Rosenwasser case is another illustration of the fact that it is never safe to base an opinion as to the guilt of a person on the evidence contained in the complaint, or on the information given out by a prosecuting attorney.

When the rather sensational charges were made against Morris and Leo Rosenwasser and sixteen others employed as inspectors at the big Long Island City shoe plant, it looked as though the defendants might have a hard time proving their innocence. . . . Bits of evidence that were damaging when considered by themselves lost most of their sinister significance when related to other events and coupled with other circumstances.

It early became apparent that the prosecution would have to produce more convincing testimony if it expected to prove that a conspiracy existed to defraud the Government on contracts which this firm was engaged in fulfilling.

If it had been necessary to put in testimony for the defense, it is likely that there would have been little trouble in showing that, if goods technically defective had been passed by inspectors, there was a valid reason for this procedure in the insistent demand for more speed in deliveries.

It is only fair to consider that the Rosenwasser plant was confronted with a great emergency, and when the full story of the remarkable manner in which it met this emergency is told, we are assured that Long Island City will have good cause to be proud of the war record of this great manufacturing concern.

Messrs. Morris and Leo Rosenwasser and their co-defendants are to be congratulated upon the outcome of this case.

The fact that the judge ordered the dismissal of the indictment and instructed the jury to render a verdict of "not guilty," without hearing the evidence for the defense, is something more than an acquittal. It is an exoneration.

—Editorial, L. I. Star, March 13, 1919.

ROSENWASSER BROS., Inc.
LONG ISLAND CITY NEW YORK

PRAISES THE 77TH LABOR BUREAU HERE

Government Supervisor Says Lack of Funds Will Not Hamper Division's Agency.

FINDS JOBS FOR 21,400

Meat Packers' Association Will Furnish Places for 30,000 Men in the Service.

Major Spencer Fullerton Weaver, detailed here to arrange the homecoming of the 77th Division, returned yesterday from Washington, where he conferred with Colonel Arthur Woods, supervisor of the Government's campaign to obtain employment for returned soldiers.

Colonel Woods assured Major Weaver that the cutting down of the United States Employment Service force, due to lack of sufficient appropriation by Congress, would not affect the 77th Division Employment Bureau at 280 Madison Avenue, which is being operated as part of the Federal system. At the same time Colonel Woods expressed enthusiasm over the results being accomplished by the bureau.

"Yours is just the sort of a movement we need all over the country," he said, "and the 77th Division has tackled the problem of getting work for its men in a common sense manner. It is appealing to New York employers on a common sense basis. I am gratified at the results it has brought in."

In accordance with the assurance given by Colonel Woods, Gordon L. Sawyer, an employment expert detailed by Everett E. Wood, New York State Federal Director of the United States Employment Service, will remain at the divisional bureau. Major Weaver brought with him a card index from France showing that 21,400 of the 27,000 men of the Camp Upton division had been taken care of in the matter of jobs, and he said yesterday that the remainder was fast being placed.

New York women relatives and friends of the division's men, said Major Weaver, were doing good work in getting jobs for the men through the home auxiliaries and other organizations of the regiments. At the offices of the 306th Infantry Asociation it was said yesterday that 90 per cent. of the regimental personnel had been assured of places on their return. In order, however, that every man may come back to a place, the employment situation will be discussed at the battalion meetings held weekly at the Washington Irving High School, Irving Place and Fifteenth Street.

"A survey just made by the American Meat Packers' Association," said Robert G. Gould, its Secretary, yesterday, "discloses that every man who went out from a packing plant into the war will receive work again if he wishes it. The packers already have put into effect this policy of employing again the men who went to war. It is estimated that the industry, which as a whole employs more than 200,000 persons, sent about 30,000 men into the service. Many of these are already back in their jobs. Those who were partly disabled have received work suited to their capabilities."

Declaring that a job should be provided for every man who entered the service, C. Arch Williams, Supreme Regent of the Royal Arcanum, last night issued an appeal to the 150,000 members of the fraternity to help to provide employment for discharged soldiers, sailors and marines. Mr. Williams estimated that 9,500 members of the order entered the service.

"Many business men who are interested in co-operating to solve the employment situation by hiring as many ex-soldiers as possible," says the Merchants' Association in a bulletin to be issued today, "are complaining that when they learn of a good man whom they could use in their business, it is almost impossible to obtain his discharge from the army within a reasonable length of time. This seems to apply particularly to men in hospitals and in the various camps in this vicinity. In the latter case, it is frequently claimed that the soldiers are engaged in essential work as mechanics in the camps."

An amelioration of the situation, said the bulletin, is expected through the working of the Committee, headed by Colonel Woods, which seeks to establish liason between the War Department and the Federal Department of Labor.

CASUALTY LIST, 277,742

Recheck Made of Published Lists; Marine Corps Total Is 5,855

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Three army casualty lists, containing 82 names, were issued by the War Department today, bringing the total for the army, including 4,504 prisoners released and returned, to 271,887, after a complete weekly recheck of names. In this official recheck account was taken of changes of status and duplications. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously reported for that arm was 5,855. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 277,742.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported March 16.	Total.
Killed in action	31,448	6	31,454
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	13,313	..	13,313
Died of accident	3,262	..	3,262
Died of disease	21,157	1	21,158
Total	69,912	7	69,919
Wounded	191,682	75	191,757
Missing	5,707	..	5,707
Total	267,301	82	267,383

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD)	Died of Disease.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.
(KA)	Killed in Action.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.
(MA)	Missing in Action.
(P)	Prisoner.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen.	General.
Col.	Colonel.
Maj.	Major.
Capt.	Captain.
Lt.	Lieutenant.
Sgt.	Sergeant.
Corp.	Corporal.
Bgl.	Bugler.
Mch.	Mechanic.
Wagn.	Wagoner.
Mus.	Musician.
Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ANHALT, ABBIE, 915 Prospect Av.—Lt. ....(WL)
BERNSTEIN, H., 33 Catharine St....(WU)
HEINEMAN, J., 1,867 71st St., B'klyn.(KA)
MARRA, JOHN, 40 Downing St......(WS)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

AUTORE, E., Auburn—Wagn.........(WL)
DEMOREST, M. W., Naples—Corp....(DD)
FRYE, WILLIAM, Inwood............(WU)
McKANE, CHARLES, Middletown.....(WU)
MASON, ROBERT W., Auburn—Corp.(WU)
SCHLUTERBUSCH, R., Fishers Isl'd..(WS)
WOLUSKI, JOSEPH, White Plains...(WU)

ALABAMA.

MOSES, CHARLES G., Wedhadkee...(KA)

CONNECTICUT.

KAYSER, GEORGE M., Wilson........(WU)
WISE, MICHELE, Bridgeport—Mus....(WU)

MINNESOTA.

BERGESON, ELMER, Browerville....(KA)
DELISLE, JAMES R., South Park....(KA)

NEW JERSEY.

AMALFE, JOHN, Elizabeth............(WU)
BRUNS, CARSTEN H., East Orange..(WU)
HOUSTON, SHELDON, Haworth—Corp.(KA)
ST. ANGELO, FRANK, Jersey City....(WU)

OHIO.

O'BRIEN, JOE, Toledo—Corp..........(KA)

CROSSES TO NEW YORK MEN

Sergeant McBride Aided Wounded—Sergeant Crandall Died at His Post.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Commander in Chief, in the name of the President, has awarded the Distinguished Service Cross to the following-named officers and soldiers for the acts of extraordinary heroism described after their names:

First Sergt. Frank McBride, Company A, 9th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 554577.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Paroy, France, July 14-15, 1918. Upon his own initiative, Sergt. McBride left his dugout under heavy shell fire, and proceeded 200 yards to a house where an officer and another soldier were lying severely wounded. After administering first aid to them, he remained with them until they were evacuated. Next of kin, Mrs. Frank McBride, 1004 Ogden Avenue, Bronx, New York City, N. Y.

Sergt. Joseph B. Crandall, deceased, Company B, 9th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 554827.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau Thierry, France, July 14-15, 1918. Being detached from his platoon with a machine-gun section for the purpose of making a relief, Sergt. Crandall, although severely wounded and suffering great pain, continued to direct his section until killed at his post. Next of kin, Mrs. Crandall, mother, Old Brigade, N. J.

Others awards are:

Lieut. Col. John D. Murphy, 26th Division, Natick, Mass.; Maj. William E. Southard, 103d Infantry, Bangor, Me.; Capt. Edward Edmunds, Jr., 102d Infantry, Auburndale, Mass.; Regt. Sergt. Maj. Edward K. Lawless, Hdqtrs. Co., 39th Infantry, Leominster, Mass.; Sergt. Benjamin Dickens, Co. E, 16th Infantry, Broad Ripple, Ind.; Corp. Raymond Buma (deceased), Machine Gun Battalion, 39th Infantry, Whitinsville, Mass.; Corp. Henry Bradsnyder, Co. G, 102d Infantry, Thompsonville, Conn.; Corp. Timothy Ahearn, Co. C, 102d Infantry, New Haven, Conn.; Corp. George Young, Co. A, 9th Machine Gun Battalion, Loraine, Ohio; Milo B. Seay, Co. I, 30th Infantry, Columbia, S. C.; Pvt. First Class William J. Birgando, Co. I, 102d Infantry, Meriden, Conn.; Pvt. Charles H. Bluett, Co. A, 9th Machine Gun Battalion, Richardson, Tex.; Pvt. Ralph A. Chapelle, Co. I, 30th Infantry, Lincoln, Neb.; Pvt. Martin Yanchulis, Co. I, 30th Infantry, Niagara Falls, N. Y.; Pvt. Henry Knight, Co. D, 30th Infantry, Easton, Me.; Pvt. Clarence E. Lauber, (deceased), Co. I, 356th Infantry, Hanseom, Ohio, and Pvt. Benjamin T. Tubbs, (deceased), Co. I, 356th Infantry, Farmerville, La.

For Baby's Sake

remember that cow's milk is poor in iron—that the blood must have to carry oxygen to the tissues. Also that

BOVININE

For Strength

is rich in blood iron, and in tissue building albumin. Not a medicine, but a food tonic, blood maker, strength builder, safe to take, sure in results.

Doctors prescribe it—all druggists sell it.

12 oz. bottle $1.15 6 oz. bottle 70c.

THE BOVININE CO.
75 W. Houston St., New York

19-52

IF THOSE MEN
IN BALD-HEADED ROW
HAD USED
Newbro's Herpicide
THEY WOULD BE
"SITTING IN BOX SEATS"
"TOO LATE NOW"

Herpicide
Sold by all Drug and Dept Stores
Applications at Better Barber Shops

ADAMS
Black Jack
CHEWING GUM

Good for the Throat

ADAMS
Black Jack
CHEWING GUM
GOOD FOR THE THROAT

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK

Give and Take

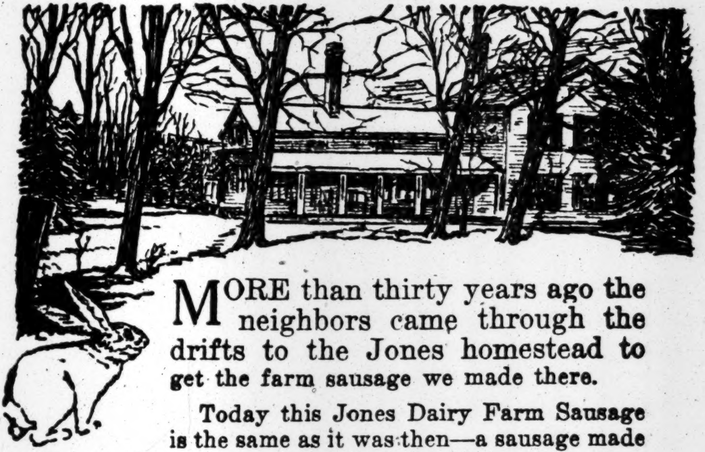
Various business interests are in receipt of a letter from the United States Employment Service pleading that there be sent to it immediately a list of help needs as solution of the unemployment problem.

The Harriman National Bank has received such a letter which it takes the liberty of answering at this time to the effect that we have been striving for months to obtain the release from both arms of the Service of a corps of its skilled employees whose services would be valuable and for whom we have been holding positions since they were called to the colors.

This must be the experience of hundreds of other interests throughout the country. Would not the situation be relieved, and the problem assisted to solution by some slight degree of co-ordination, and relaxation of red tape? Where there are positions, as in the present instance, waiting for the boys, why not release them at once and fill their places with others equally competent for the services of the Army and Navy? That there are others equally competent is declared by the circular, which says that the men for whom positions are sought "include executives who have earned up to $10,000 per year in civil life." Sears, Roebuck & Company report that but 400 employees out of the 1731 who entered the Service have so far returned to resume their old positions.

Why not let an immediate survey be made to the practical end of finding out exactly where their former positions are open for men still retained in the service, and at once release these men, many of whom are not abroad, but either have returned or have never left our shores?

BANKING HOURS FROM 8 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 8 O'CLOCK P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT



MORE than thirty years ago the neighbors came through the drifts to the Jones homestead to get the farm sausage we made there.

Today this Jones Dairy Farm Sausage is the same as it was then—a sausage made by a treasured New England recipe from choice young pork.

From the snow-covered fields of Wisconsin

JONES
DAIRY FARM
SAUSAGE

comes in all its original goodness to the tables of those who appreciate good food.

Modern appliances have replaced the old kitchen utensils in its making, but the recipe, the ingredients, the proportions, the spicy flavor, are the same as of old. It is not a quantity product; only enough is made for each day's shipments.

It is good. It has no cereals or preservatives—just sausage meat and spices—and pride of making.

SOLD IN NEW YORK CITY BY

Louis Bohnert, 3405 Broadway.
S. Bernheim & Sons, 278 Columbus Ave.
M. Blum & Son, 793 Park Ave.
Samuel Brown, 2318 Broadway.
M. & M. Buchsbaum, 2815 Broadway.
Claremont Market, 836 Amsterdam Avenue.
Crown Market, 826 Columbus Ave.
A. Haas Sons, 871 6th Ave.
James A. Hooper, 2788 Broadway.
Kahn Bros., 3846 Broadway.
Louis Karlebach, 3350 Broadway.
Samuel Katz, 588 Third Ave.
Samuel Katz, Venice Market, Inc., 818 Park Ave.
Chas. Kurtz, 1056 Amsterdam Ave.
Adolf Loewenstein, 2471 Broadway.
Morris Loewenstein, 3384 Broadway.
L. Mansbach & Co., 2851 Broadway.
Meyer & Peter, 2196 Broadway.
Oxford Market, 981 Madison Ave.
Riverside Market, F. Beck, Prop., Broadway, near Connolly's Restaurant.
Schuck's Market, 2881 Broadway.
Geo. H. Shaffer, 678 Madison Ave.
Wm. A. Syska, 912 Amsterdam Ave.
Chas. Sterfels Broadway Market, 3351 Broadway.
United Market and Grocery Co., 644 Madison Ave.

BROOKLYN

Plymouth Market, Cor. Henry and Orange Sts.
Ernest J. Strubbe, 182 De Kalb Ave.
Geo. Hepting, 282 Fulton St.

SUBURBS

C. E. Cocks Son, Cornwall on Hudson, N. Y.
Colonial Market, Larchmont, N. Y.
Dale & Cain, Mount Vernon, N. Y.
A. P. Tuthill Co., Newburgh, N. Y.
H. B. Crisman, 142 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.
M. Duffy & Co., Port Chester, N. Y.
M. Luikert, Scarsdale, N. Y.
Chas. F. J. Weber, 37 Lawrence St., Yonkers, N. Y.
Dunn Bros., Main St., Hackensack, N. J.
H. Fisher, 52 Fairfield St., Montclair, N. J.
J. W. Baird, 108 East Hanover St., Trenton, N. J.

The Jones Dairy Farm Products—Sausage, Hams, Bacon and Lard—come in net weight packages of perfect freshness and purity.

Jones Dairy Farm,
Fort Atkinson, Wis.

OLD CROW RYE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

America's Finest RYE

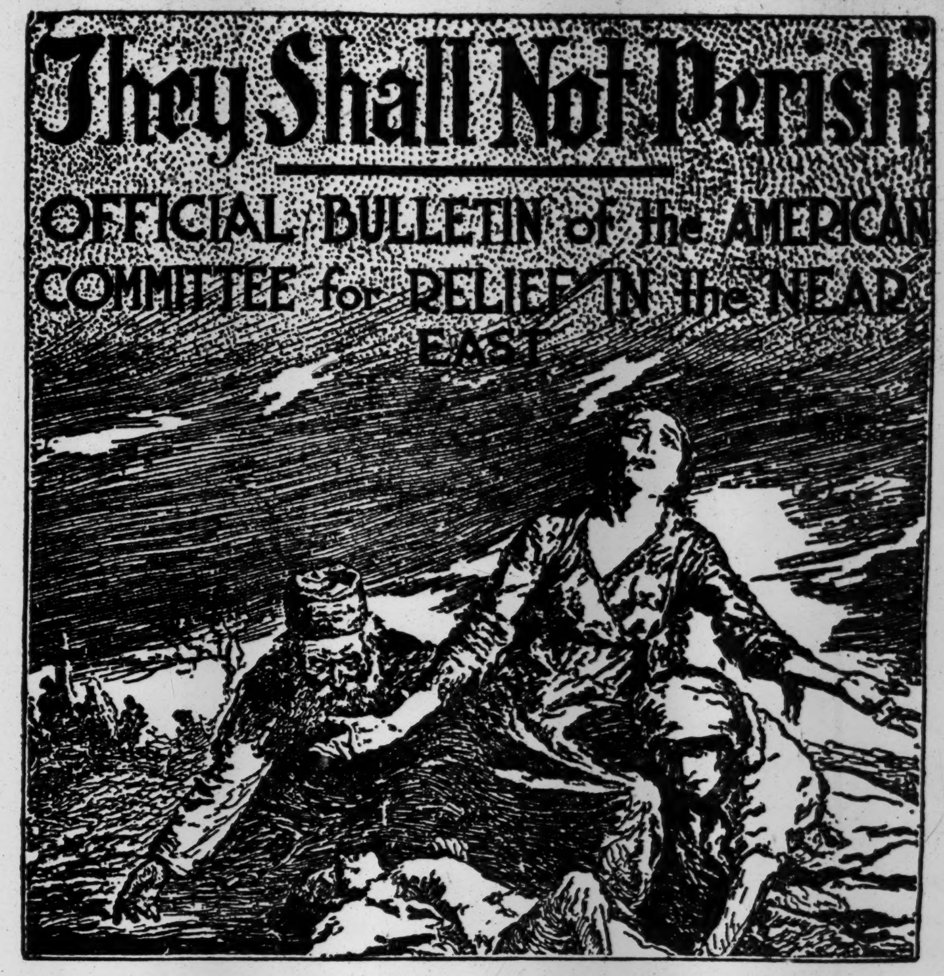
WHISKEY

HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE

STRENGTH AND QUALITY AS ALWAYS
SOLD BY ALL FIRST CLASS DEALERS
BEWARE OF RE-FILLED BOTTLES

H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.


"They Shall Not Perish"
OFFICIAL BULLETIN of the AMERICAN COMMITTEE for RELIEF IN the NEAR EAST

"Is it nothing to you, all ye that pass? Behold and see if there be any sorrow, like unto my sorrow."
—*Lamentations* 1:12.

THE OUTSIDE RIM

ARABIA has two rims; one is inside, the other out. The Inside Rim is the great sandy desert where neither man nor beast can long live. The Outside Rim is called Arabia the Blessed. Here the sea breezes temper the heat and the land is naturally refreshed. Here, too, are groves of dates, cinnamon trees, and all those spices for which Arabia is famed. Here God and Nature are one.

¶ Who wants to live in the Inside Rim when the rewards of honest toil are to be found only on the Outside Rim?

¶ Who wants to venture the sand storms of the desert when all life, all happiness are beyond it?

¶ Yet, my dear readers, it has ever been the State policy of the Turk to drive his Armenian and Greek subjects, by rape, arson, brigandage and deportation, into the Inside Rim—into complete extinction.

DO you recall, readers, our fifth Bulletin, in which we tried to describe the agonies of the deported Armenians? Do you recall the statement that the river (Euphrates) turned in its course because the dead bodies of Christian men, women and little children blocked its natural passage?

¶ That was only an incident. The river made a new path for itself and Turkish hate devised new forms of punishment.

¶ On and on, and always towards the Inside Rim, thousands upon thousands of souls were driven. At every village the young girls were turned over to the local spoilsmen.

¶ For five days the exiles were refused food and water. Once they came up to a well—the last between them and the inside of the Inside Rim. In despair some of the women threw themselves into it. Others came along and drank from that well—"the dead bodies," Ambassador Morgenthau tells us, "still remaining and polluting the water."

¶ They were naked, too. The clothes they wore had been torn off them. "The poor women could hardly walk for shame; they all walked bent double,"—and again we quote America's representative at the seat of the Empire founded by a camel-driver who bluffed his people into believing he was God's Prophet.

THE American Committee for Relief in the Near East wants to save the survivors of these monstrous crimes. There are nearly four millions of them: Armenians, Syrians, Greeks and Persians,—Christian and Jew. It wants to lift them up, up, up into the very heart of the Outside Rim, where God's sun shines and His justice shall be made manifest through the charity of American men, women and little children.

¶ No, dear readers, we haven't got that six millions—not yet. Nor are we depressed on account of it. We refuse to believe that this great city has turned a deaf ear to the pleadings of four hundred thousand orphaned children who are our heritage from the Inside Rim and look to us to lead them onward and upward to the Outside Rim.

ONE WAY OF DOING IT NOW

MR. CLEVELAND H. DODGE,
Treasurer Armenian and Syrian Relief Committee,
No. 1 Madison Avenue, New York City.

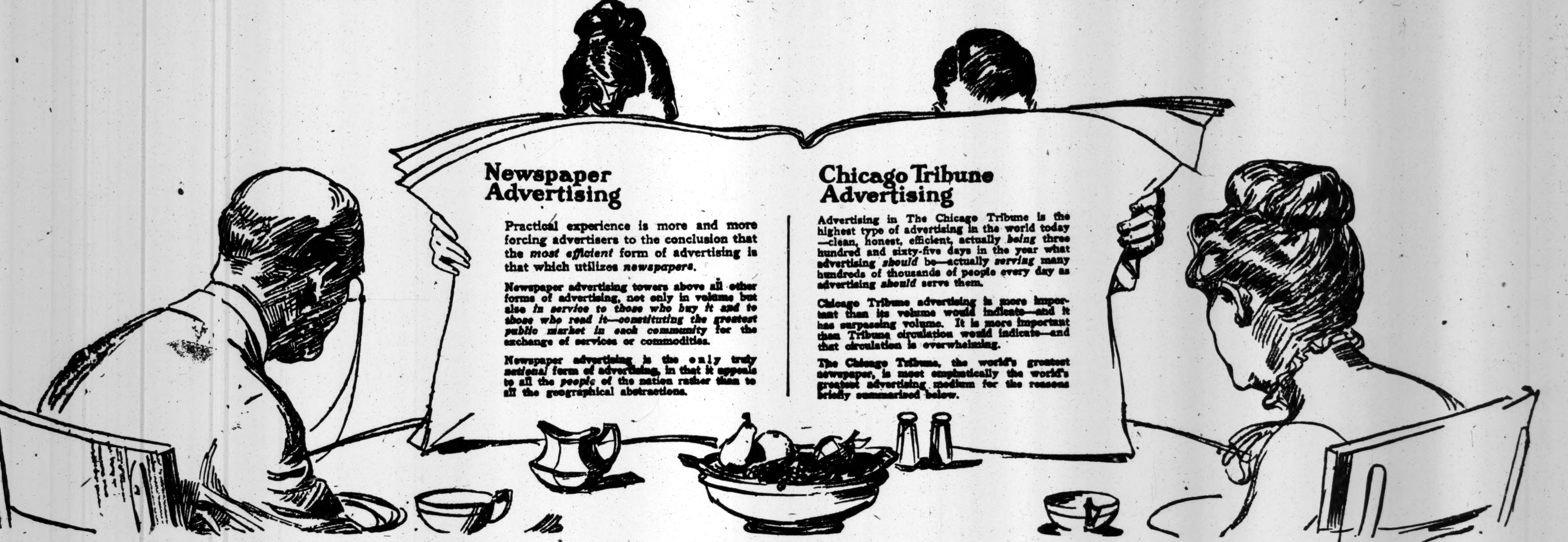
Dear Mr. Dodge:—

I am very glad, indeed, to make this little offering ($........) in the name of God and His charity for the relief of the Armenians, Syrians, Greeks, Jews and Persians. Please send me literature. *Yours for*

"THEY SHALL NOT PERISH"

Name..
Address..

Focus Your Sales Campaign In The Chicago Territory



Newspaper Advertising

Practical experience is more and more forcing advertisers to the conclusion that the *most efficient* form of advertising is that which utilizes *newspapers.*

Newspaper advertising towers above all other forms of advertising, not only in volume but also *in service to those who buy it and to those who read it—constituting the greatest public market in each community* for the exchange of services or commodities.

Newspaper advertising is the only truly *national* form of advertising, in that it appeals to all the *people* of the nation rather than to all the geographical abstractions.

Chicago Tribune Advertising

Advertising in The Chicago Tribune is the highest type of advertising in the world today —clean, honest, efficient, actually *being* three hundred and sixty-five days in the year what advertising *should* be—actually *serving* many hundreds of thousands of people every day as advertising *should* serve them.

Chicago Tribune advertising is more important than its volume would indicate—and it has surpassing volume. It is more important than Tribune circulation would indicate—and that circulation is overwhelming.

The Chicago Tribune, the world's greatest newspaper, is most emphatically the world's greatest advertising medium for the reasons briefly summarized below.

Chicago Tribune Advertising Sways Millions—in Five Big Rich States

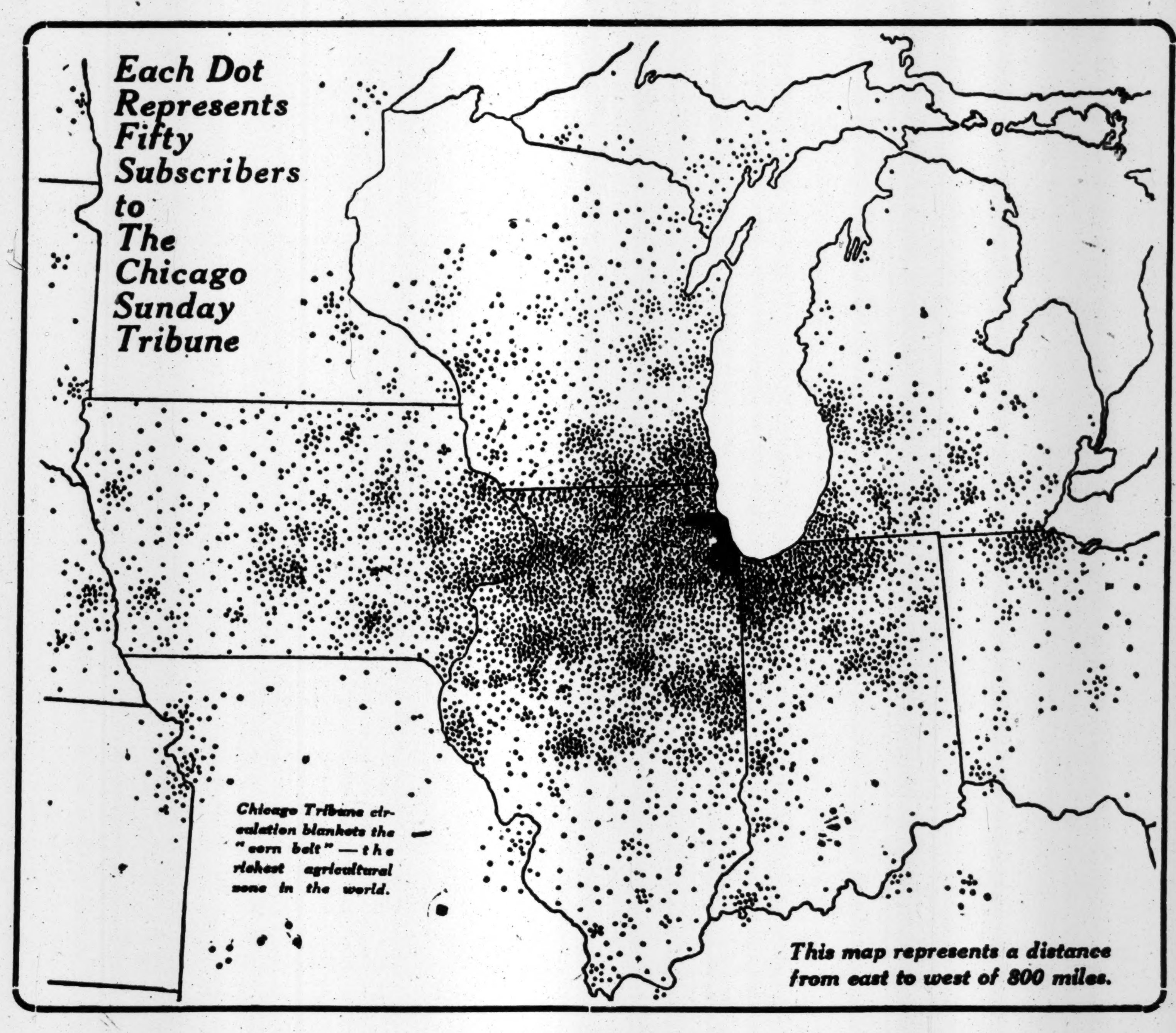
Wonderful Richness of the Chicago Territory

Advertising in The Chicago Tribune influences the purchases made by an unequaled aggregation of purchasing power—dominates a market of five great states, compact yet imperial—a market in which *one-seventh of the population* of the United States furnished *one-fifth of the subscribers to Liberty Bonds*—a market which raises *one-fifth of the crops* of the nation, produces *one-fifth of the manufactures* and possesses *one-fifth of the wealth.*

Wide Circulation of The Chicago Tribune in the Chicago Territory

In this magnificent market comprising these blue-ribbon commonwealths—Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin—The Chicago Tribune is read by one family in five. The map on this page pictures in graphic form the remarkable distribution of The Chicago Tribune throughout the ever-prosperous corn belt. Only a professional advertising or circulation man can appreciate the record of The Chicago Tribune in selling *more than 400,000 copies each of six week days, and more than 700,000 copies each Sunday,* at retail prices ranging from 2c and 5c for the Daily to 7c and 10c for the Sunday paper—*25,000* more circulation than the next Chicago paper Daily and *100,000 more than the next Chicago paper Sunday.*

Of the five states of The Chicago Territory, Iowa is the most distant from Chicago, yet The Chicago Tribune has more readers in Iowa than the largest national magazine. Furthermore, its prestige is out of proportion to the number of its readers. What people pay for anything is some measure of their regard for it. The people of Iowa pay approximately *$206,382 per annum* for the largest national weekly and the largest woman's monthly and the largest farm journal, *all three combined.* On the other hand, they pay *more than twice this amount,* approximately *$444,709* per annum for The Chicago Tribune, of which *$254,335 is for the Sunday issue* and $190,364 is for the Daily. That is to say, they pay more to read *one* of the *seven* issues of The Chicago Tribune each week than to read three leading magazines.



Each Dot Represents Fifty Subscribers to The Chicago Sunday Tribune

Chicago Tribune circulation blankets the "corn belt"—the richest agricultural zone in the world.

This map represents a distance from east to west of 800 miles.

Desirable Character of Chicago Tribune Readers

These statistics *give some clue* to the character of the people who buy The Chicago Tribune. The character of the news, editorials, and features in The Chicago Tribune *indicates* a clientele of the *best* people in every community it reaches. The tremendous volume of clean, high-grade advertising *proves conclusively* that *Tribune readers constitute the world's greatest market.*

Just as a magnet passing over a sand pile draws out the particles of iron, so *The Chicago Tribune has established communications with more than 700,000 families* which are the most desirable in its vast territory—most in accord with all the sturdy, progressive Americanism for which The Chicago Tribune stands. They are not all rich. Their numbers are so great that they necessarily represent *mass circulation,* but they are the *best* of each stratum—the *best* mechanics —the *best* manufacturers—the *best* clerks—the *best* merchants—the *best* housewives.

Responsiveness of Chicago Tribune Readers

It is common for readers of a publication to become accustomed to particular features. They "get the habit" of reading the Line-o'-Type or following Briggs' cartoons, watching the Financial Page or the Fashion Notes. By many years of intelligent, intensive work, The Chicago Tribune has *educated its readers in its advertising* until by thousands, by tens of thousands, by scores of thousands, and *now by hundreds of thousands,* they have *"the habit"* of reading and responding to Tribune advertising. They have been taught that Tribune advertising is *clean,* convinced that it is *worth money to them,* sold on its *value,* until many of them buy the paper *because of its large volume of exclusive advertising.* They *consciously* use Tribune advertising as a guide in their *daily purchases.*

During 1918 2,994,805 replies to want ads with box number addresses were mailed or brought to The Chicago Tribune. It is estimated that in addition three times this number were telephoned or mailed to the advertiser or answered in person. Therefore, the total response which Chicago Tribune readers made to Tribune *want ads alone* must have approximated twelve million replies.

Chicago Tribune Merchandising Theories and Practice

Some years ago The Chicago Tribune formulated this theory;

> *The Tribune considers it a waste of money to advertise a product distributed through the retail and jobbing trade until that trade has been supplied with merchandise to take care of the consumer demand when created.*

How radically this differed from the old method of using advertising to force distribution only one familiar with jobbing and retailing can appreciate. The story of how The Chicago Tribune spent fortunes in order to live up to its theory—the story of Chicago Tribune Merchandising service—is too big to tell even on another page like this. It is a story which has new chapters every day. If you are interested in the sale of any product to the general public, ask The Chicago Tribune to send a *merchandising expert* to give you the benefit of our wide experience.

Take Advantage of Advertising—of Newspaper Advertising—of Chicago Tribune Advertising—*During this "Year of Opportunity," 1919*

EASTERN ADVERTISING OFFICES, 251 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

DEAL WHICH SENDS ROBERTSON TO SENATORS AND BRINGS GONZALES HERE REVIVED

The wearin' of the green has nothing on the long wearin' of our suits of Irish worsteds. The fabrics are imported direct from County Cork.

Also our overcoats of Connemara tweeds, the product of County Galway.

Soft hats of olive green.

Green silk four-in-hands and bow ties.

*"Shire" collars are pure Irish linen where the wear comes.

*Registered Trademark.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St.
Broadway at Warren
"Four Convenient Corners"
Broadway at 34th St.
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Men's wear at McCutcheon's

SPECIALS in Fancy Hose—Men's Mercerized Lisle Socks in colored stripes and accordion effects, $1.15 the pair, $6.50 the half dozen.

Two-tone Silk Lisle Half-Hose, 85c. the pair, $5.00 the half dozen.

Men's Golf Hose

Just received some exceptionally choice Hose in Grey and Heather Mixture, $4.50 and $5.00.

James McCutcheon & Co.
Fifth Avenue
Men's Wear Dept., 33d Street, Entrance

We are Loaning

in Queens and Nassau on improved property. Rates and charges reasonable.

First Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Bridge Plaza, Long Island City, N. Y.

Headache

MANY diseases come from germs that breed during the *first six hours* of *constipation.* Don't use a slow laxative.

PLUTO

is a *quick,* gently stimulating physic — and more. PLUTO'S minerals act as a *tonic* in your blood. Beneficial in treatment of kidney and liver troubles, rheumatism and nervous disorders.

Bottled at French Lick Springs and for sale at all drug stores, hotels, clubs and on trains.

Large Bottle 45c
Smaller Bottle 20c

French Lick Springs Hotel Co.
French Lick, Indiana 185

DREYFUSS TO LET DEAL GO THROUGH

McGraw Expects to Obtain Catcher Gonzales Today in Four-Cornered Transaction.

OUTFIELDER FOR PIRATES

Griffith Pacifies Pittsburgh Owner by Offer of Player for Waiving on Dave Robertson.

Despite the obstacles that have been thrown in his way, Manager John McGraw of the Giants expects today to complete negotiations by which he will obtain title to Catcher Mike Gonzales in the proposed deal to send Davey Robertson to Washington and Doc Lavan to the Cardinals. It was said last night that Barney Dreyfuss of the Pittsburgh club, who halted the transaction last week when he refused to waive on Robertson, had been pacified by Clark Griffith, who offered him an outfielder if he would let Robertson pass into the American League.

That move overcomes the only hitch that was holding up the deal. President John Heydler of the National League, who handled the negotiations, had the decks otherwise cleared. The name of the outfielder Griffith will turn over to the Pirates was not given out, but it was said he had been waived out of the American League so that no further trouble would be encountered.

It is quite doubtful if Griffith would give up either Bert Shotton or Clyde Milan, the present stars of his outfield, and speculation as to which player will complete the deal narrows down to Rice, Menosky, and Shannon. The latter is a young outfielder obtained by Washington from Baltimore last week, and is the brother of Connie Mack's infielder. He is one of the Shannon twins who broke in with Boston a few seasons ago. Shannon is regarded as a very promising outfielder and while Griffith was practically counting on him as a regular he could easily spare him to get Robertson.

This has developed into the most unusual deal of recent years in baseball. It now involves four clubs and both leagues, and while all the clubs giving up players will benefit by the trade Barney Dreyfuss gains a player for nothing more than his consent to waive on Robertson. Griffith is made to pay the excess charges in the case, but he was anxious to get Robertson and unless the Virginia doctor could play at Washington it is doubtful if he would return to baseball this year. Lavan, on the other hand, was desirous of playing in St. Louis and Gonzales is no doubt pleased with the prospect of joining the Giants.

With this deal completed McGraw will be ready to set sail for the south Thursday without a worry over his club as far as the regulars are concerned. All of the regulars but Pitcher Fred Toney have now been signed, in addition to a considerable flock of youngsters. The catching department is the only one that has been short-handed. Gonzales batted .252 in 117 games last year, but except for Hornsby he was probably the most dangerous hiter on the St. Louis club, as he had a faculty of hitting in the pinches. He was especially effective against the Giants.

The Giants and the Yankees will be among the last clubs to leave for their training camps. The Chicago teams, Cleveland and Detroit have already sent some of their players to the camps, and this week will see a gathering of talent in Boston, when both the Red Sox and Braves will start south. The Red Sox will be mobilized in New York, while the Braves will pass through here today on their way to Columbus, Ga., gathering some of their players here.

As Manager Miller Huggins will not start for Jacksonville until Saturday, he will put in the week rounding up the last of the holdouts. He needs only Del Pratt now to complete his list of regulars and put the club in good shape. The good news from Frank Baker has boosted the hopes in the Yankee camp. It is expected Pratt will be heard from this week.

According to word from Detroit, Manager Hughey Jennings expects to develop a real pitching staff this year and overcome the weakness his club has shown for years. If numbers count for anything, he has a good start, for he has sent twelve hurlers to Macon to begin training. This is the greatest number of pitchers Jennings has tried out in many seasons.

Many Clubs Enter Runners.

Practically every club in the Bronx will be represented in the handicap road race which will be conducted by the Bronx Athletic League Sunday afternoon over the Pastime A. C.'s four and one-half-mile course. Already the entries have been larger than for any other league race, and many more are expected before the lists are closed Thursday. M. J. Silver of the Mohawk A. C. is in charge of the chase.

SOCCER CHAMPIONS WIN.

Bethlehem Eleven Defeats Robins Team in Close Game.

After a grueling struggle the national soccer champions, representing the Bethlehem Steel Corporation of Bethlehem, Penn., emerged victors over Robins Dry Dock of Brooklyn by the score of 3 goals to 2 in the semi-final round of the American Football Association's annual cup tie competition at Harrison Field, Harrison, N. J., yesterday. The Brooklynites took the honors of the first half, at the end of which they led by 1 to 0. In the second half Bethlehem scored at the rate of 3 to 1, clinching the victory which meant that they will be the finalists to meet the winners of the game between Paterson and Merchants Ship, Team A, at Paterson next Sunday.

The lineup:

Bethlehem, (3.)	Position.	Robins D. D., (2.)
Duncan	G.	Wilson
Wilson	R.B.	Lance
Ferguson	L.B.	Robertson
Pepper	R.H.	Duffy
Campbell	C.H.	Van den Eynden
Brown	L.H.	Taylor
McKelvey	O.R.	Garside
Forrest	I.R.	Mitchell
Rhatican	C.	Hayes
Miller	I.L.	Sullivan
Fleming	O.L.	Puxty

Referee—C. E. Creighton. Linesmen—J. Walsh and W. Reilly; Goals—Fleming, Rhatican, (2,) Bethlehem, Duffy, (2,) Robins Dry Dock. Time—Halves of 45 minutes.

A one-sided victory by 6 goals to 0 for the Longfellows, leaders in the New York Combination Football League, was the outcome of the championship game with the Fulton A. C. eleven at Woodside, L. I., yesterday.

STARS FOR RUNNING TEAM.

Baker, Sellers, O'Brien, and Hosmer to Compete at Newark.

Homer Baker of the Glencoe A. C., international half-mile running champion; Jack R. Sellers of the New York A. C., national senior 1,000-yard indoor king; James O'Brien of Loughlin Lyceum, holder of metropolitan and national middle distance titles, and Eddie Hosmer of the Glencoe A. C., local junior furlong title holder, will be the team to compete for New York in the one-mile inter-city relay race at the games of the Central H. S., in the 1st Regiment Armory, Newark, N. J., Saturday night. Substitutes on the team will be Fred Safarowic, Millrose A. A., and Frank McNamara of De La Salle Institute.

These six athletes were the survivors in the trials conducted by A. A. U. officials yesterday at the 71st Regiment Armory. All told sixteen aspirants competed for places on the team. The runners were sent away in matche races over a quarter of a mile, making eight trials before the most formidable talent was selected. The times registered for the various trials governed the elimination process. The team will race against strong quartets from Newark and Philadelphia.

The exact formation of the quartet has not been positively determined, but it is practically certain that Hosmer will run the first quarter, Sellers the second, Baker the third and O'Brien anchor. In this formation it is expected the New York runners will have a splendid chance for success.

Baker returned the leading performance in the trials. In his trial against McNamara, late in the afternoon, the Glencoe A. C. runner covered the quarter mile in 53 2-5 seconds, winning easily. Baker's time equalled the Armory track record, made several years ago by Roy Dorland of the Pastime A. C. Sellers, with 53 3-5 seconds, returned the second fastest time. The other time performances were: Hosmer, :54; Safarowic, :54, and McNamara, :54 2-5. O'Brien is out of town, but was placed on the team for his known ability to run the quarter in better than 54 seconds.

Others who competed in the trials were: Arthur Reilly, E. W. Marks, and J. F. Olsen, Knights of St. Antony; Oscar Wild, Kings County A. A.; Thomas Clowery, Paulist A. C.; Bernie Lichtman, Pastime A. C.; Vic Casey and Dan Kuhn, New York A. C.; Newton Brown, unattached, and Al Dolder, West Side Y. M. C. A.

ARMY HOLDS INDOOR MEET.

"A" Is Awarded to Three Members of Baseball Team.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., March 16.—The twenty-fifth annual indoor meet under the auspices of the Army Athletic Council was held in the gymnasium last evening. The meet went to the class of '22; '21 was second and '23 last.

Cranston, '21, won the heavyweight boxing match. Whittier, '21, won the individual foil competition. Gold souvenir baseballs were awarded to Dominey, '21; McCarthy, '21, and Tate, '21. Souvenir footballs went to Adams, '21; Bartlett, '21, and Smith, (M. G.,) '21. The much-coveted "A" was given for baseball only, and Tate, Dominey, and McCarthy, all of the class of '21, were the only recipients.

DEAN M'CLELLAN IS FOR A 'BIG SEVEN'

Head of Penn's Athletic Council Wants Leading Colleges to Meet Only Each Other.

In the current issue of The Pennsylvania Gazette, the graduate weekly magazine of the University of Pennsylvania, Dean William McClellan, Chairman of the University Council on Athletics, proposes a novel plan for the elimination of many of the evils of college sports, particularly those which crop out in football. He would do away with the so-called "practice games" played with the small colleges on the theory that they are a temptation to the small institutions to violate the ethics of college sports in order to be strong enough to beat the big colleges.

Dean McClellan thinks that the seven leading universities in the east, Cornell, Columbia, Harvard, Dartmouth, Pennsylvania, Princeton, and Yale, should play each other as colleges possessing the same traditions, resources, &c. His article, in part, follows:

"In all talk of exclusive groups of big colleges, leagues, federations, &c., one important point seems to have been overlooked. That is the so-called practice game, which to my mind is responsible for much that is unsportsmanlike in college athletics. I have in mind football, particularly, but the criticism applies in some degree to other sports as well.

"There are seven colleges and universities in the East, which, because of their student enrollment, traditions and other resources, are natural competitors. These may be listed as Columbia, Cornell, Dartmouth, Harvard, Pennsylvania, Princeton and Yale. I believe that most of the objectionable features of our college sports would be eliminated if in football and other sports, too, these institutions would confine their schedules to games with each other.

"When one of these institutions starts to make up a football schedule, the sole aim seems to be to so arrange games that the team may work up to its maximum strength at the end of the season when it is expected to meet one or two strong competitors. The schedule is arranged so that in the early part of the season teams are played which are not real competitors at all, and cannot be expected to win except by reason of some extraordinary circumstance.

"So far as this group of large institutions is concerned, there can be no decision as to championship or first place. But the effect on the smaller institutions is very questionable. The desire of many of these, when they get on the schedule of a big team, is to strive to win that particular game because of a certain prestige which victory will assure them. Certainly the development of such a team is not normal. Moreover, the temptation is presented to the small institutions to seek powerful individual players who can be counted upon to bring frequent victory over the big team. There have been instances when this temptation has been too powerful to be overcome, and strong players have been enticed to small institutions by means which would not bear publication. It is to the credit of American college sport that on the whole small institutions have resisted this temptation.

"There are one or two competitions which are almost traditional and which have a right to a reserved place at the end of the season. Such competitions embrace the Yale-Harvard game and the Pennsylvania-Cornell Thanksgiving Day game. There are numerous others among the smaller colleges, but none among the big institutions that I know of.

"There is no apparent reason, therefore, why the seven institutions listed above should not confine their games to each other. There can be no valid objection to any two of these institutions playing each other in the first game of the season. There would be schedule difficulties, of course, due to the fact that the season is short and that teams cannot travel back and forth without limit. There would be no danger to two big teams playing early in the season because the development of the teams would be equal, inasmuch as practice starts about the same time everywhere. The details of the plan are too complex to be settled by one person. Particular reference is made to football because the play is so strenuous that games cannot be multiplied at will.

"There is no reason why there should not be minor leagues in collegiate institutions just as there are elsewhere. As a matter of fact, even under present football rules, small institutions are not reasonable competitors for large institutions. I am such a thorough believer in intercollegiate competition that I find no difficulty in considering an Eastern league and a Western league of natural competitors, and I would leave opportunity for the winners to play at the end of the season on some neutral college ground or municipal stadium which would be conveniently accessible to both."

CORBETT GETS TWO PRIZES AT TRAPS

Captures High Scratch and Special Scratch Cups in Shoot at Travers Island.

Twenty-two gunners braved the rains of yesterday and took part in the weekend shoot of the New York Athletic Club. The conditions on the firing line at Travers Island were not of the best and as a result the scores were only ordinary. The best work was done by George J. Corbett, Chairman of the Shooting Committee, and R. R. Debacher. Each was a double winner.

Mr. Corbett won the high scratch and the special scratch cups. In the former event he had a total of 93 out of a possible 100 targets. So also had A. L. Burns. On the shootoff the prize went to the Chairman. Mr. Debacher was the winner of the high handicap and the special handicap cup. He also had to shoot off for his cups. No less than eight gunners had full scores of 100 targets. The shootoff went to Mr. Debacher.

The scores:

	Accum. Cup.	Tour. Cup.	Byronel Cup.	Scr. & Hdc. Cups.
J. I. D. Bristol	5 21	4 24	9 50	80, 20—100
R. R. Debacher	6 25	6 25	12 50	84, 30—100
J. Callahan	6 22	5 23	11 47	71, 28— 99
F. A. Siebert	2 23	2 20	5 44	78, 14— 92
G. W. Derrick	4 23	3 21	0 39	76, 18— 94
J.H.Vanderveer	2 18	1 25	4 46	82, 12— 94
J. O'Neil	1 24	1 23	3 50	92, 12—100
A. L. Burns	0 22	0 23	1 49	93, 8—100
W. G. Allen	2 20	2 24	5 48	83, 14— 97
G. W. Lembeck	2 25	2 23	5 48	87, 12— 99
Dr. Thielmann	0 21	0 22	0 44	87, 0— 87
G. J. Corbett	1 23	0 24	2 49	93, 8—100
J. H. Trumbell	3 23	3 25	6 50	88, 12—100
J. W. Hessian	5 21	5 25	10 50	77, 20— 97
J. Nida	5 25	4 24	9 50	84, 20—100
E. B. Anderson	3 25	3 25	6 46	87, 14—100
R. S. Smith	5 25	0 18	7 43	74, 21— 95
H. Sullivan	0 19	2 21	3 49	84, 15— 99
R. B. Cole	3 25	3 23	5 47	84, 15— 99
P. Boeckman	0 20	0 20	0 36	76, 0— 76
W. Groll	0 20	0 19	0 37	76, 0— 76
R. L. Spotts	0 24	1 24	2 45	90, 8— 98

High Scratch Gunner—G. J. Corbett.
Special Scratch Gunner—G. J. Corbett.
High Handicap Gunner—R. R. Debacher.
Special Handicap Gunner—R. R. Debacher.

Ghost Targets—Killed: G. W. Derrick, J. H. Vanderveer, and Gus Lembeck; missed: J. H. Trumbell.

Legs on Accumulation and Tournament Cups scored by all gunners with 25 targets. Legs on Byronel Cup scored by all gunners with 50 targets.

KALKER VICTOR AT SHOOT.

Breaks Triple Tie at Great Neck Club Traps.

GREAT NECK, L. I., March 16.—After he tied twice for the high handicap prize in a 100-clay bird event at the traps of the Great Neck Golf and Country Club today, Bernard Kalker emerged a victor. Three of the four contestants tied in the original shoot with full scores on their respective handicaps. E. Kline was high scratch with 88 breaks, and his handicap allowance of 12 gave him a full score. William C. Poertner, who was allowed 30, and Kalker, who was allowed a handicap of 24, were the other contestants to tie.

In the shoot-off between the trio Kline was eliminated and Kalker and Poertner tied. In the second shoot-off Kalker won by the narrow margin of one.

The scores:

Name.	Broke.	Hdcp.	Total.
Bernard Kalker	79	24	100
W. C. Poertner	82	20	100
E. Kline	88	12	100
W. Dumser	81	4	85

PROS MAKE LOW SCORES.

French and Wilson Win Best-Ball Match.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 16.—Emmet French of York and Willie Wilson of York Harbor defeated Herbert Lagerblade of Youngstown and Walter Howe of Worcester by 2 and 1 on the championship course at Pinehurst today in the best professional match played here this season. The winners' best ball was 35—30—65, and the losers' 35—34—69.

The individual medals scores were: French, 38—33—71; Wilson, 39—37—76; Lagerblade, 36—36—72; Howe, 37—40—77.

SQUASH STARS TO MEET.

Second Round Brings Carhart and Vander Poel Together.

Spirited matches are forecast for the second round of the national amateur championship squash tournament which begins today at the Squash Club. In the upper half two more than ordinarily interesting matches are expected when Harold W. Carhart of the Yale Club clashes with W. H. Vander Poel of the Squash Club, and Fred S. Keeler of the Columbia Club and E. J. Clapp, Yale Club, take the court. The lower half's most promising match will bring together John W. Appel, Jr., of the Harvard Club and W. J. Knapp, Squash Club.

HOPPING WINS GAME FOR MEADOWLARKS

Scores Six Goals in Defeating Squadron A Poloists in Cup Tourney.

The Meadowlarks' polo trio overcame a handicap of five goals and defeated the Squadron A poloists yesterday in the continuation of the indoor tournament for the Herbert Winn Cup, at Durland's Riding Academy. The final score was 11½ goals to 10. A rally in the second half enabled the Meadowlarks to win and retain their position at the head of the tournament percentage column. The team has scored two successes. Squadron A, through being defeated, dropped into a tie for second place with the Rovers, with one victory and one defeat.

Earl Hopping guided the Meadowlarks to victory. His stick work and horsemanship alone were responsible for the successful ending of the match for his team. On the offensive and defensive this player was the leader throughout.

Through the first half the teams battled hard, but the Meadowlarks, led by Hopping, at No. 2, scored brilliantly and managed to end the period on even terms with the soldiers, with the score at 6 all. This score included the Squadron A's handicap of five goals. The play in the second period was even more keen. The soldiers battled doggedly to regain the upper hand in the score, and several times upset well-planned attacks by the Meadowlarks. Victor Grimwood played brilliantly for the soldiers in this period.

Hopping made four goals for the victorious team in the closing period, while Grimwood registered two for the soldiers. A penalty of half a goal on Harry Guggenheim for a personal foul in the second period produced the fractional total.

The lineup:

MEADOWLARKS, (11½.)	SQUADRON A, (10.)
No. 1—W. Loeb.	No. 1—G. Maynard.
No. 2—E. Hopping.	No. 2—V. Grimwood.
Back—H. Guggenheim.	Back—R. Cooke.

Goals—First period: Loeb, (2,) Hopping, (2,) Guggenheim, (2,) Maynard; second period: Loeb, (2,) Hopping, (4,) Maynard, Grimwood, (2,) Cooke. Handicap—Squadron A, 5 goals. Penalty—Guggenheim; ½ goal for foul. Time of periods—Ten minutes. Referee — Sol Frank. Timekeeper — Archie Kinney. Scorer—Herbert Winn.

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Neckwear that shows a real knowledge of Metropolitan requirements.

Into which we have put a high degree of zealous effort.

Evidencing such strict attention to detail that a perfect Knot is inevitable rather than due to personal skill.

In colors which harmonize and contrast according to Correct Color Law.

Uncommon effects of the Character preferred by the New Yorker who knows.

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*CLOTHING AT THESE STORES

Why Lord Byron shaved

"MAD, bad, and dangerous to know" the women of London's drawing-rooms said before he left them to fight and die for Greek independence—yet all tried to know him!

The poet of his time, strong swimmer, fine fencer, crack shot, Lord Byron was equally famous for the beauty and pallor of his face—which proves that he chose his razor with the utmost care and wielded it with skill. No hoe-ing, no scraping contrivance for the handsomest man of his day—but a long, keen blade of time-proven balance—a real man's razor that lacked only two details to make his shave a poem—the Safety, the Extra-Convenience of the detachable, double-edge blade of the

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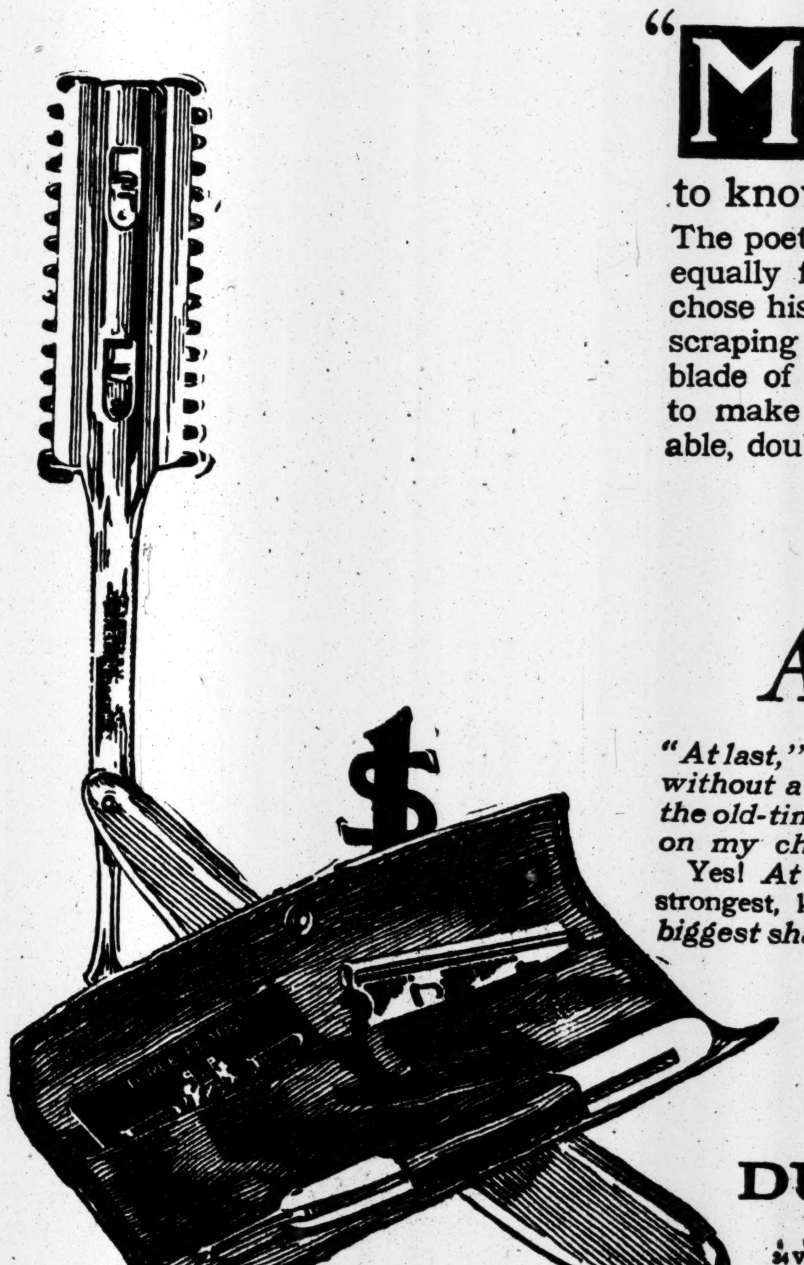

"At last," you'll say, *"I can get a close shave without a sore skin. At last, I can have the old-time razor's natural shaving angle on my cheek without cutting myself."*

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This set contains a Durham-Duplex Razor with an attractive white handle, safety guard, stropping attachment and package of 3 Durham-Duplex double-edged blades (6 shaving edges) all in a handsome leather kit. Get it from your dealer or from us direct.

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ADVERTISEMENT.

DEAR FOLKS:

THE workman I met the oftenest at the Wilson & Co. plant, Chicago, was the day watchman. He is the Sentinel on Guard—and he is an active, intelligent, happy and proud Sentinel. Do you know why? I'll tell you.

Up to three years ago, this watchman looked upon himself as a mere machine. He felt that he occupied a menial position because he was treated as a menial. Nobody apparently thought him worth while. Every day was the same to him. Nothing happened between sunrise and sunset to relieve the monotony of his life. He was discouraged as most workers are who do not get kind words or attention.

But a new hold on life came to him three years ago this month and it was all brought about through a little act of kindness. My, how a small courtesy changes things for all of us! It dispels clouds and floods our pathway with sunlight. Let me tell you what the watchman told me.

"The day that Mr. Wilson came here to take charge of the business which had been given his name, what do you suppose was the first thing he did? Why, he came to my shanty, shook hands with me and said, 'John, I want you to know that I think you are holding a very important position. I look to you to watch things very carefully. So much depends on you. If you will put your heart in your work and help me all you can I will be very grateful. From now on you are going to be a right arm to this business. I need your help to make it a success. I hope we will be good friends. What do you say?' And, of course, I said, 'I'll help and I thank you so much for thinking that I can help you.' From that time on, I have been very happy. I am very proud of the position I hold. Mr. Wilson always speaks to me and shows that he likes me. I am just the average human being and when a man respects me and treats me right, it makes an awful lot of difference in my view-point of life. I feel that I am now a real man doing work that is necessary and helpful."

John and I got along fine together during my daily visits to Wilson & Company plant covering a period of five weeks. We had many a chummy chat. He introduced me to many of the workers, all of whom respect him. He dresses in a blue uniform and stands guard with as much pride as the Commander of a U. S. Warship stands on the bridge of his ship. This is the sort of spirit that makes a business prosper.

Another worker—this one a young woman—told me that the courtesy shown the watchman by Mr. Wilson was witnessed by hundreds of workers who were standing at the windows of the big office building watching for his coming. She said: "I can't describe to you the wave of satisfaction that immediately struck us all. Instantly the word went all through the plant that Mr. Wilson's first act was to visit the watchman, and the cry went up in all departments 'A real man has come to lead us; now we can put heart in our work; now we are sure of appreciation; now we know we will get a square deal.' You have no idea what a change was brought about at once. We went to our work with lighter hearts than we had ever had. We went to our work with the feeling that we must do it well from then on and we have been doing it well ever since. Mr. Wilson visited all of us later on and let us know in his kindly way that he wanted us to help him and that he would appreciate it very much if we gave him our loyalty and enthusiasm. It was new to us to be talked to in this friendly way. You can imagine how happy it made us all feel."

Don't tell me that little things do not make up the sum of life, for they do. Don't you recall the old saying, "Little things, aye little things make up the sum of life; a word, a look, a single tone may lead to calm or strife."

The words, the looks, the tones in Wilson & Co. plant lead to calm and happiness. In my next letter which will appear in this newspaper, one week from today, I'll tell you other things that prove how Heart in work leads to contentment and success.

Sincerely, William C. Freeman,
131 E. 23rd Street, New York City.

THE SCREEN

In "The Brand," at the Rialto this week, there are many moving pictures of inherent force and beauty, based on one of Rex Beach's stories of Alaska, and it is in the reproduction of snow-covered landscapes, miners' cabins, dance halls, and the men and women of the place and period that the pictures have their opportunity. They seem to have been made with faithful regard for realities and certainly they are effective. Several snow-storm scenes are especially realistic.

The actors, in appearance and manner, fit themselves into the pictures. They are, principally, Kay Laurell, who makes her screen début as a dancing girl struggling for life amid the chaos of mining camp life; Russell Simpson, as a rough-hewn man of the frontier who clings to the rocks of an elemental Puritanism, and Robert McKim, as the villain and gambler, familiar in all Alaskan stories. Robert Kunkel, little Mary Jane Irving, and a large cast in the crowd scenes, also help to make the pictures vivid. Reginald Barker directed the production.

"The Brand," however, cannot be described accurately as a photoplay. Although the pictures are impressive in themselves they do not carry the action. They serve merely as illustrations for subtitles and to fill in spaces between the words. The story depends for much of its dramatic appeal upon these words, and, consequently, the appeal is often weak. And not only are there too many words, but they tell the story so explicitly that nothing is left to the imagination.

"The Bank," an Essanay film, is the second of Dr. Riesenfeld's Chaplin revivals. It is not as uproariously funny as some of the other Chaplin films, but, from one point of view, this is something in its favor. Its fun is frequently that of the smile, rather than the loud laugh, and the smile is often touched with a fleeting sympathy. More directly than in most of his early productions Chaplin approaches pathos in "The Bank," and in this his pantomime is as sure and subtle as in any of his broad comedy.

There are different numbers to interest different people on the Strand program this week. The first of the distinctive pictures is "Ballahooing on the Anarika," an Outing-Chester scenic which shows the method of cutting hard wood and floating it to shipping terminals. All of the scenes are interesting and many of them are of unusual beauty.

The featured photoplay is "Johnny Get Your Gun," with Fred Stone and a crowd of old favorites in the cast. As in his other pictures, Stone uses every opportunity for athletic stunts which, unlike the performances of Douglas Fairbanks, seem always to proclaim their forcible introduction into a story with which they are not particularly concerned. But they are good stunts and entertaining.

Another analysis-of-motion picture, "Daughters of Neptune," is as interesting as its predecessors.

James Montgomery Flagg has a comedy on the Strand bill entitled "The Last Bottle," which recounts the tragic history of the sole surviving bottle of champagne in 1923. After the man who had brought about prohibition had bought it for $1,000,000 a negro washerwoman, into whose basket it accidentally fell, smashed it against a wall. The spectators wailed.

"Memory Lane" is the title of a Post Scenic of rare pictorial charm at the Rivoli. It was made by Van Scoy.

"The Marriage Price," with Elsie Ferguson attractively placed in the leading rôle, skillfully supported by Wyndham Standing and Lionel Atwill, is the photoplay. It is an illustrated popular novel about a strong man from the West with the training of Wall Street, who rescues a luxury-loving but true-hearted girl from a society cad. Emile Chautard directed the production.

The comedy is "Money Talks," a Sunshine picture.

At the Broadway last week's program is repeated. Its chief pictures are "When a Girl Loves," with Mildred Harris, and "A Dog's Life," with Charlie Chaplin.

Entertained Wounded Soldiers.

The Dixie Minstrels, a juvenile troupe of Our Lady of Mercy Church, Fordham, composed of Francis Reilly, interlocutor; Leo Harkins, Francis Hughes, George Manley, Cyrenus McCook, Miles and Harry Standish, end men; Catherine and Marion Harris, Elizabeth and Mabel McBride, Florence and Natalie Waters, Florence Loomis and Jessie Ashley, soloists, gave a performance to the sick and wounded soldiers at Debarkation Hospital 5, Grand Central Palace, last Friday evening. The soldiers enjoyed the entertainment greatly and were very generous with their applause. The minstrels were under the direction of Sergeant John J. Waters of the Kingsbridge police station, and the orchestra was under the direction of Patrolman Harry Horn of the Forty-sixth Precinct.

Guilbert Gives $1,800 Benefit.

Yvette Guilbert last night appeared at the Eltinge Theatre in the miracle play, "Guibour," which she has been acting at the Neighborhood Playhouse. The performance at the Eltinge was in aid of the Visiting Nurse Service of the Henry Street Settlement, and netted about $1,800.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Extra matinees will be played at many theatres a week from tomorrow, the day of the 27th Division's parade. The performances will begin in most cases at 3 o'clock.

Rachel Crothers's newest comedy, "39 East," will have its first production in Washington tonight, and probably will be seen in New York in about three weeks.

The "Tea for Three" company will give a performance at Camp Mills this afternoon, and another at Camp Merritt on Friday afternoon.

The sixth annual meeting of the New York Centre of the Drama League of America will be held at the MacDowell Gallery on Saturday afternoon, March 29, at 4 o'clock.

27TH MEN SEE PLAYS.

Women War Workers Aid a Fund for 104th Artillery.

Entertainment for soldiers and sailors was supplied in a number of New York playhouses yesterday afternoon and night. "East Is West" was played at the Astor Theatre for men of the 27th Division last night, when Major General Ryan, who had been expected, was unable to attend. George M. Cohan and his company played "A Prince There Was" at the Cohan Theatre last night also for men in uniform.

There was a performance at the Hippodrome in the afternoon under the direction of Marie Dressler for the purpose of raising a general fund for the 104th Field Artillery of the 27th. Among those who appeared on the program were Miss Dressler, Blanche Duffield, Jefferson de Angelis, Ralph Herz, and Audrey Maple, in a condensation of "Pinafore," as well as other turns, including Ed Wynn, Julia Arthur, Ernest Truex, and Mollie King.

Representatives of the Red Cross, the Motor Corps of America, National League for Women's Service, the Salvation Army, the Stage Women's War Relief and other women's war organizations took part in a pageant entitled "Women to the Fore and Over the Top."

Show and Supper for Wounded.

Eighteen hundred wounded men will fill the Knickerbocker Theatre tonight to see "Listen, Lester." The theatre has been bought out by Colonel Ben Ali McAfee, who invited the patients and staff of Debarkation Hospital 5 to witness the performance. Following the performance there is a supper at the Biltmore, given by John McE. Bowman. Added features at the theatre will be the singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner" and the "Marseillaise" by Anna Fitziu and Andrea de Segurola, and addresses by Martin W. Littleton and Commissioner Enright.

Negro Troopers Give Concert.

The band of the 369th Infantry gave its first public concert in New York last night at the Manhattan Opera House. The negro troopers' organization won fame overseas under the direction of Lieutenant James Reese Europe, and is now being held together by him for a concert tour. There are sixty-five men in the band. Last night's soloists were Lieutenant Noble Sissle and Creighton Thompson.

MUSIC

Symphony Season Ends Brilliantly.

With the strains of the full band in Liszt's "Les Preludes," the New York Symphony Orchestra closed its season of concerts at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon. It was Conductor Walter Damrosch's day for an enthusiastic ovation after the playing of his own music for the Greek tragedies of "Iphigenia in Aulis" and "Medea." Again it was perhaps a remembrance of his early years as opera conductor that carried off the honors in the prelude and finale from "Tristan and Isolde," played to the highest pitch of musical emotion by the hundred Symphony men.

Mme. Hulda Lashanska was the soloist, a Grecian figure in red velvet. She sang airs from Mozart's "Marriage of Figaro" and "The Magic Flute," both in Italian, and the Letter Air from Tschaikovsky's opera, "Eugene Onegin," in French. The other number on the program was the ever-melodious "Unfinished" symphony of Schubert. The whole was a concert of unusual interest, heard by a large audience.

Elman Plays With Philharmonic.

Mischa Elman, in Tschaikovsky's violin concerto, was a familiar star with the Philharmonic yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall, where the older society will be last to end the orchestral season a fortnight from now. Mr. Stransky conducted also Berlioz's "Roman Carnival," Debussy's "Clouds" and "Festivals," and Goldmark's "Rustic Wedding" symphony.

Friends of Music Close.

Giulio Setti conducted the fifth and last concert of the Friends of Music yesterday at the Ritz-Carlton, as Ernest Bloch was ill. There were a Missa Brevis of Palestrina, sacred airs by early Italian and Netherland composers, and old French madrigals. The singing, which was unaccompanied, was by eighty of Mr. Setti's chorus from the Metropolitan.

Ten Opera Stars Heard.

Ten of the Metropolitan artists appeared in another of Mr. Gatti's Verdi-Puccini programs at last night's opera concert, ranging from Mme. Matzenauer in a "Don Carlos" classic to the unfamiliar "Boccanegra" for Mardones. Muzio, Rappold, Sundelius, Kingston, Althouse, Montesanto, and Miss Beale were on the bill, which included duets from "Aïda" and "Butterfly," and quartets from "Rigoletto" and "Bohême."

Gilbert and Sullivan Again.

The Society of American Singers, beginning tomorrow with "Patience," will resume its popular series of Gilbert and Sullivan operas at the Park Theatre, to be followed by "Iolanthe" and "Yeoman of the Guard." There will be a few repetitions of "The Mikado," "Pirates of Penzance," and "The Gondoliers," for which Mr. Hinshaw has added to his former casts the comedian, Jefferson De Angelis.

Yale Players to Take Local Stage.

The Yale University Dramatic Association will be seen in New York next week at the Punch & Judy Theatre, where they will give a program of four short plays. These will be "The Murderers," by Lord Dunsany; "Nettie," by George Ade; a farce by Henry Clapp Smith, and a burlesque by Maurice Baring. The occasion will mark the first appearance of the organization in a New York theatre, it is announced.

Is yours a kindly mirror?

YOUR mirror doesn't deceive you. If there's a sparkle in your eyes and a rose tint in your cheeks, you have rich, red blood. There are keenness and purpose in your every movement and a spring in your step that only a woman of bounding health could have. But if your appearance is pallid and dull-eyed, your movements languid, you are probably thin-blooded and watery-blooded, and need prompt attention.

FRIENDLY WARNING: There is only one Pepto-Mangan and that is Gude's. Bottle and package as shown here. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Take Gude's Pepto-Mangan, that splendid blood builder. It will help to create thousands of new, sturdy red cells, the oxygen-carrying element in the blood. With your whole system nourished and invigorated, your health and capacity for work and pleasure are restored. Pepto-Mangan is easy to digest, exceedingly pleasant to taste. Physicians recommend it.

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Those who have used electricity would not go back to candles, and matches would not be discarded for flint and steel. Neither would those who have tasted G. Washington's Coffee return to the old, uneven, unreliable, wasteful and slovenly methods of preparing coffee by hand. It is pure coffee, absolutely soluble, retaining all the delicious flavor and effect and made in the cup at the table.

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COFFEE

Was taken over by the Government for the boys in the trenches, and is now on sale again.

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Back from the war

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ONE WEEK ONLY Beginning To-Night
NEW YORK SYNCOPATED ORCHESTRA OF 50
WILL MARION COOK, Conductor
AND 15 SOLOISTS
SMASHING PROGRAM OF RAGTIME, JAZZ AND SYNCOPATED MELODY.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.
PENNY WISE with MOLLY PEARSON
"A long day since Broadway has had a play as minutely and vividly characterized and so ably and amusingly acted."—N. Y. Times.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30.
3 MATINEES THIS WEEK: WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & SATURDAY
ALICE BRADY
Personally in FOREVER AFTER

Burns Mantle,
Critic of the Eve. Mail,
Saw Rachel Crothers' Comedy,
A Little Journey
For the Second Time at the
VANDERBILT THEATRE
Last Thursday Evening, and wrote:
"'A Little Journey' proves its quality as an entertainment by standing up splendidly through a second visit. No one could find it anything but delightfully entertaining. It remains an excellent entertainment and deserves its brilliant success."
48th St., E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 134. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:30.

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GOOD MORNING, JUDGE
George Hassell, Mollie King, Charles King.

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With FAY BAINTER
ASTOR THEA. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

DO YOU SUSPECT YOUR WIFE?
DO YOU SUSPECT YOUR HUSBAND?
BEFORE YOU ACT! SEE
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13
At the BOOTH

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
COURTENAY & WISE
IN THE FUN HIT "CAPPY RICKS"

REPUBLIC THEA., W. 42nd St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
(by Arrangement with A. H. Woods) in
"THE FORTUNE TELLER"

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE SEASON'S HIT | With RICHARD BENNETT | 7TH BIG MONTH
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers
UNKNOWN PURPLE

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier
63 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
THIS WEEK LE MISANTHROPE

SELWYN HITS
JANE COWL IN THE CROWDED HOUR
Selwyn Theatre
W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Moves Next Monday
Manhattan Op. Ho.
TEA for THREE
BRINGS PEOPLE TO NEW YORK
Maxine Elliott's
W. 39th St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

CENTRAL 47th St. & B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
A Musical Play—Different.
Somebody's Sweetheart

CASINO B'way & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
Jolly Musical Romance SomeTime with ED. WYNN

COMEDY Thea., 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20.
"George Marion's Performance is one of the Delights of the Season."—Tribune.
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The Ace of Comedies with NORMAN TREVOR
George Marion—Doris Rankin.

Loew's 7th AVE. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. To-mor'w, 25c & 50c.
FLORENCE REED in "ROADS OF DESTINY."

44TH ST. THEATRE, just west of Broadway. Evs. 8:00. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:00.
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 150 in
2ND YEAR in N. Y. Sinbad 2ND YEAR in N. Y.

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15.
Beginning TO-NIGHT THE SMACKING MUSICAL HIT.
THE KISS BURGLAR
MARIE CARROLL | with DENMAN MALEY | HARRY CLARKE

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bryant 413. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
The Laugh Play KEEP IT TO YOURSELF
"Breaks All Records for Laughter."

Have you joined the—
"I'd Say So-ers"?
Which means you agree that
A Sleepless Night
Is too good to keep to yourself
FUNNIEST FARCE IN 20 YEARS
with Peggy Hopkins, Ernest Glendinning, Josephine Drake, Donald Gallaher, William Morris, Carlotta Monterey and others.
BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:45.

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IS NOW THE STORM CENTER OF LAUGHTER
PRICES NOW—NIGHTS & SAT. MAT. 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00. Pop. Mat. Wed. Best Seats, $1.50.
with Oliver Morosco's whirlwind farce of honeymoon happenings PLEASE GET MARRIED in which ERNEST TRUEX, EDITH TALIAFERRO and a dozen other clever funmakers
WILL PUT A PERMANENT WAVE IN YOUR LAUGHING APPARATUS

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SAM BERNARD & LOUIS MANN
FRIENDLY ENEMIES

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

PLYMOUTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30 | LAST 3 WEEKS
Mts Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON AT 2:30.
WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET
"THE BEST HAMLET OF A GENERATION."
—J. Rankin Towse, Eve. Post.

PRINCESS Mats. Wed. & Saturday, 2:15. Evenings at 8:20.
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"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY!'"—N. Y. Herald.

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Tonight and Friday Night and Sat. Mat.
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TONIGHT—Orville Harrold and Kate Condon will sing "The Wearin' o' the Green" and other Irish Ballads between the acts.
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Original Monologues
BEATRICE HERFORD
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WHEN SUSPICION COMES BETWEEN HUSBAND AND WIFE ? ? ? ? ?
See THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13
At the BOOTH

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way, 97th. Mat. Tom'w, 50c
Walker Whiteside in "The Little Brother," with Tyrone Power.

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Grand Reviewing Stand
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Always 500 Orchestra Seats at $1.00
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The 27th Division Players Present
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A Musical Farce
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Biggest Success Since the "Merry Widow"
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The Cute Little Play That Turns 'em Away
"A Prince There Was"
GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

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MRS. FISKE in Mis' Nelly of N'Orleans
A comedy of moonshine, madness and make-believe

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Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written
Three Faces East
With Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming

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The Play of 1000 Thrills
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THE LAUGHING MUSICAL COMEDY HIT OF THE YEAR!
Victor Herbert's Smartest Music
Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Hilarity
The VELVET LADY
Prettiest Girl Chorus in Town!
ON THE ROOF Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic
Entirely Different Shows.
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This evening at 8:30 o'clock sharp
HENRY MILLER
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HOLBROOK BLINN
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and a distinguished company in
MOLIERE
A Play by Philip Moeller

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FRANCES STARR
in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

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STUART WALKER Presents
The Book of Job LAST 9 TIMES
& Lord Dunsany's "The Tents of the Arabs."
NEXT WEEK ONLY. Every Evg. & 3 Mats. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Thus., Fri. & Sat., 2:30
YALE PROM SHOW | By Yale University Dramatic Association

CORT West 48th St. Evs., 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
"'Ullo! 'ere's a 'It."
The Better 'Ole
With MR. and MRS. COBURN

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JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER!

COLONEL RAYMOND ROBINS

Commander of the American Red Cross Mission in Russia from November, 1917, to June, 1918, will give his first public address since his return from Russia, at the eleventh luncheon conference under the auspices of this association, in the Grand Ball Room of the

There will be opportunity for full discussion, and questions will be welcomed. Places reserved only for those whose applications, accompanied by check reach the office of this Association by Thursday morning, March 20th.

Subject: "One View of the Russian Situation."
Hotel Commodore, Saturday, March 22, at 12:45 P. M.
TICKETS WILL BE MAILED AT ONCE.
COVERS $1.50 EACH
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Wed. at 8, Samson et Dalila. Matzenauer; Caruso. De Luca, Mardones, Ananian. Cond., Monteux.

Thurs. at 8, Triple Bill: "Legend," "Temple Dancer," "Shanewis." Ponselle, Easton, Braslau; Althouse, Kingston, Chalmers, D'Angelo. Cond., Moranzoni.

Fri. at 8, Thaïs. Farrar, Howard; Diaz, Whitehill, Ananian. Cond., Monteux.

Sat. at 2:15, Amore dei tre Re. Muzio; Martinelli, Didur, Chalmers, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni.

Sat. at 8, Caruso Jubilee. Act III Elisir. Act I Pagliacci. Act III Prophete. Barrientos, Muzio, Matzenauer; Caruso, Scotti, De Luca, Diaz, Mardones. Cond'rs. Papi, Moranzoni, Bodanzky.

Next Mon., 8:15. Oberon. Ponselle, Gentle; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky.

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Carnegie Hall, Mon., Mar. 24, at 8:30
CAPT. ALAN BOTT
Author of "Cavalry of the Clouds" on
FLYING For Allenby IN PALESTINE
Tickets $2 to 50c, Box Office or Managers.

Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Mar. 27 at 4
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Three Years a Prisoner in Germany.
Speaking on
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Aeolian Hall, Sunday Aft., Mar. 23, at 3
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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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THE EMERGENCY COMMITTEE.

One proud triumph of the Senate filibusters against the Urgent Deficiency bill was the failure, with the bill, of the appropriation to keep the United States Employment Service going on its present footing until June 30. No money from other funds was to be had. At the very moment when our homecoming soldiers and sailors most need assistance to re-establish them in civil pursuits, this highly intelligent, energetic, and useful organization has had to reduce its activities 80 per cent. and to diminish the number of its urban employment offices from some 750 to 56.

Undiscouraged, the Council of National Defense has formed an Emergency Committee on Employment for Soldiers and Sailors, with New York's former Police Commissioner, Colonel ARTHUR WOODS, at its head. The Employment Service's Bureau for Returning Soldiers and Sailors, with some 2,000 branches, will not suffer much, it is thought, since many branch bureaus are maintained by individual subscriptions, by the towns in which they are, or by the big welfare associations. The Emergency Committee will seek to have all these bureaus continued, and in bureauless communities it will ask the public to set up at least one employment agency. Since the Government can give no more help for some time, till the called session of Congress acts in the matter, local authorities and the public must raise the money and do the work. In the demobilization camps the Employment Service offices will be kept open, and the same administrative system will be continued.

Governors, Mayors, Chairmen of State Councils of Defense have been asked, and will be glad, to co-operate with the committee. The big welfare associations will be co-ordinated, as they have been co-ordinated, through their representatives in the Central Board on Bureaus for Returning Soldiers and Sailors. In short, the fruitful, indispensable business of getting work for our returned and returning defenders will go on undiminished. The Emergency Employment Committee, composed of some of the ablest men at Washington, is an admirable expedient to connect and correlate all the means and agencies of getting jobs for the soldiers and sailors, of maintaining in the teeth of the filibusters the efficiency and productiveness of the Federal Employment Service. That service is sufficiently judged and praised by recording that it has to find work for about 100,000 men a week.

THE SECRET TREATIES.

The sudden reappearance of the "secret treaty"—a somewhat misleading term since the world has long known everything that was in it, as indeed the world suspected from the very first—which preceded Italy's entrance into the war need hardly be taken as a serious impediment to ultimate agreement in the Peace Conference. If the Italian delegation insists on it, the treaty may become an impediment; but it is by no means certain that this will happen. The British and French delegates have reported that the treaty which their Governments signed was still binding on them, and that consequently Italy should retain the Dodecanesus, and presumably Dalmatia, too.

But it appears from the dispatches that this is merely a formal report on the validity of a contract. America was not a signatory to the treaty and is still to be heard, for the treaty is a small part of the general settlement. If America raises objection to the execution of the treaty, it may be supposed that England and France will stand aside, asserting their willingness to stand by their bargain if Italy asks it, and leaving Italy and America to argue the merits of the question. Their Governments could hardly do otherwise, so far as technical procedure is concerned, for they signed the contract; and any ill feeling that might be provoked in Italy by the abrogation of the agreement, under these conditions, would be directed toward America.

But these considerations are of minor importance. The question is whether anybody will insist on the execution of the treaty. There are other treaties of the same sort; that between England and Japan over the Pacific islands has apparently already been given up by mutual consent; the treaty with Rumania, at Serbia's expense, is not likely to be carried out, since Rumania will annex all of her own race in Transylvania and Bessarabia. But insistence on any secret treaty might resurrect demands for the enforcement of all, and the consequent undoing of much of the work already accomplished by the Conference.

Moreover, suppose that the Italian Government insists on the letter of the law. The British and French are not hostile to the legitimate national aspirations of Greeks and Jugoslavs; they might in that event join the American delegation in holding that Italy should get all that the treaty assigned to her, but no more. By the treaty Italy was to get most of Dalmatia, to which her claim, outside of one or two cities, was a very weak one; but she was not to get Fiume, to which, on the ground of nationality, her claim would be very strong. A party in Italy has tried since November to have it both ways, to get both Dalmatia and Fiume; the Peace Conference is likely to offer a choice between the letter of the treaty and a settlement on the principles of nationality. Italy was to get the Dodecanesus, a group of islands which are of next to no value to her, though of great sentimental and practical value to Greece because they are inhabited by Greeks. But Italy depends largely on the decisions of the Conference for economic rights of great value in Asia Minor, and the validation of her claims here might very well be a more attractive prize than the annexation of the Twelve Islands.

That the Italian Government has these considerations in mind is to be presumed from its recent course, and there is every reason to suppose that it is going to look out for the lasting interest of the Italian people. The treaty of 1915 is the starting point for discussions, but is not likely to be regarded as unalterable.

AN ECHO OF THE CIVIL WAR.

One of Vermont's staple products is old men—ruddy, brisk old fellows with unfailing memories and nimble tongues. Panoramic, tourist-loving St. Albans, near the Canadian border, has its share of these ancients. They still talk of a day in the Autumn of '64, Oct. 19, which by custom should have been dull and sleepy, for it followed market day, St. Albans being then a village, but which proved to be the most exciting and stimulating day that was ever known there. It was not until 3:30 P. M., when the sun began his descent toward the Adirondacks across the lake, that the main street was suddenly filled with mysterious strangers, twenty-five at least, afoot, but as active as quicksilver. Most of them had business with the three banks, the St. Albans, Franklin County, and First National, whose officers were ready for depositors in the reposeful Vermont way, but not for visitors who wanted money without collateral. The intruders broke all the bank rules in a few crowded minutes, swept the guardians aside with violence, helped themselves to banknotes of a value of $211,500, a staggering sum for St. Albans to lose in those placid days, and poured into the main street to commandeer horses haltered to handy posts and horses nodding on slack legs in livery stable stalls and ride north in triumph, faster than PAUL REVERE ever flogged his nag. On their way out the unrecognizable visitors "shot up" the village, wounding several citizens, one fatally. Furthermore, the torch was used, but too hurriedly to desolate St. Albans. Before the intruders clapped heels to their horses they explained in an unfamiliar dialect that they had orders from old JUBAL A. EARLY to retaliate for the laying waste of the Shenandoah Valley. The war had reached St. Albans, sleeping off market day.

Not too late the villagers were up and doing, every able-bodied man with ginger in him. Guns were seized, there was mounting in hot haste, and off the Vermonters sped to get their money and the fleeing raiders. The latter had not laid eyes on so much uninflated paper since Sumter was fired on, and in their excitement they dropped some of it, the Vermonters pouncing on the spoil. Over the boundary line galloped the raiders, and the pursuers spurred after them. The Canadians woke up, too. In the end about a dozen of the Confederates escaped the rally: one by one the others were ridden down. More than half the money was never recovered, which was to be expected, for at that time a bottle of spirits cost $200 in Confederate money, and what could be saved from the avengers was worth fleeing with.

Over the affair Uncle Sam and John Bull almost came to blows. Delivery of the raiders was demanded of Canada, but Mr. Justice SMITH at Montreal in a learned opinion released them from custody, insisting that they were soldiers of the Confederate States and combatants acting under orders (produced) from their Government. His Honor laid stress upon the organizing of the raid in Chicago; Canada had not been used as a base, and so on. His opinion was stuffed full of law logic, and the Ashburton treaty could not be evoked—so he contended. The leader of the St. Albans raid died at Louisville the other day at the ripe age of 76. He was Lieutenant BENNETT H. YOUNG in 1864. He became a useful and honored citizen of Kentucky and the South after the war, a historian, lecturer, orator, and educator, Presbyterian Moderator, Commander in Chief of the Confederate Veterans, a man of good repute and standing, although St. Albans, which had its peace so rudely disturbed by an eruption of civil war, will never forgive him the looting of its banks and the shooting down of inoffensive citizens. The town's sages are talking about the outrage today, and they have their own opinions about BENNETT H. YOUNG and Mr. Justice SMITH of Montreal.

THE ONLY ANTIDOTE.

A little more than a hundred years ago a Democratic statesman, whose name is often on Democratic lips and whose main theories and principles of government the Democratic Party has wholly rejected, expressed these moderate, sensible, and sound opinions upon a subject of living interest and importance to the United States of 1919:

> I rejoice, as a moralist, at the prospect of a reduction of the duties on wine by our National Legislature. It is an error to view a tax on that liquor as merely a tax on the rich. It is a prohibition of its use to the middling class of our citizens, and a condemnation of them to the poison of whisky, which is desolating their houses. No nation is drunken where wine is cheap, and none sober where the dearness of wine substitutes ardent spirits as the common beverage. It is, in truth, the only antidote to the bane of whisky. Fix but the duty at the rate of other merchandise, and we can drink wine here as cheap as we do grog, and who will not prefer it? Its extended use will carry health and comfort to a much enlarged circle. Every one in easy circumstances (as the bulk of our citizens are) will prefer it to the poison to which they are now driven by their Government. And the Treasury itself will find that a penny apiece from a dozen is more than a groat from a single one.

So THOMAS JEFFERSON wrote to Mr. DE NEUVILLE in 1818. His judgment of the distinction that should be made between mild and strong drink might be contemporary. In the last sixty-odd years beer has become the cheapest and commonest beverage of small alcoholic content. He could not foresee, he could not imagine, that a party which still affects to honor him as its founder and saint would so utterly forget or deny him as to attempt, not a partial prohibition of healthful and comforting drink by means of the taxing power, but a total prohibition whose inevitable result will be the extension and multiplication of the bane of illicit whisky. Today Mr. JEFFERSON would write that "no nation is drunken where "beer is cheap, and no nation sober "where the prohibition of beer and "wine substitutes ardent spirits as "the common beverage." That the Treasury loses a billion of revenue, and States and municipalities an immense sum; that Federal prohibition is an interference with private habit and a filching of State and local rights inconceivable to Mr. JEFFERSON, is plain to everybody. That the Government is driving its citizens to "poison" is plain to everybody but the irreconcilable Dry.

Mr. JEFFERSON'S words are commended particularly to his own party, because it has sinned against its own traditions and the great name it loves to invoke. To thoughtful men of every party those words, weightier today than a century ago, visualize the folly and the danger of attempting absolute prohibition.

AN INCOME TAX EXAMPLE.

The millions who are angry or worried about their income tax are commended to CARUSO as an example of the cheerfulness and urbanity with which the infliction of Congress upon him and others should be met. He told the Collector he was "glad" and "proud" to do his part toward paying for the war a tax of $153,933. "Amer-"ica has done much for me, and I "am happy to reciprocate." So has America done much for each of the 100,000,000 fortunate Americans—not equally for all, of course. Grievance on that head is against Nature, not against America. No institutions will ever make men all equal in either their talents or their possessions, but our institutions give all men equal opportunity to raise themselves, in contrast with those institutions which level men downward.

A weekly income such as CARUSO'S is several times the annual income of thousands of heads of families who work harder than the golden-throated tenor. But wages are not paid for work alone, any more than work is wanted for wages. Work is wanted for satisfactions of human necessities, and wages are paid for the production of the means of those satisfactions. If the work is to be supplied it must produce enough of those satisfactions to enable the factory by the sale of them to satisfy its own economic necessities as well as the necessities of the workers. Too many think that the factories can be made to pay wages without much work being done. If that miracle were to be wrought there would be nothing for the wages to buy. That is not an argument. It is a statement of fact. Russia is the demonstration.

CARUSO is not overpaid even if he does earn a year's wages in a week. He has a monopoly of a luxury, and can set his own price upon the satisfaction or enjoyment his art gives. No means known to man, or thought good for man by Providence, will make Carusos of those born without his qualities, or supply to all what his monopoly supplies to him. Income taxes pay the cost of keeping this country what it is. Payment in CARUSO'S manner helps a lot, perhaps even as much as his dollars. There's no objection to asking yourself whether you are getting what your tax ought to bring you, and, if you think not, in choosing others to manage your affairs differently. In fact, one of the benefits of taxation is that it makes taxpayers thoughtful about government.

The Kitchin tax is a tax of that sort which leads to different government, because no other tax is likely to be so bad in method. For example, CARUSO'S income is earned, and is taxed at the same rate as though it were unearned, or were the result of owning property and living on the investment. CARUSO earns so much that the tax is not enough to reduce him to want. In fact, his income is so large that it is above the limit where an income tax is usually laid without regard to the difference between earning and "owning." The previous Kitchin tax put a penalty on earnings from the use of natural talents by professional men. That discrimination against brains and training does not appear in the present bill. Even Mr. KITCHIN is capable of learning. But he has not yet advanced to the stage of distinguishing between incomes from "owning" and earning. One result of his learning so slowly is that he will have no further opportunity of learning by practice on the taxpayers.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Theory and Wisdom in Conflict.

General O'RYAN'S unusual—and to many people somewhat shocking—enforcement in a New York theatre last week of a military regulation which has been violated here daily for months past by hundreds and even thousands of soldiers without moving anybody to action, is sure to make a vast amount of talk. It will be talk, too, which unfortunately will be more likely to decrease than to increase respect for that excellent thing, discipline.

There is no doubt that the men whom General O'RYAN subjected to a public humiliation were wearing their Sam Browne belts at a time and in a place when and where such wearing was and is, to the knowledge of them all, explicitly forbidden by departmental orders. They were therefore in the wrong and undeserving of the sympathy they will receive, while the General can say, fairly enough, that the failure of other officers to do what he did in nowise freed him from his obligation to see that army orders are obeyed. That, however, is the strictly technical side of the case, and it ignores the fact that the orders in question are purely arbitrary and of the sort which Americans, by training and instinct, regard as of no real importance and infringe with no conviction of sin.

It is easy to say that a soldier should obey the orders of his superiors, no matter what his personal opinion may be as to the necessity or wisdom of the orders. And, theoretically, he should. But the doctrine is one that should be applied with care and discretion, especially to men who are soldiers for a special purpose, not by profession, and a deeper analysis of this painful episode might show that the essential fault lay rather in the issuance of an order without obvious use or excuse than in the treatment of it as a "dead letter" by the majority both of those to whom it was addressed and of those supposed to enforce it.

Only One Purpose to Serve.

This matter of the Sam Browne belts may properly lead to a discussion of the whole question of insignia—marks of honor, of rank, of service. The object of these marks is to disclose facts in relation to the men who wear them, and when they do that the rest might well be left largely, or even wholly, to individual preference. The real sin, and the only real one, is committed by him who wears a decoration which he has not earned, or a device which falsely announces where he has been and what he has done. Offending of that sort should be, as it is, punished with severity whenever it is discovered, but the cases of it among our soldiers are so very few that it is a pardonable exaggeration to declare them unknown.

Multitudes of the men do value their divisional, regimental, service, and wound stripes so highly that they wear them in defiance of orders. To encourage or condone these breaches of discipline would be reprehensible, but it is permissible to ask if the prohibitions were not a superfluous exercise of legitimate authority. If a few bits of colored cloth on his sleeve make a good man happy, or even less unhappy, why in the name of common sense shouldn't he be allowed to wear them? His thinking it an honor makes it one, particularly when all his friends and neighbors agree with him.

A Misnomer Should Be Avoided.

There was some excuse for calling by the vague and inaccurate name of "shell shock" the temporary mental disturbances and changes which to some degree are produced in all men who are long exposed to the strains of military service in time of war. It is a name that, strictly speaking, should have been limited to the entirely different and wholly physical symptoms that are produced in men close to whom shells fall and explode. But "shell shock" does not give rise to the exaggerated fears on the part of the victims of war stresses and on that of their friends that would follow a more accurate description of their condition, so the word has come into, and properly enough will remain in, general use.

No like justification can be found for another error of nomenclature now threatening to attain a similar vogue. It is that of applying the name "sleeping sickness" to the lethargic condition which in some instances seems to be a sequel to influenza. The trouble with this name for this condition is that it has already been used as the name of a wholly different malady—a dreadful disease that follows the bite of a certain fly and is unknown outside of certain fortunately narrow limits in Africa. That "sleeping sickness" has exterminated whole tribes, as all readers of books about the once Dark Continent know, but it has not come here and will not.

What the new after-effect of influenza—if it be that—should be called is as yet uncertain. "Epidemic coma" may be right, as far as it goes, and "influenza encephalitis" has the fault of all names ending in "itis" that it simply indicates the place of an inflammation and says nothing about its cause or nature. Either will do for the present, but "sleeping sickness" will create wholly unnecessary alarm, and should be dropped at once.

Victory Worth Its Cost.

As the great majority of Americans are not multi-millionaires or the heads of large and complicated businesses, the great majority of them have now sent in their income tax blanks, made out, it is hoped, with honesty and a fair approach to accuracy. If money or a check went with the return—as it usually does in the case of folk small in the world of finance—they are safe for twelve months from the need to struggle again with a like task, and they can feel a sort of satisfaction in the very definite knowledge of their own incomes which they have been forced to acquire.

They "know where they stand," as the saying is, and that is always valuable information. The payment of no tax is enjoyable, but this one is for war expenses, and we are all pretty well agreed that the result of the war, though it certainly came high, is worth what it cost. So, though we do not always smile as we pay, at least we do not make moan. That is left for the Germans, whom it will take years and years to pay for a horse whose deadness they cannot doubt.

Interests of Trieste.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me to answer the letter printed in today's issue on "An Independent Trieste," signed Frank Giovanelli, who claims to be born in Trieste.

The undersigned is a real Triestino, who left his native city because, under the most barbarous government of Austria-Hungary, he suffered two political sentences for his Italian feeling.

The great majority of the citizens of Trieste, I might say 90 per cent. of the population, insist on being subjects of Italy, the only natural Government, which is the most liberal and democratic kingdom of Europe.

I am the Secretary (Adriatic Section) of the Societa Politica Irredenta, 17 Charles Street, and a member of Italia Irredenta, (Irredenta Federation of 207 West Thirty-fourth Street,) and I challenge Mr. Giovanelli to call to inspect the books of the Treasurers and be convinced that the Italian Government never gave a red penny for our irredenta propaganda, but many of us members, natives of Trieste, Trento, Istria, Fiume, and Dalmatia, paid out of our own pockets all the expenses, as well as for the mass meetings against the Jugoslavs.

Trieste is a commercial and industrial city. The largest business has been importation of products from Italy, Greece, and the Levant, exporting to the interior of Austria-Hungary, Germany, and Russia. When peace comes and business starts again, as before the war, German-Austria and Germany will have to suffer a great deal, because among the Allies' countries very few will have business relations with the Huns.

Signor Giovanelli should know that the majority of the members of the Chamber of Commerce of Trieste are merchants born in Austria and Germany.

GUSTAVO TOLENTINO.
Brooklyn, March 16, 1919.

Soldier Letters for Historians.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Library of Congress has collected a large amount of war materials, such as photographs, posters, newspapers, lithographs, broadsides, and medals, as well as printed matter, both American and foreign. The library especially desires to obtain collections of letters written from France, Italy, and England, by soldiers and officers. Such letters contain the materials for the history of the participation of the United States in the war, and this will be valuable to students and writers. Persons having letters which they are willing to deposit in the Library of Congress may do so, with restrictions as to the date prior to which the letters may not be consulted. Correspondence on this subject should be addressed to the Library of Congress, Division of Manuscripts.

The library would appreciate anything you may be disposed to do to further the collection of the material indicated.

CHARLES MOORE,
Acting Chief, Division of Manuscripts.
Library of Congress, Washington, March 6, 1919.

MARCH THE SEVENTEENTH.

When year is at the Spring,
When birds are on the wing,
And winds of March are blowing wild and free,
My truant thoughts oft stray
To that country far away—
An emerald isle set in a sapphire sea!

The fields with flowers are gay,
A promise of the May,
I see the dainty shamrock in the grass;
The fairies, with their Queen,
Come tripping o'er the green,
Whispering of love to lad and lass.

I see the Little Men
Who live in yonder glen,
And only venture forth at set of sun;
I hear the banshee wail
By the shores of Innisfail
When for knight or gentle lady life is done.

The hill of Tara's nigh,
With watch-fires burning high;
I see the pagan king and royal band.
I can the picture paint
Of Ireland's patron saint,
The sprig of three-leaved shamrock in his hand.

I see Edward and Wolfe Tone,
Brian Boru upon his throne,
O'Connell, Henry Grattan, and the rest;
I hear the songs of Moore,
Sweet as waves on sun-kissed shore,
Sounding praises of the land he loved the best.

So forgive, Columbia fair,
If for this one day I share
The love I bear you with the parent land,
And place a sprig of green
Beside the lovely sheen
Of Old Glory, while I pledge you heart and hand.

Then here's to Erin's Isle,
The land of tear and smile,
And here's to dear Columbia, wide and free;
I love both with a love
That is like to that above.
You are all that's true and beautiful to me!

NELLIE L. HARTY.

LEAGUE AND CONSTITUTION.

If They Conflict, Amend the Latter, Says Professor Van Tyne.

University of Michigan,
Department of History,
Ann Arbor, Mich., March 14, 1919.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The attitude which some prominent political leaders are taking toward the draft of the League to Enforce Peace is distressing. We cannot be a hermit nation any more—the progress of invention has determined that. Only by some real union with our allies can we secure the fruits of the victory which saved the world's democracies. If we cannot unite with our allies in the terms proposed in the draft in question, we almost certainly can hope for no other alliance. If in place of this plan we all—the United States, France, England, et al.—go our own ways, Germany will very soon drive a diplomatic wedge between us, and we shall lose all the guarantees of the dominance of the democratic, peace-loving nations which we have won.

Those who talk tragically of the overthrow of the Monroe Doctrine by the proposed League are, if they have carefully read the instrument, merely raising a cloud of dust to conceal their real objection, which they dare not disclose. Others, who mourn the passing of our "dear old Constitution" if we accept this plan, are raising a mere bogey.

After years of study of constitutional history and after the most careful reading and study of the League plan, I cannot for the life of me see what there is in the Constitution which would be destroyed by accepting this plan. If there is such a clause let us amend the Constitution. We have of late amended it repeatedly for much less important matters. Much of the opposition seems to be aimed at President Wilson personally. But that is wholly unnecessary, for, if that is the only real objection, a very good case can be made against his claim to the chief credit for it. It might be shown that in spite of the claims of his admirers he has utterly failed to get the dreamy, utopian thing which he has repeatedly said he must have. The League is not universal, as he insisted it must be. It will be many years before Germany can even hope to be in it. Only the allied and democratic nations are in it, and they alone will be for years to come. Disarmament—which he demanded—is only a thing for "unlimited discussion." "Freedom of the seas," that impossible proposition as far as the British were concerned, has been relegated to the limbo of Colonel House's vagaries. In spite of President Wilson's "no annexations" dictum, the captured colonies are not to go back to Germany to be misgoverned, but they go to the neighboring peoples, their "mandatories," a beautiful word, which charms away all the objections to "annexations." Lloyd George, Clemenceau, and General Smuts quite as much as our President have drawn up a League to keep the peace we have won, a mere League of the Allies at present. They allowed President Wilson to phrase some of it, and to name it, and to read it, and to get the glory of it—from those who were blind worshipers enough to forget all he has said and to think this was the universal peace league of which he had dreamed.

President Wilson himself is much more modest than his admirers, for when questioned by one of the Senators at the "mad tea party" he said: "It is not my plan, not Smuts's plan, nor that of Clemenceau, but it is that of Lord Robert Cecil, with modifications." All this will seem cynical and unsympathetic, but my meaning is that the utopian dream which we at least thought was President Wilson's plan has proved impossible of immediate realization, while out of this very practical scheme proposed may come, I sincerely hope, in the course of time, when great changes are wrought in the minds and hearts of men, the full realization of a universal League of Nations—approaching at least the beautiful Utopia which our President proposed for us.

C. H. VAN TYNE.

Withdrawal from the League.

University of Virginia,
March 10, 1919.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If it be true that much of the opposition to the proposed Constitution of the League of Nations is due to the sincere fear that in joining the League we would surrender too much of our sovereignty and independence or would subject ourselves to the domination of other nations, would it not make it much easier not only for ourselves, but for the other nations also, to assent to the plan if an amendment were inserted authorizing any member State, under certain designated conditions as to notice and time, &c., to withdraw in peace from the League and to resume its former status whenever it might believe its liberties threatened?

Might it not, for instance, be provided that any member State might withdraw in peace after one year's notice to the Executive Council, the notice to be accompanied by a statement of the causes of its action? Or the exercise of the right to withdraw might be made dependent on a referendum to the people of the State proposing to withdraw, or upon the action of a particular body selected by the people for the purpose of considering that question alone under special legislation; or the right to withdraw might be safeguarded and made more or less difficult for the mere governmental agencies in other ways.

My point is that as an ultimate resort a member State ought to be given the right to decide in some form that the experiment of the League is not a success so far as concerns itself, and be authorized to withdraw, and withdraw in peace.

Either this right of withdrawal from the League exists under the proposed covenant or it does not exist. If it does not exist, the world ought to know it before consenting to it. If it does exist, why not say so in the covenant itself?

To leave this point in obscurity would be but to repeat the great blunder of our Federal Convention when, in framing our Constitution, it failed to declare specifically either for or against the right of secession. If that document had squarely taken either position, it is just to assume that the war of secession would never have been waged. Further, I personally believe that if such compromises and adjustments had taken place there would have been no disunion.

With a provision for peaceable withdrawal expressly contained in the covenant for the League, (even though such withdrawal be not permitted to be easily and readily made,) what becomes of the objections to the formation of the League on the score of loss of sovereignty, independence, control of the Montroe Doctrine, and the rest?

RALEIGH C. MINOR.

Cleveland's Fame.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I thank you for the editorial article on Grover Cleveland, a mighty well written appreciation of a man much greater than his country yet realizes? W. P. BANNING.
New York, March 15, 1919.

ASKS NATIONS TO AID CHINA.

Humphrey Contends Conventional Tariff Is Unfair.

Any settlement by the Peace Conference which neglects the situation in the Orient will leave the vigorous roots of a world war that cannot well be deferred beyond a decade or a generation at most, according to Andrew B. Humphrey, Executive Director and General Secretary of the China Society of America, in an article made public yesterday, in which Mr. Humphrey pleads against the injustice of the conventional tariff in China.

He urges as a remedy that the nations restore to China the financial autonomy which was wrested from her three-quarters of a century ago, under the guise of which she has continuously been made the victim of some of the crookedest of international intrigue and exploitation under duress.

Mr. Humphrey thinks that under financial freedom the political integrity of China is much more apt to reach early fruition, and that, denied financial and fiscal freedom, she remains a giant bound hand and foot for lack of ability to defend and develop herself. After pointing to the distinction between statutory and conventional tariff, one regulated internally, based upon the right of taxation enjoyed by all sovereign States, and the other established by treaty and absolutely inelastic, the article recalls that, after being defeated by the British in 1812, China had to agree not to levy a tariff in excess of 5 per cent. ad valorem, and that under the Nanking Treaty of 1842 it was further stipulated that the rate was to be uniform and not to be changed without the consent of the contracting parties.

After explaining how, through the application of the "favored nation" clause, the conventional tariff has become applicable to all nations having treaty relations with China, Mr. Humphrey says that the present tariff rate was fixed in 1902, and that the subsequent increase in commodity prices warrants the estimate that the actual rate now is not more than 3½ per cent. ad valorem. He says that China has been deprived of the 7½ per cent. surtax which was given her under the Mackay Treaty with Great Britain in 1902 and by similar subsequent treaties with other nations. He reviews the tariff negotiations which ensued upon China's declaration of war upon Germany, and tells of the final agreement, in June, 1918, whereby the values of goods were to be based upon their values in 1912-'13-'14-'15-'16, these values to be wholly or in part revised two years after the termination of the war. He concludes:

"These intolerable conditions are partially responsible for the political intrigues carried on through the various foreign loans that threaten to destroy the fiscal independence of the Republic of China. How outrageous to speak of the Chinese incompetency in finance when she is thus bound not to raise money as do other nations! Could Japan or the United States so readily meet their obligations on a 3 per cent. tariff? Today the United States' average is 12½ per cent.; Japan's 15 per cent. Justice must not be denied to China. If China is to be given a fair chance to work out her own salvation she must have the power to raise a proper revenue by her tariff."

CHINESE TREATIES PUBLIC.

Military Convention with Japan to End with Signing of Peace Treaty.

PEKING, March 14, (Associated Press.)—The military convention made between China and Japan in 1918 with a hitherto undisclosed extension signed last month, providing for the termination of the agreement on the signing of the peace treaty, was made public simultaneously today in Peking and Tokio.

More than twelve treaties are to be published in the Chinese and Japanese capitals. These include two agreements between the Chinese Government and the British Marconi Company, and two with the Siems-Carey Company of the United States regarding railways and canals. There are no French agreements to be made public.

DEMAND JEWISH RIGHTS.

Delegates of Communities in Greece Appeal to Peace Conference.

SALONIKI, March 15.—Delegates of all the Jewish communities in Greece at a meeting here today adopted a resolution demanding that the Peace Conference grant civil, political, and religious equality to Jews everywhere in the constitutions of the various countries and by international guarantees.

The resolution asks that internal national autonomy be given to all Jewish groups that demand it and that the Peace Conference establish a Jewish State in Palestine under the protection of Great Britain.

The chief rabbi of Saloniki presided at the meeting. In his opening speech he expressed thanks to the allied powers for their sympathy for the Zionist ideal.

REPLY TO LYNCHING QUERY.

Mississippi Newspaper Scoffs at Telegram Sent to Governor.

The attitude toward lynching of at least one Southern newspaper is shown by an article published in the Jackson (Miss.) Daily News of March 9, following the sending of a telegram to the Governor of Mississippi by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People protesting against the lynching by a mob near Belonzi, Miss., of a negro named Eugene Green.

A copy of the telegram was sent to the newspaper, and in response the newspaper clipping was sent to the association by an anonymous correspondent, who wrote upon it:

"If this information does not suffice, we can give you the size of the rope and the exact location of where this coon was hung." The clipping was headed: "Ask Information on fate of negro. Northern society spending telegraph tolls in a lavish manner." It read:

> A telegram was received at the Governor's office Saturday from John R. Shillady, Secretary of "The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People," requesting information concerning the fate of Eugene Green, a negro, alleged to have been lynched at Belzoni last Sunday, and demanding to know "what steps have been taken by the Mississippi authorities to deal with the situation."
>
> The above-named association is a body of Northern extremists on the negro question, among its leaders being Oswald Garrison Villard, editor of The New York Evening Post, who attended the famous social equality banquet several years ago.
>
> The telegram to Governor Bilbo sets forth that the association has 48,000 members and 180 branches in thirty-eight States, and that it is engaged in furnishing information to the press of the country regarding lynchings.
>
> The Governor is not in the city, and the telegram has not been answered. However, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People need not remain in the dark concerning the fate of Green. He was "advanced" all right from the end of a rope, and in order to save burial expenses his body was thrown into the Yazoo River.
>
> The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People is spending its funds for telegraph tolls rather lavishly as a duplicate of the message to the Governor was sent to this paper.

The association also has protested against two recent lynchings in Florida.

AGITATE FOR FREE SPEECH.

Labor Delegates Plan Campaign for Right to Assemble.

PITTSBURGH, March 16.—A campaign for the "right of free speech and free assembly" was launched here today by delegates representing sixty-seven unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. The movement is part of efforts to organize iron and steel workers. Recently the Mayor of McKeesport, according to union organizers, refused a permit for a meeting in that city. It was announced that as soon as 5,000 pledges of support to the "right of free speech and free assembly" campaign were secured, meetings would be held in communities where permits to hold such gatherings have been refused.

INVEST DR. MANNING WITH FRENCH CROSS

Admiral Groult Makes Rector of Trinity a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor.

WANTS GERMANY PUNISHED

Colonel Sherrill Says Undamaged Rhineland Incensed Americans After Seeing Ruined France.

The spick and span towns and villages of the Rhineland observed by the American forces marching into Coblenz from the ruins of Northern France made the doughboy wish to see Germany thoroughly punished at the Peace Conference, said Colonel C. O. Sherrill, one of the first Americans over the Coblenz bridgehead, who spoke yesterday at a meeting of the 302d Engineers' Association, held in the Engineering Societies' Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street. Colonel Sherrill, who led the Camp Upton engineers overseas, came on from Washington to witness the investiture of Dr. William T. Manning as a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor.

The investiture of the rector of Trinity was made by Admiral Groult, commander of the French forces in the North Atlantic, and was very impressive. Major Gen. Thomas C. Barry, commanding the Department of the East, sent over an escort of honor consisting of twenty-one men and colors from the 22d Infantry, stationed at Governors Island. A detail of sailors from the Brooklyn Navy Yard accompanied Rear Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher and participated in the ceremony. There was a detachment of marines from the French warship Gloire, and the 22d Infantry Band also attended. An audience which filled the big assembly room witnessed the presentation of the cross.

The American service men were lined up at the rear of the platform, while the French sailors and marines, American colors at either side, formed a file in front. Captain Frederick Stuart Greene of Company H, 302d Engineers, recently appointed Commissioner of Highways by Governor Smith, introduced Admiral Groult.

"We know all that you have done to bring the United States on the side of the Allies," said the Admiral in French, addressing Dr. Manning, "and how you awoke the soul of America to the cause of justice, and it is therefore the pleasure of the Government of France to confer this decoration upon you," and he bent forward and kissed the rector on both cheeks. The soldiers came to attention, the crowd stood up, and the band played the "Marseillaise." A trumpeter from the Gloire, who had sounded "ouvrez le ban," the call for conferring the honor, then closed the ceremony by playing the call "fermez le ban."

"No words could express what I feel at receiving this great and undeserved honor from the Government of France," said Dr. Manning, "especially in these days when it is so great an honor to receive such a token from your country. We Americans have always in our hearts a special place for France. We love France for herself, for the qualities of her soul. We love her because she is France. We love her for the help she gave us in our little family quarrel, now long since forgotten, when a German King sitting on a British throne tried to take our British freedom from us. Today France is the victor and Alsace and Lorraine are free and will be forever French. Justice and liberty are to be upheld, and that nation which brutally and wantonly assaulted France and the world now must receive stern and impartial justice."

Dr. Manning then took over the Chairmanship and introduced Major S. Fullerton Weaver, detailed to solve the reemployment problem of the 77th Division. Major Weaver said that Major General Alexander, commander of the division, had had a canvass made of the men of the 77th, and found that only 5,600 of the 27,000 would require positions. He declared that business men in New York had co-operated with him to the fullest extent, and that so far 800 favorable replies had been received to letters asking whether jobs would be waiting for the men. He urged his auditors to tell their soldier relatives to return to their old positions rather than seek places for which they considered their army experience would qualify them, adding that this would help considerably in deciding the question of the jobless soldier.

Gives History of 302d Engineers.

Colonel Sherrill, after serving with the 302d Engineers for some time, seeing much action with the unit, was assigned to act as Chief of Staff of the 77th Division. Later he was ordered to a post on the staff of the Third Army, Army of Occupation. He was one of the first Americans into Coblenz, and returned to this country only recently, being detailed to direct fortification work in connection with the coast defenses.

He told of the mobilization of the men down at Camp Upton, and paid high tribute to the work of the reserve officers who reported there after their graduation at Plattsburg. He related experiences in camp, and then told how on a misty morning the orders to go overseas were carried out. The engineers went on the Carmania, and from Halifax were accompanied by the British battle cruiser King Alfred. On April 10, said Colonel Sherrill, a German submarine fired a torpedo at the former Cunarder, missing her by a scant margin and ripping a big hole in the stern of the King Alfred, putting the port propeller out of commission. The Colonel said he saw the periscope of the U-boat as it tried to get into position to fire another shot at the troopship, but a destroyer spotted the enemy craft, and it dived, followed by depth bombs.

Colonel Sherrill said the first man to be cited for gallantry while serving with the 77th was Sergeant Sheppard of the Engineers, who went out under fire and brought back a wounded infantryman.

"I saw that man Sheppard just before I left France," he said, "and he had been wounded three times and cited for gallantry four times. He had also been promoted to a First Lieutenancy."

Colonel Sherrill said that the 302d men did more in the Argonne than anywhere else, and that in one place it took them four hours to cover 200 yards of advance. He said that the German placing of timed mines and of gas shells had not been exaggerated, and that at one point seventy of the men of Company E had been gassed, while a few hours later Brig. Gen. Evan Johnson and his full brigade staff were overcome by the gas and sent back for treatment.

"I hope our Peace Conference in Paris will not be peaceful until they have thoroughly punished the Germans," he declared, amid much applause, in concluding his description of the various "plants" of the Germans. Colonel Sherrill said he reached Coblenz on Dec. 5, while the Third and Eighth German Armies were still there. This was eight days before the American soldiers swung into the city.

"Those German people seemed to be as well fed as you are," he said, "and I saw no indication of suffering among them. All they seemed to need was soap. They were short of fats, and would offer all sorts of money for soap. They had no rubber; all the wheels were steel, and they had no leather, the soles of shoes being of wood. They had plenty of sugar, though, and the candy shops were many and plentifully stocked. I thought that strange, since you could get no sugar in France. There was, of course, absolutely no destruction, the streets were spick and span, and the entire scene comfortable looking."

MANN REACTIONARY? SAYS LONGWORTH IS

Late Minority Leader Advises Ohioan to Help Make House Majority Harmonious.

LAUDS COMMITTEE MAKEUP

All Stars but Nick, "Probably Chosen as Tribute to Roosevelt"—Cites His Own Progressive Record.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Representative James R. Mann, defeated for Speaker of the next House, today issued a statement in which he praised the composition of committees and arraigned Representative Nicholas Longworth for characterizing him as a reactionary. He declared himself more progressive than Mr. Longworth, who, he said, had been placed on the important Steering Committee probably "as a sort of tribute to Colonel Roosevelt."

After administering a drubbing to Mr. Longworth for his recent utterances directed against himself, Mr. Mann said he intended to forget his personal disappointments and work for harmony in the Republican Party. He advised Mr. Longworth and his followers to do the same, saying: "Unless the Republicans of the House get down to business and quit personal quarrels, quit personal ambitions, and enact timely and needed laws, they are likely to lose the confidence of the country."

Discussing the situation developed by the attacks by Mr. Longworth against the selection of committees by seniority succession rule, Mr. Mann said:

Deserved Tribute to Mondell.

"The result of the work of the Republican Committee on Committees ought to satisfy every loyal Republican and every lover of good, sane, progressive legislation. No stronger list of the principal committees of the House has ever been presented, and the new committees have all been placed where they can do good, if they will. The selection of a Republican leader from a State with only one vote out of 236 is a fine and deserved tribute to Mr. Mondell, and shows that the basis of the committee's work was merit and not trading.

"The Steering Committee is composed of strong men in the House, with the exception of Mr. Longworth, who was probably chosen now, as he has been before, as a sort of tribute to Colonel Roosevelt. The action of the committee has been designed to make the best use of the Republican membership of the House in a strong pull-together. Experience, brains, willingness to work, length of service, and former committee rank have all been taken into consideration in making the committee assignments.

"Nick Longworth thinks it is wicked that other Congressmen do not take him at his own valuation. He wanted to be Speaker, but no one else was for him, not even the other Ohio members. He wanted to be Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, but no one else could see his special qualifications. He wanted to be Republican floor leader and got two votes out of 222 represented in the Committee on Committees, outside of Ohio.

"I took my defeat for Speaker in good nature and without complaining. Nick shows sore spots because he could not be Speaker, or something. I have been doing what I could to harmonize the party and get ready to attend to the important legislation which should come before Congress. Nick is doing what he can to disrupt the party organization and prevent anything useful being done. Nick says I am a reactionary. He copies this untrue charge, which has been made by others who fight against me.

Mann's Progressive Record.

"During my service in Congress I have carried through more important progressive legislation than any other man in it. The list of bills enacting progressive laws which I have written, or which I have had charge of, is a long one, and there is no reactionary measure charged to me. But who can suggest any progressive enactment that Mr. Longworth is sponsor for? He has been in Congress fourteen years. What has he ever done outside of attending social functions? It is true he helped to draft the ill-fated Payne tariff law and voted for the conference report on that bill, while I was progressive enough to vote against it. What other legislation has he helped to pilot through Congress in his fourteen years? Nothing.

"I have become a high private in the rear ranks of the Republican Pary in the House. I have been given no important committee assignment. I will not be Speaker, or leader, or on any influential committee. I will have no power through place. What little influence I may have must be based on merit. I am not a radical. I am not a reactionary. I am a sane progressive in favor of moving forward as rapidly as we can see our way. I am for harmony and work, for organization and legislation, for healing up the political wounds and practising economy. I don't want dissension in the Republican ranks in the House, but I know how to fight, and if others want to force a fight on me I am ready to fight all along the line, and enjoy it as much as eating.

"What does really get under my hide is to have a man like Longworth call me a reactionary. Consider just a few of the things I have done in Congress strongly progressive in character. The Pure Food law, creation of the Department of Commerce and the Bureau of Corporations, the enlargement of the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission, various Panama Canal Acts and compensation to injured employes there, the print paper investigation, which has kept down the price of all print paper, and dozens of other important actions of Congress were largely due to me. I accomplished much by working, while Longworth was attending pleasant social functions. I have led the fight in the House for conservation of national resources and I shall, and have, favored woman suffrage. Where has Longworth been on these propositions?

"Unless the Republicans of the House get down to business, quit personal quarrels, quit personal ambitions, and enact timely and needed laws, they are likely to lose the confidence of the country. Mr. Longworth ought to do as I am doing—take his defeat without whimpering and without trying to cause disastrous dissension. By hard work he might develop into a good legislator."

TAKES FIGHT TO MEMBERS.

Johnson Appeals for Enlargement of Republican Steering Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Having failed to persuade the Republican leaders of the incoming House to adopt his plan for an enlargement of the Steering Committee, Representative Royal C. Johnson of South Dakota has written to each Republican member urging that the Steering Committee be enlarged to ten members.

The committee now consists of Representative Frank W. Mondell, the new Republican floor leader, and Messrs. Moore of Pennsylvania, Madden of Illinois, Longworth of Ohio, Winslow of Massachusetts, and Dunn of New York. Mr. Johnson proposes that it be enlarged by adding Messrs. Anderson of Minnesota, Slemp of Virginia, Reavis of Nebraska, and Nolan of California. If this were done, he asserts, the committee would consist of five men who voted for Mr. Gillett for Speaker and five who voted for Mr. Mann.

"There is no one on the Steering Committee," Mr. Johnson's letter to his colleagues says, "representing any agricultural district of the country. Nor is there any representative on the committee from Lake Michigan to the Pacific Coast, unless the floor leader might be so considered.

"The removal of Mr. Anderson, now serving his fifth term, from the Steering Committee, on which he served during the last Congress, constitutes absolutely the only exception to the rule invariably hitherto followed by the Committee on Committees—that no sitting member of any committee should be removed therefrom without his consent. This is very unfair to Mr. Anderson, and places him in an unfortunate position. He represents the wheat area of the United States.

"In the last election important Republican gains were made in representation from the South, and further representation ought to be secured in 1920. The South is not represented on the Steering Committee, and, in my opinion, its recognition means the selection of Mr. Slemp, who has been so prominently identified with the work of the Congressional Committee during the last three campaigns.

"Mr. Reavis of Nebraska has been for years the leader in his State against the policies advocated by Mr. Bryan, and a notable exponent of Republican thought in the progressive West. Labor and the Pacific Coast would both be represented by the selection of Mr. Nolan of California."

LEVER OPPOSES CLARK.

Minority Leader Must Support President, Southern Member Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Representative Asbury F. Lever of South Carolina, late Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, has joined the insurgent movement among Democratic members of the new Congress to prevent the selection of Champ Clark as minority leader.

"I regard it as of the utmost importance to the future success of the Democratic Party," he said, "that the minority leadership in the next Congress shall be strong, aggressive and in the fullest sympathy, not an enforced sympathy, with the plans and purposes of the President of the United States, who for six years has been the elected spokesman and leader of his party. The leadership of the minority in the next Congress should have no axes to grind and no personal ambitions to serve. It should be such a leadership as can freely and without hesitation confer with the actual leader of the party on matters of national and party policies. Without such harmonious relationship the situation for 1920 is impossible; with it the future of the party could not be more hopeful, for it is my firm belief that the overwhelming majority of the people of the country are in line with the President in his wonderful fight to minimize to the very limit the possibility of wars in the future.

"The 1,300,000 soldiers who have gone through the brutal murder of this war, returning to this country, are as certain to give their support to the idea of a League of Nations as it is certain that the sun will rise tomorrow morning, and no man can be selected to lead the Democrats in the next House who does not in full measure believe in this doctrine. To select a man for leader who does not believe in it would be suicide, and it is my belief that when the Democrats of the country realize what the real situation is they will demand, in terms which cannot be misunderstood, such a leadership as will give the President and his policies the fullest support.

"Democrats cannot allow personal relationships or sympathy to stand in the way of party success, and they are not going to do it. Personally I will support no man who will say that a conscript is synonymous with a convict."

$50,000 FOR A WHISTLER.

His Painting of Chinese Subject Now Owned by a New Yorker.

Another important example of Whistler has found its way to America, the native land of the artist. It is "La Princesse du Pays de la Porcelain," which has just been sold by the Howard Young Galleries, 620 Fifth Avenue, to a New York collector for $50,000. This painting, a free translation of whose title would be "The Princess of Porcelain Land," has for its subject the figure of a high-born Chinese woman, standing against a screen, holding a fan. The real subject of the work, however, is its exquisite color, a "harmony of pink and gray."

"La Princesse du Pays de la Porcelain" was originally sold in 1891 by Dowdeswell & Dowdeswell of London to Van Wisselingh, a collector, who sold it two years later to Professor Brown of Slade School, London. He in turn sold it to Carroll Thompson, a connoisseur, who was author of a work on Corot. Mr. Thompson sold it to Agnew & Son, and it then passed to Alexander Young of London. Purchased from him by Boussod, Valadon & Co., it found its way through dealers' channels to America.

BENEFITS ANNOUNCED.

Mr. and Mrs. Abram I. Elkus, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, Mrs. Finley J. Shepard, Mrs. Charles E. Hughes are among those interested in a benefit recital to aid the Constantinople College for Women, which will be held at Aeolian Hall on Friday evening next. Aurelio Giorni, pianist, will give his only recital for the season in New York, and Hans Kronold, 'cellist, will also play. Charles R. Crane is President of the college, and Dr. Talcott Williams is Vice President.

Yvonne Gall, of the Paris and Chicago opera companies, will give a concert in Aeolian Hall on Friday, March 28, for the benefit of the Speedwell Society, which cares for sick, convalescent, or abandoned babies. Mrs. Brayton Ives, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Mrs. Stephen Wise, Mrs. H. A. Alexander, Mrs. W. H. Burr, Mrs. J. A. Hartwell, and others are interested in it. Boxes may be had from Mrs Brayton Ives, 32 West Forty-ninth Street, and other tickets at the hall.

Eleanora di Cisneros is to sing at an entertainment for the benefit of St. Joseph's Church, 57 Washington Street, under the auspices of the Women's Auxiliary of the Maronite Mission, to take place Sunday evening, March 30, at the Plaza. Original pictures from the French War Office will be shown, and Marcel Knecht of the French High Commission will speak on Syria, France, and the United States. Mrs. M. F. Westergren is President, and Mrs. Seton Henry, Mrs. William Lummis, and Mrs. W. F. Clare are Vice Presidents of the auxiliary.

The Committee of the East Side House Music School will give a tea at 4 o'clock on Saturday, March 29, at 154 East Seventieth Street. David Mannes is the Director of the school, and the committee includes Mrs. Sturgis Coffin, Chairman; Mrs. Cass Gilbert, Mrs. W. A. Hazard, Mrs. F. S. Snithers, and others.

A card party in aid of the Lenox Hill Settlement is to be held on Saturday afternoon, April 5, at 2:30 o'clock at the Pennsylvania Hotel, the first of its kind in that new hostelry. Miss Emma Klausen of 51 East Ninetieth Street, has the tickets, and Mrs. P. C. Ralli of 167 West Eighty-eighth Street, is the Secretary.

ROOSEVELT TELLS OF 'NEW G. A. R.'

Announces Plans for War Society to Take In All Who Fought in the Great Conflict.

MEETING NOW ON IN PARIS

Aim Is to Promote Comradeship and Keep Alive the Patriotism That Featured Sacrifice.

Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt of the 26th Infantry, who has been put in charge of organizing in this country an association of officers and enlisted men who have served in the American forces in the world war, gave out a statement at his home, 165 East Seventy-fourth Street, last night. Colonel Roosevelt said the meeting in this country for organization would be held about the end of April and that the place of the meeting had not yet been fixed. He said he was now busy with the details of the work.

"At the present time," he said, "the various representative men who are eligible to belong to the 'New G. A. R.' are discussing and planning the preliminary meeting similar to that now being held in Paris by officers and enlisted men overseas." The statement given out in typewritten form by Colonel Roosevelt follows:

"On Feb. 15 a representative group of members of the National Guard and National Army, then overseas, held a preliminary meeting in Paris to consider plans for the organization of an association to include in its membership all officers and enlisted men who have served in the forces of the United States, either at home or overseas, in the war against the Central Powers, with the purpose of promoting comradeship and serving the nation by keeping alive the spirit which has caused American citizens to make such great sacrifices.

"At this preliminary meeting steps were taken to hold in Paris the meeting now going on, at which a program will be formulated to be submitted later in America to a meeting of a thoroughly representative body of all officers and men who have served in the American forces during the great war.

"It is intended that this meeting in America shall be called at a date sufficiently late in the year to allow for the return of the Expeditionary Force and for the mustering out of service of substantially all nonprofessional soldiers.

"Representatives of the meeting which is being held in Paris—March 15 to March 17—will promptly come to America to co-operate with those who have not had the privilege of serving overseas and with the discharged members in this country of the Expeditionary Force.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT,
"Lieutenant Colonel 26th Infantry."

Colonel Roosevelt said he expected to receive by cable within the next day or two details of what was done at the meeting in Paris. When these details are received they will be announced by him.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Harris of Lowerre Summit, Yonkers, have announced the engagement of their eldest daughter, Jean, to Mr. H. C. Paul of 214 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. Mr. Paul has just returned from service abroad on the submarine chaser 351.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Martha M. Kane, daughter of Mrs. Anna Kane of Bryant Avenue, the Bronx, to Gaston J. Cramer, son of Joseph Cramer of 565 West 169th Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Swain of Tulsa, Okla., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Eva K. Swain of 288 West Ninety-second Street, this city, to Raymond T. Fish of 202 Riverside Drive.

Mrs. Clara Schloss of 801 West End Avenue has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Adele Beryl Schloss, to Herbert A. Bleyer, a Sergeant in the Presbyterian unit, which has just arrived from twenty-one months in Europe.

The engagement is announced of Miss Flora MacDonald Bewick, a daughter by a former marriage of Mrs. Edward Terence Donnelly, to Brig. Gen. Wallace Wright, V. C., of the British Army. Miss Bewick has spent a year in France in war work. Her mother is in Atlanta, Ga., and her stepfather, Brig. Gen. Donnelly, U. S. A., who is a brother of Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed, is in France. The wedding is to take place in Paris.

Hold Lenten Sewing Class.

The annual Lenten Sewing Class for the Clothing Committee of St. Luke's Hospital Social Service will hold its second meeting on Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Stuart Duncan, 3 East Seventy-fifth Street. The first was held last week at Miss Fanny A. Smith's, 521 Park Avenue. Mrs. John S. Sheppard is President of the Social Service, and Mrs. Deas Murphy is Chairman of the Clothing Committee.

Gerald Griffin, Actor, Dies.

Gerald Griffin, the character actor, died yesterday in Venice, Cal., according to a telegram received by the Green Room Club, of which he was a member. The body will be brought here for burial. Mr. Griffin, who was 65 years old, went to California three months ago for his health. He was last seen on Broadway as Moran in "The Battle," and was in England at the beginning of the war. Fifteen years ago he was principal comedian in the famous stock company at the Fifth Avenue Theatre. He was born in Pittsburgh.

Lieut. Mario Pasquali Dies Here.

Lieutenant Mario Pasquali of the Italian Military Mission died yesterday at the Washington Square Private Hospital of pneumonia. He was 35 years old and before the war was a merchant in Savona, Italy. He saw active service in the Alps for a year, after which he came to this country to buy ammunition and guns for the Italian Army. A military funeral will be held at the Campbell Funeral Church and the body will be taken to Italy for burial.

Obituary Notes.

THEODORE HUNTER, of the banking department of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, died yesterday at Lebanon Hospital, at the age of 65.

Mrs. ANNA TERESA GILCHRIST, 38 years old, wife of George Gilchrist, a Wall Street stock broker, died yesterday afternoon at her home, 272 Manhattan Avenue.

Dr. JULIUS F. SIVENY, a specialist in internal diseases at Providence, R. I., died yesterday of pneumonia at the Peck Memorial Hospital, Brooklyn, following an operation. He was 31 years old.

PAUL SAMUEL BECK, 36 years old, manager for the Moon Wire Company plant at Garwood, N. J., is dead at his home in Fanwood, N. J., of influenza.

FREDERICK J. SYME, for a number of years publisher of The Stockholder, a Wall Street weekly, died on Saturday at his home in Bronxville. He was 72 years old.

WILLIAM STEVENS, formerly superintendent of the City Club, died on Friday at his home, 851 East 217th Street, at the age of 70 years.

JOHN J. KORBEL of Turner's Falls, Mass., a writer on automobiling, died yesterday at St. Vincent's Hospital of pneumonia following influenza. Mr. Korbel was 36 years old.

Mrs. MARY S. DOUGLAS, widow of Frederick E. Douglas, died yesterday at her home on Milbank Avenue, Greenwich, Conn. Born in Portsmouth, N. H., she had lived in New York City for thirty years prior to her removal to Greenwich three years ago.

JOHN S. ANDERSON, widely known as a breeder of thoroughbred shorthorn cattle, died yesterday at Shelburne Falls, Mass. He was 81 years old.

Mrs. MARY de FOREST WILSON, wife of the Rev. Charles Chase Wilson, and daughter of Louis Crawford Clark, a New York banker, is dead at Jamaica Plain, Mass., in her thirty-fifth year.

GILBERT R. MERRITT, a retired fireman of the New York Fire Department, died on Saturday in his eighty-eighth year, at his home, 674-A Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

Dr. JAMES T. MEEHAN of 206 East Sixty-second Street died yesterday. Dr. Meehan was graduated from the New York University Medical College in 1882.

Mrs. FRANCES ROGERS JANEWAY, widow of Dr. Edward G. Janeway, died suddenly yesterday at her home, 131 East Sixtieth Street. Dr. Janeway died in 1911. Mrs. Janeway was a daughter of the late Rev. Dr. E. P. Rogers.

Dr. MAX LANDESMAN, for many years a practicing physician in this city, died yesterday at his home, 120 West 118th Street, in his fifty-seventh year. Dr. Landesman was a director of the People's Hospital, and a thirty-second degree Mason.

Mrs. MARGARET SCANLON, 107, said to be the oldest woman in Massachusetts, died yesterday at Holyoke, in that State. She was born in Ireland.

DR. FRANK R. RIX DEAD.

Music Supervisor for Eighteen Years in New York's Schools.

Dr. Frank Reader Rix, physician and musician, who for the last eighteen years was Manhattan Borough Supervisor of Musical Education in the Public Schools for the New York Board of Education, died yesterday afternoon at the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital. The funeral services will be held at the Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street, on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, and the body will be taken to Lowell, Mass., where Dr. Rix was born sixty-five years ago.

After graduation from Harvard University as a physician, Dr. Rix practiced his profession in Lowell for fourteen years before he decided on a musical career. He had a baritone voice and studied at the Boston Conservatory of Music and in Paris. Twenty-five years ago he came to New York City, making his home at Flushing, L. I., and more recently at Scotch Plains, N. J. He was a member of the Flushing Lodge, F. and A. M. His widow, five sons, and a daughter survive.

Dr. Rix was an advocate of eliminating "dialect" from songs such as "Dixie" printed in the textbooks, and a conference of high school music teachers in September, 1916, asked music publishers to make the change. "The reasons," said Dr. Rix at that time, "should appeal to any interested person. We want our children to learn pure English, not a dialect. I think that the change ought to be made throughout the country."

Born.

HAKIM.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hakim, (nee Celia Feldman,) announce the arrival of a son, on March 4, 1919, at the Sydenham Hospital.

LICHTENTHAL.—To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lichtenthal, (nee Rose Weinberger,) 156 2d Av., a son, March 16, 1919.

Married.

HARTSHORNE—SAHLIN.—The marriage of Miss Ellen Fritz Sahlin to Richard Hartshorne, Lieutenant U. S. Navy, was solemnized in this city at the home of the bride on March 15, 1919. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William J. Dawson, D. D., of Newark, N. J.

HEAVEY—MELCHER.—Mrs. Frank Otis Melcher has the honor of announcing the marriage of her daughter, Julia Richmond, to Major William Francis Heavey, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, on Saturday the 15th of March, 1919, at Brooklyn, N. Y.

KAUFMAN—BUSCH.—Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Busch, 351 St. Nicholas Av., announce the marriage of their daughter, Florence, to Mr. Jack L. Kaufman, on Sunday, March 16, 1919.

SCHWARTZMAN—PIKE.—Mr. and Mrs. M. Pike announce the marriage of their daughter Anna to Mr. Max Schwartzman on March 16 at her home, 956 Tiffany St.

WEINBERGER—GREENBERG.—Mr. H. M. Greenberg, 34 West 119th, announces the marriage of his daughter, Fannie, to Mr. Louis Weinberger, March 16, 1919.

Died.

ALEXANDER.—Charles C., on March 15, in his 77th year. Funeral services Monday, March 17, at 11 o'clock A. M., at funeral parlors of Fairchild Sons, 86 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn.

ALEXANDER.—The General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of the City of New York. Executive Offices, 20 West 44th St. Brothers: Sorrowful announcement is made of the death of Brother Charles C. Alexander on March 15, for thirty-one years a member of the society, serving faithfully for twenty-six consecutive years on the Library Committee.
FRANK E. WISE, President.
RICHARD T. DAVIES, Secretary.

BAMBERG.—At Ellenville, N. Y., on March 15, the Rev. Theodore Bamberg, rector of St. Andrew's R. C. Church of Ellenville. Solemn requiem mass will be sung Tuesday, March 18, at 11 A. M. The Rev. clergy, relatives, and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

BAUER.—On March 15, 1919, Edith Louise Hulberg, wife of George C. Bauer. Funeral services at home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Hulberg, 267 West 121st St., Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

BRADY.—On Sunday, March 16, Julia Magdalene, beloved wife of William M. Brady and beloved daughter of Thomas and Mary Fitzpatrick. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BROPHY.—At Princeton, N. J., on the 15th inst., Joseph P. Brophy of the Ivy Club, Princeton, N. J. Funeral will be held at the Funeral Parlors of J. D. Lawrence, 200 Nassau St., Princeton, N. J., Tuesday morning, 8 o'clock. Requiem high mass St. Paul's R. C. Church, 8:30, and interment in St. Paul's Cemetery, Princeton, N. J., March 18, 1919.

CLARK.—March 16, John H., age 62 years. Funeral services at the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremating Co.'s New Harlem Chapel, 2,343 8th Av., near 125th St., Tuesday, 1 o'clock.

CONKLIN.—On March 15, Eugene H. Conklin of 320 West 83d St., in his 79th year. Funeral services at Calvary Baptist Church, West 57th St., Tuesday, March 18, 8 P. M.

CONKLIN.—Veteran Association 71st Regiment, N. G. N. Y.—With profound sorrow announcement is made of the death of our comrade, Past President Eugene H. Conklin. Comrades are requested to attend the funeral services at Calvary Baptist Church, 123 West 57th St., on Tuesday, March 18, 8 o'clock P. M.
F. V. GREENE, President.
WALTER I. JOYCE, Secretary.

DESSAR.—Captain Harry L., aged 53, beloved husband of Carolyn Dessar, son of Hannah Dessar and the late Joseph B. Dessar. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., Tuesday, March 18, at 10:30 A. M. Nyack papers please copy.

DOUGLAS.—Mary Sheafe, on Saturday, March 15, at Greenwich, Conn., Mary Hale Sheafe, widow of the late Frederick E. Douglas. Funeral private. Boston and New Hampshire papers please copy.

EMMONS.—March 15, 1919, Mary Winthrop Emmons, wife of J. Frank Emmons of New York City, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. I. R. Edmands, Niagara Falls, N. Y. Interment private.

FICHTMAN.—Louis, beloved husband of Jennie (nee Openheim) and devoted father of Emma Loewenthal, Sigmund, Martin, Herbert and Fred. Funeral services at his late residence, 552 West 174th St., Tuesday, March 18, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

FLEMING.—Suddenly, on March 15, 1919, John Fleming, born in Galt, Ontario, eldest son of the late John Fleming, aged 66 years. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Building, Broadway and 66th St., Monday afternoon 4 o'clock. Interment Galt, Ontario, Canada.

FRANK.—Celia, wife of Julius Frank and sister of Rose Feist and Hattie Glick. Funeral from her late residence, 2,058 63d St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, at 10:30 A. M.

FRANK.—Dr. Gustave, on Sunday, 2 P. M., aged 83. Funeral Tuesday, 2 P. M., Dargeon's Funeral Parlors, Amsterdam Av. and 107th St. San Francisco papers please copy.

FULLER.—On Saturday, March 15, 1919, Valancey E., son of the late Bishop Thomas Brock Fuller, in his 70th year. Funeral services at Christ Episcopal Church, East Orange, N. J., Tuesday morning, March 18, at 11:30 o'clock. Hamilton (Ontario) papers please copy.

GILCHRIST.—Anna Teresa, wife of George Gilchrist, on March 16. Notice of funeral hereafter. Body now lying in state at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St.

GILLEY.—Margaret Gray Jenkins, beloved wife of Dr. William C. Gilley, March 16, 1919. Funeral services at her late residence, 176 West 81st St., Tuesday, March 18, at 4 P. M. Interment Ithaca, N. Y.

GUEDES.—March 15, Fernando Guedes. Funeral Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Monday, 3 P. M.

HALL.—At Newark, N. J., on Saturday, March 15, 1919, David B. Hall, in his 61st year, formerly of Highbridge, N. Y. Funeral services will be held at 944 Broad St., Newark, N. J., (Smith & Smith,) on Monday, March 17, at 3:30 P. M.

HANNA.—On March 15, 1919, at his home, 56 West 105th St., Thomas Cartwright, son of the late John and Anna Hanna. Services at the West End Presbyterian Church, Amsterdam Av. and 105th St., Monday, March 17, at 8 P. M.

HECHT.—Jacob, husband of the late Rose and beloved father of Joseph, Jacob, and Isidor Hecht, on March 15. Funeral services at his late residence, 2,504 7th Av., Monday, March 17, at 1:30 P. M.

HECHT.—Jacob, Sebulon Lodge, No. 8, I. O. F. S. of I.: Brethren, it is with regret we announce the death of our beloved brother, Jacob Hecht. Funeral takes place from his late residence, 2,504 7th Av., at 1:30 P. M., Monday, March 17. Please attend. J. VOSS, President.
SAM BISGYER, Secretary.

HUNTER.—On March 15, Theodore. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Bldg., Broadway and 66th St., on Monday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Interment private.

JANEWAY.—Fanny Rogers, widow of the late Dr. Edward G. Janeway, and daughter of the late E. P. Rogers, D. D., and Elizabeth Caldwell Rogers, passed away suddenly at her residence, 131 East 60th St., on Sunday, March 16. Notice of funeral hereafter. Hartford, Conn., papers please copy.

KENDALL.—At Nassau, B. W. I., March 1, I. Wistar Kendall. Funeral service private, at his late home, 126 East 79th St., on Tuesday, March 18, at 10 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

KINGSBURY.—Col. Isaac F., on March 16, 1919, at Hartford, Conn., beloved husband of Laura Kingsbury, (nee Holmes,) father of Dr. I. W. Kingsbury and Mrs. V. G. Simkhovitch. Funeral services at Old First Church, Newton Center, Mass., Wednesday, March 19, at 2 o'clock.

KNOX.—At Troy, N. Y., on Sunday, March 16, John Hugh Knox, in the 74th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

KORBEL.—On March 16, John J. Korbel, of pneumonia. Funeral Tuesday morning at Turner's Falls, Mass.

LANDESMAN.—Dr. Max, on March 16th, at his home, 120 West 118th St., beloved husband of Annie Landesman, father of Dr. Harry Landesman, in his 57th year. Member of Perfect Ashlar Lodge, F. and A. M., Cerneau Consistory No. 1, Solomon Kohn Lodge, I. O. B. A., Eastern Medical Society, New York Physician Association, Director Peoples Hospital, Talmud Torah, Ohab Zedek. Funeral services from his late residence, Monday, 10 o'clock A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

LANDESMAN.—Perfect Ashlar Lodge, No. 604, F. and A. M.: Brethren, you are hereby summoned to attend the funeral and pay our last tribute of respect to our brother, Dr. Max Landesman, on Monday, 11 A. M., at his late residence, 120 West 118th St. By order of
REUBEN GREENBAUM.
NATHAN UNGER, Secretary.

LEMCKE.—At her residence, 407 River St., Hackensack, N. J., on March 15, 1919, Mathilde A., beloved wife of William A. Lemcke, in her 84th year. Funeral services will be held Monday, March 17, at 8:45 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

LEVY.—March 16, in her 49th year, Fanny, (nee Weil,) beloved wife of Edward J. and devoted mother of Dr. Ralph and Rosalind. Relatives and friends invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 18 West 75th St., on Tuesday, March 18, 1:30 P. M. Detroit, Mich., and New Orleans, La., papers please copy.

LITZENBERGER.—Charles, on March 15, at his late residence, 545 Grant Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

McALL.—On March 16, 1919, L. Wardlaw, aged 4 years, beloved son of Reginald L. and Sarah Burwell McAll, at their residence, 171 West 78th St., New York, of pneumonia. Funeral private.

MacDOWELL.—At the residence of his parents, 166 West 87th St., on Sunday, March 16, 1919, Noah MacDowell, 3d, son of Noah MacDowell, Jr., and Christine Taylor MacDowell. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MADDEN.—Harry A. Madden. Funeral St. Mary's Church, Kingston, Tuesday, March 18.

MEEHAN.—Dr. James T. Meehan, 206 East 62d St., Sunday morning, March 16. Notice of funeral hereafter. Brooklyn and Jersey papers please copy.

MEINKEN.—On Sunday, March 16, 1919, Ernst A. Meinken, beloved husband of Emilie Kloppenburg, in his 75th year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Tuesday evening, March 18, at 8 o'clock, at his late home, 1,373 Dean St., Brooklyn. Interment at convenience of family.

MERGENTIME.—On Friday, March 14, Marie L. Mergentime, sister of Clara, Sophie Baer, Louise Baer, and Mathilde Pappenheimer. Funeral from her late residence, 375 Central Park West. Indianapolis and Peru (Ind.) papers please copy.

MERRITT.—On Saturday, March 15, in his 88th year, Gilbert R. Merritt passed away at his home, 674-A Jefferson Av., Brooklyn. He was a retired fireman of the New York Fire Department. Funeral services Monday evening, March 17, at 8 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, March 18 at 2 o'clock.

NEAL.—Mary Alexander, wife of Alton J. Neal and mother of Dr. Josephine B. Neal, on March 15, at her home, Lewiston, Me., of pneumonia.

NEUSTADTER.—Clara, widow of the late Leo Neustadter, at her residence, 1,215 Park Av. Funeral services at 10 A. M. today. Kindly omit flowers.

O'CONNOR.—Joseph N. On March 14, 1919, at his home, Mulry Lane, Lawrence, L. I., Joseph N. O'Connor, beloved husband of Winifred H. O'Connor, (nee Mulry.) Funeral from St. Joachim Church, Cedarhurst, L. I., Monday, March 17, at 10 A. M.

O'HARA.—Patrick J. O'Hara, beloved husband of the late Nora O'Hara, March 14, 1919, after a short illness, from pneumonia. He was in his 42d year. A daughter, Edna Mae, and a son, James C., survive. Funeral from 116 West 124th St., Tuesday, March 18, 1919, at 9 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

PASQUALI.—Lieut. Mario, Italian Mission. Lying in state at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell's,) 1,970 Broadway.

PERRY.—Suddenly, at Woodbridge, N. J., March 14, 1919, Oliver N. Perry, in the 78th year of his age. Survived by his widow, Rebecca G. Perry, and daughters, Mrs. B. W. Hoagland and Mrs. Irving Maxwell.

PRYOR.—The Confederate Veteran Camp announces the death of Comrade Roger A. Pryor. Funeral services at his late residence, 3 West 69th St., at 11 A. M., Monday, March 17. Comrades are requested to attend.
WILLIAM S. KEILEY, Commander.
CLARENCE R. HATTON, Adjutant.

RIX.—On March 16, 1919, Dr. Frank R., beloved husband of Ella M. Rix, in his 67th year, formerly of Lowell, Mass. Masonic services will be held by Cornucopia Lodge, 563, F. and A. M., at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Building, Broadway and 66th St., Tuesday evening, 9 o'clock, for the benefit of his many friends. Interment will be made at Plainfield, N. J.

ROBINSON.—At Lawrenceville, N. J., on March 14, William Andrew. Funeral services March 17, at 3 P. M., at the Kennedy House, Lawrenceville. Interment at Harrisburg, Penn., March 18. Kindly omit flowers.

RODGER.—On March 14, Marguerite E. S., wife of Robert T. Rodger and daughter of the late John Hannah and Frances R. Hannah. Services at Watchung Congregational Church, Montclair, N. J., on Monday, March 17, at 4 P. M. Erie train for Park St., Montclair, leaves Jersey City at 3:01 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

RONAGHAN.—March 15, 1919, Arthur Ronaghan, Sr. Funeral Tuesday, 9:15 A. M., from his late residence, 374 East 2d St., Brooklyn, thence to Immaculate Heart of Mary Church, East 4th St. and Fort Hamilton Parkway. Mass at 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

SILBERMAN.—Minnie, beloved wife of Jacob Silberman and devoted mother of Murry, George, William, Milton, and Martha Fried, Sunday, March 16, after a brief illness. Funeral at 10 A. M., Tuesday, March 18; residence, 69 East 90th St. Kindly omit flowers.

SMITH.—William F., suddenly, on March 14, William F., beloved husband of Minnie L. and father of Lieutenant Ralph and Private Francis Smith. Funeral services at his late residence, 954 East 181st St., Bronx, on Monday, March 17, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

SORENSEN.—On March 16, 1919, Emma, beloved wife of Paul Sorensen, in her 45th year. Funeral from 14 East 39th St., Wednesday at 2 P. M. Interment New York Bay Cemetery.

STEVENS.—William, in his 70th year, on Friday, March 14, 1919, at his residence, 851 East 217th St., New York. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

SUSE.—Leontine Catherine, beloved wife of Frederick E. Suse and daughter of the late Emil and Leontine Marie Sauer, on Saturday, March 15, at her residence, 745 Madison Av., New York. Funeral service at 10 A. M., on Tuesday, March 18, at the Church of St. Vincent Ferrer, Lexington Av. and 66th St. Please omit flowers.

TRACY.—At East Orange, N. J., on Sunday, March 16, 1919, Maryin Edith, only child of Stanley M. and Mildred M. Tracy, aged 5 months. Funeral private.

ULRICH.—On March 15, 1919, after a long, severe illness, in her 53d year, Emma L. Ulrich, (nee Greer,) beloved wife of Charles G. Ulrich and mother of Edward, Minnie, and Madeline; daughter of Hannah Greer and sister of Henry Greer. Funeral from her late residence, 439 East 82d St., on Tuesday, 2 P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend interment at Greenfield Cemetery, Hempstead, L. I. Auto service.

VAN GORDEN.—Clara Mahala, wife of the late J. H. Van Gorden, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Harvard A. Kehlbeck, 604 Riverside Drive, on Saturday, March 15, 1919.

WARD.—On Saturday, March 15, 1919, Theresa A., (nee Mead,) wife of the late Ralph Ward. Funeral services at her late residence, 105 Conselyea St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday evening, March 18, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

WESTERFELD.—On Sunday, at her residence, 117 East 77th St., Emma Schuck, beloved wife of Charles Westerfeld and mother of Bert, Alfred, Olga, and the late Charles. Funeral on Wednesday at 10 o'clock from St. Jean Baptiste Church, 76th St. and Lexington Av. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

WILSON.—Suddenly, at Jamaica Plains, Mass., on March 15, 1919, Mary de Forest, wife of the Rev. Charles C. Wilson, and daughter of Louis Crawford Clark and the late Marian de Forest Clark, in the 35th year of her age. Funeral services at the Church of our Saviour, Albany St., Roslindale, Mass., on Tuesday, March 18, at 3 P. M. Interment at Burlington, Vt.

WATERS.—At Hackensack, N. J., March 16, 1919, John W., beloved husband of Ema L. Waters. Funeral services at Ricardo's Mortuary Chapel, 206 Main St., Hackensack, N. J., Wednesday morning, March 19, at 9 o'clock.

WOLF.—S. Henry Wolf, beloved husband of Amelia, and father of Clifford and Edwin, suddenly, at his residence, 309 West 99th St. Funeral at convenience of family.

In Memoriam.

FRANK.—Gustav. In fond memory of our loving father, Gustav Frank, who departed March 17, 1907.

SEGAL.—In memory of our beloved mother, Rebecca Segal, who departed this life on March 20, 1916.

SLEMO.—In loving memory of our dear son and brother, Samuel, who died March 17, 1918.
MOTHER, BROTHERS, SISTER.

SOLOMON. — Leo J.; in loving memory of our dear departed friend.
MR. AND MRS. E. ALOVIS AND SON.

SOLOMON. — Leo J.; in loving memory of my dear departed friend. A FRIEND.

TAYLOR.—Sarah E., March 17, 1914
TAYLOR.—Sarah E., June 5, 1915.
COREY.—Mary A., Aug. 25, 1915.
In loving memory of our dear mother, Sarah E. Taylor, and her lifelong friends.

UPSHUR.—In sad and loving memory of my wife, Julia Upshur, who died March 17, 1918. May her soul rest in peace.
HER HUSBAND.

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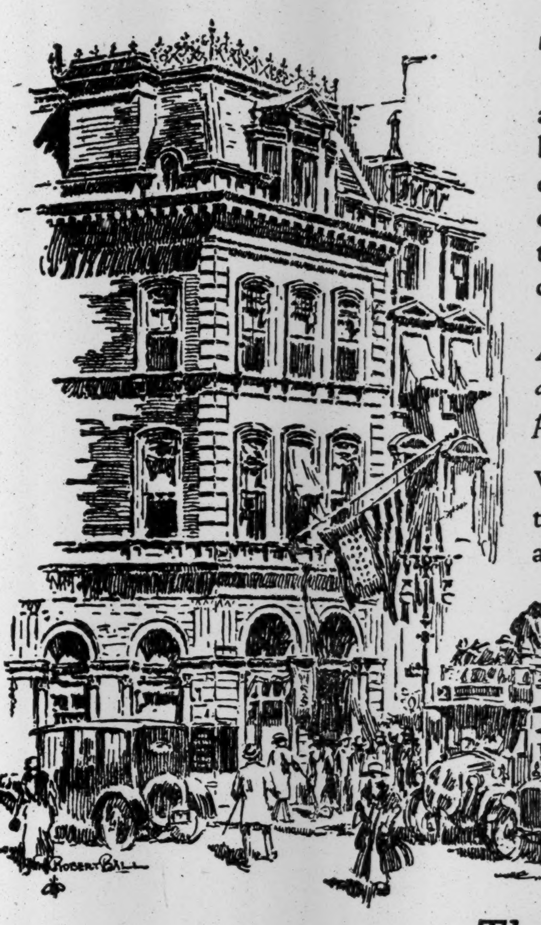

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

Stocks Reflect Discounting Processes

The action of many stocks last week aroused the question of whether or not some of the influences which had forwarded the advance from Feb. 10 had been fairly well discounted. These were shares which ordinarily reflect the underlying factors of business and finance, including the steel and railroad issues. Consideration of the dominant tendencies of business from day to day was largely submerged in speculative enthusiasm for certain stocks whose gains were exceptionally large, but a survey of the net result of dealings at the end of the week showed that the so-called standard issues had not made any progress to speak of. In fact certain of the steel and railroad shares left off with a net decline, the copper stocks were, in the main, considerably lower than on the preceding Saturday, and all through the list there were "soft" spots which indicated that offerings had been a little greater than the existing demand could absorb. Fifty representative issues showed a gain of about 1¼ points, and among them were included three or four which had stood out prominently in day-to-day dealings because of their rapid upbidding. The great breadth an unusual activity of the market appeared to indicate that public participation was more of a factor than the week before, and yet the stocks which have the greater appeal for the average investor and speculator were sluggish and more or less inclined to lower levels. The majority of the score of stocks which reached upward to new high ground for the year were ones which lend themselves effectively to the operations of strong "pools," and if the gossip of the market place has any degree of accuracy there were numerous pools at work. These references to actual occurrences are not by way of preparing a prediction that the market reached its zenith and had its frequent appearances of strength sustained solely by artificial speculative efforts. It is only by luck that any one ever selects the maximum or minimum points of a market movement, and an attempt at prophecy may be overturned an hour later by the entrance of a new and positive force into sentiment. The factors which direct speculation are too many and often too ethereal to be labeled when detected, and usually they cannot be described until after their effect has been clearly seen. In referring to last week's developments it would be safer to consider what went before than to guess about what may come to pass in the future. At the end of the preceding week stocks were left in a strong position because several disturbing events had shaped themselves better than had been expected. The country's steelmakers had agreed to cooperate with Government officials to the end of stabilizing prices on a lower basis, and the Railroad Administration had received assurances from bankers that it would receive a full measure of assistance in straightening out the financial situation of the roads.

It was expected that in a few days important details of means to be used in the steel market and among the railroads would be completed. Speculative sentiment toward the steel and railroad issues was materially improved. It happened, however, that the succeeding steps were not taken as quickly as the Street expected. The meeting between the steel men's committee and the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce was delayed for a week by the illness of E. H. Gary of the Steel Corporation, and the Railroad Administration, War Finance Corporation, and the bankers found it necessary to consider a number of technical matters connected with the financial program before they could come to a complete decision. Thus, the stock market found itself bereft of two constructive influences which traders who held stocks had counted upon to strengthen their advantage. It was likely, however, that the market had more than these temporary delays to contend with in continuing the forward movement. The advance running from 5 to 10 points in the general list from the middle of February had doubtless caused many possessors of paper profits to convert them into cash, and new buying was not quite large enough to absorb such selling. More important, perhaps, than these fairly evident factors tending toward equilibrium, if not toward reaction, was caution on the part of potential buyers, who desired, before acquiring stocks, more concrete proof of business improvement than has been evident so far in the year. These were the market followers who expressed the thought that the market had discounted a part of the betterment in industry and commerce which has occurred since the post-armistice doubt of industrial stability was removed by a gradually return toward a normal business basis. These were the students of comparative quotations, who thought it might be well to learn something more about progress at the Peace Conference, about the plans for the railroads, about the attitude of steel buyers toward new prices, about the trend of political developments in Germany, and about the establishment of credits here by foreign interests for the purchase of American goods, before making new commitments, or increasing old ones, in stocks. All of which does not spell a definite trend of prices toward lower levels before a fresh start is made to equalize outside occurrences and security quotations again. While new factors were absent last week, and the sustaining power of old ones appeared to be less, it is evident to every one that fresh occurrences of first importance are impending. Whether they, too, have been partly appraised already in terms of stock market quotations remains for the future to tell.

The status of the local money market was well emphasized by the financing of a 6,000,000-share turnover of stocks on the Stock Exchange at the same time that income tax payments were met, with the call loan rate closing the week at its minimum figure. The rate ranged between 5½ and 4½ per cent., the higher figure being under the quotation which prevailed for weeks on end when the Money Committee controlled the market. The current slackness of many lines of industry has probably resulted in large accumulations of loanable funds at New York. The reports of several industrial companies in recent days have disclosed large cash holdings as well as sizable totals of funds out on call.

Monthly railroad earnings promise to supply an excellent barometer of trade during the remainder of the year. Reports by the Interstate Commerce Commission for January show that the carriers failed to earn the equivalent of the standard return pledged to them by the Railroad Administration by a margin of about $35,000,000. Inasmuch as all wage increases for railway employes counted in the January return, and traffic was still suffering from the slump which followed the slackening of war goods shipments, the net income of the future months should reflect whatever improvement occurs in industry. The state of business generally promises to bear the primary influence for either bringing the railroads through the year on even terms with the rental contracts or with another deficit for taxpayers to make good.

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Their Success Told in Report of American International Corporation.

The report of the American International Corporation for the year ended Dec. 31, 1918, issued today, shows net earnings, after the deduction of interest charges, domestic and foreign taxes, and other expenses amounting to $3,716,379, which, under the preferred stock provision, was equal to $63.78 earned on each share of paid up preferred and $11.44 earned on each share of paid up common stock. The company's gross income was $7,846,547, which compared with $6,830,394 in 1917, while surplus increased from $3,507,513 in 1917 to $5,743,410 in 1918.

The report shows that the corporation in 1918 acquired all the stock of Carter, Macy & Co., Inc., as well as all the stock of the Rosin and Turpentine Export Company. In his report to stockholders, President Charles A. Stone, touching upon its activities in connection with the shipbuilding plant at Hog Island, said in part:

"The successful completion of this plant—the largest in the world—in a phenomenally short space of time, under weather and labor conditions heretofore unknown, is an accomplishment of which the stockholders, Directors and officers of the American International Corporation and the organizations and individuals associated with them may well be proud.

"It was an undertaking of unprecedented difficulty, and many well-informed people considered it impossible to construct and operate a plant fabricating ships on the scale proposed. This yard, however, was completed for operating purposes within twelve months from the date the contract was signed, and by the end of the year three ships had been delivered and accepted by the Government, ten were being outfitted in the basin, and fifty were on the ways, many of them nearly ready to be launched.

"Quantity production of fabricated ships has been proved practical. The principles of design and construction adopted during the war as the only way in which vessels could be built in the wholesale quantities demanded are applicable in times of peace and will be of great importance in reducing the cost of construction of vessels in America. The ships built at Hog Island have received the highest rating both from Lloyds and the American Bureau of Shipping. Operators to whom they have been assigned by the Emergency Fleet Corporation have expressed great satisfaction and are asking for more of the same type. They are performing admirably their service in carrying American goods to foreign ports and have fulfilled every expectation."

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED MARCH 15, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	6,029,283	34,811,084
Same period a year ago.	1,812,222	29,236,657

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks.	78.12	75.89	78.12	69.73
Same period a year ago.	69.78	68.29	70.95	64.12

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
330	ADAMS EXPRESS	40⅝	39⅝	39⅝	−2⅝
19,500	Advance Rumely	28½	24¾	27¾	+1¾
11,400	Advance Rumely pf.	65	62	64½	+1¾
6,800	Ajax Rubber	75⅞	74	74	−1
13,450	Alaska Gold Mines	4⅛	3⅛	3⅝	+⅛
29,000	Alaska Juneau	2⅝	1⅞	2¼	+½
38,800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	36¼	34⅝	35	+¼
2,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf.	90¼	89	89½	+1
35,560	Am. Agricul. Chem.	108¼	104	107¾	+3
400	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf.	103	99½	103	+4½
100	Am. Bank Note	45	45	*45	+3¾
15,500	Am. Beet Sugar	75⅝	73⅝	74⅞	+⅝
100	Am. Brake S. & F. pf.	165	165	165	..
53,400	Am. Can	49½	47	47½	−1
300	Am. Can pf.	103	102	*102	+1⅛
21,350	Am. Car & Fdy.	94¼	90⅛	*90⅝	−¼
300	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	115½	113⅝	*113⅝	+⅛
11,300	Am. Cotton Oil	46⅛	44¾	45⅛	−⅞
19,650	Am. Drug. Syndicate	14⅛	13	13¼	−⅝
200	Am. Express	86	86	86	−1
12,800	Am. Hide & Leather	20	18	18	−1⅝
29,900	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	101	96⅞	97	−3
9,900	Am. Ice	48½	46½	48	..
2,300	Am. Ice pf.	64	62½	*63	+¼
153,600	Am. International	72½	66⅝	*71⅝	+5⅛
5,800	Am. Linseed	48	46⅞	46⅞	−⅝
1,000	Am. Linseed pf.	90⅞	89	90	..
20,000	Am. Locomotive	68⅞	67⅛	67¼	−1¼
400	Am. Locomotive pf.	105	105	105	+½
1,900	Am. Malting	2	1¼	1¼	−½
1,700	Am. Malt. 1st pf. c. of d.	50	49¾	49¾	−¼
48,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	71¼	66¼	66⅝	−3⅝
600	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	105⅛	104½	105⅛	+⅝
91	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. A	93½	91½	*91½	..
1,500	Am. Snuff	115	107	115	+4
10,800	Am. Steel Foundries	87⅝	80½	*80½	−4
7,200	Am. Sugar Refining	120½	118	118¼	−1
100	Am. Sugar Refining pf.	116½	116½	116½	+1
34,700	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	118	113⅝	114	+¼
100	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	97½	97½	97½	+2½
11,300	Am. Tel. & Tel.	108⅝	104⅛	*104¾	..
6,400	Am. Tobacco	215	199	210	+14¾
400	Am. Tobacco pf, new	101½	100⅝	101½	+½
26,000	Am. Woolen	67½	63⅛	66½	+3⅝
700	Am. Woolen pf.	102	98⅝	101	+3
8,100	Am. Writing Paper pf.	42	37½	38	−3⅝
1,600	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	13	12	12	−1
100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	44	44	44	+1
36,100	Anaconda Copper	63¼	59⅝	60¼	−1¾
1,100	Assets Realization	2¾	1⅝	1⅝	−1⅝
1,900	Associated Dry Goods	25½	24	24	−⅝
100	Associated D. G. 1st pf.	65	65	65	+1½
500	Associated Oil	74	73½	73⅝	−⅝
7,900	Atch., Top. & S. F.	94	92½	92½	−⅝
500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	86½	86¼	86¼	−½
100	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	8	8	8	+½
500	Atlantic Coast Line	97½	96½	97½	+1¼
80,700	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	118	107	115½	+6½
200	Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf.	66	66	*66	+1¼
190,500	BALDWIN LOCO.	91¼	86½	87½	−⅛
100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	106½	106½	106½	+3½
13,000	Baltimore & Ohio	50½	47⅝	48½	+½
870	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	56½	56	56½	+1¼
7,400	Barrett Co.	125	120¼	121¾	+1⅞
300	Barrett Co. pf.	115¾	114½	115¾	+3⅝
2,500	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	−⅛
1,000	Bethlehem Steel	69¾	65	*65¾	−½
122,100	Bethlehem Steel, Class B	71¼	65	*65⅝	−1⅝
2,900	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf.	107	104½	*104⅞	+⅛
3,600	Booth Fisheries	21	19⅞	*20⅛	+⅝
270	Brooklyn Edison Elec.	98	98	98	..
4,200	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	25	22¾	23⅜	−1⅝
1,200	Brooklyn R. T., c. of d.	24¾	23	23¼	−1½
500	Brooklyn Union Gas	80¼	80	*80	−½
100	Brown Shoe	74½	74½	74½	+½
200	Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec.	9¼	8¾	8¾	−1¼
10	Buffalo, Roch. & Pitts.	63	63	63	..
1,000	Burns Brothers	145	142	143	−1
400	Butte Copper & Zinc	6¾	6⅜	6⅜	−⅝
2,000	Butte & Superior	20¼	18⅞	18⅞	−⅝
700	Butterick Co.	22	21½	21½	..
40,400	CALIFORNIA PACK.	61¼	55⅞	60½	+5
8,100	California Petroleum	28	26½	26½	−1
5,800	California Petroleum pf.	74¾	73⅞	74½	+½
300	Calumet & Arizona	57½	56¾	56¾	−¾
4,600	Canadian Pacific	164¾	162½	163½	+½
900	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	93¾	93⅝	93¾	+¼
100	Central Foundry pf.	34	34	34	+½
103,900	Central Leather Co.	74½	67⅛	73⅛	+4¼
400	Central Leather Co. pf.	107¼	105½	107¼	+¼
10	Central & S. Am. Tel.	103½	103½	103½	..
500	Cerro de Pasco Copper	32½	31¾	32½	−¼
13,200	Chandler Motor	128½	122	*126½	+2⅛
15,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	60¾	58½	58½	−⅛
400	Chi. & Alton pf.	12	12	12	..
1,200	Chi. Great West.	8¾	8	8⅝	+⅝
500	Chi. Great West. pf.	26⅞	25⅜	26⅞	+1⅛
36,900	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	41½	36⅝	38⅞	+1½
27,500	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	74⅞	70	71½	+1½
19,500	Chi. & Northwestern	98	95¼	96	+1¼
3,025	Chi. & Northwestern pf.	131	131	131	−1
8,300	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	26	24¼	24¼	−¼
5,000	Chi., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	77¾	76⅜	77	+½
3,000	Chi., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	66¾	65½	65½	−½
200	Chi., St. P., Minn. & O.	75	73⅛	75	−3
7,200	Chile Copper	19⅛	18	18	−⅝
10,600	Chino Copper	35⅝	33¾	*33⅜	−½
500	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	35	34	34½	−1⅝
100	Cluett-Peabody	62	62	62	+1
100	Cluett-Peabody pf.	105¼	105¼	105¼	−1½
20,800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	44½	40⅝	43⅝	+2⅝
8,400	Colorado Southern	28¼	25	25⅞	−⅛
200	Colorado South. 1st pf.	54	54	54	+2
21,100	Columbia Gas & Elec.	46½	45¼	45¼	−½
100	Comput. Tab Recording	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	+1⅞
2,200	Consolidated Gas	96	94½	94½	−1⅛
200	Consol. Interstate Cal. M.	6½	6½	6½	+¼
22,200	Continental Can	82½	78½	78¾	+2½
1,200	Continental Insurance	69⅞	66	69⅞	+4⅞
169,400	Corn Products Refining	52⅝	48¼	50½	+2¼
285	Corn Products Ref. pf.	107	106	107	+2½
100	Crex Carpet	48	48	48	−3½
127,800	Crucible Steel	70¼	64⅝	67¾	+2¼
500	Crucible Steel pf.	95	94	95	+¾
13,300	Cuba Cane Sugar	24⅛	23¼	23¼	−⅞
6,500	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	75¾	73⅜	*74	+1½
600	Cuban-American Sugar	179¾	178½	178½	+1½
300	DEERE & CO. pf.	95½	95	95½	+½
1,200	Del. & Hudson	109½	106¼	109	+3
700	Del., Lack. & Western	177⅞	175	175	−5
100	Denver & Rio Grande	4½	4½	4½	−¾
1,300	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	8⅛	7⅝	7⅝	−⅝
50	Detroit Edison Co.	113	112	113	..
300	Detroit United Ry.	89	89	89	+9
163,400	Distillers Securities	66⅝	60½	64½	+3½
3,300	Dome Mines	13¼	12½	12½	−⅝
100	ELEC. STORAGE BAT.	62	62	62	+3
13,000	Erie	18	17¼	17¼	−¼
5,250	Erie 1st pf.	30¾	29½	29½	−¾
200	Erie 2d pf.	21	20⅞	20⅞	+⅛
300	FEDERAL MIN'G & S.	11⅛	11	11	+1
800	Federal Mining & S. pf.	39⅞	38⅜	38¾	−⅛
6,300	Fisher Body	63⅜	55	56	+1⅝
100	Fisher Body pf.	97½	97½	97½	+1
12,800	GASTON, WM. & W.	33	31¾	32⅝	..
130	General Chemical	175	175	175	+2
150	General Chemical pf.	104	104	104	..
14,400	General Cigar	55⅝	52⅝	54	+⅝
5,200	General Electric	161	154¾	*155½	+1⅝
117,020	General Motors	166¾	157	165⅝	+9⅛
4,850	General Motors pf.	91¾	86	90¼	+4¼
24,225	General Motors deb.	91	84½	90	+5⅛
22,500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	69⅝	66⅜	67⅞	−¾
1,200	Granby Consol.	71¼	70	71	+⅝
10,400	Great Northern pf.	95⅝	93⅜	94	..
79,900	Great Northern Certs. for Ore Properties	44½	40	43⅛	+3⅛
5,125	Greene-Cananea Copper	44¾	42¼	42½	−1
1,800	Gulf States Steel	59	55⅞	*57	+2⅞
100	Gulf, Mobile & North'n	8¾	8¾	8¾	+¾
700	HARTMAN CORP.	60	58⅜	60	+2¾
4,000	Haskell & Barker	45½	44	44¼	+⅝
100	Homestake Mining	98	98	98	−2
1,000	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	99¾	98⅜	99	..
27,200	Inspiration Copper	48⅞	45½	46⅝	−2⅝
7,600	Interboro Consolidated	6½	5½	5½	−⅝
2,025	Interboro Consol. pf.	22½	19½	19½	−2½
1,600	Inter. Agricultural	16⅞	15	16½	+⅝
3,100	Inter. Agricultural pf.	63½	59½	63¼	+1⅞
15,400	Inter. Harvester, new	125	117	125	+6
100	Inter. Harv. pf., new	116½	116½	116½	+½
44,300	Inter. Mer. Marine	26½	24⅝	25⅝	+⅛
206,300	Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	111¾	105½	110⅛	+1⅞
14,700	Inter. Nickel	26⅝	25¼	25¼	−1
21,200	Inter. Paper	48¼	45½	45½	−2⅞
100	Inter. Paper pf.	98½	98½	98½	−½
1,900	Inter. Paper pf., stamped	75½	72½	73¾	−1⅝
200	Iowa Central	3	3	3	..
8,000	JEWEL TEA	48	37½	45⅛	+4⅛
4,300	KANSAS CITY SOUTH.	21	19½	19½	−⅝
100	Kansas City South pf.	53	53	53	+¾
40,500	Kelly Springfield Tire	120¾	116	117⅝	−1⅞
200	Kelsey Wheel	41	41	41	+1½
27,700	Kennecott Copper	32¼	30	30⅛	−1⅝
100	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	112	112	112	+5⅛
20	Kresge (S. S.) Co. pf.	106¼	106¼	106¼	..
100	Kress (S. H.) Co. pf.	106	106	106	−1½
12,900	LACK. STEEL	72⅜	69	*69½	−1
200	Lake Erie & Western	8	8	8	..
100	Lake Erie & West. pf.	19½	19½	19½	+½
2,900	Lee Rubber & Tire	26⅛	24¼	25	−1¼
17,000	Lehigh Valley	56	55	55¾	+¾
500	Liggett & Myers	220	219	219	−1
300	Liggett & Myers pf.	111½	109	109	−½
1,600	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	49⅝	46	46	−2
200	Loose-Wiles Bis. 1st pf.	100½	100⅜	100½	+½
1,900	Lorillard (P.) Co.	163⅜	157⅞	*158	+1
100	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf.	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	+¼
400	Louisville & Nashville	115¾	115	115¼	+2¼
100	MATHIESON ALKALI	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	+5⅛
19,500	Maxwell Motors	41	36	39½	+2⅞
10,000	Maxwell Motors 1st pf.	69⅞	60⅜	67¾	+6½
11,000	Maxwell Motors 2d pf.	33½	26½	31	+4
1,700	May Department Stores	71	68	71	+1¼
323,200	Mexican Petroleum	193¼	180½	*184⅛	+2⅞
10	Mexican Petroleum pf.	108	108	108	..
6,100	Miami Copper	24¼	22½	22½	−⅝
59,800	Midvale Steel	48	44½	44½	−1⅝
3,200	Minn. & St. Louis, new	12⅝	11½	11½	−½
300	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	91⅜	91	91⅜	+1¼
50	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	107	107	107	..
3,300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	6¾	6	6¼	−⅛
1,900	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	11⅞	11½	11⅝	+¾
[illegible],400	Mo. Pacific	25⅞	24⅛	24⅛	−⅝
2,900	Mo. Pacific pf.	53½	52	52¼	−1⅛
400	Montana Power	75⅞	75⅛	75⅛	−⅛
1,300	NATIONAL ACME	31¼	31	31	+⅜
300	National Biscuit	115	115	115	−⅞
200	National Biscuit pf.	121	120½	121	+1
1,050	National Cloak & Suit	75	72	75	+4
100	National Cloak & S. pf.	103½	103½	103½	..
2,600	National Cond. & Cable	16⅜	15¾	15⅝	−1
4,300	National Enam. & S.	52¼	50¾	50¾	−1⅛
100	National Enam. & S. pf.	99	99	99	+¾
3,800	National Lead	69⅜	66	*66	−⅝
400	National Lead pf.	108	107	108	−⅛
35,000	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	14	10¼	11¼	+1¾
2,500	Nevada Con. Copper	16⅝	16	*16	..
300	New Orl., Tex. & Mex.	33	30	30	−1
12,500	N. Y. Air Brake	115	103	112½	+6
15,400	N. Y. Central	77⅝	75	75½	+¼
100	N. Y., C. & St. L.	29½	29½	29½	+2½
100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L. 2d pf	45	45	45	+½
1,600	N. Y. Dock	22	20	21⅞	+1⅝
100	N. Y. Dock pf.	44¼	44¼	44¼	−¾
24,100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	34⅜	31¼	31¼	−2⅞
200	N. Y., Ontario & West'n.	20½	20	20	−1
100	Norfolk Southern	15½	15½	15½	+½
2,300	Norfolk & Western	105¾	104½	104½	..
200	North American	52	52	52	..
11,900	Northern Pacific	94⅝	93	93	−½
700	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	51¼	50	50	+1⅛
46,600	OHIO CITIES GAS	39½	38⅛	38⅝	+½
12,835	Ohio Cities Gas rights	3⅝	3¼	3⅜	+⅛
500	Ohio Fuel Supply	46	45¼	46	+1⅝
10,600	Ontario Mining	8½	6⅞	8	+1⅛
12,900	Oklahoma Prod. & Ref.	9	8⅝	9	+¼
8,600	Do. rights	⅝	9-16	9-16	−1-16
700	Owens Bottle Machine	48½	48	48½	+½
3,300	PACIFIC MAIL	35	32	34¾	+1½
600	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	27	24½	24½	−2½
95,600	Pan Am. Pet. & Trans.	84½	80⅜	*80½	−1¼
1,500	Pan Am. Pet. & T. pf.	144½	141½	*142	+¾
21,600	Pennsylvania Railroad	45⅛	44⅝	44⅝	..
500	Penn. Seaboard Steel	33	30	33	..
4,900	People's Gas, Chicago	52¾	48	49¼	−1⅛
600	Peoria & Eastern	5¾	5	5¾	+¾
1,000	Pere Marquette	15	14½	14⅞	+⅝
100	Pere Marquette prior pf.	59	59	59	+1
2,800	Philadelphia Co.	36	35	35½	..
27,100	Pierce-Arrow	45⅛	43¾	44½	−¼
1,350	Pierce-Arrow pf.	105½	104½	105	+¼
33,500	Pierce Oil	18⅝	17¼	18⅛	+⅞
5,500	Pitts. Coal	49¾	48	48	..
600	Pitts. Coal pf.	87	85⅝	85⅝	−⅝
15,700	Pitts. & West Virginia	38¾	36½	36½	−1½
200	Pitts. & West Va. pf.	81	81	81	+½
19,600	Pressed Steel Car	72¾	68½	71½	+3
400	Public Service, N. J.	85	85	85	+1½
5,000	Pullman Co.	121¾	117½	120⅝	+3
300	Punta Alegre Sugar	52	52	52	+1
35,600	RY. STEEL SPRING	83¼	76⅝	81¾	+5¼
100	Railway Steel Spring pf.	107	107	107	..
6,900	Ray Consol. Copper	20¼	19¼	*19¼	−⅛
81,900	Reading	86⅞	83⅞	84	−½
200	Reading 1st pf.	38½	38½	38½	+½
300	Reading 2d pf.	38½	38	38	−½
50,400	Republic Iron & Steel	86	81⅛	81½	+¼
1,000	Republic Iron & Steel pf.	105	102	105	+3
49,800	Royal Dutch tr. rects.	96½	92	93	+⅛
35,400	Do. temp. certs.	89½	86½	88¾	..
2,900	ST. L.-SAN FRAN.	13⅝	12⅝	12⅝	−¼
800	St. L.-San Francisco pf.	24⅝	24	24	−1
300	St. L. Southwestern pf.	33⅞	33½	33½	+2½
500	Savage Arms	63	62	62	−1
8,900	Saxon Motor	10⅜	9¾	10	−½
600	Seaboard Air Line	8½	8	8½	+⅝
1,800	Seaboard Air Line pf.	19¼	17¾	17¾	+¾
2,400	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	174⅞	170½	173¾	+1⅝
300	Sears, Roebuck & Co. pf.	120	120	120	..
3,100	Shattuck-Arizona	10⅜	10	10¼	+¼
86,100	Sinclair Oil Refining	39⅜	36	39⅜	+3¼
9,600	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I.	59	53	55	+2
600	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I. pf.	88	85	86	−2
117,350	Southern Pacific	104	101¾	102	−1¼
10,400	Southern Railway	30¼	28½	28⅝	−¾
2,100	Southern Railway pf.	69	68	68	..
200	Standard Milling	130	130	130	..
200	Standard Milling pf.	89½	88	89½	−½
800	Stromberg Carburetor	40	39⅝	40	+½
133,100	Studebaker Co.	[illegible]	60⅝	63¼	+2¼
9,200	Stutz Motor	53	[illegible]	52½	+¾
900	Superior Steel	37	36½	36½	+⅛
100	Superior Steel 1st pf.	98	98	98	..
3,800	TENN. COP. & CHEM.	13½	12⅝	12½	−½
107,700	Texas Co.	214	193	209⅝	+16⅛
740	Texas Co. sub. rcts.	207¼	190½	203½	..
35,400	Texas & Pacific	34¾	32¼	33	+⅛
10	Texas & Pac. Land Tr.	270	270	270	..
800	Third Avenue	15½	14½	14½	−¾
100	Tide Water Oil	220	220	220	..
44,100	Tobacco Products	90	86¼	87⅞	−⅝
48,465	Tobacco Products rights.	7	5¾	6⅝	..
1,420	Tobacco Products pf.	102	99⅞	*100½	+2¼
2,300	Transue & Williams	40	38⅞	40	+1½
700	UNION BAG & PAPER	84	80	82	+2
24,800	Union Pacific	131½	129½	129¾	−¾
600	Union Pacific pf.	73½	72½	73	+¼
12,800	United Alloy Steel	44⅜	41⅛	43¾	+1½
66,600	United Cigar Stores	137⅞	131⅛	134	−¾
1,327	United Drug	102½	100	100⅛	+¼
100	United Drug 1st pf.	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛	+⅝
800	United Drug 2d pf.	100	97	98	+2⅝
6,600	United Fruit	176	168¾	175¾	+6¾
700	United Rys. Invest.	11¾	11	11¼	−¾
900	United Rys. Invest. pf.	25⅞	24	24	−2
4,800	U. S. Cast Iron P. & F.	21	18¾	20½	+⅝
900	U. S. Cast I. P. & F. pf.	53¾	52¼	53¾	+¾
600	U. S. Express	24¾	20	24½	+4½
196,900	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	146¾	118	140½	+20½
700	U. S. Ind. Alc. pf.	108	105⅝	107	+1⅞
2,700	U. S. Realty & Imp. Co.	34⅛	30	31	−2½
94,100	U. S. Rubber	87	81¼	86	+3
1,000	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	112¼	111½	112	..
14,300	U. S. Smelt., Ref. & M.	51½	48¼	49¾	+⅜
300	U. S. Smelt., R. & M. pf.	50	48¾	49⅞	+1⅝
731,400	U. S. Steel	98½	95½	95⅞	−1⅞
2,300	U. S. Steel pf.	115	114⅝	115	+⅜
26,600	Utah Copper	74¾	69¼	*69⅝	−1⅝
400	Utah Securities	16	15¼	16	+⅞
11,900	VA.-CARO. CHEMICAL	59¾	57	58¼	..
700	Va.-Caro. Chemical pf.	113	111	112	+1
200	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	59¾	59	59¾	+3¼
4,300	WABASH	9	8⅜	8⅜	−⅛
14,900	Wabash pf., A	36¼	34⅛	34½	+⅛
100	Wabash pf., B	22	22	22	..
3,500	Western Maryland	12	10¾	11½	+¾
600	Western Maryland 2d pf.	26	24⅞	24⅞	+⅛
1,900	Western Pacific	21¾	20	20	−1
200	Western Pacific pf.	56¼	56	56	−2½
1,800	Western Union Tel.	89½	88⅝	88¾	+¼
42,200	Westinghouse E. & M.	47½	45½	46	+⅝
12,300	Wheeling & Lake Erie	8⅞	8¼	8⅞	+½
6,500	White Motors	55¼	53	*54	+⅞
30,500	Wilson & Co.	79⅝	76	76¾	−⅝
78,650	Willys-Overland	28¼	27⅛	28⅜	+⅝
200	Willys-Overland pf.	92⅞	92	92⅞	+⅞
300	Wisconsin Central	35	34	35	−1½
2,000	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	126¾	122¼	124⅝	+3⅛
400	Woolworth pf.	116	116	116	−¼
15,400	Worthington Pump	68¼	64	66¾	+¼
500	Worthington P. pf., A	94	92¾	94	+1
300	Worthington P. pf., B	72⅞	72	72	−½

*Ex dividend.

Absolute Security Plus Exemption from Income Tax

*"The policy of limiting investments to high grade Government, State, and Municipal Bonds has been amply justified by the manner in which they have met every test of war conditions. During 1918, in the face of a further decline in most forms of investments, Municipal Bonds showed an appreciation; the two main reasons being their absolute security and the exemption of their income from all forms of Federal taxation."

*Extract from 1919 report of large Life Insurance Co.

Write for our Booklet "Investments Without Worry" and list B-90 of Municipal Bonds

Yielding 4½% to 6%

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Established 1871
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Phone Bowling Green 6780.
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Free From Federal Income Tax

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Features:
- Closed Mortgage
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- Net earning three times interest charges
- Bonds followed by large issues of dividend-paying stocks

Write for descriptive letter B.

F. J. LISMAN & CO.
Specialists in Steam Railroad Securities
Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange
61 Broadway New York

We Offer a
6% Mortgage Bond
due in 1931

of a Railroad (Trunk Line System) earning about three times its interest on funded debt and showing for 1918 the greatest increase in percentage of gross and net income of any railroad in the United States. Amply secured and readily salable. To yield

6¾%

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Clark, Dodge & Co.

Railroad—Industrial—Public Utility
Government—Municipal
Investment Securities

Statistical information regarding securities furnished to investors and trustees.

Security Issues Negotiated

51 Wall Street, New York

Conservative Bonds

Suitable for Banks, Estates, Individuals and others who seek safety and marketability.

			DUE	PRICE TO YIELD ABOUT
*$52,000	New Haven, Conn. (Tax exempt in Conn.)	4½s	1946-48	4.30%
*50,000	Fall River, Mass., reg. (Tax exempt in Mass.)	4s	1923	4.40
*150,000	State of Mass., Reg.	3½s	1934-43	4.40
*5,000	Hartford, Conn.	3½s	1954	4.50
*35,000	Boston, Mass., Reg.	3½s	1922-44	4.55
*25,000	Fall River, Mass.	4s	1925	4.60
*8,000	Waterbury, Conn.	4s	1939	4.60
*14,000	Wrentham, Mass.	4s	1921-28	4.65
*17,000	Stamford, Conn.	3½s	1921	4.65

*Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in the State of New York.

Remick, Hodges & Co.
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14 Wall Street New York
Correspondents: R. L. Day & Co., Boston

MORRIS & COMPANY
First Mortgage 4½s, 1939

Secured by a first mortgage on the Company's packing house properties in Chicago and other cities.

Net quick assets Nov. 2, 1918, reported as nearly four times amount of bonds outstanding.

Price to Yield About 5.70%

Send for circular 24.

Merrill, Lynch & Co.
7 Wall St., New York
Chicago
Detroit
Members New York Stock Exchange

$50,000
City of Toledo, Ohio 4½s
Due 1929-1930 Prices to yield 4⅝%

$25,000
City & County of Denver, Colo. 4½s
Due November 1, 1948-28 Price to yield 4⅝%

$100,000
City of Omaha, Nebraska 5s
Due March 1, 1949 Price to yield 4¾%

Curtis & Sanger
Members New York, Boston and Chicago Stock Exchanges
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BOSTON CHICAGO
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GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES
Free from Personal Taxation
We offer Guaranteed First Mortgage Investments
On New York City Real Estate at 5½% in amounts of $100 and up, and also the following mortgages:

Amount of Loan	Guaranteed Rate of Interest to Investor	Stories	Material	Type	Rental	Value of Security
$1,800	5%	2 & Cellar	Brick	Dwelling	Owner Occupies	$3,250
3,500	5%	3 & Bas't	Brick	Store & Dwelling	$7[illegible]0	6,000
7,000	5%	3 & Bas't	Brick	Dwelling	1,000	11,000
23,000	5%	6 & Bas't	Brick	Stores and Apartment	7,000	40,000

Details of other offerings in various amounts, with photographs of properties, furnished upon request.
When buying real estate consult us relative to Title Examination. Write for booklet, "The Ideal Investment."

New York Title and Mortgage Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS MORE THAN $3,000,000
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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, located at Plant City, in the State of Florida, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
R. M. McKINNEY, Cashier.
Feb. 4th, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

A MEETING OF THE LOT OWNERS OF The Green-Wood Cemetery will be held at its office, No. 170 Broadway, New York, on Wednesday, March 19th, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the annual report of the Trustees.
ALFRED L. SEAVER, Secretary.

We Have Published An Analysis on

Missouri Pacific

calling attention to:

1. The road's present position and prospects.
2. Outlook for the Common and Preferred stocks as well as the company's Bonds.

The circular also discusses the probability of the satisfactory solution of the railroad problem upon a basis which will protect the integrity of the country's transportation systems.

Write for Circular C-108

A. A. Housman & Co.

Members { New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, N.Y. Coffee & Sugar Exch., New York Produce Exch., Chicago Board of Trade.

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Tax Exempt In New York State

Yield 5⅝%

Bond of an electric light and power company serving a population estimated at 1,600,000.

Company is earning over 3 times total interest charges and paying dividends of 8% per annum on an amount of stock about equal to its bonded debt.

Circular B-6 containing detailed information sent upon request.

Stone & Webster

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STANDARD OIL STOCKS
Revised Booklet on Request.

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Twelve Attractive Rails

A review of the important railroad systems. A copy on application.

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7 Wall St., N. Y. Tel.: Rector 1030

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$50,000
PORTSMOUTH, Va., Water 5s
To yield 5%

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Telephone 1111 Broad.

AMERICAN SMELTING EARNS $392,001,155

Reports Net Income of $7,707,498, with $20,000,000 Spent in Property in Three Years.

OTHER CHARGES ARE HEAVY

President Guggenheim Says Smelters Did Not Profit by War Prices for Ore.

The American Smelting and Refining Company in its annual report for last year records a gross income of $392,001,155, a decrease of $51,979,146 from the figures of the preceding year. Sales of metal amounted to $360,060,486, of which copper made up $208,840,411, gold, $40,624,998 and silver $54,547,364. In the 1917 report the total sales of metal amounted to $405,616,165, the sales of copper alone being $248,552,766. The net income for the year, after the deduction of charges, interest, and the like, was $7,707,498, as compared with $18,495,625 in the preceding year. The earnings, after the payment of dividends on the preferred stocks of the American Smelting and Refining Company and the American Smelters Securities Company, were equivalent to $5.67 a share on the common stock of the American Smelting and Refining Company, whereas in the preceding year they were equivalent to $22.50 a share on the common.

The chief items of the income account are shown in the following table:

	1918.	Year's Decline.
Total net earnings	$15,921,550	$12,273,376
Other income	2,390,016	1,017,671
Gross income	18,311,567	13,291,048
Total charges	10,604,069	2,502,921
Net income	7,707,498	10,788,126
Total dividends	7,602,663	1,379,862
Income balance	104,834	9,513,089
P. & L. surplus	27,060,228	*104,834

*Increase.

A comparison with the condition of the company in 1902 shows that quick assets have increased from approximately $18,000,000 to $50,000,000, or 175 per cent.; the profit and loss account from $2,000,000 to $27,000,000, 816 per cent., and the gross business from $82,000,000 to $390,000,000, 372 per cent.

Simon Guggenheim, President of the company, in his report to the stockholders says:

"It is well known to the stockholders that the smelting company, on account of not being a mining company, at least in this country, has obtained no direct advantage from the increased value of metals. This advantage all accrues to the mining companies, and the smelting company has the burden of carrying greatly increased values in metals, requiring a corresponding increase in cash resources. The advantage to the smelting company lies only in the fact that the great advance in the value of metals resulted in a corresponding increase in the number of tons of ore produced, on which the smelting company normally makes a profit per ton of ore smelted. Even this situation, however, has had its extreme disadvantages. The increase in the receipt of ores much beyond the normal has required very large additions to our smelting and refining works, which had to be made at very abnormal expense, due to war prices and conditions. This situation has resulted in the company expending during the last three years for new property and construction nearly $20,000,000. In addition to these capital expenditures the company spent many millions of dollars in renewal of obsolescent construction in addition to capital outlay.

"During the same period of three years the cost of the metals carried by the company has increased over $17,000,000, notwithstanding that the inventory value of the fixed normal stock has remained unchanged at the conservatively low value of the past.

"This demand on our cash resources, which, with the $5,807,350 of Liberty bonds carried, has amounted to over $42,000,000 in the past three years, has been financed without borrowing, except as drafts are drawn and discounted against shipments made from South America.

"The Board of Directors trusts that this recital will explain the inadvisability of dividends being increased beyond 6 per cent. even while the earnings of the company were abnormally high.

"The same conservatism has prompted the board to reduce the dividend at present on account of the unknown conditions which may develop during the reconstruction period. We know that the ore production has been reduced, due to the uncertain price and demand for metals, and also that the present lack of demand will require the company to carry considerable quantities of refined metals, and therefore, it is wise to conserve cash until more normal conditions prevail. It is the hope and expectation of the Board of Directors that this condition is only temporary.

"At the present time, several members of the Board of Directors are making an examination in person of the company's properties in Mexico. While the stockholders have known that these properties were of great promise, only awaiting more settled political and economic conditions, it has been thought wise at this time, which is full of promise, to submit a general résumé of the facts as to the mines and smelters in Mexico, together with a conservative estimate as to the possible production. With fully restored economic and political conditions in Mexico the mines, we believe, will produce 2,500,000 tons of ore per annum."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED MARCH 15, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$56,666,200	$638,829,450
Same period last year	17,714,000	233,253,500

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds	77.65	77.53	79.01	77.45
Same period a year ago	76.45	76.30	77.43	76.30

Range, 1919 High	Range, 1919 Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
65	59	10	ADAMS EXP. 4s	59½	59½	59½	+ ½
35	31	1	A. G. M. cv. 6s, A.	31	31	31	— 1¾
34	30	6	A. G. M. cv. 6s, B.	31	30	30	..
77	75¾	53	Alb. & Susq. 3½s	76	76	76	+ ¼
106½	160	184	Am. Ag. Ch. deb. 5s	106½	104	106¼	+ 2½
103½	97	15	Am. Ag. Ch.conv.5s	100¼	98¾	100¼	— 3¼
100½	99¾	40	Am. Hide & L. 6s	100½	100¼	100¼	..
93	89½	30	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s	91⅞	91⅜	91⅜	..
85	83¾	20	Am. T. & T. col. 4s	84⅜	84	84¼	— ¼
104	100⅜	248	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s	104	103¼	104	+ ½
90	85½	22	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	90	88½	90	+ 2⅞
94	90⅛	113	Am. T. & T.col.tr.5s	91½	90⅛	91½	+ ½
119½	119	1	Am. Tobacco 6s	119½	119½	119½	+ ½
97½	88	44	Am. Writing P. 5s	98	96	98	+ 6⅛
90	86½	13	Am. W.P.5s, tr.ctfs.	90	88	88	— 2
88¾	86	21	Armour & Co. 4½s	88½	88⅛	88¼	+ ¼
80½	81¾	49	A., T. & S. F. g. 4s.	83	82½	83	+ ½
82	80	4	A., T. & S. F. g.4s,r.	82	81¾	82	+ 2
85	85	2	A., T. & S.F., Cal. Ariz. 4½s	85	85	85	..
80	74	4	Atlanta & Birm. 4s.	80	79	79	+ 5
97⅛	93⅛	1	At. & Char. A.L. 5s	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	— 2⅝
88	83⅞	4	Atl. C. L. unif. 4½s.	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	..
85½	82¾	2	Atl. C. L. 1st 4s.	83¼	83¼	83¼	+ ½
78½	75⅛	3	At. C. L., L. & N.	75¼	75⅛	75¼	— 1¾
82½	75⅜	35	BALT. & O. g. 4s.	77¼	76½	77	+ 1
82½	80¼	28	Balt. & O. ref. 5s.	81¼	80¼	81¼	+ ½
89¼	88	46	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s.	88½	88¼	88⅜	+ ⅛
80	76	45	B. & O. conv. 4½s.	78	77½	77¾	+ ⅛
86¼	83	5	B. & O.,S.W.Div.3½s	83	83	83	— 1
78	72⅞	4	B. & O., P., L. E. & W. V. 4s	73	72⅞	72⅞	— 1⅛
84½	83½	1	B. & O., P., J. & M. Div., 3½s.	84½	84½	84½	+ 1
89½	87	1	Beth. Steel ref. 5s.	89½	89½	89½	..
83¼	80	60	Beth. St. pur. m. 5s.	83¼	82⅛	83¼	+ 1¼
96½	95½	3	Beth. Steel ext. 5s.	96	96	96	+ ⅜
86	75	16	B. R. T. 7s, 1921	84⅝	83	83	— 1
76	65	8	B. R. T. gold 5s	74½	74½	74½	+ ½
81	80⅛	2	Bush Term. 4s	81	81	81	+ ⅞
83½	80	3	Bush Term. 5s	80	80	80	— 3½
95¼	94	2	CAN. SOUTH.con. 5s	95¼	95¼	95¼	+ 1¼
97	95⅞	48	Cent. Leather 5s	96½	96⅛	96⅛	..
83	79	25	Central Pacific 4s.	79¾	79	79	..
85¾	84½	1	Central Pacific 3½s.	84½	84½	84½	— 1¼
95⅞	90⅛	5	Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	91	90⅛	90⅛	— 1⅞
105	102	9	Cent. of N.J. gen.5s.	102½	102½	102½	..
89	84⅜	198	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s.	86⅜	85¾	86	+ ¼
81½	77¾	29	Ches. & Ohio cv. 4½s	79	78½	79	+ ⅜
83⅛	77	2	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s	79¾	79½	79½	+ ½
53	50½	1	Chi. & Alton 3s	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	+ ⅞
40	35¾	25	Chi. & Alton 3½s	36¾	36¾	36¾	+ ¾
83½	80	2	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s.	80	80	80	— 1¾
96	95⅝	89	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	95¾	95⅝	95⅝	..
75¾	73⅛	2	C.,B.&Q., Ill.Div.3½s	73¼	73⅛	73¼	— 1¼
62½	60	61	Chi. Gt. West. 1st 4s	61	60½	61	..
84	81½	5	C., M. & St. P. 4s,'25	82	82	82	..
74¼	67⅞	35	C., M. & S.P.ref.4½s	71½	70½	71	+ ⅛
76½	72	6	C., M. & St.P. gen.4s	73⅞	72	73⅞	— 1⅜
81⅞	77¾	6	C., M & St. P. cv. 5s	80¾	80½	80¾	+ 1
84⅝	80	10	C., M. & St.P.gen.4½s	80¼	80	80¼	— 1¼
82	75¾	15	C.,M. & St.P. cv.4½s	79	77½	78	— 1
100⅞	98½	38	Chi. & N. W. gen.5s.	99	98⅞	99	+ ⅛
82½	81	3	Chi. & N. W. gen.4s.	82½	82½	82½	+ 1½
81	77	3	Chicago Rwys. 5s	78½	77	78½	— ½
76½	71¾	50	C., R. I. & P. ref.4s	73	71¾	72⅛	— ⅝
79½	75½	1	C., R. I. & P. gen.4s	79½	79½	79½	+ 2
89	87	6	Chi. Un. Sta. 4½s	87¼	87	87	— ½
65	61⅜	18	Chi. & West. Ind. 4s.	62⅜	61⅞	62	..
110	106	59	Chile Copper 7s	107⅞	107⅜	107¾	+ ¼
85	81½	13	Chile Cop. col. tr. 6s	84⅞	84⅛	84⅞	+ ⅜
85	82½	12	Chile Cop. cv. 6s	85	85	85	+ 1½
72½	67½	7	C.,C.,C.& S.L.gen.4s.	67½	67½	67½	— ½
88	87⅜	2	Cleve. Sh. L. 4½s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	— ⅝
77½	73½	16	Col. Industrial 5s	75¼	73¾	75¼	+ 1¾
89½	87⅛	23	Col. & South. 1st 4s.	87¾	87⅛	87⅛	— ⅜
79½	77¼	21	Col. & So. ref. 4½s.	78½	78	78½	+ ½
84½	83	1	Comp.-Tab. Rec. 6s.	83¾	83¾	83¾	+ ¼
103	100⅛	126	Con. Gas cv. 6s	101⅝	101	101⅛	— ⅛
94	93	4	Cumberland Tel. 5s.	94	93¾	94	+ ¼
85¼	83¾	6	DEL. & HUD. ref.4s	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	— ⅝
94¾	93½	10	Del. & Hud. conv. 5s	94¾	94¾	94¾	..
76	73	2	D. & R.G. cons. 4½s	74	74	74	+ 1
73	69	7	D. & R. G. con. 4s.	70	69	70	..
57¼	49½	25	D.& R.G.1st & ref.5s	49½	49	49	— ½
80	71	9	Detroit United 4½s.	80	72	80	+ 8
94	93	4	Det. Edison ref. 5s.	93	93	93	— ½
91	89½	19	Dist. Secur. 5s	90	89¾	90	— ¼
97	95⅛	13	E.T.,V. & G. cons.5s	97	97	97	+ 1½
97	79⅞	1	E.T.,V. & G. div. 5s	97	97	97	+ 2
100½	99⅝	1	Erie con. 7s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	+ ⅜
56½	52½	71	Erie gen. 4s	54½	53	53	— 1⅛
70½	66	8	Erie con. 4s	66⅝	66½	66½	..
49	46¾	3	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. A.	47	47	47	+ ¼
48⅞	46	33	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. B.	47¾	46	47½	— ½
52⅝	48½	33	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D.	50⅞	50¼	50⅝	+ 1
101	96½	9	Erie & Jersey 6s	96½	96½	96½	..
83	79	1	HOCKING VAL. 4½s	79¼	79¼	79¼	+ ¼
98¾	97	3	Hous. & T. C. 1st 5s	97	97	97	— 1¾
60¼	56⅝	49	Hud. & M. n. ref. 5s	57⅞	57¼	57½	— ⅜
18	16	27	Hud. & Man. adj. 5s	16½	16	16¼	+ ¼
88	86	1	ILL. CENT. 4s, '51.	87	87	87	+ 1
84¼	81	2	Ill. Cent. ref. 4s	80	80	80	— 1
85½	82¼	2	Illinois Steel 4½s	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛	— 1⅞
98½	95½	1	Indiana Steel 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼	— 1
43¾	35	429	Inter.-Met. 4½s	38	35¾	36½	— 1¼
35⅝	35⅝	1	Inter.-Met. 4½s, reg.	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	—27⅜
74½	68¾	179	Int. Rapid Trans. 5s	72¼	71	71	— 1¼
81⅜	76½	56	Int. Agricultural 5s.	81⅜	80¼	80¾	+ ¼
96	95½	2	Int. & Gt. Nor. 6s	95½	95½	95½	— ½
102	97	52	Int. Mer. Mar. 6s	99	98½	99	— ⅛
46⅛	43	1	Iowa Central ref. 4s	45	45	45	+ ⅝
75½	70	16	K. C. FT. S. & M. 4s	70⅛	70	70	— ⅛
85¾	84	4	Kan. City So. 5s	84⅛	84	84	— ½
81	76⅞	16	Kan. City Term. 4s.	80	78	80	+ 2¼
80⅛	75	1	Kentucky Central 4s	75	75	75	— 3⅞
65	57	2	Kings Co. El. 4s.	64	64	64	+ 2
98	96¼	7	LACK STL. 5s, '23.	97	96⅞	96⅞	— ⅛
89¼	86	43	Lack Steel 5s, '50.	89¼	88¼	89	+ 1¼
89¾	89¾	1	Lake E. & W. 1st 5s	89¾	89¾	89¾	..
99⅝	99¼	1	Laclede Gas 1st 5s.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	— ⅛
97	94	2	Laclede Gas. ref. 5s.	94	94	94	— ¾
90	88⅝	2	Lake Shore 4s, '28	89	89	89	+ ⅝
89	86	36	Lake Shore 4s, '31	87	86	86	— 1¼
73	72½	1	Lake Shore 3½s	72½	72½	72½	— ½
97¼	97¼	3	Leh. Val. Coal 5s.	97¼	97¼	97¼	— 2½
102⅝	101¼	58	Leh. Val. col. tr. 6s.	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞	+ ⅛
94	91	23	Liggett & Myers 5s.	91¾	91	91	— ½
113⅞	112	25	Liggett & Myers 7s.	112½	112⅜	112⅜	— ⅛
108	108	7	Long Dock 6s	108	108	108	..
76½	76	2	Long Island ref. 4s	76½	76½	76½	..
94	90¼	6	Lorillard 5s	90⅝	90⅜	90⅜	— 1½
113	112¼	8	Lorillard 7s	112½	112¼	112½	+ ¼
88¼	87¾	2	Lou. & Ark. 5s	88¼	87¾	87¾	— ½
88½	84½	32	Lou. & Nash., unl. 4s	85	84½	85	..
96⅜	96⅜	1	L. & N., S. & N. Ala. 5s, '36	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	— 2⅝
93	93	2	L. & N., S. & N. Ala. 5s, '63	93	93	93	— ½
72½	71	1	L. & N.-So. Ry. jt.4s	72¼	72¼	72¼	— ¼
74½	72	9	MAN.CON.4s, tax ex.	72	72	72	..
85	82	2	Mich. Cent. deb. 4s	85	85	85	+ 1¾
92½	90	2	Mich. State Tel. 5s.	92	92	92	..
88¼	86	105	Midvale Steel 5s	87	86¼	86⅞	+ ⅜
99	98¼	1	Mil., L. S. & W. ext. 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼	— ¾
47¼	44	15	M. & St. L. 1st & ref. 4s	45¼	44½	44½	— 2⅛
89	84	1	M., St. P. & S. S. M. cons. 4s	84	84	84	— 2⅛
63½	59½	178	Mo. Pacific gen. 4s.	61¼	60⅞	61	..
92	89	10	Mo. Pac. 5s, 1926	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	+ ⅞
94⅞	93	1	Mo. Pac. 5s, 1923	93	93	93	..
95⅞	91	42	Montana Power 5s.	92¼	91¼	92	+ ½
100	99	2	N.,C. & ST.L.con.5s.	100	100	100	..
50	50	1	Nat. Rys. of Mex. prior lien 4½s	50	50	50	+15
67½	66⅞	1	New Or. Term. 4s	67¼	67¼	67¼	..
58½	54	11	N. O. T. & M. inc. 5s	54½	54¼	54½	..
97½	96	3	N. O., T. & M. 6s.	96	96	96	— ¼
99¾	97⅞	195	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s.	99	98¼	98⅜	— ⅜
85½	82	5	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s.	82	82	82	..
86	82⅜	15	N. Y. Cent. d. 4s, '34	82½	82⅜	82½	— 1½
72¾	71	5	N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	72⅝	72½	72⅝	+ ⅛
76½	74	15	N. Y. Cent. con. 4s.	76	74½	75	+ 1
68	65	3	N.Y.C., L.S. col.3½s.	65	65	65	— 1½
86	84¼	10	N.Y. Conn. R.R. 4½s	85½	85½	85½	— ⅝
71	69	1	N. Y. Dock 4s	69	69	69	— 2
82	80	6	N.Y.,C. & St.L.1st 4s	81	80¼	81	+ ½
94	91½	13	N.Y.G.,E.L.,H.&P.5s.	93½	92½	92½	— ½
74¼	69	1	N.Y.G.,E.L.,H.&P.4s.	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝	— ⅝
101	97¾	7	N.Y.,L.& W. Con. 5s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	— 2⅜
59½	52½	2	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s, '56	52½	52½	52½	— 2½
52	50	1	N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s, '56	50	50	50	— 1⅞
88	84	1	N.Y.,N.H. & H.cv.6s	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	— 1⅛
70	69	1	N.Y.,O. & W. ref.4s.	69	69	69	— ½
44¼	40½	34	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s	44⅛	43	43½	+ 1
15¼	11⅝	35	N. Y. Rys. adj. 4s	13½	12⅞	13½	..
78¼	75	2	N.Y.,S. & W. ref. 5s	75	75	75	..
91½	88	12	N. Y. Tel. 4½s	90⅛	89¾	90⅛	+ ⅜
53	47½	6	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	49½	47½	47½	— 2
97	93⅞	1	Niag. F. P. 1st 5s.	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	— 2
[illegible]	80⅛	1	Norf. & W. div. 4s.	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛	— ⅜
108⅛	106¼	211	N. & W. cv. 6s, r. p.	107½	107	107½	+ ½
86½	82¼	10	Norf. & W. con. 4s.	84½	84½	84½	+ ⅝
86	83⅛	39	Nor. Pacific 4s	83½	83¼	83½	..
61⅞	58¾	32	Nor. Pacific 3s	59⅝	59	59¼	+ ⅜
91	87¼	4	Nor. States Pow. 5s.	89	89	89	+ 1½
91	89	2	ONT. POW. 1st 5s.	90¼	90¼	90¼	+ 1¼
86	81	7	Ore. R. R. & N. c. 4s	82	81	82	..
101½	100¼	2	Ore. St. L. 1st 6s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	+ ⅛
88	85¼	8	Ore. Sh. Line ref. 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼	— ¼
98⅞	96⅞	2	Ore. Sh. Line con. 5s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	— 1¾
79⅞	75½	8	Ore.-Wash. 1st 4s	76	75½	76	— 1
86	85	10	PAC. COAST 1st 5s.	86	86	86	+ 1
88	86¼	3	Pac. Gas & Elec. 5s.	87¼	87	87¼	+ 1
95⅛	92½	33	Pac. Tel. & Tel. 5s.	92¾	92⅜	92¼	— ½
89½	86½	5	Penn. 4s, '48	89½	89½	89½	+ 1⅜
89⅞	86	41	Penn. gen. 4½s	86½	86	86¼	— ⅛
98½	97½	7	Penn. gtd. 4½s	98¼	97½	97½	..
97⅞	94⅝	268	Penn. g. 5s, tem.cfs.	95½	94⅞	95	+ ¼
96¼	95	11	Penn. cons. 4½s	95⅞	95⅞	95⅜	+ ⅛
88½	84⅞	9	Pere Marq. 1st 5s.	[illegible]	84⅞	84⅞	— ⅛
47	45	2	Philippine Ry. 4s	47	47	47	+ 2
92⅝	91	33	Phila. Co. cv. 5s, '22	92	91⅝	92	+ ⅝
103⅛	100¼	7	Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '20.	102	101	102	+ 1
94	88¾	84	Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24.	94	92¾	94	+ 1
80	75⅛	14	Public Service 5s	78	77	77	— 2
86¾	84¼	35	READING gen. 4s.	85¼	84¾	85	+ ½
59	57	1	Rio Gr. W. c. tr. 4s.	57	57	57	— 2
101½	101½	8	Roch. & Pitts. c. 6s.	101½	101½	101½	+ ⅝
60	60	1	ST. J. & G. I. 4s	60	60	60	—11⅞
82½	78½	1	St. L., I. M. & S. unif. and ref. 4s.	79½	79½	79½	— ½
77	74⅛	4	St. L., I. M. & S., R. & G. 4s	75	75	75	— ⅝
64	60¼	79	St. L. & S. F. pr.l.4s	62	61½	61⅞	+ ⅜
69	63⅜	41	St. L. & S.F. adj. 6s	67	66	66	+ ⅞
43½	40½	29	St. L. & S.F. inc. 6s	43⅞	42¼	43⅞	+ 1¾
62	58⅜	5	St. L. S.W.T.1st 5s	59	59	59	+ ⅝
74	68⅞	2	St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	68⅞	68⅞	68⅞	— 1⅝
60	57½	4	St. L. S. W. con. 4s	61¾	60	61¾	+ 2¾
68	64¾	16	San. An. & A. P. 4s.	65	64¾	65	..
103	102	1	St. P. & N. P. 6s	102	102	102	— 1
74	70⅛	7	S. A. L. g. 4s, sta.	71½	70⅛	71	— 1
60	57	2	Seab. A. L. ref. 4s.	58¾	58	58¾	+ ¼
53	47½	78	Seab. A. L. adj. 5s.	49	48¼	48⅞	..
96	95½	6	Seab. & R. 1st 5s	95½	95½	95½	— ½
96⅝	95	17	Sinclair Oil 7s	96½	96	96½	— ⅛
100	98⅛	8	Sincl. Oil 7s, with w.	99¾	99½	99¾	— ¼
77	75	1	So. Pac. col. 4s	77	77	77	..
105	100	712	So. Pac. conv. 5s	104½	103¼	103⅜	— ⅝
85⅝	82¾	317	So. Pac. conv. 4s	83½	83⅛	83⅝	+ ⅛
83½	81	61	So. Pac. ref. 4s	82	81½	81½	..
96¾	93½	20	Southern Ry. 5s	94¼	93½	94¼	..
68¾	66⅝	72	Southern Ry. gen. 4s	67½	66½	67½	+ 1
74½	72	2	So. Ry.,St.L.Div. 4s.	72	72	72	..
67⅝	66⅛	5	So.Ry., M. & O.col.4s	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	..
95	93	1	Stand. Mill. 1st 5s.	93	93	93	— 2
103	100½	19	TEXAS CO. deb. 6s.	102⅛	102	102	..
54½	50	2	Third Av. ref. 4s	53	53	53	— ⅛
32½	27½	14	Third Av. adj. 5s	30	28½	29	— 1
51	47½	8	Tol., St. L. & W. 4s.	49	47½	47½	— 2¼
78	77	15	U. EL., L., INC., 6s	78	77	78	+22
89¾	85	1	Union B. & P. 5s	89¾	89¾	89¾	+ 2¼
105	103⅜	53	Union Pacific 6s	103¾	103½	103⅝	+ ⅛
89¼	86¼	5	Union Pacific cv. 4s.	86¼	86¼	86¼	— ⅜
89⅞	85¾	24	Union Pacific 1st 4s.	86⅝	86⅛	86⅛	+ ⅛
83½	80	5	U. Pac. 1st & ref. 4s	82⅞	82⅞	82⅞	— ⅛
32¾	27	1	U. R. R. of S. F. 4s.	32¾	32¾	32¾	+ 5¾
33¼	22	379	U. R. R. of S. F. 4s, Un. Tr. rects	33¼	29	32¾	+ 7
33½	22	295	U. R. R. of S. F. 4s, Equit. Trust rcts.	33½	29	33¼	+ 6½
74	60	96	U. S. R. & Imp. 5s.	74	71	71	— ¾
104¾	102¾	23	U. S. Rubber 7s	103⅞	103⅝	103⅞	+ ⅛
87⅞	86	141	U.S.Rub.1st & ref.5s.	87⅛	86¾	87⅛	+ ⅜
100	97¾	2	U.S. Sm., R. & M.6s	99⅝	99½	99½	— ⅛
100¾	99⅝	208	U. S. Steel 5s	100⅜	100	100⅜	+ ⅜
100¼	99½	6	U. S. Steel 5s, reg.	99¾	99¾	99¾	— ½
89½	88½	5	Utah P. & L. 5s	88½	88½	88½	..
102½	100¼	11	VA.-CAR. CH. cv.6s.	101¼	100⅞	101	+ ½
96	95¼	3	Va.-Car. Ch. 1st 5s.	96	96	96	+ ½
94½	89¾	9	Virginian Ry. 1st 5s.	90⅝	89¾	90¼	— ½
79	77½	17	Va. Ry. & Pow. 5s.	78	78	78	+ ⅝
98½	94	3	WABASH 1st 5s	94	94	94	— 2⅛
75½	75½	1	Wash. Term. 3½s	75½	75½	75½	— ½
99¼	97	22	West. Electric 5s.	98¼	97⅞	97⅞	— ⅛
62¼	58	16	Westn. Maryland 4s.	62¼	61½	61½	+ ⅛
86½	83	14	Western Pacific 5s.	83	83	83	— ½
88⅝	86¼	9	W. U. Tel. r. e. 4½s	88⅝	86⅞	86⅞	+ ½
94	93	1	W. U. Tel. col. tr. 5s	93	93	93	— 1
99	97	36	Wilson & Co. 1st 6s.	99	98½	98¾	+ ⅛
80	77	4	Wisconsin Cent. 4s.	77¾	77¾	77¾	— ¼

Total sales $8,155,000

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Range, 1919 Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
99.80	98.20	2363	Lib. 3½s, 1932-'47	98.96	98.42	98.90	+ .38
94.50	92.50	522	Lib.1st cv.4s,1932-'47	94.50	94.20	94.36	— .14
94.10	92.10	5264	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-'42	93.84	93.50	93.78	+ .20
96.60	94.50	354	Liberty 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-1947	94.66	94.50	94.54	— .08
95.42	95.42	4	Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, 1932-1947	95.42	95.42	95.42	..
95.32	93.74	739	Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-1942	94.04	93.74	93.80	— .22
96.50	94.90	10839	Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928	95.28	95.10	95.20	— .14
95.72	93.76	16637½	Lib. 4th 4¼s,1933-'38	94.08	93.88	93.94	— .14
105½	104½	9	U. S. 4s, coupon	105⅛	105	105⅛	+ ¼

Total sales $44,269,700

OTHER GOVERNMENT BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Range, 1919 Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
99 13-16	99⅜	116	Amer. For. Sec. 5s.	99¾	99½	99½	— 3-16
97⅞	96⅞	2170	Anglo-French 5s	97⅝	97 3-16	97½	+ ¼
86	86	1	Argentine 5s	86	86	86	— 4
72	70	1	Chinese Rwy. 5s	72	72	72	— ⅛
102½	100¼	247½	City of Bordeaux 6s.	101⅜	100¾	100¾	— 9-16
102½	100¼	148	City of Lyons 6s	101¼	101	100¾	— ⅝
102½	100¼	215	City of Marseilles 6s.	101¼	100⅝	100⅝	— ⅞
100⅛	98⅝	402	City of Paris 6s	100⅛	99¾	99¾	— 3-16
83	81	30	City of Tokio 5s	81	81	81	..
99	97¾	14	Dom. of C. 5s, 1921	98½	98¼	98½	+ ¼
98	96½	127	Dom. of C. 5s, 1926	97¼	96⅝	97⅛	+ ⅜
98¼	97¼	29	Dom. of C. 5s, 1931	97¾	97½	97¾	+ ⅛
105⅝	103	248	French Govt. 5½s	105⅝	105⅛	105¼	+ 1-16
92⅝	86⅞	35	Japenese 4½s	91½	91	91½	+ ½
89	84	1	Jap.4½s,2d S.,Ger.st	86½	86½	86½	— ½
92½	86	37½	Jap. 4½s, 2d Ser.	92⅛	92	92	..
84¼	83	2	Rep. of Cuba 4½s	84¼	84¼	84¼	+ 1⅛
93½	90½	5	Rep. of Cuba 5s, '14.	92¼	91	92¼	+ 1¼
79½	61	10	U. S. of Mexico 5s.	79	79	79	— ½
61	50	10	U. S. of Mexico 4s.	61	61	61	+ 3½
101⅝	99¾	147	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1919	100 1-16	99¾	99¾	— 1-16
99	97⅞	628	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1921	98⅞	98⅝	98⅝	..
101¾	100 1-16	349	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1937	100½	100⅜	100½	..

Total sales $5,033,500

STATE BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Range, 1919 Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
107¼	106¾	2	N. Y. Canal 4½s	107¼	107¼	107¼	..
74¾	63	1	Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs.	69½	69½	69½	..

Total sales $3,000

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Range, 1919 Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
82	81½	6	3½s, May, 1954	82	81⅝	81⅝	..
82½	81⅛	5	3½s, Nov., 1954	81⅝	81⅛	81⅛	..
92¼	90½	10	4s, 1958	91	91	91	..
92½	90¾	55	4s, 1959	91¼	91	91¼	..
97¼	96	11	4¼s, 1960	96	96	96	..
98	96½	1	4¼s, 1964	96¼	96¼	96¼	..
102	100	5	4½s, 1963	100½	100½	100½	..
101½	100⅜	1	4½s, May, 1957	100½	100½	100½	..
101½	100⅞	2	4½s, 1965	100¾	100¾	100¾	..

Total sales $96,000

Grand total $56,666,200

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John Nickerson, Jr.
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NEW OFFERING

$1,000,000

Blackstone Valley Gas & Electric Co.

First and General Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds

Dated July 1, 1912 Interest Payable January 1 and July 1 Due January 1, 1939

Coupon Bonds of $1000 each which may be registered as to Principal or fully registered. Coupon and Registered Bonds Interchangeable.

Total authorized by mortgage, $5,000,000; Outstanding $3,008,000; Retired by Sinking Fund and cancelled $186,000; Balance Unissued $1,806,000

Slater Trust Company, Pawtucket, R. I., Trustees

The Company serves without competition the Blackstone Valley region of Rhode Island. The population is estimated at 160,000 including the cities of Pawtucket, Woonsocket and Central Falls, and the towns of Cumberland and Lincoln.

THE PROCEEDS OF THIS ISSUE, and $288,750 Common Stock sold at par will retire $750,000 Notes due April 1, 1919, and $580,000 of Floating Debt incurred in making needed additions and extensions for increased business.

THE BONDS ARE SECURED by a first mortgage on the entire physical property of the company now owned or hereafter acquired subject only to $494,500 underlying bonds, and by the deposit of a majority of the capital stock of the Pawtucket Gas Co. of New Jersey.

THE EARNINGS, both gross and net, have made consistent gains over a long period of years. The net earnings for 1918 applicable to interest on the bonds including those now offered, were about three and three-quarters times interest charges.

FRANCHISES are satisfactory in terms and without limitation as to time.

Callable as a whole or in part at 110 and interest on any interest date.

Sinking Fund is provided of 1% per annum of par amount of bonds outstanding.

All legal matters pertaining to the company including this issue will be approved by Messrs. Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston.

Price 92½ and interest, yielding 5.63

Circular on Application

Estabrook & Co.

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The information and statistics given above are not guaranteed, but have been obtained from reliable sources and we believe them to be accurate.

EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

$750,000

CITY OF SEATTLE
Washington

MUNICIPAL LIGHT AND POWER PLANT AND SYSTEM
5% GOLD BONDS

Dated March 1, 1919 Due as Shown Below

Principal and semi-annual interest March 1st and September 1st, payable in gold at the fiscal agency of the State of Washington, in New York City, or at the office of the City Treasurer in Seattle, at the option of the holder. Coupon bonds, with the privilege of registration as to principal and interest, either or both. Denomination $1,000.

Exempt from all taxation in the State of Washington
Eligible as security for county and city deposits in Washington

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
(As Officially Reported)

Actual Value of Taxable Property (Estimated)		$455,713,716
Assessed Valuation for purposes of taxation 1918		227,856,858
Total Bonded Debt	$21,730,400	
Bonds wholly self-supporting	10,993,309	
Net Bonded Debt		10,737,091
Population 1910 U. S. Census	237,979	
Population 1917 U. S. Estimate	366,445	
Population 1919 Estimated	426,000	

The bonds are an obligation of the City of Seattle, the principal and interest being payable from the gross revenues of the entire Municipal Light and Power Plant and System and are issued to provide funds for the purpose of making certain additions, betterments and extensions thereto.

Legal opinion of Messrs. Caldwell and Masslich

MATURITIES

$50,000	March 1, 1925	$50,000	March 1, 1932
50,000	" " 1926	50,000	" " 1933
50,000	" " 1927	50,000	" " 1934
50,000	" " 1928	50,000	" " 1935
50,000	" " 1929	50,000	" " 1936
50,000	" " 1930	50,000	" " 1937
50,000	" " 1931	50,000	" " 1938
$50,000	March 1, 1939		

PRICE 100 AND INTEREST

Circular fully describing the above bonds will be furnished upon request.

The data and statements contained in this advertisement were obtained from official reports or are our opinion based upon information which we regard as reliable; and while they are not guaranteed, we believe them to be correct.

R. M. GRANT & CO.
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NEW YORK
Boston Chicago

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS
42 Broadway
NEW YORK
Boston Chicago

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Founded 1803

The Merchants National Bank of the City of New York

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the above Bank will be held at its offices, 42 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, March 31, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of acting upon propositions to alter the par value of the capital stock from $50 per share to $100 per share; to increase the capital stock from $2,000,000, represented by 40,000 shares each of the par value of $50, to $3,000,000, to be represented by 30,000 shares, each of the par value of $100; to elect three directors to fill vacancies in the Board; and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.
O. E. PAYNTER, Cashier.
Dated, New York, February 28th, 1919.

PLAN TO PROTECT NEW DYE INDUSTRY

Repeal of Semi-Luxury Taxes Another Republican Project at Extra Session.

GENERAL TARIFF BILL LATER

Congress Must Distribute Taxation More Equitably and Readopt Protection, Says Longworth.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Revenue legislation to be initiated by the Republican Congress, in special session, will merely reflect the policy of the party toward American industry, and will not attempt to levy a protective tariff for revenue purposes. This is the opinion of dominant Republican members of the new Ways and Means Committee.

The first act in this direction will be a bill increasing the tariff on chemicals and dyestuffs, an industry with a capitalization of more than $500,000,000, which grew up in the last four years, when the United States was deprived by the war of dyes and chemicals heretofore exported from Germany.

Another move by the Ways and Means Committee will be the sponsorship of a joint resolution, which passed the late House, repealing Section 904 of the new Revenue act. This levied a semi-luxury tax, which, even the framers of the bill finally admitted, was unjust and impractical of collection.

Generally speaking, the Republican Party will make no attempt to obtain revenues from customs duties, and indications now are that the only real tariff tinkering will be with schedules dealing with commodities, such as dyes and chemicals, which require immediate protection from importations.

Representatives Nicholas Longworth and J. Hampton Moore, who have infant dye industries in their districts, are now studying the situation for the purpose of offering a bill increasing the duties on chemicals and dyes in the special session. They are not prepared to say just how much the tariff should be increased, and hearings will be held at which experts for the Tariff Commission and manufacturers will be heard.

"I am sure that we must, before long, tackle the revenue problem," said Mr. Longworth. "We must devise some scheme which will distribute the burdens of taxation more widely throughout the country and more equitably among the people. Our revenue system must be more national and less sectional. First and foremost, we ought to raise a larger proportion of our revenues in the custom houses; and in so doing we must have regard not only for the revenue to be raised but for the protection to be afforded to American industry and American labor. We cannot, of course, now promise a tariff law which will be enduring. In abnormal times like these we could not hope to provide for the exigencies of normal conditions, and who knows when they will return? It seems to me, though, quite possible to agree upon such duties as will maintain permanently certain industries that have become established in this country since the war began, like chemicals and dyes, for example.

"It would be the height of folly to allow Germany to again absorb and control the American markets in these important industries. If we cannot finish the job, we can at least make a start, and thereby prove to the American people that only through Republican legislation can they be assured of adequate protection to their industries and their labor.

"I am of the opinion that the tariff from the revenue standpoint can never be so important an issue as it has been in the past. We could not hope to raise more than $400,000,000 additional revenue under a reasonable tariff system, and that, under present conditions, is only a drop in the bucket. The actual expenditures of this Government for the year 1920 will not be under the advice of the best authorities, less than $10,000,000,000, and I cannot see how, for a number of years, even after normal conditions are restored, they will run less than four or five billion.

"From the protective standpoint, though, the tariff issue will be just as important as it ever was, for we cannot hope to preserve the American market for Americans and maintain anything like our present standards of wages and living unless we have duties higher than those provided in the so-called Underwood law. I would not favor the re-enactment of the Payne or any other tariff law. The underlying principle of a protective tariff should be based upon the costs of production here and throughout the world, which were entirely different when any of these laws were passed."

In making up the next tariff bill, Messrs. Moore and Longworth will be two of the strongest men in the committee. It is generally recognized that Representative J. W. Fordney, Chairman of the Committee, is too reactionary to be allowed to mold the character of the bill.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKET.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—Dealings discontinued.

CORN.	—March.— High.	Low.	—May.— High.	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.
Mar. 10	1.44¾	1.41	1.36½	1.33	1.30½	1.27⅝
Mar. 11	1.44	1.42¼	1.37¼	1.33½	1.31⅝	1.28⅛
Mar. 12	1.48	1.43	1.41¼	1.36½	1.36⅛	1.30⅞
Mar. 13	1.47	1.43⅝	1.39	1.36	1.34	1.31
Mar. 14	1.44	1.42¼	1.36½	1.33½	1.30½	1.28¼
Mar. 15	1.48	1.43¼	1.38¾	1.34¼	1.33	1.28¼
Week's range	1.48	1.41	1.39	1.33	1.36⅛	1.27⅝

	—Sept.— High.	Low.
March 10	..	..
March 11	..	..
March 12	1.32½	1.27⅝
March 13	1.30⅝	1.27½
March 14	1.26⅝	1.25
March 15	1.28¼	1.24¼
Week's range	1.32½	1.24¼

OATS.	—March.— High.	Low.	—May.— High.	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.
Mar. 10	62¼	61⅜	64	62	63¾	62½
Mar. 11	61⅞	60⅞	63¾	62¼	63¼	62
Mar. 12	63	61⅝	64¾	63⅛	64⅝	62⅝
Mar. 13	..	..	63½	62	63⅛	61¼
Mar. 14	60½	59½	62⅝	61	61½	60¼
Mar. 15	63⅛	61¼	62¼	60¾	59¾	57⅞
W'k's range	63⅛	59½	64¾	60¾	64⅝	57⅞

Provisions.

LARD.	—May.— High.	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.
Mar. 10	26.62	26.62	25.97	25.97
Mar. 11	27.12	27.12	26.47	26.37
Mar. 12	27.62	27.62	26.97	26.97
Mar. 13	27.95	27.12	27.47	26.47
Mar. 14	27.30	26.65	26.47	26.07
Mar. 15	27.05	26.35	26.00	25.85
Week's range	27.95	26.35	27.47	25.85

RIBS.	—May.— High.	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.
March 10	24.22	24.27	23.02	23.00
March 11	24.77	24.70	23.52	23.27
March 12	25.27	25.27	24.02	23.97
March 13	25.40	24.77	24.15	23.52
March 14	24.57	24.27	23.45	23.02
March 15	24.75	23.87	23.45	22.97
W'k's range	25.40	23.87	24.15	22.97

PORK.	—May.— High.	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.
March 10	44.00	44.00	41.05	40.95
March 11	45.00	44.75	42.05	41.90
March 12	46.00	45.95	..	..
March 13	47.00	45.00	43.15	42.05
March 14	44.40	44.00	41.55	41.05
March 15	44.85	43.40	41.80	40.35
W'k's range	47.00	43.40	43.15	40.35

NEW YORK.

OLD CONTRACT COTTON.

	—March.— High.	Low.	—May.— High.	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.
March 10	24.50	23.33	23.12	22.60	22.35	21.85
March 11	24.95	24.20	22.95	22.50	22.35	21.80
March 12	26.25	24.76	24.00	22.60	23.35	21.95
March 13	28.25	26.25	24.40	23.83	23.51	23.00
March 14	27.10	26.50	24.40	23.70	23.50	22.65
March 15	..	..	24.10	23.75	23.10	22.60
W'k's r'nge	28.25	23.33	24.40	22.50	23.51	21.80

	—Sept.— High.	Low.	—Oct.— High.	Low.	—Dec.— High.	Low.
Mar. 10	21.75	21.75	20.99	20.45	21.00	20.40
Mar. 11	21.10	21.10	20.80	24.48	20.90	20.81
Mar. 12	20.90	20.90	21.85	20.30	21.80	20.65
Mar. 13	22.38	22.08	22.00	21.40	22.05	21.70
Mar. 14	..	..	22.00	21.00	21.80	21.65
Mar. 15	21.73	21.73	21.40	20.75	21.50	21.30
W'k's re.	22.38	20.90	22.00	20.30	21.80	20.40

NEW CONTRACT COTTON.

	—May.— High.	Low.	—July.— High.	Low.
March 10	23.23	22.80	22.50	21.90
March 11	23.20	22.75	22.43	21.95
March 12	24.35	22.80	23.49	22.10
March 13	24.65	24.00	23.75	23.10
March 14	24.85	24.15	23.65	22.95
March 15	24.70	24.15	23.20	22.85
Week's range	24.85	22.75	23.75	21.90

	—Oct.— High.	Low.	—Dec.— High.	Low.
March 10	21.15	20.78	21.00	20.60
March 11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	20.58
March 12	22.20	20.80	21.90	20.56
March 13	22.40	21.86	22.17	21.70
March 14	22.20	21.45	21.90	21.17
March 15	21.80	21.40	21.55	21.80
Week's range	22.40	20.78	22.17	20.53

TO TEACH ALIENS ENGLISH.

New York University Summer School to Give Special Course.

Believing that on proper methods of instruction to teach aliens English rests the success of the Americanization movement in the work of reconstruction, John B. Schamus, supervisor of classes in English to foreigners at New York University, announced yesterday that a special course in teaching foreigners will be given at the University Summer school this year. The course will be given, Mr. Schamus said, to meet the demands of city school teachers and others engaged in educational work among foreigners.

"Though for many years the education of foreigners to an understanding of American ideals and customs has been given thoughtful attention," Mr. Schamus said, "now the movement has assumed a significance far more widespread and vital. The National Army draft revealed in a startling manner the true facts concerning illiteracy in the United States. Of those amenable to the draft alone fully 8,000,000 lacked the fundamentals of education, the army reports show. Such reactions against the national spirit as the manifestations of the 'hyphen,' the I. W. W. opposition and pacifism were conclusive proof that we had not gone far enough in the process of Americanization among the foreign-born elements."

The city, State, and Nation, Mr. Schamus says, are confronted with the problem of social regeneration, and in New York City, where the foreign problem is most acute, education for Americanization will be provided for extensively, he added.

Outlining the plan by which he will conduct the course for teachers, Mr. Schamus said that the class members will be brought into actual contact with the methods of instruction employed throughout the city at the present time. The class will meet in connection with various night schools for foreigners, observing at first hand the problems presented by the immigrant pupil.

GERMAN CONTROL OF METALS ENDED

Alien Property Custodian Tells of Americanization of Syndicate Branches.

FREE PATENTED PROCESSES

Lead and Zinc Production of the World Will No Longer Pay Tribute to Teutonic "Octopus."

The means by which the "German metal octopus," which spread its tentacles over the United States, Mexico, and South America has been driven back by a wall of Americanism is shown in detail in Chapter 3 of the annual report to President Wilson, made by A. Mitchell Palmer, who recently resigned as Alien Property Custodian, to be succeeded by Francis P. Garvan. The subject of the chapter is "The Metal Situation," and it was made public yesterday by Mr. Garvan.

The report tells of the growth of German metal control in Germany and the gradual extension of it to other parts of the world. Mr. Palmer showed that however much justification there may be for the assertion that the German metal combination controlled the metal markets of Europe and Australia, especially in zinc and lead, it is not the fact that they controlled the metal market of the United States. Mr. Palmer said that he had taken over the German-owned metal concerns in the United States, and, by disbanding some and Americanizing others, believed that the German influences in our metal markets had been completely eliminated.

Inquiring into Germany's complete control of the zinc and lead markets of the world, Mr. Palmer said the secret of her power lay in the fact that her great metal firms acted in concert in the purchase of zinc and lead ores, cooperated in the control of smelters and refineries, and, by the free use of unlimited credits extended to them by German banks, was able to buy and sell huge quantities of metals, thereby influencing market prices.

The report took up what Mr. Palmer called "the German metal triumvirate," consisting of the large firms of the Metallgesellschaft of Frankfurt, Aaron Hirsch & Sohn of Halberstadt, and Beer, Sondheimer & Co. of Frankfort. In the charts annexed to the chapter it is shown that these German concerns controlled not only German metal and chemical companies, but also French, Belgian, English, Australian, Swiss, Austrian, Italian, Spanish, and American concerns, a vast combination including 245 separate companies whose interests lay in every part of the world, and who produced every known form of mineral.

The German Zinc Syndicate became a menace to the English, French, and Belgian zinc works, and as a result there was formed an International Zinc Syndicate in 1911 for the purpose of curtailing the actual total production if proof was available that consumption did not absorb production.

Next Mr. Palmer takes up the Lead Syndicate, and says that at the outbreak of the war the lead output of the world was likewise centred in the hands of the Germans. In copper, however, the Germans were never able to gain complete control of production, but they had a marked influence on the market price of the metal. Outside the United States, and especially in Australia, the Germans did largely control the copper output.

When the war opened each firm of the German metal triumvirate, said the report, had a branch in this country. The Metallgesellschaft had the American Metal Co., Aaron Hirsch & Sohn had L. Vogelstein & Co., and Beer, Sondheimer & Co. had a branch under its own name. These branches were in New York, but all developed vast interests in the United States, Mexico, and South America.

The report goes into the patents covering minerals separation and relates the history of the new process of ore concentration by which so much of the ore formerly wasted was successfully salvaged. After showing the German control of the separating process, the report said:

"The importance of the control by this German-owned branch of Beer, Sondheimer & Co. of the minerals separation process and the power to grant or withhold from the United States mental industry licenses to use the flotation process can hardly be overestimated. The Custodian has taken over all the minerals separation stock held by Beer, Sondheimer & Co., and the latter's control of the minerals separation process in the United States has been broken."

"In dealing with the German interests in the American Metal Company, L. Vogelstein & Co. and Beer, Sondheimer & Co. the Alien Property Custodian," the report continued, "sought not only to take possession of all such alien property but also to eliminate as far as possible for all time German interests and German influences which existed and had been exercised in this country through the control of these three companies, and it is believed that the disposition made by the Custodian of the German interests in these companies has been such as to effectually eliminate all present, and, it is hoped, future German control in the metal market and the metal industry of this country."

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Hornblower & Weeks and R. M. Grant & Co. are offering an issue of $750,000 City of Seattle Light and Power Plant and System 5 per cent. bonds, maturing serially from 1925 to 1939, at par and interest.

An analysis of the American Light and Traction Company is issued in circular form by Macquoid & Co.

The Manhattan Electrical Supply Company reports net earnings for the year ended Dec. 31 last of $525,000 after setting aside a fund for taxes. The Directors have voted to charge off $206,000 for the retirement of the first and second preferred.

DECREASE IN WAR PAPER.

Federal Reserve Bank's Holdings Drop $65,400,000 in Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Some liquidation of United States war securities and of war paper held and considerable withdrawals of Government deposits are indicated by the Federal Reserve Board's weekly statement of the condition on March 7 of 771 member banks in about 100 selected cities.

Holdings of United States bonds other than circulation bonds show a decrease for the week of $20,100,000, of which $10,300,000 are shown for the member banks in New York City. Aggregate holdings of Treasury certificates fell off about $4,400,000, New York City member banks reporting a larger decrease under this head of $10,900,000. Loans secured by United States war obligations (so-called war paper) declined $40,900,000, almost entirely at the New York City banks. Other loans and investments show a total increase of $30,100,000, member banks in the twelve Federal Reserve cities reporting a larger increase of $35,400,000.

Aggregate holdings of United States war securities and war paper were $3,803,100,000, or $65,400,000 less than the week before, and constituted 26.9 per cent. of the total loans and investments reported, as against 27.3 per cent. the week before. For the member banks in the twelve Federal Reserve cities a decline in this ratio from 28.8 to 28.3 per cent., and for the New York City banks a decline from 32 to 31.1 per cent. may be noted.

Government deposits decreased $121,900,000, net demand deposits gained $27,400,000, while time deposits show but little change.

MEMBER BANK STATEMENT.

This statement shows the principal resource and liability items of member banks in leading cities, including member banks located in Federal Reserve Bank cities and in Federal Reserve branch cities, as of close of business March 7:

	New York.	Chicago.	All Fed. Res. Cities.
Number of reporting banks	65	44	255
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	$36,671,000	$1,169,000	$101,193,000
Other U. S. bonds, including Liberty bonds	243,350,000	23,610,000	372,089,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	839,906,000	147,745,000	1,372,413,000
Total U. S. securities	1,119,927,000	172,524,000	1,845,695,000
Loans secured by U. S. bonds, &c	544,083,000	64,977,000	907,095,000
All other loans and investments	3,562,016,000	861,297,000	6,613,443,000
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	603,685,000	115,322,000	942,004,000
Cash in vault	102,612,000	35,939,000	200,629,000
Net demand deposits	4,222,288,000	830,644,000	7,054,974,000
Time deposits	199,695,000	160,154,000	660,410,000
Government deposits	232,688,000	38,856,000	404,628,000

TOTAL OF STATEMENTS FOR ALL REPORTING BANKS.

	Fed. Res. Br'ch Cities.	All Other Report. Banks.	Grand Total.
Number of reporting banks	159	357	771
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	$54,729,000	$108,453,000	$264,375,000
Other U. S. bonds, including Liberty bonds	118,357,000	185,186,000	75,632,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	310,182,000	311,661,000	1,994,256,000
Total U. S. securities	483,268,000	605,300,000	2,934,263,000
Loans secured by U. S. bonds, &c	103,596,000	122,502,000	1,133,193,000
All other loans and investments	1,497,275,000	1,943,820,000	10,054,538,000
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	148,631,000	171,614,000	1,262,249,000
Cash in vault	55,616,000	89,790,000	346,035,000
Net demand deposits	1,244,799,000	1,716,146,000	10,015,919,000
Time deposits	477,491,000	503,730,000	1,641,631,000
Government deposits	63,547,000	90,003,000	558,178,000

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds
Monday	73,637	201,280	491,885	$329,000
Tuesday	78,070	242,934	436,050	288,000
Wednesday	114,783	227,744	888,400	227,000
Thursday	103,480	185,795	174,860	635,000
Friday	76,100	184,420	253,540	280,000
Saturday	71,150	155,680	158,950	138,000
Total	517,220	1,197,853	1,903,685	$1,898,000

INDUSTRIALS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
10⅛	6⅛	11,700	*Aetna Explosives.	9⅝	9⅛	9⅝	+ ⅛
81	59	15	Aetna Ex. pf., w.i.	64	59	64	+ 2
65½	61½	400	*Am. Bosch Mag..	64½	64¼	64¼	— ½
4½	2	600	Am.-British Mfg..	4	3½	3½	— 1
25	23	300	Am.-Brit. Mfg. pf.	25	23	25	..
40	8	21,300	*Am. Road Mach.	40	25½	36	+ 9
5¼	2½	2,200	*Am. Writ. Paper.	5¼	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅝
24½	23½	200	Br.-Am. Tob., reg.	24¼	24¼	24¼	+ ¼
25⅞	24	1,700	B.-A. Tob., coupon	25¼	24½	24⅝	— ⅛
39	28¼	200	*J. G. Brill Car.	37	36½	36½	— 1
17½	15	300	*Bucyrus Co......	16	15½	15½	— 1¼
2¾	2	1,100	*Car Lt. & Pow..	2⅜	2¼	2⅝	..
12	4	11,400	*Chalmers Motors	12	4⅜	10	+ 5¾
175	173	217	*Columbia Graph..	175	173	174	..
12	8¼	5,300	*Dictograph Prod..	12	12	11¾	+ ¾
27	25	500	Eastern Steel.....	27	25	26	..
4½	2	872	Emerson Phon....	4¼	4	4¼	+ ¼
60¼	55⅝	800	Fairbanks Co.....	58	56	56	— 1
55	53	1,200	*Fam. Play.-L'sky	55	53	55	..
45	33	1,250	*Freep't Tex. Sul.	44½	41½	42½	— ½
72½	59	18,800	*Gen. Asphalt.....	67¼	61⅛	61⅝	— 4½
109	87	1,100	*Gen. Asphalt pf.	101	94	95	— 8
130	109	500	*Gillette S.R., w.i.	130	128	130	— 1
9	4⅝	43,000	Hupp Motor Car..	9	7⅝	8⅝	+ 1
21	10¼	10,900	Inter. Rubber.....	19¼	17¾	17¾	— ¼
28	24½	4,400	*Jones Bros. Tea..	28	26	27½	+ 1½
85	43½	78,200	Keystone T. & R.	85	72¾	80¼	+ 7⅞
35	10⅜	38,588	*Lack. Co. Coal.	35	21½	33½	+10½
3	1⅛	500	*Lake Tor. Boat.	2	1⅝	1⅝	..
20¾	20⅝	350	*Lake Sup. Cop..	20¾	20⅝	20⅝	..
28	19½	5,000	*Libby, McN. & L.	28	26½	27	+ ⅝
36	27½	400	*Lima Loco.......	36	32	36	+ 5⅞
4⅝	4	14,500	Marconi of Am...	4⅝	4¼	4⅝	+ ⅛
26¼	25	8,100	*Nat. Anil. Chem.	26¼	25	25¼	..
69	69	200	*Nat. A. Chem. pf.	69	69	69	..
67	47	16,600	*Nat. Coal & Ice.	67	62½	67	+ 4¼
20¼	6½	2,000	*Nat. Fireproofing	9⅝	8½	8½	— ¼
20¼	13½	2,600	*Nat. Firep'f. pf.	17½	15⅝	16½	+ 1
4¾	2⅝	10,900	Nor. A. P. & P...	4½	4⅛	4¼	+ ¼
3⅜	1⅝	600	*Pearson Coal.....	2⅞	2⅝	2¾	— 1
40	30	135	Penn. S. St. v.t.c.	34	30	30	— 2½
25	18	8,200	Peerless T. & M..	25	23	24	+ 5
1	⅛	84,500	Perfection T. & R.	13/16	⅝	¾	..
11½	7	44,400	*Philip Morris,w.i.	11¼	9½	10⅝	..
400	330	30	R. J. Reynolds....	385	375	385	—15
8⅝	8	400	*Standard Motor..	8⅝	8½	8⅝	+ ⅛
41	38¾	200	*Stewart Mfg.....	39⅝	39½	39½	— ⅝
16¾	10	18,000	Submarine Boat...	16¼	14	14½	— 1⅛
56	40½	19,400	*Swift Int., w.i...	56	48¾	54½	+ 6
10⅞	10	3,600	*Themelis Bros...	10⅞	10	10⅞	..
45	33¾	5,000	*United Motors....	45	42½	45	+ 2½
2¼	1⅛	2,500	*U. S. L. & H.....	2¼	1¾	1⅜	— ⅛
3¼	2½	650	U. S. L. & H. pf.	3¼	3¼	3¼	+ ⅛
2⅛	1/16	39,000	Un. Profit Sharing	2	1⅝	1 11/16	— ¼
5⅝	2⅞	14,400	U. S. Steamship..	3½	3	3½	..
4½	3⅝	8,000	Wayne Coal......	3¾	3½	3⅝	— ⅛
11/16	⅛	16,600	World Film.......	⅝	⅜	⅜	— 1/16
4⅝	3	8,300	*Wright-Mar. Air.	4¼	4	4½	— ⅛
78	65	2,800	*Wright-Mar. pf..	78	71	72	+ 4

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
18½	17¼	1,150	Anglo-Am. Oil.....	18½	18	18	— ⅝
95	91	10	Buckeye Pipe Line.	91	91	91	— 4
102	88	59	Galena-Signal Oil..	102	99½	102	+ 4
173	163	85	Ill. Pipe Line......	173	172	172	— 1
335	316	90	Ohio Oil	331	325	331	+ 3
276	266	50	Prairie Pipe Line.	269	267	268	— 1
685	630	35	Prairie O & G.....	652	650	652	..
320	297	25	South Penn. Oil...	299	298	298	— 2
280	257	60	Stand. Oil of Cal.	266	262	266	+ 1
776	772	85	Stand. Oil of Ind.	776	773	776	+ 4
730	673	70	Stand. Oil of N. J..	680	677	678	+ 5
340	306	185	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	340	331	340	+10

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
2 1/16	⅝	46,200	*Allen Oil........	2¼	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
4½	3	85,600	*Boone Oil	4⅝	3⅝	3⅞	+ ½
47	18	82,000	*Boston-Wyo. Oil..	32	27	31	+ 2
49¾	37	22,500	*Com'wealth Oil...	49¾	47	49½	+ 9½
1⅞	1	4,900	*Cont. O. & R.....	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
8¼	6⅞	13,200	*Cosden Oil	8	7⅝	7¾	..
1⅞	1¼	22,370	*Crystal O. & R...	1⅞	1½	1⅞	+ ¼
35	13	8,800	*Crown Oil	33	25	30	..
1 1/16	¾	2,500	*Distillers Oil.....	⅞	¾	13/16	— 1/16
6⅞	6	1,500	*Elk Basin Pet....	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
8	4	143,700	*Esmeralda Oil....	8	5	5½	— ½
8⅝	2	11,000	*Federal Oil.......	8	2⅝	3	+ ¼
4¾	3½	9,700	*Glenrock Oil......	3⅞	3¾	3¾	— ⅛
2⅝	¾	31,000	*Great Plains Pet.	2⅝	1⅝	2	— ⅛
57	40	15,600	*Home Oil........	49	40	49	..
15½	10	2,000	*Home O. & R.....	15½	15	15½	+ ¼
86½	75	1,600	*Houston Oil	82	79½	81	+ 2
1⅞	.55	42,750	*Hudson Oil.......	1⅞	1¼	1 11/16	+ 1/16
23	16⅝	5,000	*Inter. Petrol.....	22	21	21½	— 1/16
8½	6⅝	55,500	Island O. & T....	8¼	7½	7½	+ ¼
16	7	16,800	Kenova Oil........	10	7½	9½	+ 2
42	23	18,600	*Louis. O. & R....	42	38½	40¼	+ 1
2¾	1¾	8,844	*McC. P. & R....	2¼	1¾	2	— ⅛
25½	21	7,800	Merritt Oil........	25½	24¼	24¾	+ ¼
4 1/16	3¼	36,900	Met. Petrol.......	3 11/16	3⅝	3 7/16	+ 1/16
1 1/16	11/16	89,500	*Midwest Oil.....	1⅛	11/16	1⅛	+ 1/16
161	120	41,500	*Midwest Ref.....	158	150	158	— 1
55	46	12,000	*Northwest Oil....	48	46	47	— 2
61	16	105,800	Omar O. & G.....	57	49	57	+ 7
44	42	4,000	*Park Oil.........	44	42	44	..
15⅞	11¼	53,000	*Pennok Oil.......	15⅞	12⅝	15⅞	+ 3½
30	13	162,700	*Queen Oil........	23	17	19	..
47	34	25,400	*Rangeburnett Oil.	47	42	47	+ 4
90	69	7,000	*Royal Dutch, new	86	84	85½	+ 2¼
44	44	1,000	Rock Oil	44	44	44	..
8	6½	680	*Savoy Oil	8	7¼	8	+ ⅛
32¾	22	27,700	*Sinclair Gulf.....	32¾	31¼	32⅝	+ ⅞
44	36	19,750	Southwest Oil.....	44	40	42	+ 1
1⅝	¾	14,400	*Stanton	1	¾	⅞	— ⅛
47	11	49,100	*Texana O. & R..	47	25	34	— 6
3½	1¼	1,000	*Tyopa Oil........	2	1¼	2	+ ⅞
2¼	1	19,050	*Un W. Oil, new..	2⅛	1⅝	2	..
3	2⅛	8,700	*Victoria Oil, new	2⅞	2½	2⅛	— ⅛

MINING STOCKS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
50	33	20,700	Alaska-Br. C. M.	†39	33	38	..
1 1/16	¾	1,100	*American Mines..	1	¾	1	..
7/16	¼	28,500	*Am. Tin Tung...	7/16	¼	¼	— ⅛
1¼	⅞	3,600	Ariz. Bin. Cop....	1	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
60	45	1,400	*Ariz. Butte......	†60	60	60	..
6	3½	20,600	*Atlanta	†6	5½	5½	— ½
½	½	1,000	Alaska Mines.....	½	½	½	..
11/16	⅝	30,150	Big Ledge Copper.	⅝	⅝	½	— 1/16
54	42	64,400	Boston Montana..	†50	48	50	+ 1
6	4	46,000	Butte-Detroit	†6	4	5	+ 2½
½	⅜	100	Butte-N. Y........	½	½	½	..
33	27	7,200	*Caledonia Min...	†31	30	31	..
½	3/16	81,000	*Calu'et & Jerome	½	3/16	3/16	+ 1/16
2¼	1 1/16	6,300	Canada Copper...	1 11/16	1 1/16	1 1/16	— ¼
64	52	31,720	*Candelaria Silver.	†64	59	64	+ 3
8½	5	8,800	Cashboy	†8½	6½	8½	..
1⅞	1	29,000	*Cerbat S.M. & M.	1⅞	1	1¾	+ ⅝
1 1/16	1	4,100	Con. Ariz. Smelt..	1⅛	1 1/16	1⅛	..
6¾	4¾	1,650	Cons. Cop. Min....	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	4¾	2,600	Cresson Gold.....	5	4¾	4⅞	..
3	1½	4,800	El Salvador Sil...	3	2½	2½	..
1⅝	1¼	8,600	*Eureka Croe's M.	1½	1¼	1⅜	— ⅛
80	60	9,700	*Florence Silver...	†78	75	78	..
6½	3	9,200	*Gadsden	3¾	3	3⅛	— ⅞
⅞	⅝	1,600	*Golden Rule M.	½	½	½	..
26	17	103,900	Goldfield Cons....	†21	18	18	— 1
3¾	2½	27,100	*Golden Gate Exp.	3½	3⅛	3⅜	..
7½	5	47,500	*Gold Merger......	†7½	5½	6½	— ½
6	3	1,700	*Great Bend......	†4½	4½	4½	+ ½
¾	7/16	10,000	*Green Mon. M...	¾	7/16	⅝	+ ⅛
70	55	8,100	*Hamilton M. & S.	†70	65	70	+ 5
55	33	5,000	*Hattie Gold Min.	†45	40	45	+ 8
4⅞	4 1/16	2,275	Hecla Mining.....	4⅞	4¾	4¾	+ ⅛
.58	7/16	500	*Iron Blossom.....	7/16	7/16	7/16	..
1	7/16	45,000	*Jerome Verde....	1	7/16	¾	+ ¼
44	33	5,800	*Jim Butler.......	†37	36	36	— 1
15	12	9,300	Jumbo Ext........	†15	13	13	— 1
8	5	15,000	*Kewanas	†6½	5	6½	— ½
5/16	3/16	1,700	La Rose Consol..	⅜	¼	¼	..
30	5	522,500	*Lone Star Con...	†30	11	11½	—16½
¼	3/16	19,000	Louisiana Cons...	¼	3/16	¼	..
60	34	453,000	*MacNamara Min.	†60	46	51	+ 3
⅝	7/16	36,800	*Magma Chief....	⅝	9/16	⅝	— 1/16
4	3	1,000	*Marsh Mining....	3½	3½	3½	+ ½
39	28	21,900	*Mother Lode.....	†39	33	38	+ 5
9¼	8¼	800	Nipissing	9¼	9	9¼	+ ⅛
48	32	17,500	Nixon Nevada....	†47	38	45	+ 5
25	10	1,100	*North Butte Dev.	†22	20	22	+ 2
8⅝	3	1,400	*Onondaga Mine..	8	3	8	..
3¼	1⅞	12,900	*Ray Hercules....	2¼	2⅛	2¼	— ⅛
32	17	10,200	Rochester Mines...	†18	17	17	— 2
8½	5⅛	4,000	*Silver Pick.......	†8	6½	8	+ 2
⅞	⅛	3,000	Stand. Sil.-Lead..	⅝	9/16	⅝	..
17	14	20,600	Stewart	†15	15	12	..
8	4	500	*Success Mining...	†4½	4½	4½	— ½
3¾	2¼	100	*Tonopah Belmont	3½	3½	3½	+ 1/16
3	1¾	4,750	Tonopah Ex.......	2⅝	2½	2 9/16	— 1/16
1.55	30	11,600	*Tuolumne R. Pla.	†55	35	50	+ 5
4 13/16	3 13/16	740	United Eastern...	4 13/16	4⅝	4 11/16	— ⅝
12	7	16,000	*U. S. Cont. M....	†11	9½	10	..
⅞	¼	1,800	*Un. Sulp. Mines	5/16	¼	5/16	..
33½	31½	1,100	*United Verde Ex.	33½	33	33	..
40	24	8,000	*Ward. M. & M...	†32	28	30	— 1
94	81	25,000	Wash. Gold Quar..	†94	90	93	+11
1 3/16	1 1/16	3,800	West End Con....	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 3/16	— 1/16
17	6	2,500	*West. Utah Ext.	†8	6	7	— 2
18½	10	12,700	White Cap. Min..	†16	14	14	— 1
1½	1⅛	800	White Knob C. pf.	1¼	1⅛	1¼	..

BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
99⅝	98⅞	$97,000	*Am. T. & T. 1-yr. 6s, w. i.	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	+ ¼
104⅝	102¾	10,000	*Am. Tob. 7s, '23..	102¾	102¾	102¾	— 1
98⅝	97⅛	220,000	*Anaconda 6s, w.i.	98	97⅛	97⅞	+ ⅛
101¼	100⅝	80,000	*Beth.S.7%,'19,w.i.	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	+ ⅛
101⅛	100½	1,000	*Beth.S.7%,'21,w.i.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	..
101½	100¾	26,000	*Beth.S.7%,'23,w.i.	101⅜	101⅛	101⅜	..
99⅝	98⅜	25,000	*Can. Govt. 5s....	99⅝	99½	99½	— ⅛
104⅛	103	248,000	*Fed. Fm. Ln. 5s..	104⅛	103⅞	104	+ ¼
100½	100	8,000	*Gen.El.6%,1-y.,'19.	100½	100	100¼	+ ¼
		208,000	*Ill. Cent. 5½s,w.i.	96⅞	96½	96½	+ ¼
92½	82⅝	67,000	*I. R. T. 7s, w. i..	91	90	90⅞	— ¼
100¾	100	10,000	*K. C. Ter. 6s, '23.	100½	100½	100½	..
101	100¾	26,000	*Lacl. G. 7s, w. i.	101	100⅞	100	+ ¼
100½	99⅝	32,000	*Lig. & M. 6s, '21.	100⅝	100	100½	..
101¼	99⅝	183,000	*N.Y.Tel. d.6s,w.i.	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞	— ⅝
96½	95½	25,000	*Phila. Elec. 6s..	96½	96½	96½	+ ¼
103	103	2,000	*Proc. & G. 7s, '22.	103	103	103	..
103¾	103¾	8,000	*Proc. & G. 7s, '23.	103¾	103¾	103¾	..
65	47	25,000	*Russ. Govt. 5½s..	59½	56½	57	— 3
72	52	88,000	*Russ. Govt. 6½s.	67	64	65	— 2
99⅝	98⅞	10,000	*St.P.U.D.5½s,w.i.	99	99	99	— ¼
99⅝	99	70,000	*South. Ry. 6s,w.i.	99¼	99⅛	99¼	..
100	99¼	65,000	*Swift 6s, w.i.,'21.	100	99⅞	100	..
94½	92½	415,000	*Wilson cv. 6s,w.i.	94	93⅞	94¾	+ ⅞

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

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Farrell, Pennsylvania, District 4¾s	1933-48	4.35%
Dallas, Texas, 4s	1922-57	4.40%
State of Utah 4½s	1937	4.40%
Jefferson County, Missouri, 4½s	1924-30	4.60%
Centreville Township, Illinois, 5s	1928	4.65%
St. Clair County, Missouri, 5s	1924 opt. 23	4.70%
Omaha, Nebraska, 4½s	1928 opt. 13	4.75%
Cleveland Heights, Ohio	1921-50	4.80%
Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio, 5s	1926-38	4.80%
Seattle, Washington, 5s	1930-37	4.85%
Choctaw County, Oklahoma, 5s	1922-28	4.85%
Bonham, Texas, 5s	1951 opt. 31	5.00%
Ashland, Kentucky, 5½s	1948	5.00%
Prentiss County, Mississippi, 5½s	1924-48	5.00%
Francis Levee Dist. of Arkansas 5½s	1960-68	5.20%
Freestone County, Texas, Road Dist. No. 1 5s	1925-47	5.25%
Walthall Co., Miss., Supervisors Dist. No. 2 6s	1929-41	5.40%
Walthall Co., Miss., Supervisors Dist. No. 1 6s	1928-49	5.40%
Arkansas-Louisiana Highway 6s	1934-39	5.50%
Miller Co., Arkansas, Levee Dist. No. 2 6s	1923-38	5.50%

Our complete list contains many other offerings which we shall be pleased to submit on application.

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NEW ISSUE

$4,135,000

New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Co.

Second and Improvement Mortgage 6% Gold Bonds, Series "A"

Due May 1, 1931

Principal and interest payable in gold in New York. Interest payable May 1 and November 1. Application will be made in due course to list these bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

Interest payable without deduction for any Federal Income Taxes deductible at the source up to 2%

The following information is summarised from a letter from the President of the Company:

The "Nickel Plate" is a trunk line of about 500 miles, with aggregate trackage of 954 miles, comprising the shortest road between Buffalo and Chicago, serving one of the most important traffic districts in the United States. In connection with the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. it forms a route from New York to Chicago several miles shorter than the New York Central.

Control of the "Nickel Plate," for over twenty years held by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern (New York Central Lines), also operating between Chicago and Buffalo, was acquired in 1916 by strong Cleveland interests, who believed that with local control and management there was great opportunity for development in the company's business. That this opinion was justified is evidenced by the results of operation of the railroad.

Year ended Dec. 31	1918	1917	1916	1915
Gross Revenues	$22,656,381	$16,901,206	$15,387,928	$12,536,380
Balance after Expenses, Taxes, etc.	3,690,954	2,274,247	2,813,254	2,055,507
Interest on Funded Debt.	1,378,300	1,324,566	1,157,267	1,146,537
Balance	$2,312,654	$949,681	$1,655,987	$908,970

The company has not yet concluded a contract with the United States Railroad Administration.

These bonds are secured by mortgage lien on the company's railroad, subject only to $18,350,000 First 4s, due 1937, outstanding under a closed mortgage and being retired by sinking fund. The total mortgage debt of the Company amounts to $32,485,000, including $10,000,000 Debenture 4s of 1931 ratably secured under the Second and Improvement Mortgage.

We offer these bonds, subject to approval of legal details by our counsel

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QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.
Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ‡†Sells flat. ¶Special. x Ex dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation Mar. 15, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39..	5	Mar. & Sep.	73	77
A. W. W. & Elec., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	68	70
Anac. & Pot. River,'49	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	93
Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '32	..	June & Dec.	70	73
Ariz. Power 1st, '33....	6	May & Nov.	85	90
Ark. V. R., L. & P., '20	7	Jan. & July	96½	99½
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	84	89
Au.-Aiken R. & E., '35	5	June & Dec.	..	59
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39..	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	85
Buff. Gen. El., '39.....	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	..
Do deb., '22..........	6	Feb. & Aug.	103½	104¼
Buff. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35..........	5	Jan. & July	..	89
Do 1st, '48..........	5	Jan. & July	93½	96½
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '33.	5	Jan. & July	..	98
Buff. & Sus. I. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	95	96
Buff. & S. Iron deb.,'26	5	Jan. & July	86	89½
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	77	86
Capital Trac. 1st, '47..	5	June & Dec.	97	98
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29.	5	Jan. & July	96	..
Cit. Serv. deb., Ser. B.	7	Jan. & July	129	131
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39...	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	94½
Colo. Power 1st, '53...	5	May & Nov.	87	90
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	82	88
Conn. Pr. 1st & Con.,'63	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	90
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	85	88
Do unstamped, '51....	4½	Jan. & July	85	88
Cons. Gas, (Balt.,) '54	4½	Jan. & July	85	89
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July	99	101
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	84	85
Cons. G. of N. J., '36..	5	Jan. & July	90	..
Do 1st, '65..........	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	..
Cons. T. of N.J. 1st,'33	5	June & Dec.	86	89
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	93	98
Do deb., '30..........	5	Jan. & July	83	..
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32....	5	May & Nov.	90	94
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22...	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	93
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42.	5	May & Nov.	85	88
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	June & Dec.	93	..
Eliz. & Trenton, '62...	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	82
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan. & July	83	90
Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32......	6	June & Dec.	90	95
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54.	5	Apr. & Oct.	77	82
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40..	5	May & Nov.	78	85
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49....	5	June & Dec.	90	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	..	50
Gt. West. Pwr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July	84½	86
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39.	5	Jan. & July	95	..
Hoboken Ferry, '46....	5	May & Nov.	80	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25.	5	Feb. & Aug.	93	95
Hudson Co. Gas, '49..	5	May & Nov.	90	93
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49......	4	May & Nov.	..	62
K. C. Long D. T., '25..	5	Jan. & July	81	83
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23.	5	Jan. & July	89½	90½
Knoxville Trac., '38...	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	100
Met. Ed., '20..........	6	June & Dec.	93	97½
Middle West Util., '25.	6	Jan. & July	87	93
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	78	79½
Mobile Electric 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	77	82
Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '26	5	June & Dec.	90	95
Nash.R.& L.1st con.,'53	5	Jan. & July	93	100
Do ref., '58..........	5	Jan. & July	70	75
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st 6s, '46	6	Jan. & July	90	95
Newark Gas, '48......	5	June & Dec.	90	..
Newark Pass. Ry., '30.	5	Jan. & July	90	..
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '48	4	May & Nov.	60	..
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004...	4	Jan. & July	64	68
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32.	5	Jan. & July	95	96
Do ref., '32..........	6	Apr. & Oct.	100	102
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June & Dec.	..	80
Norf. Ry. & Lt. '49...	5	May & Nov.	..	94
Northern Ont., '31....	6	Apr. & Oct.	75	79
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July	80	85
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28.......	5	Jan. & July	..	78
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con. '28	5	Jan. & July	..	78
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	91
Do deb., '21..........	6	Jan. & July	96	98
Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24	5	Jan. & July	89	91
Pacific Gas & Elec. (Ariz.) 1st, '31......	6	Jan. & July	88	95
Paterson Ry. gen., '44.	5	Apr. & Oct.	98	..
Pensacola Elec. 1st '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	85
Portland (Ore.) Ry 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	75	80
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29.	5	June & Dec.	97¾	..
Do cons., '36........	5	Jan. & July	92	..
Riverside T., '60......	5	June & Dec.	..	82
Rutland R. & L. 1st,'41	5	Mar. & Sep.	60	65
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L. H. & Power 1st, '37.	5	May & Nov.	83	86
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52.	5	Feb. & Aug.	88	90
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	86	91
So. Cal. Edison gen.,'39	5	Jan. & July	88	91½
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st,'52	5	Mar. & Sep.	85	87
Stand. Gas & El., '35.	6	Apr. & Oct.	84½	87½
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st,'31	4	May & Dec.	70	..
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54.	5	Jan. & July	75	78
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	84	89
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	87	93
Twin States Gas & El 1st & ref., '53......	5	Apr. & Oct.	80	86
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	71	73
Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	85	88
Do deb., '26..........	6	May & Nov.	85	90
United Lt. & Ry., '23..	7	Apr. & Oct.	97	99
Do. '20	6	May & Nov.	97	99
Unit. R. & E. cons.,'49	4	Mar. & Sep.	71½	72½
Do income, '49........	4	June & Dec.	54½	55½
U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27..	6	Feb. & Aug.	84	94
Unit. Util. conv., '43..	6	Jan. & July	85	88
Wash., B. & A., '41...	5	Mar. & Sep.	81½	83
Washington Gas, '60...	5	May & Nov.	98	99
Wash. R. & E. con.,'51	4	Jan. & July	70	71
W. St. Gas & El., '27.	6	Feb. & Aug.	87	91
Wheel. Tr. 1st con., '31	5	Jan. & July	..	85

*Flat.

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Bid.	Asked.
Lima Locomotive, '32.	6	May & Nov.	95	98
Monon Coal 1st, '36....	5	June & Dec.	60	64
Poch. Con. Coll. 1st,'57	5	Jan. & July	87	89
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '13-'40	5	Jan. & July	90	97
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May & Nov.	97	100

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Mar. 15, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.	..	..	....	12	13
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2 19	72	74
Am. Gas & El. ($50)...	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	120	121
Do pf. ($50)...........	1½	Q	Feb 1, 19	42	43
Am. Light & Trac....	†5	Q	Feb 1, 19	242	245
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb 1, 19	98½	100
Am. Power & Light...	1	Q	Mar 1, 19	59	62
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	77	80
Am. Public Utilities...	¾	Q	Jul 1, 14	..	20
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 1, 19	36	40
Am. W. Wks. & Elec..	..	..	....	6	6½
Do 1st pf............	1¾	Q	Feb 15,19	65	68
Do participating pf...	..	..	....	9	11
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf	3	S	Dec 2, 18	73	77
Buffalo Gen. Electric.	2	Q	Dec 31,18	107½	108½
Cal. Electric Gen. pf..	1½	Q	Jan 1, 19	84	88
Capital Traction.......	1¼	Q	Jan 1, 19	87	87½
C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf	1½	Q	Dec 1, 18	..	45
Cities Service.........	*½	M	Mar 1, 19	345	348
Do pf.	½	M	Mar 1, 19	79⅝	79⅞
Colorado Power.......	½	Q	Jan 15,19	25	28
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Mar 15,19	96	100
Columbus Elec. pf.....	3	S	Jan 15,18	72	76
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt..	1	..	Nov 1, 18	19	20
Do pf.	a1½	Q	Feb 1, 19	41	43
Conn. Power pf.......	1½	Q	Mar 1, 18	73	78
Con. Trac. of N. J....	2	S	Jan 15,19	58	63
Eastern Texas Elec...	2½	S	Jan 2, 19	53	57
Do pf.	3	S	Jan 2, 19	73	78
Elec. Bond & Share pf	1½	Q	Feb 1, 19	94	97
El Paso Electric......	2½	Q	Dec 16,18	82	85
Essex & Hudson Gas..	4	S	June 1, 18	110	120
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	....	9	11
Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	45	46
Gal. & Hous. El. pf...	3	S	Sep 14,18	57	60
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jan 1, 19	75	..
Illum. & Pr. Sec......	..	..	....	10	20
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb 15,19	85	95
Miss. River Pr. pf....	..	S	J. & J.	40	44¼
Nashville R. & L. pf..	1¼	Q	Jan 1, 19	50	60
Newark Con. Gas.....	2½	S	J. & J.	75	..
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15,19	99	102
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	..	..	....	11	15
Do pf.	3	S	Jan 15,19	52	55
No. States Power.....	1¾	..	Jan 20,18	70	73
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 20,19	90	92
Nor. Texas Electric...	1	Q	Mar 1, 19	51	56
Do pf.	3	S	Mar 1, 19	68	73
Pacific Gas & Electric.	1½	..	Oct 15, 17	53½	54
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb 15,19	87	89
Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf	1¾	Q	Jan 10,19	80	90
Pac. Pr. & Lt. pf.....	1¾	Q	Feb 1, 19	90	95
Republic Ry. & Light.	1	..	Jul 15, 18	22	23
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 15,19	58	61
Southern Cal. Edison..	1¾	Q	Feb 15,19	87	89
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15,19	98	102
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Dec 1, 18	100	105
Standard Gas & Elec..	..	..	....	25	25½
Do pf.	1½	Q	Dec 16,18	40	42
Tampa Electric.......	2½	Q	Nov 15,18	107	112
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	....	4¼	5
Do pf.	..	..	....	19	22
Tri-City R. & L. pf....	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	80	90
United Light & Rys...	1	Q	Jan 2, 19	39	42
Do 1st pf............	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	71	72
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.).	50c	Q	Jan 22,19	19	20
United Utilities.......	..	..	....	10	20
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	80	90
Washington Gas.......	90c	Q	Feb 1, 19	53	53½
Wash. Ry. & Electric.	1¼	Q	Dec 1, 18	45	53
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Dec 1, 18	63	66
Western Power.......	..	..	....	18	19
Do pf.	1	Q	Jan 15,19	65½	66½
West. States Gas & E.	3/16	M	Jan 31,19	15	25
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15,19	72	78
Wisconsin Edison.....	$2	..	Dec 31,18	29	35

*1% payable in com. stock. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stock. ¶Incl. 3% extra. a—Payable in scrip.

BANKS.

America	$1,500,000	15	S	Jan 2, 19	530	..
Am. Exc. N..	5,000,000	a7	S	Nov 1, 18	235	240
Atlantic($100)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	170	180
Bk. of Cuba..	100,000	6	S	Jan 2, 19	180	185
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	†3	S	Jan 2, 19	215	225
Bowery	250,000	b6	Q	Feb 1, 19	425	..
B'w'y Cent'l.	100,000	..	..	....	135	145
Bronx Nat...	*200,000	3	S	Jan 2, 19	150	160
Bronx Boro..	150,000	..	..	....	125	175
Bryant Park.	200,000	2	S	Jan 1, 19	145	155
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	..	Jul 1, 18	25	35
Chase Nat'l..	10,000,000	4	Q	Jan 2, 19	407	415
Ch.-Ph. Nat.	3,500,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	280	..
Chelsea Ex..	400,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	100	110
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	3½	B	Mar 1, 19	500	520
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	3½	Q	Jan 2, 19	225	228
City (Nat'l)..	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	450	455
Coal & I. N.	1,000,000	c3	Q	Jan 2, 19	210	220
Colonial	500,000	b6	Q	Jan 2, 19	400	..
Columbia ...	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 31,18	165	175
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jan 2, 19	390	..
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	200	205
Com. Nat....	25,000,000	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	213	215
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	3½	S	Feb 1, 19	108	110
Corn Exch...	4,200,000	4	Q	Feb 1, 19	312	315
E. R. Nat...	1,000,000	2	..	Jun 1, 16	150	155
Europe	150,000	5	..	Jan 13,17	110	130
Fifth Av.....	200,000	12½	Q	Jan 2, 19	2000	2200
Fifth Nat....	250,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 19	215	220
First Nat....	10,000,000	¶10	Q	Jan 2, 19	960	970
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31,18	185	190
Gotham Nat.	200,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	200	..
Greenwich ...	500,000	b4	Q	Jan 2, 19	340	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	8	Q	Jan 2, 19	735	745
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan 3, 19	260	275
Imp. & T.Nat	1,500,000	12	S	Jan 2, 19	550	565
Irving Nat...	4,500,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	††317	322
Liberty Nat..	3,000,000	4½	Q	Jan 2, 19	550	..
Lincoln Nat..	1,000,000	2½	Q	Feb 1, 19	260	290
Manh'n ($50)	2,500,000	‡$2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	207	212
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	4	Q	Jan 15,19	352	360
Mer.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	$2	S	Jan 2, 19	150	156
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	180	190
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Jun 2 19	375	..
N. Netherl'd.	200,000	4	S	Oct 1, 18	200	215
N.Y.(N.B.A.)	2,000,000	10	S	Jan 2, 19	440	..
N.Y. Co. Nat.	1,000,000	10	..	Jan 2, 17	130	135
N.Y.Pro. Ex.	1,000,000	4	Q	Jan 15,19	200	..
Pacific ($50).	500,000	d$2	Q	Feb 1, 19	150	..
Public	1,250,000	..	Q	Dec 31,18	245	255
Park Nat....	5,000,000	*15	Q	Jan 2, 19	590	600
People's ($25)	200,000	3	Q	Jan 10,19	135	140
Seab'd Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	465	..
Second Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	400	425
Sherman Nat	500,000	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	125	135
State	2,000,000	3	S	Jan 2, 19	123	130
23d Ward.....	200,000	3	S	Feb 1, 19	130	..
United States	1,000,000	10	..	Jul, 1918	150	160
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 31,18	165	171
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 19	275	..
Westch'r Av.	100,000	2	Q	Feb 1, 19	160	175
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Dec 31,18	300	325

*Incl. 10% special. †Incl. 1½% extra. ‡Incl. 50c extra. ††Includes one-third share Irving Trust Co. stock. ¶And 10% of First Security Co. a—Incl. 2% extra. b—And 3% extra. c—Incl. 1% extra. d—Incl. $1 extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Mar. 15, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Bankers Tr.	15,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31,18	395	400
Brooklyn ...	1,500,000	a5	Q	Jan 2, 19	510	..
Cent. Union..	12,500,000	5½	Q	Jan 2, 19	412	414
Columbia ...	5,000,000	*4	Q	Dec 31,18	312	315
Commercial..	500,000	..	..	....	90	96
Empire	2,000,000	†3	Q	Dec 31,18	290	..
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	¶5	Q	Dec 31,18	420	423
Far. L. & T..	5,000,000	5	Q	Feb 1, 19	450	460
Fidelity	1,000,000	*2	Q	Dec 31,18	220	225
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31,18	220	225
Fulton	500,000	*5	S	Jan 2, 19	240	260
Guaranty ...	25,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31,18	386	388
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Feb 1, 19	260	270
Hudson Tr...	500,000	2	Q	Dec 31,18	132	140
Irving Trust.	1,500,000	2	Q	Jan 2, 19	‡	..
Kings Co....	500,000	7	Q	Feb 1, 19	650	700
Law. Title & Tr. Co.....	4,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan 2, 19	107	115
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	Feb 1, 19	177	185
Manufact'rs..	1,000,000	2	Q	Jan 1, 19	160	165
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31,18	355	..
New York....	3,000,000	8	Q	Jan 2, 19	610	620
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	25	S	Dec 10,18	790	810
People's Tr..	1,000,000	..	Q	Dec 31,18	290	305
Q. Co., Jama.	600,000	..	..	....	65	75
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31,18	350	355
Transatlantic	700,000	3	..	Jan 2, 18	..	170
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan 2, 19	900	910
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jan 2, 19	420	424

*And 2% extra. †And 4% extra. ‡See Irving Nat. Bank. ¶And 5% extra, payable Jan. 10. a—And 10% extra.

INSURANCE, REALTY, AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	7½	S	J. & J.	230	240
A. Sur'y($50)	5,000,000	$1	Q	Dec 31,18	60	65
Bd. & Mtg.G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Nov 15,18	230	235
City of N. Y.	600,000	3	S	Dec 31,18	105	110
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	300	325
Continental	10,000,000	$2½	S	Jan 8, 19	65	67
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	15	S	Jan 8, 19	430	..
Globe & Rut.	700,000	¶10	Q	Jan 31,19	950	..
Great Amer..	5,000,000	7	Q	Jan 15,19	375	380
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	$1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	80	85
Home Fire...	6,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	475	490
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2	Q	Dec 31,18	112	116
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Dec 31,18	90	95
Nat Lib.($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	145	155
Nat. Surety..	4,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	216	220
N.Y. T. & M.	2,125,000	1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	95	102
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	*15	S	J. & J.	170	177
No.River($25)	600,000	5	S	A. & O.	35	40
Pacific ($25).	400,000	5	S	Jan 22,19	35	45
Realty Asso..	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 15,19	78	80
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	..	Jan 1, 17	50	60
Westc'r ($10)	1,000,000	‡50c	Q	Feb 1, 19	35	37

*Incl. 5% extra. ‡And 15c extra. ¶And 5% extra.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

Blkr. St. & F Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	21½	..
B'way&7thAv	2,100,000	2½	Q	Jan 1, 19	100	120
Bn. C.R.($10)	12,000,000	25c	Q	Jan 15,19	12¼	13½
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	Jan 1, 19	..	70
8th Av. R.R.	1,000,000	4	Q	Jan 15,19	120	180
42d St & G.St	748,000	4½	Q	Nov 1, 18	..	190
Ninth Av....	800,000	2	Q	Jan 15,19	..	100
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 10,19	..	95

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Mar. 15, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
American Brass.......	*1½	Q	Feb 15,19	205	209
American Chicle.......	1	..	Feb 1, 19	76½	78
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	75	78
Amer. Typefounders...	1	Q	Jan 15,19	37	43
Atlas Powder..........	3	Q	Mar 10,19	140	143
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb 1, 19	88	91
Babcock & Wilcox.....	2	Q	Jan 3, 19	107	108½
Bord. Cond. Milk......	4	S	Feb 15,19	101	103
Do pf.	1½	Q	Mar 15,19	97	100
By-Products Coke.....	1½	Q	Feb 15,19	104	108
Cardenas Am. Sug. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	..	80
Celluloid	†4	Q	Dec 31,18	130	135
Central Aguirre Sugar.	2½	Q	Jan 1, 19	186	190
Central Coal & Coke...	1½	Q	Jan 15,19	67	70
Certainteed Products..	$4	..	Jan 28,18	27½	29
Do 1st pf............	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	86	87
Do 2d pf.............	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	70	72½
Chi. Ry. Equipment...	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	103¼	105
Childs	½	..	Sep 10,18	53	54
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Mar 10,19	92	95
Columbia Graphophone	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	174	178
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	91¾	93
Crocker-Wheeler	2	Q	Jan 15,19	90	94
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15,19	97	99
Del., Lack. & W. Coal.	¶1¼	Q	Jan 15,19	150	156
Eastman Kodak.......	a2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	565	575
Fajardo Sugar........	2½	Q	Feb 1, 19	95	100
Federal Sugar.........	1¾	Q	Feb 1, 19	94	97
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Feb 1, 19	94	97
Gillette Safety Razor.	h$2	Q	Mar 1, 19	128	130
Guantanamo Sugar....	$1¼	Q	Jan 2, 19	50	52
Hercules Powder......	†4	Q	Dec 24,18	217	218
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb 15,19	107	109
Ingersoll-Rand pf.....	3	S	Jan 1, 19	98	103
Int. Silver	..	..	....	43	48
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	88	92
Lanston Monotype.....	1½	Q	Feb 28,19	65¼	68
Manati Sugar.........	2½	Q	Mar 1, 19	88	92
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	89	95
Matanzas-Am.	..	..	....	8	15
Do pf.	..	..	....	..	80
Merg. Linotype........	2½	Q	Dec 31,18	136	138
Midwest Refining.....	$1	Q	Feb 1, 19	152	153
Nat. Candy............	2½	S	Mar 12,19	70	71
Do 1st pf............	3½	S	Mar 12,19	105	107
Do 2d pf.............	3½	S	Mar 12,19	94	97
Nat. Sugar Refining...	1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	102	103
New Jersey Zinc.......	4	Q	Feb 10,19	233	236
New Niquero Sugar....	3½	S	Dec 2, 18	170	190
Niles-Bement-Pond	2½	Q	Mar 20,19	106	109
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb 20,19	95	99
Otis Elevator.........	1¼	Q	Jan 15,19	65	..
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 15,19	85	88
Procter & Gamble......	5	Q	Feb 15,19	608	625
Remington Typewriter.	..	..	....	41¼	42
Do 1st pf............	1¾	Q	Jan 10,19	88	92
Do 2d pf.............	2	..	Oct 1, 14	89	92
Royal Baking Powder.	†4	Q	Dec 31,18	130	135
Do pf.	1½	Q	Dec 31,18	95	97
Safety Car H. & Ltg..	1½	Q	Dec 23,18	56	59
Santa Cecilia Sugar...	..	..	....	25	26
Do pf.	3½	S	Feb 1, 19	60	62
Semet Solvay	2	Q	Feb 20,19	150	160
Shredded Wheat.......	2	Q	Jan 1, 19	124	125
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 1, 19	..	90
Singer Mfg............	2½	Q	Dec 31,18	184	186
Texas & Pacific Coal..	b1½	Q	Dec 30,18	1580	1600
Yale & Towne Mfg.....	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	210	220

*And 1¼% extra. †Incl. 2% extra. ¶And $10 extra. a—And 7½% extra. b—And 5% extra. h—And $1 extra. g—Incl. 1% extra.

MONEY RATES

	On Call. High.	Low.	Last.	Renewals.
March 10........	5	4½	5	4½
March 11........	5	4¾	5	5
March 12........	5	4¾	4¾	5
March 13........	5	4¾	4¾	5
March 14........	4¾	4½	4½	4¾
March 15........	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Week's range—				
High			5	5
Low			4½	4½
Same week last year—				
High			6	6
Low			4¾	5
Year to date—				
High			7	6
Low			3¾	4
Corresponding period last year—				
High			6	6
Low			1¾	1¾

	On Time. 60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
March 10..........	5¼@5½	5½	5½
March 11..........	5½	5½	5½@5¾
March 12..........	5½	5½	5½
March 13..........	5¼	5½	5½
March 14..........	5¼	5½	5½
March 15..........	5¼	5½	5½
Week's range—			
High	5¼	5½	5¾
Low	5¼	5½	5½
Same week last year—			
High	6	6	6
Low	6	6	6
Year to date—			
High	5¾	5¾	5¾
Low	5	5	5¼
Corresponding period last year—			
*High	6	6	6
Low	2½	2½	2½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.......4⅛@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.......4⅜@4⅛
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.......5½@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days.......5½
4 to 6 months.......5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.......5½

DISCOUNT RATES—FEDERAL RESERVE BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.

	Within 15 Days, Incl. Member Banks' Collateral Notes.	16 to 60 Days, Inclusive.	61 to 90 Days, Inclusive.
Boston	4	4¾	4¾
New York	4	4¾	4¾
Philadelphia	4	4¾	4¾
Cleveland	4¼	4¾	4¾
Richmond	4½	4¾	4¾
Atlanta	4¼	4¾	4¾
Chicago	4	4¾	4¾
St. Louis	4	4¾	4¾
Minneapolis	4½	4¾	5
Kansas City	4½	5	5
Dallas	4½	4¾	5
San Francisco	4¼	5	5

The rate of 3 to 4½ per cent. for one-day discounts, in connection with the loan operations of the Government, is approved in the case of the New York district.

Secured by United States certificates of indebtedness or Liberty Loan bonds:

	Agricultural & Live Stock Paper, Over 90 Days.	Within 15 Days, Inc. Member Banks' Collateral Notes.	16 to 60 Days, Inclusive.
Boston	5	4	4¼
New York	5	4	4¼
Philadelphia	5	4	4¼
Cleveland	5¼	4	4¼
Atlanta	5	4	4¼
Richmond	5	4¼	4¼
Chicago	5½	4	4¼
St. Louis	5½	4	4¼
Minneapolis	5½	4	4¼
Kansas City	5½	4¼	4¼
Dallas	5¼	4	4¼
San Francisco	5½	4¼	4¼

Trade acceptances one to sixty days and sixty-one to ninety days at 4½ per cent.

Acceptances purchased in open market, minimum rate, 4 per cent.

Rates for commodity paper have been merged with those for commercial paper of corresponding maturities.

In case the sixty-day trade acceptance rate is higher than the fifteen-day discount rate, trade acceptances maturing within fifteen days will be taken at lower rate. Whenever application is made by member banks for renewal of fifteen-day paper, the Federal Reserve Banks may charge a rate not exceeding that for ninety-day paper of the same class.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San F.
March 10.......	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
March 11.......	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
March 12.......	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
March 13.......	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
March 14.......	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
March 15.......	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par

†Discount.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	3 Mos.	Short Bills.	Exch. on London.
March 10......	3⅛	3 17/32	3 17/32	26f 10½c
March 11......	3⅛	3 17/32	3 17/32	26f 10½c
March 12......	3⅛	3 17/32	3 17/32	26f 10½c
March 13......	3⅛	3 17/32	3 17/32	26f 10½c
March 14......	3⅛	3 17/32	3 17/32	26f 29c
March 15......	3⅛	3 17/32	3 17/32	26f 29c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Consol 2½s	British 4½s	Paris Rentes.
March 10............	58⅜	99⅜	63f 50c
March 11............	58¼	99⅜	63f 50c
March 12............	58⅛	99⅜	63f 50c
March 13............	58¼	99⅜	63f 50c
March 14............	58⅛	99⅜	63f 50c
March 15............	58⅛	99⅜	

BAR SILVER.

	London.	New York.
March 10..............	47¾d	$1.01⅛
March 11..............	47¾d	1.01⅛
March 12..............	47¾d	1.01⅛
March 13..............	47¾d	1.01⅛
March 14..............	47¾d	1.01⅛
March 15..............	47¾d	1.01⅛

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended March 15, 1919:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Monday	1,219,987	368,691	827,724
Tuesday	946,277	335,113	499,182
Wednesday..	1,205,400	244,081	373,353
Thursday ...	1,114,295	373,352	444,905
Friday	999,209	309,970	367,120
Saturday ...	544,115	180,415	372,005
Total wk.	6,029,283	1,812,222	2,884,289
Year to date.	34,811,084	29,236,057	38,635,368

BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)

Monday	$10,801,500	$3,016,500	$3,858,000
Tuesday	9,717,500	3,123,500	2,935,500
Wednesday ..	9,484,500	2,788,000	2,879,500
Thursday ...	11,200,500	3,584,000	3,346,500
Friday	9,739,500	3,122,000	2,995,500
Saturday ...	5,722,700	2,080,000	1,701,000
Total wk.	$56,666,200	$17,714,000	$17,716,000
Year to date.	638,829,450	233,253,500	245,777,300

In detail last week's transactions compare as follows with the same week a year ago:

BONDS.

	Mar.15,'19.	Mar.16,'19.	Increase.
R. R. & mis.	$8,155,000	$5,277,000	$2,878,000
Government..	48,412,200	12,299,000	36,113,200
State	3,000	4,000	*1,000
City	96,000	134,000	*38,000
Total all.	$56,666,200	$17,714,000	$38,952,200

*Decrease.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.
March 10..........	4.7577½	4.7577½	4.7577½
March 11..........	4.75¾	4.75¾	4.75¾
March 12..........	4.75¾	4.75¾	4.75¾
March 13..........	4.75¾	4.75¾	4.75¾
March 14..........	4.75¾	4.75¾	4.75¾
March 15..........	4.7570	4.7570	4.7570

	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
March 10..........	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
March 11..........	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
March 12..........	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
March 13..........	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
March 14..........	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
March 15..........	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Week's range—			
High		4.7577½	4.76 7/16
Low		4.7570	4.76 7/16
Same week last year—			
High		4.7530	4.76 7/16
Low		4.7525	4.76 7/16
Year to date—			
High		4.7585	4.7656¾
Low		4.7570	4.76 7/16
Corresponding period last year—			
High		4.7535	4.76 7/16
Low		4.7525	4.76 7/16

PARIS.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Mar. 10.	5.49	5.49	5.49	5.48	5.48	5.48
Mar. 11.	5.48⅜	5.48⅜	5.48⅜	5.47⅜	5.47⅜	5.47⅜
Mar. 12.	5.48⅜	5.48⅜	5.48⅜	5.47⅜	5.47⅜	5.47⅜
Mar. 13.	5.49¼	5.49¼	5.49¼	5.48¼	5.48¼	5.48¼
Mar. 14.	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.49	5.49	5.49
Mar. 15.	5.55	5.55	5.55	5.54	5.54	5.54
Week's range—						
High			5.48⅜			5.47⅜
Low			5.55			5.54
Same week last year—						
High			5.72⅝			5.70⅝
Low			5.72⅝			5.70⅝
Year to date—						
High			5.45⅝			5.44⅜
Low			5.55			5.54
Corresponding period last year—						
High			5.70⅝			5.68⅝
Low			5.73⅝			5.71⅝

	Switzerland. Dem.	Cables.	Holland. Dem.	Cables.	Italy. Dem.	Cables.
Mar. 10.	4.85	4.81	41.06¼	41.25	6.36½	6.35
Mar. 11.	4.85	4.81	41.125	41.31¼	6.36½	6.35
Mar. 12.	4.86	4.82	41.125	41.31¼	6.36½	6.35
Mar. 13.	4.86	4.82	41.00	41.18¾	6.36½	6.35
Mar. 14.	4.88	4.83¾	41.00	41.125	6.36½	6.35
Mar. 15.	4.88	4.83½	41.00	41.125	6.36½	6.35
Week's range—						
High ...	4.85	4.81	41.125	41.31¼	6.36½	6.35
Low ...	4.88	4.83¾	41.00	41.125	6.36½	6.35
Same week last year—						
High ...	4.48	4.46	44.75	45.25	8.71½	8.70
Low ...	4.49	4.47	44.25	45.00	8.95½	8.94
Year to date—						
High ..	4.81	4.78	42.56¾	42.81¼	6.36	6.35
Low ...	4.96	4.93	41.00	41.12½	6.37	6.35
Corresponding period last year—						
High ..	4.36½	4.34½	45.00	45.25	8.33	8.32
Low ...	4.53	4.51¾	42.75	43.25	8.95½	8.94

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem.	Cables.	Stockholm. Dem.	Cables.	Christiania. Dem.	Cables.
Mar. 10.	25.90	26.10	28.00	28.20	27.00	27.20
Mar. 11.	25.90	26.10	28.00	28.20	27.00	27.20
Mar. 12.	25.90	26.10	28.00	28.20	27.00	27.20
Mar. 13.	25.90	26.10	28.00	28.20	26.90	27.10
Mar. 14.	25.90	26.10	27.85	28.10	26.85	27.10
Mar. 15.	25.80	26.00	27.90	28.10	26.80	27.00
Week's range—						
High ..	25.90	26.10	28.00	28.20	27.00	27.20
Low ...	25.80	26.00	27.85	28.10	26.80	27.00
Same week last year—						
High* ..	30.125	30.625	31.625	32.125	30.25	30.75
Low ...	29.75	30.50	31.50	32.00	30.00	30.50
Year to date—						
High ...	26.875	27.125	29.125	29.35	28.00	28.25
Low ...	25.70	25.95	27.32½	28.10	26.80	27.00
Corresponding period last year—						
High ...	32.00	32.50	33.75	34.25	33.00	33.50
Low ...	29.75	30.50	31.50	32.00	30.00	30.50

	Greece. Dem.	Cables.	Rubles 100. Bid.	Ask.	Rubles 500. Bid.	Ask.
Mar. 10.	19.35	19.40	14.45	14.55	14.35	14.45
Mar. 11.	19.35	19.40	14.15	14.25	14.10	14.15
Mar. 12.	19.35	19.40	14.30	14.50	14.20	14.40
Mar. 13.	19.35	19.40	14.20	14.25	14.10	14.15
Mar. 14.	19.85	19.40	14.20	14.35	14.10	14.25
Mar. 15.	19.35	19.40	14.20	14.35	14.10	14.25
Week's range—						
High	19.35	19.40			14.55	14.45
Low	19.35	19.40			14.15	14.10
Same week last year—						
High	19.40	19.45			13.00	13.25
Low	19.40	19.45			13.00	13.25
Year to date—						
High	19.35	19.40			17.65	17.60
Low	19.35	19.40			12.90	12.80
Corresponding period last year—						
High	19.40	19.45			13.25	13.50
Low	19.40	19.45			12.75	13.50

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem.	Cables.	Peking. Dem.	Cables	Shanghai. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High ...	74.50	74.60	121.50	121.25	112.50	112.75
Low ...	73.50	73.60	117.00	117.75	108.50	108.75
Same week last year—						
High ...	72.25	72.50	110.50	110.75	103.50	103.75
Low ...	71.25	71.50	110.25	110.50	103.25	103.50
Year to date—						
High ..	81.00	81.25	131.50	131.75	123.00	123.25
Low ...	73.50	73.60	117.00	117.75	108.50	108.75
Same period last year—						
High ..	77.00	77.25	115.00	115.25	108.00	108.25
Low ...	71.25	71.50	109.50	109.75	102.50	102.75

	INDIA. Bombay. Dem.	Cab's.	Calcutta. Dem.	Cab's.	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manila. Dem.	Cab's.
Week's range—						
High ..	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	50.00	50.125
Low ..	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	50.00	50.125
Same week last year—						
High ..	34.50	34.75	34.50	34.75	49.875	50.00
Low ..	34.50	34.75	34.50	34.75	49.875	50.00
Year to date—						
High ..	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	50.00	50.125
Low ..	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	49.65	49.75
Corresponding period last year—						
High ..	35.00	35.50	35.00	35.50	50.00	50.125
Low ..	34.50	34.75	34.50	34.75	49.875	50.00

	SPAIN. Dem.	Cables.	JAPAN. Kobe. Dem.	Cables.	Yokohama. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High ...	20.78	20.90	51.00	51.75	51.00	51.75
Low ...	20.48	20.58	51.00	51.75	51.00	51.75
Same week last year—						
High ...	25.02	25.10	51.75	51.875	51.75	51.875
Low ...	24.51	24.60	51.75	51.875	51.75	51.875
Year to date—						
High ...	20.90	21.05	53.25	53.50	53.25	53.50
Low ...	20.05	20.12	51.00	51.50	51.00	51.50
Corresponding period last year—						
High ...	25.02	25.10	51.75	52.00	51.75	52.00
Low ...	24.05	24.15	51.50	51.65	51.50	51.65

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires. Dem.	Cables.	Rio. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—				
High	44.80	44.95	26.25	26.375
Low	44.75	44.90	25.875	26.00
Same week last year—				
High	43.90	44.00	26.01	26.11
Low	43.90	44.00	25.77	25.87
Year to date—				
High	45.15	45.25	26.35	26.50
Low	44.50	44.65	25.10	25.25
Corresponding period last year—				
High	46.21	46.31	27.04	27.14
Low	43.75	43.85	26.01	26.11

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Any manufacturing company formerly making war materials and now equipped with modern machine shop machinery and left with little business since the war closed will find this an exceptionally good opportunity to fill their shops with a well-known line of high-grade apparatus for which there is a popular demand and an unlimited field. Good reasons for disposing of the business. Address Box A 753 Times Downtown.

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Importers of Bohemian Products may now purchase Foreign Exchange on Bohemia and Moravia at very advantageous rates.

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Joint Stock Land Bank
5% BONDS
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Instrumentalities of the United States Government.
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If you are not making the income your experience and ability entitles you to, it may be to your interest to call at Suite 414, 50 East 42nd Street, Monday only, after 10 A. M. and before 3:30 P.M., and see what our representatives are earning, working through cards of introduction which we furnish.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.
NOTICE OF MEETING.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.,
January 2, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company will be held at the office of this Company in Anchorage, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on **Wednesday, April 9, 1919,** at twelve o'clock noon, standard time, for the following purposes, viz.:

1. To elect fifteen Directors.
2. To consider and act upon all questions and matters which may legally come before the meeting relating to Federal control of the Company's properties under the act of Congress of May 21, 1918, or any agreement or settlement with the Government in respect thereto, or relating to the termination of such Federal control by the return of the properties or otherwise, and/or relating to conditions resulting from or succeeding such Federal control, and generally all questions and matters growing out of or incident to such control, termination thereof, or following conditions.
3. To transact all such other business as may legally come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company.

For the purposes of the meeting, the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, March 25, 1919, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, April 10, 1919.

By order of the Board of Directors.
HUGH NEILL, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

PHILADELPHIA RAPID TRANSIT CO.
General Office, 8th & Dauphin Sts.
Philadelphia, February 13, 1919.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company will be held at the General Office of the Company, 8th & Dauphin Streets, on Wednesday, March 19, 1919, at 11.30 A. M. for the purpose of electon of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

The Record of Stockholders will be taken at the close of business on February 26, 1919. Transfer books will remain open.

FRANK B. ELLIS, Secretary.

EVERETT HEANEY & CO., INC.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Everett Heaney & Co., Inc., will be held at the office of the Corporation, Nos. 498-501 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, March 26th, 1919, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of directors and for such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

RICHARD J. MEEHAN, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE WOMAN'S HOTEL COMPANY:

By order of the President and a majority of the Board of Directors, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Woman's Hotel Company will be held at the Hotel Martha Washington, 29 East 29th Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, March 25th, 1919, at four o'clock P. M., to consider and vote upon a proposal to issue bonds of the Company not exceeding four hundred thousand dollars, ($400,000.00,) secured by mortgage upon all the property of the Company, both real and personal, such bonds and mortgage to be for such a period and upon such terms and conditions as may be authorized by vote of the stockholders at said meeting, and to transact such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

Dated New York February 17th, 1919.
LANSING P. WOOD, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of THE NORTH RIVER INSURANCE COMPANY of New York will be held at the office of the Company, No. 95 William Street, Room 809, New York City, New York, on Monday, March 31st, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of election.

Polls open at 12 o'clock M. for one hour.

The Transfer Book will be closed from the 25th inst., until after the election. By order DAVID G. WAKEMAN, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED DYEWOOD CORPORATION.
New York, February 27, 1919.
Preferred Capital Stock Dividend No. 10.
Common Capital Stock Dividend No. 10.

The following dividends have been declared on the stocks of this Corporation: a dividend of $1.75 per share (from a sum set aside for the payment of $7.00 per share for the year 1919) on the Preferred stock; a dividend of $1.50 per share on the Common stock; both payable April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record of Preferred and Common stocks at the close of business Friday, March 14, 1919.

The transfer books will be closed.

Checks will be mailed by The New York Trust Company of New York.

DeWITT CLINTON JONES, Treasurer.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION,
43 Exchange Place, New York,
MANAGERS
CARDENAS-AMERICAN SUGAR COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of CARDENAS-AMERICAN SUGAR COMPANY has declared a regular quarterly dividend of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share on the outstanding preferred stock of the Company for the quarter ending March 31, 1919, payable Tuesday, April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business Monday, March 24, 1919.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION,
43 Exchange Place, New York,
MANAGERS
THE MANILA ELECTRIC RAILROAD & LIGHTING CORPORATON.

The Board of Directors of THE MANILA ELECTRIC RAILROAD AND LIGHTING CORPORATION has declared a quarterly dividend of One Dollar and Fifty Cents ($1.50) per share on the Capital Stock of the Corporation, payable Tuesday, April 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business Saturday, March 22nd, 1919.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTIRC CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 36.
New York, March 12, 1919.

A regular quarterly dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) on the issued and outstanding COMMON capital stock of American Gas & Electric Company has been declared for the quarter ending March 31, 1919, payable April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business March 20, 1919.

FRANK B. BALL, Treasurer.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

A dividend of Two Dollars per share will be paid on Tuesday, April 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, March 14, 1919.

On account of the Annual Meeting the transfer books will be closed from Saturday, March 15, to Tuesday, March 25, 1919, both days included. G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

THE FAIRBANKS COMPANY.

The Board of Directors has declared out of the accrued surplus earnings of the company a quarterly dividend of Two per cent. (2%) on the Preferred stock of the Company for the quarter ending March 31st, 1919, and payable on the 1st day of April, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 20th. THE TRANSFER BOOKS WILL NOT BE CLOSED.

J. R. PETERS, Secretary.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.

A Quarterly Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS ($1.50) PER SHARE on the Six Per Cent. Preferred Stock of this Company has been declared, payable April 1, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business March 17, 1919.

F. A. SEAMAN, Secretary.
New York, March 4, 1919.

United Shoe Machinery Corporation

The Directors of this Corporation have declared a quarterly dividend of 1½% (37½ cents per share) on the Preferred capital stock, and a dividend of 2% (50 cents per share) on the Common capital stock, both payable April 5, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 19, 1919.

L. A. COOLIDGE, Treasurer.

Utah Power & Light Company
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 25.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of the Utah Power & Light Company has been declared, payable April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 18, 1919.

GEORGE B. THOMAS,
Treasurer.

The Colorado Power Company.

The regular quarterly dividend of one-half of one per cent. (½ of 1%) has been declared on the Common Stock, payable April 15, 1919, to stockholders of record March 31, 1919.

A. E. WIDLI, Secretary.
New York, March 17, 1919.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF
THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY
Refunding Mortgage 4½% Bonds.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York, successor to the Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee under Mortgage Deed of Trust, dated May 1, 1904, HEREBY INVITES proposals for the sale of as many bonds of the issue above described as can be purchased for the sum of Thirty-one Thousand nine Dollars and sixty-two cents ($31,009.62) now in the Sinking Fund under said Mortgage. Sealed Proposals will be received at the **TRUST DEPARTMENT** of the undersigned, 140 Broadway, New York City, up to 10:00 o'clock A. M., Wednesday, April 2nd, 1919, when the same will be opened and bonds offered at the lowest price (not exceeding 105 and accrued interest) to the extent necessary to exhaust said sum will be accepted in the order that proposals are received. All bonds accepted will be paid for upon delivery with interest accrued to April 4, 1919. The right is reserved to reject any or all offers.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated, New York, March 4, 1919.

The Locomobile Company of America
First Mortgage Ten-Year Sinking Fund Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Pursuant to Article VI. of the Mortgage, dated June 1, 1912, Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee thereunder, invites proposals for the sale to it of the First Mortgage Ten Year Sinking Fund Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Locomobile Company of America, bearing coupons maturing subsequent to June 1st, 1919, at prices not exceeding 105 per cent. of the face value of the bonds. All proposals should be enclosed in sealed envelopes, which should be delivered to the Trustee, at its Trust Department, not later than 3 o'clock P. M. on March 27, 1919. Due notice will be given to the bondholders whose proposals may be accepted and the Trustee, to the extent of funds then in its hands and available therefor, will, on June 1st, 1919, purchase the bonds so offered and accepted at the price and in the manner provided in the mortgage.

Dated at New York, this 3rd day of March, 1919.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.

FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. GOLD BONDS DATED APRIL 1, 1914, OF ELLIOTT-FISHER COMPANY, A DELAWARE CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given to holders of the above described bonds that under and in accordance with the conditions of the bonds they are now called for redemption on April 1st, next, 1919, at par and accrued interest, and a premium of five per centum; and bondholders are requested to present them to the undersigned on that date, at which time interest will cease.

HARRISBURG TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, Harrisburg, Pa.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, A. AUGUSTUS HEALY, HENRY W. HEALY, and RAYMOND HEALY, desiring to continue the use of the partnership name of A. HEALY & SONS, a partnership which consisted of the undersigned, A. Augustus Healy, and of Frank Healy, now deceased, and which has transacted business in the State of New York for not less than three years, do hereby for that purpose, pursuant to Section 21 of the Partnership Law of the State of New York, sign and acknowledge this certificate, declaring that the persons intending to deal under such name, with their respective places of residence, are as follows:

A. Augustus Healy, 198 Columbia Heights, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City.
Henry W. Healy, 576 Ridgewood Road, Maplewood, New Jersey.
Raymond Healy, 673 East 18th Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City.

In witness whereof we have signed and acknowledged this certificate this second day of January, 1919.

(Signed) A. AUGUSTUS HEALY.
(Signed) HENRY W. HEALY.
(Signed) RAYMOND HEALY.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: On this 26th day of February, 1919, before me personally appeared A. Augustus Healy, Henry W. Healy, and Raymond Healy, to me personally known and known to me to be the persons described in and who signed the foregoing certificate, and they severally duly acknowledged to me that they had signed the same for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

(Signed) LUDWIG W. SCHMIDT,
Notary Public, Kings Co. No. 228, Reg. No. 9024; Certificate filed in New York Co. No. 51, Reg. No. 9161; Bronx Co. No. 9, Regr. No. 923; and Westchester Co. Commission Expires March 30th, 1919.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

ACME CEMENT CORPORATION of Catskill, Greene County, New York, having filed the necessary papers in the office of the Secretary of State of New York for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation, all persons having claims against said Acme Cement Corporation are directed to present the same forthwith at the office of Gwinn & Pell, attorneys, No. 5 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
EDGAR A. WILHELMI, INC.

Notice is hereby given that by Resolution of the Board of Directors, a special meeting of the Stockholders of EDGAR A. WILHELMI, INC., will be held at the office of the Corporation, 90 West Street, New York City, on the 14th day of April, 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering and voting for the approval or disapproval of a proposed change of name of the Corporation of "EDGAR A. WILHELMI, INC.," to "EXPORT DISTRIBUTING CORPORATION."

T. R. WOLF,
President.
S. A. VICKERS,
Treasurer & Acting Secretary.
March 11, 1919.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the BOND AND MORTGAGE GUARANTEE COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, 175 Remsen Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on Monday, the 24th day of March, 1919, at 11:00 o'clock in the morning, and that the annual election of directors of said company and of three inspectors of election to serve for the succeeding year will be held at the same place on the same day between the hours of 11:00 and 12:00 in the morning.

For the purpose of the annual meeting, by resolution of the Board of Directors, no transfer of stock will be made on the books of the company from the close of business on March 20, 1919, to the close of business on March 24, 1919.

WILLIAM B. CLARKE, Secretary.
Brooklyn, February 21, 1919.

GULF STATES STEEL COMPANY.
Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders March 24, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Gulf States Steel Company will be held at the office of the Company, Du Pont Building, Market Street, Wilmington, Delaware, United States of America, on Monday, March 24, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of three Directors to serve for a term of three years, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

The books for the transfer of the stock of the Company will not be closed, but no stock can be voted at said meeting which shall have been transferred on the books of the Company during the period of twenty days prior to said meeting.

Dated New York, March 3, 1919.
By order of the Board of Directors.
A. R. FORSYTH, Secretary.

THE TEXAS & PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
New York, February 28, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Texas & Pacific Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 149 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, the 19th day of March, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the transaction of such business as may come before said meeting, including the election of Directors.

The Transfer Books will be closed on Saturday, the 15th day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and reopened on Thursday, the 20th day of March, 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M.

C. W. VEITCH, Secretary.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In the matter of ACME GAS & ELECTRIC FIXTURE CO.—Bankrupt. Notice of sale on sealed bids.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned, PETER B. OLNEY, JR., Receiver in Bankruptcy of the above-named ACME GAS & ELECTRIC FIXTURE CO., offers for sale the property, assets and effects of the said bankrupt.

The property to be sold consists of the following: A factory for the manufacture of gas and electric lighting fixtures and portable lamps, containing machinery, lathes, presses, plating department, stock of merchandise, material and necessary tools and appliances used in the manufacture of such lighting fixtures, also a quantity of raw material as well as material partly manufactured. In addition there is a fully equipped office with safe, desks, cabinets, tables and sample room. The business is being carried on by the Receiver and will be offered as a going concern on any bids for the entirety. The business will also be sold in connection with the unexpired portion of a lease as well as a sub-lease from the bankrupt of part of the premises.

The above described property may be inspected on the premises from Wednesday, March 12th, 1919, up to and including the 15th of March, 1919, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M., except on the 15th of March, 1919, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 12 A. M.

Bids for the above described property, assets and effects as an entirety may be submitted to the Receiver at the office of his attorney, David Haar, Esq., 299 Broadway, New York City, on or before 12 o'clock in the forenoon of March 17th, 1919. The bids will be opened by the Receiver in the office of Hon. John J. Townsend, Referee, at 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on March 17th, 1919, at 3 o'clock P. M. Creditors may attend and express themselves in reference thereto at that time and place. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for at least 10% of the amount of the bid.

The Receiver reserves the right to reject any or all bids, in which event the said property will be sold at public auction on the premises by the U. S. Auctioneer, at a date to be hereafter set under the rules of the Court.

Dated, New York, March 11th, 1919.
PETER B. OLNEY, JR.,
Receiver, U. S. P. O. Building, New York City.
DAVID HAAR, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PERFEX CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, March 17, 1919, by order of the Court, at 11 A. M., at 126 First St., Newark, N. J., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of patents, applications for patents, trademarks, machinery, office furniture and fixtures, glass moulds and frames. The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75% of its appraised value.

CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH, Trustee.
GEORGE H. MALLORY, Attorney for Trustee, 253 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BEST KNITTING MILLS, Inc., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, March 24, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 525 East 5th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of machinery, safe, desk, etc.

PHINEAS LEWINSON, Receiver.
SHAINE & WEINRIB, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that OWEN McCAFFREY'S SONS, owner of the steamtug "Bulley," her engines, etc., has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage or injury from said steamtug on December 12, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel $12,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Henry W. Goodrich, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, No. 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 12th day of May, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 353 Cases more or less of Oranges. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on March 24, 1919, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated March 13, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 15 Gallons of Scallops. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on March 24, 1919, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated March 13, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that the New York Dock Company, owner of the float "New York Dock No. 3," has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessel on or about the 14th day of December, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, Twenty-two thousand, seven hundred eighty-two and 42-100 ($22,782.42) Dollars. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before HENRY E. MATTISON, Esq., Commissioner at No. 79 Wall Street, N. Y. C., on or before the 14th day of April, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOS. D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.

PRICE MOVEMENTS FAVOR BUILDERS

Plaster Off $1—Pipe to Drop April 1—Sand and Gravel Off List.

GLASS DISCOUNTS SHADED

Hydrated Lime Buyers Urged to Act Quickly—No Surplus Cement Anywhere.

With the formal opening of the 1919 building season material price changes will be effective today that will give temporary advantage to prospective builders.

Quotations effective this morning will show a dollar drop in the price of neat wall plaster to $23.30 a ton, delivered in New York, a slight change in favor of the builder in small-size window glass representing slight shading on the part of jobbers desiring to move old stocks, the complete withdrawal of listed selling prices of sand, gravel, grit, and possibly crushed stone in this market, thereby throwing the market wide open to the best price the buyer can get, depending upon quantity and location of job. Hydrated lime buyers are being urged to get into the market on the present level due to Ohio price fluctuations.

Common Hudson brick is face to face with a further price advance, not so much because of scarcity of brick in the wholesale market here or up the river, but because of new labor conditions that are to be formally presented to the brick manufacturers this week by the barge men and, finally, the statistics covering the Portland cement industry of the country, and particularly of Zones 1 and 2 supplying this district, which show that there is no surplus cement or cement clinker on hand with which to start the present building season.

Other items showing a temporary turn in favor of the builder are in equipment lines, there being frequent declines in iron sash weights, and cast iron pipe interests are watching the pig iron market for further declines. Some drops have been made in insulated wire, some in asbestos cement, a continuation of drop in rubber covered wire, and some adjustment is expected in certain steel products used in building equipment.

Taking the market in its three general phases, basic, supplemental, and equipment materials, it is significant that practically the only declines are in the last two classifications. The drop in delivered price of neat wall plaster this week is a dealer cut and was not due to any change in the price made by manufacturers.

In the basic materials, like clay products, calcined materials such as lime, cement, &c., the quotations are favorable to builders today in that the manufacturers of these commodities either cannot tell what their costs are going to be this year or their reserves are so low as to indicate beyond any question that the present price lists are where they are for immediate acceptance. It is certain that the building season will close with prices for all basic commodities higher than they are now, according to the Dow Service Daily Building Reports.

For instance, Portland cement shipments out of Zones 1 and 2 in January and February almost equal the quantity shipped during 1918, when the Government was crowding the mills to produce cement for war requirements. It is in excess of two-thirds of the cement stock movement for the same two months in 1917 before the country entered war. For the country the shipments in January and February were almost equal those of 1918 as an average, with certain Middle Western and Central States exceeding the demand by 50 per cent., notably in Pennsylvania and Ohio. Nebraska and Oklahoma were among the States that showed declines.

The stocks on hand are about the same as at this time last year when the mills were producing their full war-time quota, which simply means there is no surplus. With State road work and a domestic building year that is looming into unexpected proportions, there is considered to be no chance of price reduction on this commodity. All clay products, whether brick or sanitary porcelains, are being held firmly to present prices.

Building material interests were speculating over the week-end upon the character of the chart to be issued some time this week by George Peak, Chairman of the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce, which is to convey to the building interests of the country prices "acceptable" to the Department of Commerce in its effort to bring the cost of building materials within a line of interest to the average builder. These will not be mandatory prices to the trade but will serve as a sort of barrier beyond which commodity prices should be restrained where location conditions permit. The price adjustments over the week-end in this market were in a measure anticipatory to the levels the chart will divulge.

The movement for price stabilization in this district will be crystallized in Northern New Jersey Tuesday when building material manufacturers, dealers, lenders, and individuals and firms from all the counties in that part of the State will meet at the City Hall, Paterson, with representatives of the Government to take up the building material price situation and try to mutualize the Federal Government's effort to encourage building work of all kinds with those of the private bankers and individuals who want to build at once, but who fear either price inflation or price reaction. A call to 500 building interests in the New York metropolitan district has been sent out for this conference.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Ladies' bag in taxicab 1,280, New York license number, between Mori Restaurant, 144 Bleecker St., and 27 East 81st St., containing $20 in cash, bunch of keys, and other articles; keep the money and return bag and contents. Room 703, 115 B'way.

LOST—Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company certificate of stock No. NY08519 for four shares, registered in the name of John J. Gill, bearing date March 6th, 1913. Ample reward paid if returned to W. P. Cooper, Attorney, Shelbyville, Tennessee.

LOST—Brown music satchel, containing music, two pocketbooks and steamboat tickets, &c., on Willis Av. car or 125th St. Crosstown car, 4:25 P. M. Saturday; reward. Finder kindly call Miss Sherman, 4660 Morningside, Apartment 54.

LOST—Platinum and diamond bar pin, Century Roof, Saturday night; liberal reward; no questions asked. Return to Harry Brown, Manager, Princess Theatre, West 39th St.

LOST—A pear shaped diamond ring, surrounded with sapphires set in platinum. Finder please return to cashier Hotel Commodore and receive reward.

LOST—Sunday, black bag with keys, cash, and glasses, in taxi, between Park Av. and 52d St. and Brevoort Hotel; liberal reward. V 55 Times.

LOST—Saturday evening, black Persian lamb muff, between Park Av. and 35th St. and 33d St. subway train. Reward, 22 Park Av., 35th St. entrance.

LOST—Sealskin muff, Saturday night, between 90th and 99th on Broadway; liberal reward. Please return to Lillian Herst, 216 West 90th St.

LOST—Black bag containing 50-trip railroad ticket, Larchmont-New York, between 42d and 57th Streets. Larchmont P. O. Box 502.

LOST—Large flat skunk muff, Wednesday afternoon in shopping district; liberal reward. Return to Mahan, 20 West 10th St.

LOST—Madison Av.-39th, gold mesh bag, with name Kathleen. Return 9 East 39th. Reward besides cash in bag.

LOST—In the Pennsylvania Station, Sunday morning, between 8:30-8:45, a mink neckpiece; reward. V 54 Times.

LOST—Lady's brown silk bag, on Amsterdam Av. at 111th St. Return to 1,046 Amsterdam Av. Reward.

LOST—26th St., near Broadway, gold watch chain; reward. Phone Prospect 8216W.

$1,000 REWARD.

Lost, between Feb. 23 and March 6, necklace of 96 Oriental pearls, graduated in size; largest size of a pea; small diamond barrel clasp. Communicate with McIlwraith's Detective Agency, 2 Rector St., New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26556. In Bankruptcy.—ALPHONSO DE MARCO, Bankrupt.

Alphonso De Marco was duly adjudicated bankrupt on February 13th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on March 27th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. The above bankrupt proposes to offer terms of composition to his creditors.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26669.—In Bankruptcy.—MAX BERKOWITZ, Bankrupt.

Max Berkowitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 12th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on March 27th, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26657.—In Bankruptcy.—HENNING YOURSTONE, Bankrupt.

Henning Yourstone was duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 8th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on March 27th, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26663.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEPH PRICE, Bankrupt.

Joseph Price was duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 11th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on March 27th, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26560.

Notice is given that ADOLPH EDELSON, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, April 21, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25978.

Notice is given that JOSEF STRUDLER, also known as JOSEPH STRUDLER, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, April 21, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

WARNS THE EXPORT TRADE.

Association Advises Merchants to Investigate Reports of Restrictions.

The recent publication in this country of a news dispatch, subsequently denied officially, announcing that Australia had placed an embargo upon all imports except those of British origin and manufacture, which caused great trade excitement in the United States, is the text for a statement on "sitting tight" sent out yesterday to exporters by the American Manufacturers' Export Association.

Officials who are not named are quoted as saying that it was fortunate Congress was not in session when the report arose else the rumor "would have made excellent scandal material for certain anti-English elements which cropped up at frequent intervals during the last session." The statement reviews the flurry of excitement and demand for retaliation which ensued between publication of the report and its official denial and concludes:

"The net result accomplished by this report is that officials have again had the opportunity of impressing upon American exporters the desirability and special necessity for 'sitting tight' until reports of this character are sifted out officially. They point out, very logically, that at the present time there is no small amount of propaganda abroad for the expressed purpose of creating dissension among the allied nations. Events have established that this propaganda is often of such subtle variety that even the daily newspapers are deceived into taking fiction for fact.

"This statement is made, therefore, that the far-sighted and practical exporter will, in such cases as this, make inquiries to official agencies before jumping at conclusions. Public criticism should be held in abeyance until such criticism has at least one official foot to stand on."

Extend Fight on Bond Sharks.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Federal Trade Commission authorized the statement today that thousands of attorneys throughout the country would be asked to volunteer their efforts to the Government campaign for the protection of Liberty bond holders against fraudulent stock investment schemes. The lawyers will be asked to send to the Federal Trade Commission the names, addresses, and "literature" of stock peddlers seeking to induce Liberty bond holders to exchange their bonds for questionable securities.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24933.—In Bankruptcy.—MEYER SABSEVITZ and IRA SABSEVITZ, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the trade name of M. SABSEVITZ & SON.

To the creditors of the above named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, at No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on the 28th day of March, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors may attend, examine the bankrupts, consider an offer of composition to be made by the bankrupts herein, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

HAROLD P. COFFIN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26513.—In Bankruptcy.—AARON MALEV and BENJAMIN FEINSILBER, Bankrupts.

Aaron Malev and Benjamin Feinsilber, individually and as copartners, trading under the firm name and style of Grand Hat Works, were duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 27th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on March 27th, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26645.—In Bankruptcy.—GEORGE J. SHAND, Bankrupt.

George J. Shand was duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 4th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on March 27th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,436.—In Bankruptcy.—HYGRADE FURNITURE MANUFACTURING CO., Bankrupt.

Hygrade Furniture Manufacturing Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 3rd, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on March 27th, 1919, at 12:00 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26328.

Notice is given that HERMAN I. PECK, individually and as a member of the firm of PECK & GOLDSTEIN, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, April 21, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,673.—In Bankruptcy.—PHILIP EICHLER, Bankrupt.

Philip Eichler was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on March 14th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on March 27th, 1919, at 2:15 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26304.

Notice is given that ANDREW SAGLIANI and MARY BORGATI, also known as MARY LODI, individually and as co-partners doing business as SAGLIANI & CO., bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, April 21, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

HEALTH INSURANCE MEASURE AMENDED

Objections of Physicians in Regard to Payment of Annual Fee Met.

TERM "EMPLOYE" DEFINED

State Industrial Commission to Appoint Local and Other Administrative Boards.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 16.—In an endeavor to meet objections advanced by physicians, the Davenport-Donohue Health Insurance bill introduced on behalf of the American Association for Labor Legislation with the backing of the Women's Joint Legislative Conference and the New York State Federation of Labor, has been amended in many respects. There will be a hearing on the bill on Wednesday before the Senate Judiciary Committee.

One of the objections was directed against a provision under which health insurance fund "locals" were authorized to make arrangements with physicians under which they were to care for all the beneficiaries of the local fund and receive an annual salary in return. Under the bill as amended, beneficiaries are permitted to pick their own physicians who are paid by fees determined by the State Industrial Commission on hearings, and which may vary according to local circumstances and conditions.

Another amendment made in deference to the physicians, relates to the definition of the term "employe." Under the amendment "employe" is held to mean "a mechanic, workingman, laborer, clerk, bookkeeper, or person of similar grade of employment, including foreman, but not including superintendents, managers, and officers." Agricultural laborers and domestic servants are excluded from the operation of the proposed law, as are employes of the Federal and State Government as well as employes of municipalities.

In the original draft the health insurance "local" was practically a law unto itself. Another amendment, however, provides that State, local, and other advisory bodies having to do with the health insurance plan must be appointed by the State Industrial Commission. The State's share of the cost has been estimated approximately at $360,000 annually, or as much as it costs to administer the Workmen's Compensation Fund.

Miss Mary E. Dreier, Chairman of the Women's Joint Legislative Conference, in discussing the bill said that she expected it to pass this session. It has been before the Legislature in one form or another since 1916.

The bill provides for local mutual funds administered by a Board of Directors composed of an equal number of workmen and employers and a Chairman chosen by both. The administration of the funds will be entirely in the hands of the local Board of Directors, subject to general supervision by the Industrial Commission.

These boards will establish premium rates for their respective districts. Where a sickness hazard in any establishment is greater than the average the rates will be correspondingly higher to the employer. It is estimated that the cost of this insurance will be about 24 cents each a week from the employer and the employe. As all employers in the State will be covered, the employe can go to any part he wishes in search of better work without forfeiting his benefits.

The bill makes special provision for the medical, surgical, and nursing care of mothers and their babies. For working women it establishes a special maternity cash benefit for two weeks before the birth of the child and six weeks afterward, so that she may refrain from employment during that time.

NEW YORK.

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431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The air pressure continues high throughout the Eastern States and it is low over the Great Central Valleys with storm centres over Arkansas and Lake Superior. During the last twenty-four hours there were general rains over the Great Central Valleys and the Eastern States. There were also snow storms in the Rocky Mountains and in Northern New England.

The temperature has risen generally throughout the Atlantic States, the Upper Ohio Valley, and the lower lake region, and it has fallen in the Mississippi Valley and the Plains States.

The outlook is for a continuation of unsettled and rainy weather over much of the country east of the Mississippi River during Monday and Tuesday.

The temperature will rise Monday throughout the Middle Atlantic and New England States and it will fall Monday night and Tuesday in the region of the Great Lakes and the Ohio and Lower Mississippi Valleys.

Winds for Monday and Tuesday—North Atlantic, fresh and strong southeast and south; overcast weather with rain and fog.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Rain and warmer Monday. Tuesday probably rain.

Northern New England—Rain or snow, and warmer Monday. Tuesday probably rain.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Rain and warmer Monday. Tuesday probably rain.

Western New York—Rain Monday, warmer in east. Tuesday clearing and cooler.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	21	36	4 P. M.	45	38
6 A. M.	20	36	6 P. M.	45	38
9 A. M.	27	37	9 P. M.	42	39
12 M	36	36	11 P. M.	41	40

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 37; for the corresponding date last year it was 33; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 38. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 37; at 8 P. M. it was 38. Maximum temperature, 39 degrees at 7:15 P. M.; minimum, 35 degrees at 12:01 A. M. Humidity, 84 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 94 per cent. at 8 P. M. The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.72 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.56 inches.

Fire Record.

	Loss.
A.M.	
1:40—155 St. & St. Nicholas Av.; (auto,) A. J. Good	Slight
2:30—2,850 Broadway; H. Wenston	Not given
8:50—580 10th Av.; O. Engel	Not given
P.M.	
1:45—142 W. 112 St.; E. Ratte	Slight
3:40—302 W. 25th St.; D. Schoolmaker	Slight
3:55—391 E. 149 St.; A. Morowitz	Slight
4:00—138 Av. D; Yetta Weber	Slight
4:55—202 E. 88 St.; Wassman & O'Connor	Slight
6:25—528 W. 112 St.; G. Rosenberg	Slight
6:50—307 E. 77 St.; C. Rudeline	Not given
6:50—50 6th Av.; J. Nedines	Slight
10:20—19 W. 117 St.; I. Newmark	Not given

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Forecast:

N. C.—Showers Mon., warmer in w. Tues. showers.

S. C. and Ga.—Local showers Mon. and Tues.

Fla.—Fair Mon. and Tues., except probably showers in n.

Ala. and Miss.—Showers and thunderstorms Mon. and probably Tues., cooler Tues.

Tenn. and Ky.—Showers and thunderstorms Mon. Tues. partly cloudy in w., showers in e., cooler.

Ohio—Rain Mon. and probably Tues., cooler Tues.

Ind.—Rain and cooler Mon. Tues. partly cloudy.

Lower Mich.—Rain and cooler Mon. Tues. partly cloudy and cooler.

Crippled Soldiers' Mass Meeting.

Tickets of admission to the crippled soldiers' mass meeting to be held at the Hippodrome next Sunday afternoon will be available for distribution today by the Red Cross, 389 Fifth Avenue. All men crippled in the war and their near relatives will receive tickets upon application. Experts on the problem of the crippled soldier, who will confer here next week, will address the meeting.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6:30 P. M. daily.

Philippine Islands, (via Seattle—SS ——) .... Mar. 17

Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia, (via San Francisco)—SS Paloona .... Mar. 17

Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Makura .... April 2

Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver B. C.)—SS —— .... Apr. 5

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies, close at 5:30 P. M. daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.

From the Theatre

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HOW AMERICA FINANCED THE ALLIES.—An important historical article by one of America's leading bankers, and forty other big features. March CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, the monthly published by The New York Times Company. News stands, 25 cents.—Advt.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises........6:06 | Sun sets.........6:04

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:04	8:25	2:04	2:20
Governors Island	8:39	8:57	2:39	2:55
Hell Gate	10:48	10:58	5:00	5:12

Arrived—Sunday, March 16.

SS Dochra, Brest, Feb. 27.
SS Inca, Liverpool, Feb. 22.
SS Pythia, Marseilles, Feb. 25.
SS Sandafjord, Barry, Feb. 26.
SS Jan van Nassau, Nantes, March 2.
SS Caracas, San Juan, March 10.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Europa	Marseilles	Feb. 28
Patria	Gibraltar	Mar. 6
Harrisburg	Brest	Mar. 10
W. A. Luckenbach	Bordeaux	Mar. 6
Argentina	Marseilles	Mar. 4
DUE TOMORROW.		
Giuseppe Verdi	Marseilles	Mar. 6
Missouri	Brest	Mar. 5
Awa Maru	Bordeaux	Mar. 8
Vestris	Liverpool	Mar. 8
Charleston	Brest	Mar. 8
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Seattle	Brest	Mar. 6
Dakotan	St. Nazaire	Mar. 2
Maumee	Brest	Mar. 5
Tivives	Bordeaux	Mar. 8
DUE THURSDAY.		
Zacapa	Bordeaux	Mar. 9
Culoa	Brest	Mar. 5

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Sierra, Brest		10:00 A.M.
Esparta, Port Limon	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Benguela, Accra	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Chicago, Bordeaux	8:00 A.M.	———
Mount Vernon, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
Ohioan, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
Maraval, Trinidad	6:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
W. Indian, Rio Janeiro	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Imperator, Guiana	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Smaragad, Kingston	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Adriatic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Plattsburg, Liverpool	10:00 A.M.	———
Gullfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Abangarez, Colon	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Oriana, Valparaiso	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caracas, Porto Rico	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Agamemnon, Brest		10:00 A.M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Pres. Wilson, Genoa	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Georgeanna Weems, Martinique	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Huron, Turks Island	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Lake Forest, Barbadoes	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Parima, St. Thomas	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Neptunes, Haiti	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Allianca, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Espagne, Havre	8:30 A.M.	———
Juno, Haiti	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Coamo, Porto Rico	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
I. D. S. Adolph, St. Johns, N. F.	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Glenorchy, Bahia	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Korean Prince, Montevideo	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Mirach, at Copenhagen, March 15.
SS Bellerophon, at London, March 15.
SS Lanston Hall, at Colombo, March 13.
SS Canopic, at Naples, March 12.
SS Prospero, at Alicante, March 14.
SS Keifuku Maru, at Colombo, March 9.

Sailed.

SS Cretic, from Liverpool, March 14.
SS Rio Negro, from Bahia, March 11.
SS Australmount, from Gibraltar, March 10.
SS San Giorgio, from Genoa, March 13.
SS Ocean, from Liverpool, March 13.

Passed.

SS Bawean, for New York from Batavia, passed Ascension.
SS Francisco, New York for Hull, passed Lizard.
SS Talibot, New York for Antwerp, passed Beachy Head.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M., March 19, SS Adriatic.
France—Close at 7:30 A. M., March 17, SS Chicago, and at 7:30 A. M., March 22, SS Espagne.
Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 7 A. M., March 20, SS President Wilson, and 8 A. M., March 27, SS Giuseppe Verdi.
Belgium—Close at 7 A. M. March 18, SS Jean Laurent, and at 7 A. M., March 22, SS Aledo.
Portugal—Close at 10 A. M., March 17, SS Mar Rojo, and at 10 A. M., March 22, SS Patria.
Greece—Close at 9 A. M., March 19, SS Isabela.
Iceland—Close at 11 A. M., March 19, SS Gullfoss.
Azores Islands—Close at 9 A. M., March 29, SS Venezia.
Liberia—Sailings uncertain.
Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

GREAT WHITE FLEET SERVES THE AMERICAS

Jamaica Panama Colombia
service resumed

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PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Haverford...Mar. 31 Northland..April 18
Haverford......May 19

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OLYMPIC Halifax—Southampton April 1
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Adriatic....Mar. 9 Megantic... April 17
Celtic.......Mar. 26 Adriatic....April 27
Cretic.......Mar. 29 Celtic.......April 30
Baltic.......Mar. 29 Baltic........May 5
Lapland....April 14
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HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL
Carmania........................Mar. 24
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
AQUITANIA ....April 5
Orduna.....................April 8
NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON
MAURETANIA..........April 12
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS
Sailing March 25, 1919.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts., 29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 690.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York, Phone Bowling Green 7500.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

Catskill Evening Line
Resumption of Freight Service, Mar. 17.
Freight received beginning Mar. 14.
Pier 43, N. R., New York. Phone Spring 1097.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26531.

Notice is given that ABRAHAM L. ULLNICK, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, April 21, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COAL PRODUCTION LOW.

Decline in Week Ended March 8 as Compared with 1918.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The production of coal continues at a low ebb. Figures given out by the United States Fuel Administration tonight show that during the week ended March 8 the production of bituminous coal was 8,058,000 net tons. This output was about the same as that for the week ended March 1, which was 8,085,000 net tons, but it fell 3,550,000 net tons, or 33 per cent., below the output for the week of March 9, 1918.

The total production for the 1918-19 coal year to date is estimated at 533,579,000 net tons, 16,613,000 net tons more than the output for the same portion of the previous coal year.

Anthracite production during the week ended March 8 is estimated at 989,000 net tons, as compared with 1,102,000 the previous week, and 2,099,000 net tons for the corresponding week of 1918. Anthracite production from April 1, 1918, to March 8, 1919, is estimated at 88,111,000 net tons, which is 5,160,000 net tons less than for the same period of the last coal year.

Luxemburg Open to American Trade

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—To remove any uncertainty as to the effect of its ruling of March 6, with relation to trade between this country and Luxemburg, the War Trade Board today announced and confirmed that all persons in the United States were authorized by that ruling, subject to the rules and regulations of the board, to trade and communicate with persons residing in Luxemburg.

British Rule on Cotton Imports.

LONDON, Friday, March 14.—The Board of Trade has abolished maximum price regulations on all raw cotton excepting that imported from America and Egypt.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Progressive Connecticut manufacturing company desires to obtain manufacturing rights on high-grade mechanical specialties which can be built of small stampings and screw machine parts; prefer automobile accessories or similar articles which can be sold directly to manufacturers; only high-grade and fully developed propositions considered. Communicate, with definite statement of facts, with G. M. Co., X 281 Times Annex.

Salesman traveling South America, Mexico, Cuba, and other foreign countries to handle a complete line of post cards and booklets as a side line on commission basis; splendid chance for a live man; write, stating what sections you travel; references required. Manufacturer, B 790 Times Downtown.

Candy store, Church Ave., Flatbush, established profit $7,000; price $8,500. Other bargains. Do you want additional capital or an associate to increase your business. Business bought and sold without publicity. J. F. Curtin, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Windows and seats for rent to view parade; 500 5th Av., corner 42d St., opposite Public Library. Suite 606.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Will invest, with services, $5,000 to $15,000 in successful established business; describe business; principals only. H 699 Times Downtown.

Wanted.—Partner with about $15,000 in well-established shirt house; salesman preferred for jobbing trade on flannels and work shirts. L 761 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Established manufacturing company, having finished Government war work and resuming regular business and enlarging, needs more capital; investors of $2,000 and more will receive 8 per cent. interest and a liberal share of profits; high-class Board of Directors; strictest investigation invited. V 3 Times.

Live advertising salesman wanted to take active interest in a growing commercial photographic studio; $1,000 required. 110 West 40th, Room 309.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

THREE LIVE SALESMEN
(recently demobilized) traveling Great Britain, opening offices in London, are
OPEN FOR AGENCIES
for
COMPOSITION BUTTONS
and
FANCY GOODS.
Offers to Wormald, 35 Evesham Road, New Southgate, London, N. 11, (England.)

Correspondence solicited with established selling organizations with offices in all major cities, to promote the sale of new profitable household necessity. Box A 741 Times Downtown.

Have established office business, money; must change line; want lines of merchandise or will manufacture legitimate merchandise with capable party. Write for interview. Room 617, 110 West 40th.

Wish to obtain agencies from manufacturers and wholesalers for Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona. Please write G 222 Times.

Manufacturers and wholesalers interested in being represented in Mexico write G 223 Times.

FOR SALE.

For Sale.—Factory, fully equipped with wood turning machinery for manufacture of brocaded and cretonne boudoir furniture and novelties, humidors, candy containers, fancy baskets, &c., for sale at sacrifice price; splendid business opportunity. S. N. Freeman, 135 Broadway, New York City.

Exceptional Opportunity.—For sale, long established, furnished, graduate nurses' home in central location; long lease; rent more than half covered by separate rented apartments; 7-story modern building, elevator; rooms and apartments fully rented. Apply W. A. Taylor, Inc., 205 Columbus Av., N. Y. City.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY—WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERY AND TOBACCO house, having a well and old established trade, for sale at very reasonable price. Apply to Schroeder, 416 East 6th St., New York City.

First-class automobile repair station, with full equipment of machinery; most favorable location for sale; very satisfactory 4-year lease on entire building of 3 floors, 25x80 each; quick action. 225 East 38th.

Owner dependent on outside management will sacrifice going modern tea room and pastry shop in upper west side; high-class residential section; business profitable. Room 512, 135 Broadway, New York.

Handkerchief factory, 55 machines, half automatic, practically new, good running condition; wish to sell complete; located in dry goods district. C. W., 847 Times Downtown.

Swiss embroidery plant; sacrifice. 31 Union Square, Room 1604. Phone 7122 Stuyvesant between 12 and 1 P. M.

Restaurant, artistically arranged, frequented by artists and aviators, for sale. V 2 Times.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Loans made on machinery, printing plants, trucks, automobiles. Security Finance, 41 Liberty.

FOR SALE.

A mahogany roll top desk, $10; oak flat top, $7; typewriter desk, $7.50; typewriter, $20; tables, chairs, filing cabinets. 60 Cortlandt St.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS "FROM FACTORY TO You"—The wonderful now improved 1919 National Combination Typewriter, with nice traveling case, for office, home, and traveling; weighs 9½ lbs.; will do all that any large office typewriter will; sells for less than one-half the price. Catalog on request. Write for our attractive proposition for dealers and agents.
J. C. Chapeck, Director of Sales,
NATIONAL TYPEWRITER COMPANY,
Fond du Lac, Wis.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, three months, $6.
Visible, three months, $7.50 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4739.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted.—Comptometer, Burroughs, Monroe, Calculating and Adding Machines. I offer for sale and rent, Comptometer, Calculating and other Adding Machines, with or without operators, by the day. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101, ground floor.

Government Sales.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED WHITE Japanese Habutai Silk.—Bids will be opened 10 A. M. March 27, 1919, for not less than 5,000 yds. of the following 4-Momme Japanese "Kaga" Habutai Silk: 362,500 yds. 36-in. Red Label and 37,500 yds. 36-in. Blue Label. Bids to be on special forms which, with particulars, can be obtained upon application to War Dept., Surplus Property Div., Munitions Bldg., Washington, D. C. Refer to S. P. D. No. 812 C. E.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

APRONS AND HOUSE DRESSES Wanted.—For the jobbing trade; bring samples. Room 401, 3 West 29th.

BATISTE, NAINSOOK Wanted.—Around 80 squares, 40-inch; quantities; spot cash. Thompson, 1436 Woodworth.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany or Columbia. Serges, satins, poplins, tricotine, cash. 131 West 28th. Lebowitz Bros.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Copenhagen, tan, taupe. Commercial Cloak and Suit, 153 West 27th. Farragut 2874.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted. — Botany 315, brown, navy and black; also 47116 serge, navy. Madison Square 8275.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted. — 315 Botany, serges, mixtures, velours, shepherd checks, novelties. Gramercy 6647.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOURS Wanted.—All colors Superior. Girl Coat Co., Spring 4846.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Copen, white and light tan. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Ave.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—315, all colors, any quantity. Shapiro, Madison Square 3609.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—All shades, quantities, for cash. Haft. Farragut 9752.

BURELLA OR DELHI Wanted.—In Copenhagen; also Copen and rose eiderdown; will pay cash. Kaplan & Weinstein, 150 West 22d.

BURELLA Wanted.—Buckley-Cohen 711; all shades. Greeley 4376.

CHAMBRAY Wanted.—Amoskeag blue and pink, at a price. Sylvia Children's Dress Co., 17 East 16th St.

CHECKS Wanted.—Black and white velour checks. L. Greenberg & Bro., 71 West 23d.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES Wanted. — Sizes 6-14; silk and taffeta; can use large quantity. Call Monday and Tuesday, Lauretta, 450 4th.

COATS AND CAPES Wanted.—Jobber open place orders. 122 West 26th St., 3d floor.

COTTON TAFFETA Wanted.—Lower grades in colors. Manhattan Petticoat, 3 West 29th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—50 pieces 3-thread. Phone Gramercy 1310.

DOLMANS, Coats, Capes, Suits Wanted.—Spot cash paid; any quantity. Farragut 5154.

DOLMANS, Capes, Suits Wanted.—Attractive styles; good values. Eisen & Son, 122 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Taffeta, $7.75; georgette, $10.50; also waists wanted, to close out, snappy styles. Bernard Waist and Dress, 130 West 28th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on georgette and silk dresses. Call, with samples, Metropolis Garment, 259 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders cotton and Summer georgette dresses. Apply all week, 6 West 32d St., 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted. — Large jobber placing stock orders on new silk and cotton dresses. 12th floor, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open to buy beaded and printed georgettes; also novelty dresses, 43 West 33d St., fifth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders better class merchandise, all materials. 3d floor, 38 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for jobs of silk and georgette dresses. S. Spiro, 259 5th Av.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Waists Wanted.—In jobs, for cash; highest grade. Phone Canal 1128.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders on wash dresses. Call with samples, 4th floor, 129 West 29th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Taffetas, satins, crepes, georgettes; spot cash, any quantity. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES Wanted.—Cotton; contractors with own styles. Third floor, 24 West 30th.

FANCY DIMITIES, Dotted Swiss, and Crossbar Wanted.—For manufacture of middies and smocks. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d. Madison Square 4980.

FLANNEL Wanted.—All wool red, navy, and green for manufacture of middies. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d. Madison Square 4980.

FLORENTINE SILK Wanted.—Open for quantity, border pattern, in red, navy, and purple shades, or made up kimonos in these shades. Philipsborn's, 920 Broadway.

FOULARDS Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity; all shades. J. A. Hartstein & Co., 5 West 31st.

FOULARDS Wanted.—Good patterns only. Sunshine Dress, 34 West 17th St.

GABARDINE Wanted.—Open for Gera 10836 navy, or similar. Bellas Hess Co., 95 Morton St.

GABARDINE Wanted.—Navy and rookie, any mill. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

GABARDINES Wanted. — Pay spot cash; navy only. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

GEORGETTES Wanted. — Large quantities, all colors, at a price. Wolff & Levien, 36 East 28th.

GINGHAM CHECKS Wanted. — Spot cash; open for quantities. Redfirn Costume, 22 West 27th.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—At once, cash; all kinds. Mad. Sq. 8671.

HOSIERY Wanted.—Ipswich 13-inch, immediate delivery. 11th floor, 118 West 22d St. Chelsea 3650.

LACES Wanted.—Open for large quantity real filet and filet medallions. Joseph Rothbart, 42 West 34th.

LININGS Wanted.—Open jobs of fancy. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted.—Golf red peau de cygne, for cash. Safran & Kreeger, 23 East 26th.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Peco, esquimette; also high shade velours. Chelsea 6018.

PORIET TWILLS and Gabardines Wanted.—Any mills; also tricotines; will pay cash. Farragut 5759.

PORIET TWILLS and Tricotines Wanted.—Will pay cash. Sprayregen & Marks, 158 West 29th.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted.—Navy; cash. J. Heit & Son, 99 Madison Av.

POPLINS AND SERGES Wanted.—In blacks only. G. B. G. Mfg. Co. 7080 Madison Square, Ext. 12.

POPLINS Wanted.—American 90610, taupe, navy, black; quantity for cash. Haft, Farragut 9752.

POPLINS Wanted.—Scotia cotton warp, black and navy. Feynman, 19 West 21st.

POPLINS Wanted.—American Woolen, navy and black, for cash. Madison Square 8160.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open to buy quantity PPL and WFX. Gramercy 6552.

POPLIN Wanted.—Amoskeag 8158, tan, grey, and henna. Chelsea 9955.

POPLIN Wanted.—P. P. L., open to buy any quantity. Farragut 2885.

REPPS AND JEANS Wanted for cash. Chelsea 4603. 12 West 21st, 10th floor.

SATIN CHARMEUSE Wanted.—Dark colors. E. Schustack, 44 East 32d St.

SECO Wanted.—For cash, white, colors; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use 50 pieces each in any serge of any of the following qualities: Whitman's 104, 9, 99, 94, 3; Amoskeag's 6301, 7301, 7614, 7120, 7512; U. S. 838 or 235; Garfield's 528 or 519; Andrews' 1464; Gilbert's 8200; Botany's 809, 11433; American's 0936, 09070. Phone Spring 6311 or 6312.

SERGES, Poiret Twills and Tricotines Wanted.—In undesirable colors; cash paid for unsaleable colors. Harry Wadler, Inc., 11 East 26th St.

SERGES Wanted.—7301, 6120, 7120, W. F. X. 7614, V. F. L. 3395, 11433, M. F. L. 8200, 3850; quantities, for cash. Mad. Sq. 5814.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 54289, Jamestown 7302, Gera 7008, Garfields 528, Broadhead 500, or similar serges. Spring 5372.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for following styles in assorted colors: 54289, 47116, 6122, 4059, 4061, 4421, 780, poplin PPL. Chelsea 5098.

SERGES Wanted.—0609, 09070 black and 6234 navy; spot cash. Kamber, Frank & Bregstein, 12 West 27th St. Farragut 2351.

SERGES Wanted. — American 696, Dobson 954 or similar. Kramer, Madison Sq. 9656.

SERGES Wanted.—Mannish; all grades; any quantity. Sipkin & Gorschen, 15 East 26th.

SERGES Wanted.—In navy and taupe. Myer Gans Sons & Co., Inc., 151 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted.—0690, 0696, 0910, or similar; quantity, for cash. Farragut 9872.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 104, spot cash, at highest market price. Chelsea 7954.

SERGES Wanted.—Gilbert 8200, 0936, 09070, 235, also striped serges. Chelsea 8332.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 54289, navy and black. Madison Square 3608, Shapiro.

SERGES Wanted.—99 or similar, for cash. Cohen & Edelman, 35 West 31st St.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, Whitman's 99. Atwood Cloak and Suit, 148 West 24th.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 104, 11433 or similar, for cash. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Men's wear, navy only, below $2. I. Frank, 48 West 22d.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 104, 2001, 9070, 838, 235, 1464; cash. Gramercy 2452.

SERGES Wanted.—7614, 7301, 209; will pay cash, quantity. Stuyvesant 2676.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for 780 Botany navy for cash. Farragut 5166.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity W. F. X. Farragut 2886.

SERGES Wanted.—0609 American or similar, for cash. Stuyvesant 5562.

SERGES Wanted.—Spot cash; 7801, 7008, 787, 9056, 3678. Gramercy 4783.

SERGES Wanted.—We are open for 54289, navy. Gramercy 2991-2992.

SERGES Wanted.—7614 black, navy 3, and 94 navy. Chelsea 9955.

SERGES Wanted.—6120, 7120, 6122, 7122; cash. Chelsea 5846.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES Wanted.—Storm and men's wear. Herzog's Cloak and Suit Co., 1,237 Broadway. Madison Square 5466.

SERGES Wanted.—Lorraine 3615, Juilliards 54289, 4800, 47116, 4061, 4408, Botany 11433, 809. Madison Square 2339.

SERGES Wanted.—Pacific C. S. shade, 105, 109, 110, 1263; also other shades. Spitzer, Madison Square 1872.

SERGES AND POPLINS Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity; must be reasonable. Gramercy 2744.

SERGES Wanted.—Black, 838, 2205, 09070, 106; cash, or will exchange for navy. Madison Square 3935.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, W F X, 6120. American Piece Goods Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 6540.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for 7614, navy only, firsts or seconds, at $1.35. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy for cash Whitman's 99, 2205, navy and black. Stuyvesant 2217.

SERGES Wanted.—6234, 1464, or similar, navy, black; cash. Chas. Wersba, 117 West 31st.

SERGE Wanted.—Men's wear, in quantity; will pay cash. Louis Kessler, 38 West 21st St.

SERGES Wanted.—7614, 7301, 3, 94, 2004, 1166, 209½; spot cash. A. M. Cohen, Baltimore.

SERGES Wanted.—Spot cash; 7120, 7122, 7008; sponged or unsponged. Gramercy 4783.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity, navy and black, 54289 and 11433; cash if cheap. Chelsea 1456.

SERGES Wanted.—4848 and 4040. Chelsea 7897.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy 99. Farragut 2477.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—All worsted and fifty-fifty; also serges; mail samples. X 259 Times Annex.

SHIRTINGS Wanted.—Large quantity fibre Canton tussah silks; colored yarns, corded; madras; spot cash. S., 1292 Franklin.

SILKS Wanted.—We can use a quantity of silks regardless of colors or patterns for exporting trade; must be cheap. Silk and Dry Goods Exchange, 423 4th Av. Madison Square 376.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for large quantity of three-thread crepe de chine and satins in flesh only; spot cash; must be cheap. Cohen Marks Co., 1,133 Broadway, Room 623.

SILK and Cotton Fancies Wanted.—Open for close out jobs of any kind, voiles, &c. A. Litwack. Tel. Canal 8046.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for odds and ends in any quantity, for cash. Mad. Sq. 2673.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Bachmann, 17215, colors 1259, 1279; also plain velours, tan and red. Jerome Frank & Co. Gramercy 5174.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—602, 327, henna, Copen, Pekin, also 5750, Deering Milliken, rookie, victory-red. Greeley 1121.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Deering & Milliken: all colors; any quantity; cash. Madison Square 1080.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—High shades; all makes. Bramson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Farragut 6264.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Pay cash; all colors, all makes. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Deering Milliken; all shades. Madison Square 1163.

SILVERTONE Wanted. — Deering-Milliken 5750; all shades. Greeley 4376.

SKIRTINGS Wanted.—Fancy silk for skirts, and colored cotton goods wanted. Trussel Waist Co., 137 West 25th. Phone 9039 Farragut.

SKIRTINGS Wanted.—All wool plaids, Amoskeag serge 7614. Eastern Skirt Co., Baltimore. A Gerber, Elks' Club.

SUITS, COATS Wanted.—Samples and close-outs, any quantity; cash. Albert Terrakin, 38 West 32d. Mad. Sq. 9049.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—We are open for 50 pieces striped taffetas and peau de cygne. Pressman, 377 Madison Sq.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Fifty pieces, all colors, at a price; spot cash. Superior Silk Co., 225 5th Av.

THIBETS Wanted.—Stoney & Starkey's 815. Farragut 129.

TRICOLETTES Wanted.—36 inches wide, all colors. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

TRICOTINE Wanted. — Garfields 4718 or similar, navies; will buy any quantity for cash. Greeley 5653. Henlein & Greentree, 1,333 Broadway.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Any mill; also gabardines and poiret twill; pay cash. Madison Square 509.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Any mills; also poriet twills and gabardines; will pay cash. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINE AND GABARDINE Wanted.—In all colors, for cash. 38 West 32d, Room 1302.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Pay spot cash, navy; any mill. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

VELOURS AND SILVERTONES Wanted.—All wool; also cotton back in all shades; spot cash. Lissman, Needell & Kurtz, Inc., 27 West 24th. Farragut 9475.

VELOURS Wanted.—Any Spring shades, 711, 715, 0360; Stirling, Cascade, or similar; large or small lot. Drusin, Farragut 3486.

VELOURS Wanted.—American K 544 or similar; also 12075 pom pom. Juvenile Cloak Mfg. Murray Hill 290.

VELOURS Wanted.—High shade; American poplins, navy and black. Schonberg & Kapner, Farragut 4588.

VELOUR Wanted.—Tan and reindeer, deering, milliken, silvertone, Pekin and Victory red. Greeley 1876.

VELOURS and Silvertones Wanted.—High shades; will pay cash. Crown Cloak, Chelsea 5561.

VELOURS Wanted. — Stevens, Buckley, Cohen, or similar, all shades. Greeley 4376.

VELOURS Wanted.—4281, Steven's, or similar, henna, tan, gray, Pekin. Greeley 1120.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for high shade velours. Bellas Hess Co., 95 Morton St.

VELOUR Wanted.—Reindeer shade, light weight, all wool. Telephone Spring 3013.

VELOURS Wanted.—Spring shades only; spot cash. Phone Chelsea 8979.

VELOURS Wanted.—All Spring shades. L. Greenberg & Bro., 71 West 23d.

VELOURS Wanted.—High shades; quantity, for cash. Farragut 9872.

WAISTS AND PETTICOATS Wanted.—Julius Gutman & Co., Baltimore, Md., will buy for cash jobs of georgette, crepe de chine, and better grades of cotton waists; also silk and cotton petticoats. Mail full particulars of offering to Miss M. Levy, Hotel McAlpin.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—White, in dress weight, any quantity. Victoria Dress Co., 37 West 32d. Madison Square 1974.

Contracts Wanted.

TUCKING.—Contractor on tucking wishes to take work from dress and skirt manufacturers; good work; prompt delivery. Box A614, 1,265 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BRAID.—Three-end, immediate delivery, 75c per ligne; all lignes in stock. Spring 6493.

BROADCLOTH AND KERSEYS.—Juilliard's 118 and Juilliard's kerseys 2002, in burgundy, navy, plum, green, and black. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

CANTON SILKS.—36 inches, all popular shades; immediate delivery; reasonable. Selena, 9 West 20th.

CAPES, DOLMANS.—Suits at factory prices; immediate delivery. Feldman's, 54 East 18th.

CAPES.—Dolmans suits, close out. Square Garment, 1,193 Broadway.

CAPS.—Whipcord overseas caps; stock on hand. Royal Hat Co., 181 Mercer St.

CASSIMERES, Mixtures, Shepherd Checks.—Men's and ladies'; 150 pieces S K W sharkskin, quantity 2001 velours. Gramercy 6648.

CAPES AND SUITS.—For immediate delivery; especially for jobbers. W. Philips & Co., 145 West 28th.

CAPES AND SUITS on racks; variety of styles and cloths. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141 West 28th St.

CAPES, SUITS.—$7.75 on the rack for quick delivery. Bernstein, 118 W. 27th.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—6 to 14, silks, $3.75 up. Greater N. Y. Silk, 44 East 23d.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big values. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, 6-14, $5 dozen up. Fazekas & Son, 103 5th Av.

COATS, DOLMANS, CAPES.—For immediate delivery; pile fabrics ready for jobbers. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS.—Plushes, velours; plain, fur trimmed; regular and stouts; very cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS, SUITS of the better kind; Spring and Fall; to close out. Plager, 1,161 Broadway.

COATS.—Spring coats, velours and poplin, to close out. Kaplan & Weinstein, 150 West 22d.

COATS.—Velour, high shades, to close out. A. Russakow, 164 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS.—Two cases white batiste to sell, below market price. Stuyvesant 2697.

CREPE DE CHINES, Georgettes, Meteors, Poplins, Taffetas, Peau-de Cygne, &c.—"The right merchandise at the right price." Weinstein & Bloom, 44 East 23d. Gramercy 1283.

CRYSTAL CORD, Holden Leonard, shades 440, 456, 459. Phone Madison Square 1520.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

DOLMANS, Capes, Suits, Coats.—Cheapest to best; immediate delivery. Hunter, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—On rack for immediate delivery, beaded georgettes, satins, taffetas, and crepe meteors, all colors and sizes, from $10 up. Regent Dress Co., 158 West 29th. Chelsea 8167.

DRESSES.—For immediate delivery; dainty new models in beaded and plain georgette, taffetas, georgette and taffeta combinations, at unusually low prices. Klif Dress Co., 28 West 27th.

DRESSES. — 500 snappy taffetas, satins, serges, Georgettes; slaughtering prices, especially for bargain basements; also 800 stylish suits. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—8,000 on hand; Susquehanna poplins, $3.75; wool jerseys, $8.75; greatest values ever offered; see them today. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—Crepe de chine, taffeta, and party dresses; will sell at a sacrifice. Premier Costume Co., Marcus Helfand, Assignee, 12 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—High-grade, for immediate delivery, satins, beaded georgettes, and new models in Jersey. Kaufman Bros., 122 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Georgettes, taffetas, ginghams, newest models, exceptional values serge dresses to close out. Annetta Dress, 111 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Better-grade satins, indestructible printed georgettes, tricolettes, meteors; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Jobs in jersey taffeta and satin dresses, all colors and sizes, in very snappy models. Lorraine Dress, 130 West 29th.

DRESSES. — Wonderful values, taffetas, satins, $6.50 to $8.50; immediate delivery. Loeb Nussbaum, 119 W. 23d.

DRESSES, Jersey and silks, several thousand, to close out at a price. Gross & Liebowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Latest models, unusual chance quick buyer; overstocked. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Serges to close out, georgettes, taffetas, on racks. Floranell Dress, 38 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Georgettes, satins, taffetas, silks, jerseys, serges; cheap. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

DRESSES Taffetas, Wool Serges; close out $4.85. Hoffman Bros., 65 4th Av.

DRESSES.—Beaded and printed georgettes, job. 1,193 Broadway, Room 22A.

DRESSES.—Susquehanna silk poplin dresses, $3.75. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Job of silk dresses at a price. 130 West 17th St., 7th floor.

DRESSES.—Job all-wool serges and silks, $5. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Job of 50 satins at a price. Cohen, 120 West 20th.

DRESSES.—50 satin; sell at a price. Feuer, 9 West 35th St.

EMBROIDERIES and laces to close out; big bargain. 115 Worth St., Room 57.

FANCY LININGS for cloak and suit trade, to close out cheap. Chelsea 9350.

GABARDINES.—Gera 10764 and 10836, in black, taupe, Copen., Pekin, gray, brown, burgundy, and green. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

GEORGINES, ivory and flesh; good quality; reduced price. Telephone Madison Square 3047.

GINGHAM AND PERCALES.—All kinds; big sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

GINGHAM PLAIDS, good quantity, wonderful assortment. Miller Bros., 118 West 22d.

HATS.—2,000 dozen panama, silk, palm beach, for children, ladies, and men, below price; export and domestic trade. Washington Mills, 56 Lispenard St. Canal 4259.

HONEY CLOTH.—Mohair, 54-inch, 25 black, 50 navy. American Piece Goods Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 6540.

HOSIERY.—Ipswich 3500, 200 dozen size 8, black, white, brown, $2.75; 500 dozen bundles, $2.90, all sizes; Ipswich 715, 100 dozen black, white, gray, $5.50. Himwich Hosiery Mills, 467 Broadway.

HOSIERY.—Ipswich, style 3300, men's fibre hose in 50 packing; all colors; 40 cases. Canter & Koletsky, 239 Congress Av., New Haven, Conn.

JAP SILKS.—Almost any weight at prices below market; also crepe de chine and georgette; direct from mill. Samuel Haggett, 17 Madison Av. Phone Madison Square 4547.

JAP SILKS, all weights and shades, immediate delivery, cheap. Canton Silk Mills, 432 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 2159.

JERSEY SILK.—Flesh and white at $1.25. Dainty Silk Under. Co., 401 4th Av., City.

KHAKI KOOL.—Fancy printed, Mallinson's, suitable for collars, vests, and trimming; under price. Tel. Gramercy 6694.

KNICKERBOCKERS.—Boys' knickerbockers, blue serge and striped worsteds, sizes 8 to 16, $4.25 a dozen. Washington Mills, 56 Lispenard St. Canal 4259.

PANAMAS.—SPA., BPNL., PNA., 228; also high shades. Henry Hamson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PANAMAS.—228, BPNL 227; quantities below market price. Grossman Bros., Madison Square 4620.

PEAU DE CYGNE.—Tan and gray; excellent value. Madison Square 6143.

POIRET TWILLS.—Will close out cheap, Garfield's 4978 black. Madison Square 1520.

POM-POM.—American Revera cloth, navy; will sell cheap. Greeley 5653.

POPLIN.—4860, 8158, navy and black, Spring shades; very cheap. Louis Abramson, 1,170 Broadway.

POPLIN.—Meyer Jolise black and blue; also Lawrence's No. 780; will accept offer. Chelsea 9535.

POPLINS.—American 06077 navy, 4768 Brightwood black and navy. Madison Square 5466.

POPLINS.—Saxonias, tan, gray, copen; serges, Andrews 1464 blacks, navys. Farragut 9407.

POPLINS.—90610, 06077, taupe and all Spring shades. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

POPLINS.—American; other makes; cheap. Mr. Lewis, Farragut 5856.

SECO SILK.—First quality, 22¼c. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SERGES.—519, 11433, 780, 767, 9288, 7008, 2205, 3395, 6122, 94, V. S. L., also fine men's wear serges. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1989 and 4941.

SERGES.—5,000 yards, 40-inch, all wool, navy, French serge at 95c; also 10,000 yards ¾ black heavyweight coating at 40c. L. Finkelstein & Sons, Spring 6311, 6312.

SERGES.—Pacific boating serges, 30 inches, 1,400 pieces, all colors, 21c; must be sold at once. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SERGES.—3850, 11433, at $2.10; 0936, $2.40; U. S. 838, $2.40; U. S. 235, $2.50; quantities; immediate delivery. Andon Mills, 239 4th Av. Gramercy 6934.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—Black, navy, and colors, 0609, 0209, VSL, WFX, 54289, 11433, 1210, 4860, PPL; also Cleveland Panamas. Gramercy 2744.

SERGES.—104, $2.15; 2004, $1.90; 774, $1.75; 94, $1.52½; 1209, 47½c.; 7120, $1.75; 4050, 50c.; 1713, $1.70; 8365, $1.75; 1711, 85c. Madison Square 8604.

SERGES.—11433, navy, tan, green, 58-inch navy blue, men's wear 3665 navy, black all-wool plaid for skirtings. Greeley 824. Ask for Martin.

SERGES.—All wool and cotton warps, French and storm serges, also mannish serges in black. Gramercy 2991.

SERGES.—We have 9288 Cleveland, 40 pieces navy, 25 pieces high shades, at $2.10. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

SERGES.—7002, $1; 1464, $2.17½; 4768 Pekin poplin, $2.60; also other serges in black and navy. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—U. S. 235, Gilberts 8200, 40 pieces each, all navy. American Piece Goods Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 6540.

SERGES, POPLINS, VELOURS.—Cutting-up trade; quick delivery. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—Mens' wear; superior quality; Australian ply warp and filling. McConnell, 17 East 22d.

SERGES.—8200, 787, 10839, 0696, VSL, navy 0609, 6301, black. Grossman Bros., Madison Square 4620.

SERGES.—35 pieces navy Whitman's 2205, original tickets. Goldsmith. Gramercy 6669.

SERGES.—54289; poplin, broadcloth, Panama and other serges; very cheap. Farragut 9528.

SERGES.—235, 1464 poplin, Brightwood 4916, Dobson's 503, American 6609½. Gram. 1814.

SERGES.—3135 Bachman's, 5 navy, 1 tan, 1 black, and 1 Copen. Madison Square 4879.

SERGES.—American 587, navy; Whitman 94, in black. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

SERGES.—U. S. 235, 528, 787, 0609; quantities; will sell cheap. Gramercy 2441.

SERGES.—09070, 99, 54289, 54292, 3850, 8200, reasonable prices. Gramercy 6510.

SERGES.—All-wool poplins, all-wool serge, job, $2.25. Nivel, 114 West 26th.

SERGES.—49070, 0696, 11433, 780, 7002 M. F. L., 06077. Madison Square 9567.

SERGE.—528 Garfield, $2 net; quantity of hand., Phone Farragut 4444.

SERGE.—11438 Botany, original ticket, $2; net cash. Chelsea 8597.

SERGES.—1464, 94, 54289, poplins and velours. Bryant 4372.

SERGES.—Botany 780; also broadcloth. Madison Square 1409.

SERGES.—Quantity, 104 Whitman, navy and black. Chelsea 10379.

SERGES.—Navy 8200, 2001, 587; black 8192. Gramercy 2452.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES.—Botany 780, Gilbert 8200, Juilliard's 54292, 54249, 54289, Gera 7008, 10453, WFX., MFL., Whitman's 774, PPL., 228, BPNL., Selden's poplin; also big variety of fancy skirtings in plaids and stripes. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—780, 11433, 519, 7008, 2205, 838, 235, 0936, 3850, V. S. L. 9288, 3395, M. F. L. 767; reasonable prices; immediate delivery; to cutting-up trade. Weinstein Co., Madison Square 4621.

SERGES.—8200, 9288, 812, 7614, 3000, 7512, 6002, 4050, W. F. X., K. S. W., silvertones, poplins, black and white checks, at reasonable prices. Boston Woolen, 29 East 22d. Gramercy 4481.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All constructions, 54-inch; also imported shantungs. Madison Square 6260.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—Folwell of cotton, 48, 50, and 54 inch. Worth 248.

SHOES.—Army, navy, and officer shoe bargains in case lots. Berlow, 110 Duane St.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery, crepe de chines, $1, (3 thread;) crepe de chines, $1.15, (4 thread;) fancies, $1.20; wash satins, 95c. Bervick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILKS.—Large quantities crepe de chine, 3-thread, powdered or lustred finish, at sacrifice price. Madison Square P. O. Box 346.

SILKS to close out; odd pieces of taffeta and peau de cygne; also Kridel's printed satin duchene. Madison Square 6143.

SILKS.—Crepe de chines, white, flesh, satins and fancies. Room 1206, 116 West 32d St.

SILVERTONES.—Joel and Read, in high shades. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplin, $1.50 up; fancy silk novelty, $2 up; best models, excellent values, immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS. — Susquehanna poplins, $1.62½; stripes, plaids, satins, serge, wash skirts, 50c on the dollar. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna silk poplins, $2. Ford, 114 West 26th.

SUITS.—2,000 for immediate delivery in tricotine, velour, check gabardines, silvertones and serges; $16.50 to $30. Eisenberg & Sommerfield, 32 East 31st.

SUITS.—Have 1,000 suits on hand for immediate delivery for spot cash; retiring. Blaustein, Leifer & Baum, 10 East 33d.

SUITS, extraordinary values, immediate delivery; belted, box and other models; $8.75 up. Excelio, 142 West 24th.

SUITS, COATS.—Closing out at a sacrifice, latest models. Albert Terrakin, 38 West 32d. Madison Square 9049.

SUITS, Capes, Dolmans.—Newest models; immediate delivery. Potter & Schattman, 31 West 31st.

SUITS, Capes, Dolmans. On racks, snappy styles; attractive prices. M. Waldman, 17 West 28th.

SUITS.—Best models, immediate delivery; very low prices. A. Russakow, 164 5th Av.

SUITS.—Boys', imitation Palm Beach cloth, $1.87½. Louis Friedman, 713 Broadway.

TRICOLETTE.—25 pieces, cotton back, black and navy; also a job of fancy and plain silk tricolette to close out at a price; all seconds. R. R., 800 Times Downtown.

TRICOLETTES.—All shades, 46 inches, $3.15, in stock. Phone 905 Madison Square.

TRICOTINES.—Taupe, tan, black. Phone Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES AND POIRET TWILLS.—Farragut 5759.

VELOURS.—Saxonia 954, reindeer and taupe; will sell cheap. Henlein & Greentree, 1,333 Broadway. No phone calls.

VELOUR.—Have six pieces Quaker gray, cheap. Greeley 1544.

VELVETEEN.—Specializing in 36 inch; all colors; immediate delivery. Trevas & Schack, Inc., 469 4th Av.

WAISTS.—Cottons, $6.50 a dozen; georgettes, crepe de chines, Jap silks, georgeens; 50c on the dollar. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

WAISTS.—New styles; voile and organdy, $8.50 dozen; all colors; Jap silks, $16.50 dozen. Belmore Waist, 27 West 24th.

WAISTS.—Jobs and regular georgette; immediate delivery. F. R. Wright & Co., 1,170 Broadway.

WHITE FLANNELS, seconds, to close out cheap. Farragut 129.

WOOLEN GOODS. — Gabardine, Garfield's 4666, 367, tan, $2.75, and Garfield's black poiret twills, $2.85. Madison Square 920.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS Wanted. — Printed voile dresses; also fancy Summer silks, tricolettes; bring samples; big orders on right merchandise; look all week. 319 5th Av., 2d floor.

CONTRACTORS on poplin skirts; large quantity; must be cheap; can supply 30 machines. Lauretta, 450 4th Av.

CONTRACTORS Wanted on gingham dresses, placing stock orders. 22 W. 27th, 5th floor.

CONTRACTOR wanted on children's colored cotton dresses. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d St.

CONTRACTORS.—Silk skirts; bring samples. Lauretta, 450 4th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors, we are placing orders on high-class sport and Summer novelties in dresses; silks only. Call all week, 25 West 31st St., 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors call with samples of silk and cotton dresses; large orders placed. 3 West 30th, one flight up.

Allied Industries.

BIG MONEY in the pleating and ruffling business; complete plant; machines for sale; investment about $2,500. R 195 Times.

BUTTONS Wanted.—White satin, covered, 16-line. Pansy Waist, 145 West 30th St.

BUTTONS Wanted.—Ocean pearl, in quantity. Home Apron, 540 East 88th St.

PATTERNS.—Home patterns. The Home Pattern Co., Inc., 114 5th Av., New York, sole manufacturers of patterns for The Ladies' Home Journal. Telephone 4216 Chelsea.

TO EXPORT TRADE we offer biggest values at lowest prices; silk novelty skirts, $1.50 up; children's silk dresses, sizes 6-14, $3.75 up; immediate delivery. T. H., 261 Times.

TRUNKS.—Leatheroid trunks for sale, 32x21 x18, with, without telescopes. Murray Hill 7831.

Help Wanted.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, young, graduate advertising school, clean-cut man, modern proved methods on publicity, for mail order manufacturers; must be result producer. T. P., 264 Times.

DESIGNER wanted for infants' and children's coats; good proposition to right party; A1 man only will be considered; correspondence strictly confidential. Box C 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Prominent cloak and suit house is open to engage Middle Western salesman; must positively be $10,000 a year man; useless to apply unless you can submit convincing evidence of having produced over $150,000 annual sales in Middle Western States; commission basis. B. O., 241 Times.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced and well recommended, to sell aprons in State of New York; strictly commission; state full particulars. E. B. Kursheedt Apron Co., 134 West 37th.

SALESMAN, familiar with exporting ladies' ready-to-wear; resident men preferred; commission basis. L. M., 86 Times.

Situations Wanted.

SALES AND ADVERTISING MANAGER, fully experienced, giving salesmen real help, also producing profitable advertising matter inexpensively; salary secondary to opportunity. R 185 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man desires position with a first-class house, on salary and commission; experienced in groceries, bakers' and confectioners' supplies and utensils. E 243 Times.

SKETCHER, wholesale experience, desires position assisting designer; some selling experience. E 363 Times.

SOUTH AMERICA.—American wants situation on plantation or as buyer for native syndicate; Brazil preferred. K 345 Times.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York. Notice is given that THE NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, owner of the lighter "Ilion," has filed its petition for limitation of liabilities for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessel on the 14th day of December, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, Thirty-one and 67-100 ($31.67) Dollars. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before Edward L. Owen, Esq., Commissioner, at No. 69 Wall Street, New York City, on or before the 7th day of April, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—EDWARD M. TIMMINS against CARGO ON BOARD STEAMSHIP "LORD DUFFERIN." Notice: I have arrested the foregoing cargo upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for Salvage Service. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on March 24th, 1919, in United States Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default, and condemnation will be ordered.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal,
Southern District of New York.
BURLINGHAM, VEEDER, MASTEN & FEAREY, Proctors for Libellant.

HOME ORNAMENT.

Strong, handsome binder to hold the Rotogravure Picture Section of Sunday's New York Times sent by mail for $1.75. By securing this section for six months a fund of entertainment is always at hand.—Advt.

CULVER ELEVATED OPENS.

Service Between Park Row and Kings Highway Cut Nine Minutes.

The new Culver line of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's system was opened yesterday morning at 4 o'clock. A special train bearing Public Service Commissioner Travis H. Whitney and John J. Dempsey, Vice President and General Manager of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, and other officials made the first run over the new elevated structure from the Ninth Avenue Station to Kings Highway.

Regular service began at 4 o'clock, the running time between Kings Highway and Park Row being thirty-seven minutes, a saving of nine minutes from the old time on this line. The rest of the line, which will terminate at Coney Island, will probably not be put into complete operation until the end of the year, but as sections are completed they will be opened up for traffic.

The old wooden cars heretofore used on the Culver line will be retained until the Montague Street Tunnel is completed, when the Culver trains will be run through the Fourth Avenue Subway. During rush hours at present trains will be run on a seven and one-half minute headway, but later a shorter headway will be maintained.

TO OPEN THREE NEW CLINICS

Will Be Established in the Bronx by Milk Committee.

It was announced yesterday by the New York Milk Committee, 105 East Twenty-second Street, that, in line with its plans to extend pre-natal nursing in this city, its committee for the reduction of infant mortality will formally open three additional maternity clinics in the Bronx at a meeting to be held tomorrow afternoon in the Melrose Library Building, 162d Street and Morris Avenue.

Miss Margaret McLeod, one of the committee nurses who has just returned from war work abroad, will tell her experiences while serving with the American Red Cross. Other speakers will be Dr. John H. Telfair of Fordham Medical College; Dr. M. L. Ogan of the Department of Health; Dr. Ralph W. Lobenstine, Maternity Centre Association, and Mrs. A. P. Hausrath, chairman Civic Section of the Bronx Women's Club. Dr. A. J. O'Leary of the Department of Health will preside.

The three new clinics are at the Bronx House, 1,637 Washington Avenue, and the Baby Health Stations at 2,380 Hughes Avenue and 513 East 149th Street.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Bros.; S. M. Herrmann, millinery; 41 Union Square; Gregorian.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Chamberlain, Johnson, Dubose Co.; G. H. Jones, rugs, talking machines; Miss E. White, Miss Lathrop, waists, corsets, muslin underwear; 1,140 Broadway; Collingwood.

BALTIMORE—Monumental Custom Tailoring Co. J. S. Goldsmith, woolens; Penn.

BALTIMORE—Henry Shapiro & Co.; Mr. Shapiro, silk, plaid dress goods; 1,182 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; J. M. Postley, house furnishings, hardware; 354 4th Av.

BAY CITY, Mich.—Hawley D. G. Co.; Miss M. E. Ward; Marie Antoinette.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—A. R. Swartz Co.; A. R. Swartz, M. S. Seidler, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—L. Pisitz, D. G. Co.; A. I. Abkowitz, millinery, 37 West 26th St. Imperial.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; R. Phillips, hotel supplies; 470 4th Av.; Breslin.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; Ross representing; C. H. Berry, notions; W. F. Varnum, boys' clothing; Miss Feely, misses' waists; Mrs. Maddock, children's millinery; 432 4th Av.

CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros. Co.; F. L. Miller, Jr., dry goods; 1,150 Broadway.

CHICAGO—The Fair; P. J. Kirch, candies; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO — "Hillman's"; H. Hillman, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Lederer Bros. & Co.; W. D. Lederer, dress goods, woolens; 256 Church St., Biltmore.

CHICAGO—Spira & Steiner; H. Steiner, representing; McAlpin.

CHICAGO—Wurzburger Bros.; J. Wurzburger, hosiery, underwear; St. Andrew.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. F. O'Neill, women's, children's apparel; 1,10. Broadway; Commodore.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; A. C. Berwanger, women's coats, suits, capes, dresses, dolmans; S. A. Gaylord, basement coats, suits, capes, dresses, dolmans; O. J. Lowenberg, notions, gloves, hdkfs., leather goods, umbrellas; R. A. Hawker, traveling bags, suit cases, trunks; Miss G. Dolman, infants' wear; 470 4th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Emporium; M. V. Bley, blouses; McAlpin.

DALLES—M. Iskowitz, coats, suits; Grand.

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; Mrs. E. I. Ward, bath robes, sweaters, bathing suits; 116 West 32d St.

EASTON, Penn. — Ross Millinery Co.; G. Gross, flowers, fancies; 621 B'way.

GRAND RAPIDS—Friedman Spring D. G. Co.; Miss C. Kalterman, women's gowns, dresses, waists; 1,150 B'way.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; F. W. Gallatin, domestics; J. MacKenzie, linens; 1,270 B'way; Hermitage.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; Miss E. Cramer, notions, jewelry; Miss A. Krause, ribbons, neckwear, laces; 1,270 Broadway; Continental.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—McAuslin & Wakelin Co.; J. H. Wakelin, Miss H. Cray, silks, notions, fancy goods, furs; Cumberland.

HOUSTON, Texas—C. Ries & Co.; C. Ries, coats, suits, waists; Somerset.

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss P. McKomey, millinery; 116 West 32d.

MANKATO, Minn.—J. H. Koch, general merchandise; Penn.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Landauer & Co.; A. Richman, ladies', children's ready-to-wear; Cumberland.

NASHVILLE—L. Jonas & Co.. S. Jonas, jobs ladies', misses', children's fall coats; 432 4th Av.

NORWICH, Conn.—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; J. A. Quinn, men's clothing; 432 4th Av.; Wallick.

OMAHA, Neb.—M. E. Smith Co.—L. B. Clough, mdse. manager, dress goods, silks; C. J. Phelps, dress goods, silks; 200 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; A. M. Bibro, jobs shoes; 364 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; Miss A. Murphy, china; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Lewin, Neiman Co.; H. Lewin, millinery; 470 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH — Lewin-Neiman Co.; Miss O'Brien, children's capes, coats, dresses; 470 4th Av.

PITTSFIELD, Mass.—I. Michelman & Co.; A. M. Michelman, cloaks, suits; Elks' Club.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King; Miss L. Bernard, coats, suits, waists; 432 4th Av.

RACINE, Wis.—Schroeder D. G. Co.; C. J. Schroeder, dry goods; 1,170 B'way.

RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufmann & Co.; F. L. Lockett, flowers, feathers; 553 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; L. C. Nance, millinery; 621 B'way.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; W. F. Benson, coats, suits, skirts; 432 4th Av.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Auerbach Co.; M. J. Friedman, coats, suits, jobs serge dresses; 121 East 24th St.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Emil Blum & Co.; E. Blum, coats, suits; 1,140 Broadway.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—B. Hart & Bro.; J. Hart, silks; 43 Leonard.

SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; J. R. Tyson, stationery; 15 E. 26th.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—Wallace Co.; Miss M. Quay, laces, neckwear; Miss Brandt, hosiery, knit underwear; Breslin.

SPARTANBURG, S. C.—A. W. Smith Co.; H. F. McGee, ready to wear; 1,150 Broadway; Collingwood.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Tootle, Campbell D. G. Co.; N. B. Dietrich, notions; 60 Worth.

ST. LOUIS—Newbery, Burdick, Scott Garment Co.; J. B. Newbery, Spring capes, garments; 1,170 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Co.; Miss C. Hamm, ready-to-wear, basement; E. G. Samish, millinery; 116 West 32d.

ST. LOUIS—Levis-Zukoski Mercantile Co.; Edgar Levis, flowers, feathers; E. Levis, untrimmed hats; Miss J. Osborne, trimmed hats; 303 5th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Golden Rule; P. Broeker, hosiery, knit underwear; 1,261 B'way.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Hunter, Tuppen Co.; Miss S. Cummings, ribbons; Miss Kinsella, fancy goods; Imperial.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—N. S. Mesirow, ready-to-wear; Penn.

TRENTON, N. J.—Ross Millinery Co.; H. Gross, millinery; 621 B'way.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—N. B. Moses & Co.; C. E. Pingree, linens, white goods, hdkfs.; McAlpin.

WASH DRESSES
For Immediate Delivery
5,000
Prices $2.50—$5.00
M. WEISMAN & SONS
118 West 22nd St. New York

Continental FULWOOL Fabrics

Fine woolens for Women and Men's outer garments

CONTINENTAL Fulwool Fabrics are new—better—and finer woolens. They are made of pure wool on the knitted principle and guaranteed by the Mills not to sag or lose their shape when made into garment. They have just enough elasticity to give them a loft, lfie and softness that puts them far above the ordinary fine woolens.

They can be had in distinctive mixtures, solid colors and silver sheens in all weights.

Hickson, Inc., and M. Rock have designed some clever creations depicting Style's latest trend.

These are on exhibition at our salesrooms, 225 Fourth Ave., with a complete line of Continental Fulwool Fabrics. It will be to your advantage to inspect them at once.

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BUYERS
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¶ if you have not as yet availed yourself of our liberal offers, NOW is your chance to fill in your needs.
ON DISPLAY IN OUR SHOWROOMS
¶ we have complete STOCKS in all GRADES and desirable COLORS.
PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

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Wash Satins
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FOR WOMEN AND BOYS
The latest mode in outing apparel. Made by
Guiterman Bros., St. Paul, Minn.

COTTON GOODS
Special Sale

Pamela Flannel	25 in. wide	10½c
Eiderdown, plain	36 in. wide	15½c
Essex Flannel	36 in. wide	15½c
Moleskin Amoskeag	36 in. wide	18½c
Pink, Blue, Checks, Stripes.		
Narrow Gingham	26 in. wide	11½c
Assorted Plaids.		
Assorted Plaid Ginghams	32 in. wide	18½c

Also Percales, Chambrays, Voiles, etc.
Assorted Colors and Patterns.
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546-548 Broadway. Spring 814

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ALSO
$25.00 & $30.00
(Retail) Suits
MISSES' & WOMEN'S
Submit Samples Monday Morning.
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Auctions.

THIS WEEK
THE
BLUE RIBBON
HORSE AUCTION

Madison Square Garden
NEW YORK
Mar. 19-20
Sale Opens Wednesday, March 19, at 10:30 A. M.
OVER 250 HEAD
Light harness horses of the highest class, for track, speedway and road and for breeding.
FASIG-TIPTON CO.
31 East 27th St., New York City
GEO. A. BAIN, AUCTIONEER.

SEE OUR LINE OF
LEATHER COATS
FOR
MEN AND WOMEN
RIGHT PRICES
Queen Leather Goods Co.
23 EAST 22D ST.

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928 Equitable Building;
C. M. Armstrong,
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Solicitors.

RECEIVERS' SALE
OF
YACHT "JOSEPHINE"
SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1919,
AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.,
ON BOARD SAID YACHT,
AT PIER 5,
Pratt St., Long Dock, Baltimore, Md.

By virtue of an order of the United States District Court for the District of Maryland, the undersigned Receivers will sell, as above, subject to ratification by said court, the yacht "Josephine," being a gas screw yacht of, more or less, 112 feet length, 16 feet beam, draft 6½ feet; 99.82 tons gross; underdeck cabin finished in solid mahogany; electric lighted throughout; all modern conveniences; gasoline storage 1,400 gallons, giving a radius of 1,000 miles; gasoline tanks solid brass set in concrete, etc., etc. Can be seen at Pier 5, Pratt Street, Long Dock, Baltimore, Md., on written order from either Receiver.

Terms: 10% cash deposit at time of sale, balance upon ratification by the court.

CARLYLE BARTON,
928 Equitable Building;
ROBT. S. MOONEY,
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Receivers.
SAM W. PATTISON & CO.,
Auctioneers, Baltimore, Md.

To Get Acquainted
Order 3 doz. Assorted
Children's and Misses' Hats
Sizes, 3 to 16 Years.
At $15.33 per doz.
MAX MAYER, Inc.
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Auctioneers.

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Tel. Farragut 9660-9662.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

SUITS-CAPES
DOLMANS
Immediate Delivery
DAVE ROSENGARTEN
11 EAST 31ST STREET

Puritan Underwear Manufacturing Co.,
352 Fourth Avenue, New York.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Before Ward, Rogers, Hough and Manton, Circuit Judges. Court opens at 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, Post Office Building.

Motions:
Re Wilson.
Virginia<Chesapeake.
Evans<US.
Laura<same.
Szarhway<same.
General calendar:
P & R Coal & Iron Co<Keved.
Janssen<SS Italien.
Lucas<SS Westmeath.
Silver<Sternau (2.)
Feder<US.
Rensslaer<Del & Hud.
Adt<Kirstein.
Seguranca<Cahill.
Lee's Lighters<Comfort.
Re Wilson (4.)
Crew<Morristown.
Dodge<US.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—In Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy calendar—Discharges.

Paul Jones,
Samuel Becker,
Bornfriend & Grey,
Horatio N Gardner,
Joseph Jacobs.
Under objections:
Lotis Solinsky,
Moritz Eisner.
Adjourned cases:
Ralph Hertz,
David Rosenzweig,
Nat Feather Dye Wks
Heminway & Guibert,
Wellish & Muller.
Motions:
Madero Bros, (3,)
Joseph Lewis,
Charles W Galvin,
Edgar A Lewis,
Sidney Straus,
Mildred R Hall,
Acme Gas & Elec Fix,
Hubert Motz,
Aetes & Levine,
George G Rice,
Berlin Waist Co,
Furlon Bros,
Robert W McNiff,
American Spray Co,
Isidor Grossman,
Ike Joseph,
Grape Ola Corp,
Morris Jacobs,

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal calendar.

Edward Stern,
Abraham J Esser,
Charley Lee Omn,
Anton Olsen,
Louis Denmark,
Holgar M Hansen,
Grace Fuller,
Patl Hofherr,
Harry Radinsky,
Solomon Salvin (2,)
James McDermott,
Cases to nolle pros:
Jacob Grab (2,)
William Barr,
Henry Shew,
Mike Adler,
Wm Polachefsky.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 3, Woolworth Bldg., twelfth floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Didier<Tug D M Cox.
Keller & N<Dailey & I.
Same<CNY.
Cavanaugh<Tug Glen Cove.
Williams Line<Norton.
O'Connor<Tug Donner No. 9.
Leh & S Coal Co<Tug Wm Tracy.
Merritt & Chapman<SS Argonne.
Vasconcellos<SS Sarnia.
Dunbar<Tug Dan W Bigoney.
Leh Coal, &c, Co<SS Coamo.
N Y & Porto Rico SS Co<Tug Essex.
Dailey's Tow Line<Tug Huntington.

DISTRICT COURT—Anderson, J.—Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Comison Reguladora<Bat'y Park Nat Bk.
White Sulphur, &c, Co<Women's Wear Co.
Same<Daily Trade Record Co.
Kesselman<CNY.
Willinghaus Wareh'e<Postal Tel.
South Cot Oil Co<Lewis, Corey & Co.
Magnolia Prov Co<Atl Coast Prod Co.
Farrington<Mandeville.
Brown<Penn RR.
Horn<Gorham Co.
Belt-Well System<Am Chicle Co.
Jensen<L V RR.
U S<Santini.
McCormick<Int Mer Marine Co.
Alderman<Sarasohn.
H Newberger Co<Leh Valley RR.
Rosenberg<Int M M Co.
Gardner<Greenwood Lake Transp Co.
Brown<Davis.
Soloff<Rogers, Brown & Co.
Flynn<Cunard SS Co.
Dower<same.
U S<One Diamond Necklace.
Hubbard<Novelty Paper Co.
Travelers' Ins Co<Prince Line.
Di Guidici<D, L & W RR.
Kirschstein<Moross.
Re Liphitz.
Hogan<McQuade Stevedoring Co.
Allied Mach Co<Leh Valley RR.
Castriotic<Rafailovich.
St John<Int Mer Marine Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.

Criminal:
US<Ferdinand Bauer, (for pleading.)
Equity:
Young, as Trustee<Gordon et al.
Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Corp<Janin et al, (argument.)
Bankruptcy:
Re Camille Weidenfeld, (for trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.

For pleading:
US<S. Epstein.
Same<J. Hanse and Seton Bens.
US<H. Schreibman.
Appeal bond:
US<J. J. McGinnis and another.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

McEwen Brothers<Billings.
Quast<Fid Mut Life Ins Co.
Hurley<Pitts Plate Gl
Vetault<Kennedy.
Skrodanes et al<Knick Ice Co.
Broom<Levinson.
Interstate Chem Corp et al<Duke.
Stahlberg<The Protective Home Circle.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Weeks, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Jennings<Foley.
Re Casey<Andrews.
Certilman<Krohnberg.
Re Falk, (Jost.)
Morgan<Hoyt.
Rosenstein<Holmes Electric Co.
Spiro<Fuld & Hatch Knitting Co.
Re CNY, (Westchester Av,) (2.)
Re same, (Rupp.)
Irod<Oka.
Shiman<Wilder.
Leon<Tawill.
Consumano<Di Rocco.
Re People, &c, (Phillips; Casualty Co.)
Nicholson<Nicholson.
Davis<Forsix Theatre Co.
Susanski<Newman.
Lustgarten<Rothman.
Fox<Owens & Co.
Arneel<Met Life Ins.
Becker<Nauss Bros.
Eagle<Werner.
Anderton<Anderton.
Spencer<Topakayan.
Held<M Wood, Inc.
Re Risley.
Re Snyder.
Wood<CNY.
Mintz<same.
Last<Bd of Ed, (2.)
NY Rys<Walker, (3.)
Weiss<Wingler.
Marcus<F B Stearns.
Korn<NY Board of Fire Underwriters.
McGregor<Edward H Crandall, Inc.
Lichtenberg<NY Bd of Fire Underwrit.
Margolis<Kahn.
Re Rothman.
Tierney<Gilbert.
Wilson & Co<Hartford Fire Ins Co.
Downey<5th Av Coach
Arthur Weiss & Co<Salembier.
McDonald<5th Av Coach.
Korn<NY Board of Fire Underwriters.
New Castelbonian, &c, Socy<Mina.
C T Silver, Inc<Gair.
McClurg<Ford.
Re Jacobson.
Franklin Simon & Co<Louis.
Anderson<Anderson.
Bryde<Bryde.
Weingarten<Weingarten.
Brenner<Klein.
Kearns<Roberts.
CNY<Whitlock.
MacMonnies<Philippi
Barnett<Barnett.
Anderson<Anderson.
Farmers' Loan & T Co<Rushby.
Mocrow<Wander Press, Inc.
Re Rushmore.
Radin<Radin.
Basso<Int R T.
Komi Trust Co<Columbia Trust Co.
CNY<Roman.
Caruso<Home Associates, Inc.
Chaitovitz<Akron Tire Co.
Howard<Butler.
Hayes, 2d<Smith.
Polasky<Fuerst Bros & Co.
Re Evans Film Mfg Co, (2.)
Cassidy<Cassidy.
Ryan<Jackson.
Raymond<Nt Nassau Bank.
Rappaport<Williamson.
Greenberg<Jackson.
Guinan<Hayes Stor Warehouse, Inc.
Dargeon<Prud Ins Co.
Cheney<Williams.
Seder<Peabody.
Mac<De Barr.
Rappaport<Williamson.
Sheinberg<West Side Y M C A.
CNY<Rosenthal.
Bernstein<Homsy.
Preston<Hobbs.
Masback<Marmon Auto Co.
CNY<Simonsky.
Socy of NY Hospital<Mouquin.
Niemand<Niemand.
Re US Fid & Guar Co, (Pressman.)
Kraus<Watts.
Garsony<Handy.
Toomey<L Adler Bros Co.
Allen<Read.
Lord Con Co<Ross.
Emar Con Co<Corner Amuse Co.
Zunino<Parodi Cigar.
Kahn<Goldsmith.
Marsh<Woodworth.
Groosfeld<Heaton.
Finkelstein<Wolfchang.
Weinus<Weinberg.
CNY<Scher Silk Co.
Rodgers<Rodgers.
Ruppert<Galasso.
Speliacy<Haggerty Motor Truck Co.
NY Title Ins Co<White.
Liebman<Liebman.
Mathers<3d Av Ry.
Halm<Richman.
McCoy<McCoy.
Bloomingdale<Bloomingdale.
Spilky<Spilky.
Caudo<Farrell.
City Real Estate Co<Murphey.
Tiernan<Well.
Ponkeravitz<Goodman Mot Exp, V<Stor.
Re McLean.
Quinn<NY Cent RR.
Levitan Bros & Zarkower, Inc<Feldman.
Epstein<Horowitz.
Donovan<Donovan.
Blumenthal<Salmonwitz.
Hutzler<Robert.
Indian Ref Co<Brown
Ruff<Roberts.
Weinberg<A Manheim & Co.
Meterback<Meterback
De Beixeden<Bachrach.

PART II.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Finch, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Calumet & Hecla Mining Co<Equit Trust Co.
Alexander<Alexander.
Liberty Nat Bank<Prime.
Bernstein<Ess Kay Waist Co.
Turner<Turner.
Tanilski<Tanilski.
Chapin<Leonard.
Frampton<Frampton.
Kursheedt Mfg Co<Rosenzweig.
Re Eastern Boulevard
Samuels<Samuels.
Demurrers:
Bottlers Seal Co<Rainey. (3.)
Preferred cause:
Univida Gold Mining Co<Ralston.
Kandel<Goodnow.
Am Mtge Co<Cregan
Hyman<Export Mtge Co.
Mutual Profit Sharing Corp<Purdy.
General calendar:
Hass<Saperstone.
Structural Eng Corp<Kennard.
Nat Import & Trading Co<Hershovitz.
Jacobs<Walsh
Frankel<Mech & Metals Nat Bank.
Quaid<Ratowsky.
Fletcher<Fletcher.
Josephowitz<Josephowitz.
Stiles<Sardella.
Sicare<Tomlinson.
Doyling<Doyling.
Ferber<Schiller.
Mandel<Ullman.
Brinkmann<Brinkmann.
Colasuonno<Harbater
Herman<Herman.
Rose<Rose.
Chatham & Phenix Nat Bank<Cuprite Sulphur Corp.
Acker<Blackstone. Case on.

PART IV.—Tierney, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.
PART V.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.

Huebshman<Svirsky.
Pratt<Gibbons.
Mann Cash Register Co<Macharas.
Goldman<Altman.
Ledman<Stix.
Cent Mach & Sup Co<Elec Phonograph Co.
Ascher<Mine & Smel Supply Co.
Gibbons<Raymond.
Fishel<Fishel.
Spillane<Mail & Express Co.
Quaker Woolen Mills Co<Mittelman.
Success Waist Co<Ely & Walker, &c.
Aaron Buchsbaum Co<Duncan.
Dukas<Clark.
Momissaroff<Grand Tool & Mach Wks.
Sabinson<Akron, Canton, & Y RR.
Exelrod<Holtzendorff.
Mason<Ins Co of N A.
Singi Vecchi, Inc<Moscahlades.
Bernstein<Momsy.
Bollerini<Sternberg.
Lawder<Lanyon.
Case on.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq.—Schiaffina<Pernicaro.
Lucas<NY, NH & H RR.
Von Maltzahn<Burden.
Waldron<N Y Rys.
M. Bell<same.
E. Bell<same.
Ripsoli<CNY.
Unkrich<West Farms Const Co.
Sheiner<N Y Rys.
Sadacca<N Y Rys.
Roth<Jeremiah Skidmore's Sons Corp.
Adkins<NY Rys.
Horowitz<Int. R. T.
Jabs<Union Ry.
Rothenberg<Int. R. T.
King<Dudley, Jr.
Jerome<N. Y. Rys.
Darr<City of N. Y.
L. Cooper<Leary.
B. Cooper<Leary.
Goodman<Resnicoff, (2.)
Greenbaum<Amdur.
Matus<Murray.
Bulova<East 10th St.
Haas<Newberry.
L Tendler<Korner.
A Tendler<same.
Pentland<Rockwell.
Bookman<NY Rys.
Melosh<Union Ry.
Houston<NYC Int Ry.
Mahler<NY Rys.
S Hall<Int Mer Mar.
M Hall<same.
Pergamo<Wuest, Jr.
Markowitz<John St Rty Co.
Gordon<Valonsky.
Murphy<Belt Line Ry.
Calvacca<Wheatfield.
Tartakowsky<Lerner
S Friedman<Ingraham.
E Friedman<same.
Descovich<Int Merc Marine Co.
Adrachinsky<Shapiro.
Doerfer<Wertheimer (2.)
Rogers<Treacy.
Gross<NY Rys.
Weintraub<NY Rys.
Hirsch<C I & B RR.
Prucha<Agostini (2.)
List<Kaufman.
Clark<Variety, Inc.
Allen<Watt.
Manson<NY Times.
Glotzer<Bkn Un E RR
Rineroll<Int R T.
Sturn<Geier.
Hill<Jacob Ruppert Realty Corp.
Feller<NY Rys.
Losurdo<Sipes.
Tuchverderber<Ziboloff.
Citron<Matterhorn Realty Co, Inc.
Towery<Parisian Hotel & Rest Co
Steinauer<United Dr Beef Co of NY.
E Sisselman<Julius Bachrach Co.
S Sisselman<same.
Welch<Roosevelt Hosp
Sullivan<Richmond Light & RR.
Ruane<Thos Buckley Hoisting Co.
F Hagen<Fifth Av Coach Co.
M Hagen<same.
Zatkowsky<CNY.
Fleisher<Trenkman.
Fansten<Abrahams.
Miller<Barrett.
Rooth<Schmidt & Co.
Klein<Newcorn.
Weinberg<McManus.
Loughren<NY Rys.
Julien<Black and White Cab Co, Inc.
Clark<Variety Co.
Ottman<Emerson.
Halloway<N Y Life Ins.
Graville-Smith<Mendelson.
Macaley<R T Subway Const Co.
Killian<CNY.
Block<Star Co.
Fenton<Worcester Salt Co.
Rosen<Rosen.
Goldenberg<N Y Rys.
Gassman<same.
Struss<Cox.
Iagoglia<N Y Rys.
Pescopogano<same.
Borowsky<Schoenfeld Realty Co.
Jaffe<N Y Cent RR.
Rubenstein<Knick Ice Co.
Grand De Lancy Co<CNY, (2.)
Lewis<R L S Realty Corp.
Glassman<Cons Tel & Elec Sub.
Caplin<Schwartz.
Hausdorff<U S Rty & Imp Co, (2.)
Harvey<Koenigsberg.
Ruddell<Alexander, (2.)
Verdini<Int R T.
Wolf<3d Av RR.
Bedami<Cons Gas Co of NY.
Carlson<Alimento, (2)
Roesler<Watts.
Gerard<Rosenbaum, (2.)
Maldaker<Jackson (2.)
A. & B. Export & Imp Co<Franco & Am Chemical Co.

PART XIV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bradley Cont Co<CNY.
Kinsy<Quality Amus Corp.
O'Grady<Comerford.
Smith Co<Mascahlades.
McClue<McClue.
Wechsler<Miller.
Stockman<Liebman.
N Y Mfg R E Co<A. W. Hildebrand Co.
Goelet Realty Co<Pierre Brothers.
Knoegel<Royal Adjustment Co.
McGlory<Singer.
Cooper<Carter Medicine Co.
Thompson<Van Sise.
Heyman<Cohen.
Getty<Roger William Silver Co.
Regan<Urban.
Anderson<Pratt.
Sickles<Oliver.
First Nat Bk of Phil<Nat Park Bank.
Wm Herrman & Co<United Paperbd Co.
Dietz<Martin.
Otto Heineman Phon Sup Co<Perry.
McKean<Frohman.
Server<CNY.
Perlanne<Schestower.
Oliva, Jr<Birch.
Sobray<O'Brien.
Rose<Feinstein.
Harper Paper Co<Mount Mill P Co.
Gen Film Co<Liverpool & L & G Ins.
Schott<Baxter.
Jones<Lewis.
Clark<Gibson.
Sanders<Krumholz.
Borough Oper Corp<Fidelity & Cas Co.
Palmer<Scheftel.
Same<Buehler.
Same<Einsetler.
Sulzberger<Carroll.
Hoffer<Rentschler.
Ballard<Saratoga Nat Bank.
Gaines<Haskell.
Fagan<Lee Jones, Inc.
Manson<Wright.
Bobrick<Mackenzie.
Chadwin<Akron Tire Co.
Phoenix Coal Co<Penn RR.
Levinson<Finkenberg.
Kuhle<Rothschild.
Lerman<Lerman.
Kaback<Hamman.
Adelman<Bishop Sons & Co.
Newman<McAlpine.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial.
PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Rappaport<Williamson.
PART VI.—Emerson, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART X.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Weisser<Murray, (2.)
PART XIII.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Schindler<Horn.
PART XIV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Clear.
PART XVIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—

Wills for probate:
Walter Hewetson,
Thomas Galligan,
Josephine D. Taylor,
Joseph Schwartz,
Philip E. Marrin,
Lucy H. Haines,
James Greissman,
Sallie R. Cushman.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Helen T. Monaghan. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Toole Henry & Co<H F Bachman & Co.
Bigie<Castillo & Co.
Wiederman Iron Wks<Kimbelblatt.
Parker<Perlman.
Fox<Hill.
Amer D G Co of NY<Nat'l Trading Co.
Castriotis<National City Bank.
Brody<Thomas Co, Inc
Smith<Echavarrie.
De Alzugaray<Amer Bit Enamels Co (2.)
Van Baelen<Shongood.
Bellmin<Stendler (2.)
Nathan<Wanamaker.
Katz<Harrisetta Holding Co. (2.)
Stewart<Waldeck.
Carpenito<Bradley.
Horowitz<Cohen.
Kane<Woolworth & Co
Toomey<Peck & Co.
Trainer<Einhorn.
Mishilush<Marcus.
Rosenstein<Baum.
Golden<Brand, Inc (2)
Katz<Seiler.
Goldman<Browning King & Co.
Salzberg<Livingston & Co.
Basso<Central Trust Co of NY.
Cohen<Reid.
Salamack<NY Rys.
Paul<Nalpak Rlty Co.
Pasmonock<Roberts.
Le Roy Mills Co<Saltzman.
Ericson<Gulf Ref Co.
Weinrib<Magoba Const Co.
Shiller<Horn & Hardart Co.
Goldmith<Goldberg.
Thompson<Grant.
Goldberg<Meyer.
Wities<Schedler.
Goldberg<Hanau.
Shiffman<B & S Rlty.
Schneider<Kaufman.
Bernard<Bernard.
Miller<Shaffer.
No Amer Chem Co<B E Taylor Co.
Barber<Milano.
Mahan<Rosenwasser.
Peterson<Nat Surety.
McFetridge<Udell & Co.
Abenheimer<Brimberg.
Monpwitz<Bronz Military & Naval Cadets
Newman<Josephson.
Apostoloff<Levy Bros.
Bohmfalk<Schwab.
Ritter<Cohen.
Bissonger<Bennett.
Bray<Woodend.
Cowan<Pennett.
Rick<Eccles Co, Inc.
Finchley, Inc<Juneau.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Halpern<Kurshan.
Lieberman<NY Rys.
Schulman<Rosenstein.
Slack<Weiser, (2.)
Root<same.
Curtin<Black & W Cab Co.
Cohen<Walker & Co.
Hartfield<Gelbar.
Cohen<Wolgel.
Int Woolen Co<Schultz
Block<Brimn.
Nesite<Levy.
Rocco<O'Flaherty.
Bebarfold<Peerless Heater Co.
Castellano<Henning.
Tulypan<Crimmins Con Co.
Goldenberg<Goodstein
Gemine<Cioffi.
Degrazio<Weisbecker, Inc. (2.)
Goldenberg<Goodstein
Morey<Ricciardelli, Inc.
Marquardt & Co<Sunset Ware, Inc.
Zerillo<NY Cent RR.
Kalle Color & Chem Co, Inc<Chester Parker Chem Co,Inc
Heilbrunn<NY C RR.
Bass<Consumers Oil Co, Inc.
Bass<Regina Co.
Gunsher<M & S Odeon Theatre.
U S Raincoat<Schwarzwaelder Co.
Weissecker<Fisher.
De Stefano<Selig, (2.)
Blumenthal<Lefkowitz, (2.)
Moscatiello<Booth.
Winkler<Alperstein.
Zuckerman<Jacobs.
Ontario Thread Co<Spicehandler.
Levy<Novick Bros, Inc.
Sanitary Brass Wks, Inc<Rubain & Marcus, Inc.
Sollender<Windholz.
Wolf<Greenberg.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Graves<Tunick.
Wood<Lane.
Hyman<Zimmerman.
Goldman<Cohen.
Scheinberg<Waldman.
Beaumont<Morgenstern.
Miller<Wolff.
Mutual Thread Co<Austen.
Case on.

PART III.—O'Dwyer, C.J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Jasper<Francke.
Kedelson<Georgia Textile Mills
Selmove, Inc<Deutsch.
Lowe<Childs.
Konski<Gen Merchandise Exch.
New Eng Woolen, &c, Mills<Schlaum.
Sweiback<Cohen.
Stoddard<Robinson Roders Co.

The following cases, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:

Mawhinney<Goldenberg.
Interstate Elas Braid Co<Margulish.
R Reiner Imp Co<Simon.
Germain Co<L H Woods Const Co.
Harer<Lesser, (2.)
Rosenblatt<Franken.
Levy Dairy Co<P A Butter Market, Inc.
Hallberg<Fried.
Success Waist Co<Boston Store of Chi.
Case on.

PART II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Re Black—Harold J Seigel.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Franklin Sav Bank<Elizabeth Schultheis—Abraham Lipschitz. Alfred Meyers<James L Cunningham—Alfred Katz. Louis Stettiner<Alex S Hackley—Bernard Hamburger.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mullan, J.—Motion calendar.

Siorp<Siorp.
Geiss<Shelton.
Bronx Inv Co<Hano.
Comfort<Toyk Town Corp.
Fusco<Bisceglia.
Loh<Kuntz.
Ambrosi<Ambrosi.
Wald<Adams-Flanagan Co.
McMichael<Pugliese.
Silver<Yog.
Muller<Sternberg.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mullan, J.

Higgins<Higgins.
Cristaldi<Cristaldi.
Goldstein<Golstein.
Tofflevitz<Tofflevitz.
Goldsmith<Goldsmith
Polito<Polito.
Ahern<Ahern.
Vogel<Vogel.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J.

Curliss<Busch.
Rodgers<Hellman.
Amato<Uvalde Asp Pav Co.
Opperman<Int R T.
Dorsam<same.
Calvin<NY Rys.
Bernstein<Int R T.
Walsh<Katz.
Vogelman<Hickson, Inc.
Abel<Int R T.
Toeber<G W Travers Co.
Milo<Columbia Nat Fire Ins Co.
Friedman<Ratner.
Grimm<Marocodato.
Coraleski<Ruppert (2)
Spiegel<Bell.
Sichel<Bd of Educat.
O'Keeffe<Lanigan Bros, Inc, (2.)
Fazio<Grant.
Meehan<Ruppert.
Mason<O Higel Co.
Lehman<Union Ry.
Walsh<Gallagher.
Etzkowitz<Kommel.
Tucker<Union Ry.
Kirchner<Tietjen & Lang Co.
Mulligan<Ebling.
Meyer<Kelly, Jr.
Zenzer<NY Rys.
Gillis<Durr.
Bowen<Croton Rty.
Barone<Sherwood.
Kammerer<Rand.
Murray<Belt L Ry.
Dolinka<Kanner.
Block<Salmowitz.
Arenstein<Con T & E Sub Co.
Co-operative Milk Pro Market As<Chiefitz.
Jicha<Parks.
Fruchtbaum<Union Ry
Perlmutter<Sheffield Farms Co.
Hurd<NYC Int Ry (2)
Molshad<Rubinowitz.
Meyer<Wubbe.
Rothenberg<Tully.
Klinger<Jawitz.
Block<Salmanowitz.
Rhodes<Bronx Exp Co
Slattery<NYC Int Ry.

Highest number reached in regular order, 2341.
PART II.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Motions—Estate of:
John F Nilan.
Wills for probate:
Thomas L J Lyons,
Henry C Drenekhahn,
George J F Wilford.
Acc't'g—Estate of:
Maurice J Silverman.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.

Leon<Sinnott.
Castro<Union Ry.
Budelman<Jaffe.
Berlin<Cohen.
Motta<Union Ry.
Mandelbaum<NYC Int RR.
Molachinck<Un Bronx Butchers, Inc.
Meahan<Burger.
Barbato<Sperber.
Ruthen<Union Ry.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Re Jersey St.
Re New Utrecht Av.
Randall<Stevens.
Reed<Reed.
H. Muller Mfg Co, Ltd<Wenger.
Winthrop<Hartford & N Y Trans Co.
Grupe<Vanophone Co, (2.)
Wilds<Keene Mica Prod Co, (No. 2.)
MacLean<Young.
People State N Y, Dowd<Drennan, Fire Commissioner.
Martinez<Martinez.
Re Ulster Av, &c, (Walters.)
H. Miller<Zimmer.
J. Miller<same.
Meyer<Weiss.
Star Finance Co<Raynor.
Re Irwin.
Eisenbrock<Eisenbrock.
Re Lincoln Terrace Park, (Hall.)
Cuda<Maffei.
Markese<B H RR Co.
Jensen<So B'klyn RR.
Weiner<Weiner.
Watson<Labandy.
Zanca<Zanca.
Del Gaudio<Giancontieri.
Hart<Collier.
Re Gravesend Neck Road, (N Y, B & Man Beach Ry Co.)
Lissner<Weingarten.
Eagle S & L Co<Menendez Realty Corp, (2.)
Solomon<Del Papa.
Archbold<Archbold.
Re Siegel.
Bellarnino<Barenblatt.
Greenwood<Grindrod.
MacArthur<MacArthur.
Dime Savings Bank<Rutland Road Realty Co.
Same<Abramson.
Mulville<Mulville.
Geir<Geir.
Wagner<Order United Commercial Travelers.
Harding<Cohn.
Rogers<Nas E RR Co.
Union Bank<Merovitz.
Reisenburger<same.
Re 91st Av.
Northwestern Mutual Life Co<Fordham.
Rhinehart<Mergentine
Altman<Oakes.
Engelberger<N Y Life Co.
Re Broadway Ferry.
Grupe<Vanophone Co, (2.)
Hill<Hill.
Lefgren<Carlson.
Bush<Schwartz.
Cuda<Maffei.

PART II.—Faber, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Trials—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M.

Colvin<Colvin.
Fitall<Young Women's Christian Asn
Casella<Cirone.
Thypin<Rutstein.
Tanguey<Tanguey.
Keit<Keit.
Scully<Scully.
Meigs<Meigs.
Lockman<Martori.
Foerster<Amato.
Teggieno & Co<Zubox

The remaining cases marked "ready" on the previous call, March 14, 1919, will be added to this day calendar for trial from day to day, as preceding cases are disposed of.

Highest number reached on the regular call 1507.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Van Siclen, J.; Part III., Fawcett, J.; Part IV., Platt, J.; Part V., Davis, J.; Part VIII., Callaghan, J.

McNally<S Appel Co.
Mead<B, Q C & S RR.
Cleary<Ford.
Hotz<CNY.
Mulligan<MacAuley Co.
Stern<Mardi Gras Theatre Co.
Deforte<Bush Terminal Co.
Braunstein<Shults Bread Co & Nassau RR.
Levine<B, Q Co & S RR.
Kennedy<Pilgrim Steam Laundry Co.
Davis<Healey & Co.
Clifford<Cooper.
Ibery<United Cities Realty Co.
Messer<B, Q Co & S RR.
Auditore Cont'g Co<St'd Com SS Co.
O'Tool<Anderson.
Doyle<Nas RR.
Page<same.
Leary<Kasper.
Weberman<Ernst.
Gwatmey<Smith St
Farrington<Pine.
Curran<C I & B RR.
Behrens<Israel.
Moberg<Man Sands Co
Cohen<N Y Rys.
Rose<Shartsis.
Rubenstein<C I & B RR.
Hitschler<CNY.
Newton<B H RR.
Gardner<N Y Cent RR
Auditore Cont Co<Publishers Paper Co
Salvatore<Nas RR.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:

Giudice<Pisani.
Wheat<Joy.
Johnson<Brautigam.
Hajja<C I & B RR.
Penzone<Union Sulphur Co.
Entwisle<Meytrott.
Ruppenthal<Nas RR.
Schultz<CNY.
Moshier<same & ano.
Mantonya<Mayer & ano.
Coffey<Brennan.
Moscowitz<Hylan.
Zweifler<Land Estates
Duff<Quinn & ano.
Roderman<Board of Education.
Cassin<Stillman, Delehanty Ferris Co.
Byrne<Frohman et al.
McMillan<C I & B RR.
O'Connor<Nitro Powder Co.
Slafer<Kay et al.
Allen<Deely.
Kulchinski<Whitman.
Edelman<Barashick.
Shanley<CNY.
Levine<B H RR.
Sullivan<Fid & Dep.
Sarben<NY Cons RR.
Fiedel<Spiegal.
Golden<Partridge.
Dello Valla<B H RR.
Bush<CNY.
Green<same.
Cooney<Newman & Carey Co.
Hennessy<Foley.
Whitehead<Kravitz.
Marshall<Nassau RR.
Geller<Witching Waves Co.
Delaney<Gattle.
Harrison<Longfeld.
Quinlan<CNY.
Lyons<Clark.
Meisel<L I RR.
Garvey<Johann & Sons.

Highest number reached on regular call, 7602.

COUNTY COURT.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—MacMahon, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bergman<Goldstein.
Crew Levick Co<Bklyn Pack, &c, Co.
Rimsha<B H RR.
McEntire<same.
Lebowitz<same.
Otis<Gasau Thompson Co.
Maloy<Parento.
Ruppert<Mulstein Co.
Trovato<Bklyn Union Gas Co.
Rogers<Muncie.
Gittelson<Halperin
Urig<B H RR.
Noto<Nas El RR.

Highest number reached, 1,335.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Lewis J Potter,
John Sands,
Thomas O Callonder,
Walter H Gill,
James W Crowe,
Alamson Van Cott,
Sarah A Ellison,
Mary Fitzpatrick,
James Stanley,
Catherine E Austin,
Johanna Joff,
William J Barker,
Administration of:
Margaret Scharer.
Guardianship of:
Perry Steen.
Accountings of:
Frank C Rhodes,
Sarah Furst,
Abraham Berger.
Estates of:
Mary Lane,
Francis Groves,
Anna McIntire,
Charles Lang.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.—Common law calendar for call March 17:

Fisk Rubber Co<Franciscus.
Scudder<J C Curtin.
Same<F J Curtin.
Petkunas<D D, E Bway & Batt RR.
Saffier<Eppens Smith Co, Inc.
Simmons<Hartford & NY Transp Co.
Dantuone<Luckenbach SS Co.
Kupresavage<Milliken Bros.
Taylor, as Trustee<Ponoroff et al.
Grinstad, as admx<N Y Central RR.
Hoff<Richmond Light & RR Co.
Johnson<Mallory SS.
Peterson, as recr<Nat City Bk of Bklyn.
Kerbacher<Knickerbocker Ice Co.
Weidenfeld<Pacific Improvement Co.
US<Palmiere & Canelos.
De Loeuw & Zoner<Amer Mfg Co.
Waldo<Aronson.
Braunschweig<Richmond Light & RR.
Anderson<Reid & ano.
Jorgenson<Atl Stevedoring Co.
Donovan<Int Mer Mar
O'Reilly<same.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Aspinall, J.—In Part I. at 10 A. M.

Gaffney<Barrett, as President, &c.
Flynn<N Y Cons RR.
Rourke<same.
Sexton<Schultz Bread Co.
Consalvo, an infant<Mansfield et al.
Johnson<Daily et al.
Cuppinger<Borden's Farm Prod Co, Inc.
Linnen, an infant<Iringer.
Baehr<Burton.
Sacktig<Henkel, (2 inquests.)

Remainder of calendar passed to March 18. Highest number reached on general calendar is 2715.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—At 10 A. M.

People<Murphy.
Clark, Lee, Tibbets Co<Ford.
Decker<Iona Homes.
Hunter<Hunter.
Bowes<Bowes.
Sarno<Kantrovitz.

Also for the hearing of motions.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Young, J.; Part II., no Justice; Part III., Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Rosenberg<City of Yonkers.
Brundage<Int R T.
Levine<same.
Fell<Levine.
Vogel<same.
Futizz<Fitzgerald.
Ruff<Union Ry.
Warner<Brundage.
Kochan<Baldwin.
Basner<Baldwin.
Cooper<Daly Bros Co.
Kolter<same.
Davis<Loftus.
Fowler<Tarrant Mfg.
Thompson<Crandall Co.
Corrine<Diehl Mfg Co (2.)
Siemer<Mesquita.
Buckley<Standard Oil.
Bradley<Bradley.
Von Storch<City of Yonkers.
Fall<Bloomingdale Bros.
Turner<Northwestern Mutual Life Ins Co.
Pennette<West St RR.
Corcoran<Red Hook Light & Power Co.
Scozzafava<Hughes.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Angelovitch<Colonial Taxi Serv Co.
Mahnech<Gt Atl & Pac Tea Co.
Hillard<Yonkers RR.
Gargaro<West El RR.
McGuire<Pierce.
McClennan<Cent RR of N J.
Cashin<Union Ry.
Buster<Power.
Fassler<McRedmond.
Johnson<W El RR.
Witz<Union Ry.
Ambrosia<West St RR
Krows<NY C Int Ry Co (2.)
Mahoney<Scott.
Sweeney<Loew Amuse.
Hughes<Leh Val RR.
Sweeney<Loew Amuse.
Scofield<NY, N H & H RR.
Katz<same.
La Falce<Bruno.
Rich<Barlow & Co.
Burdick<Holden.
Delaney<City of Yonkers.
Grant<NY C RR.
Auer<Teschner.

Highest number reached on call, 984.

PART III.—Keogh, J.—Short cause and contract cases.

Domini<American Pottery Co.
Thomas<Larchmont Park.
Rothschild<Eckemeyer
Briggs<Griott.
Kay<Kull.
Clark<Huyler.
Schafmeister<Brandeth.
Bumpus<Connecticut Ins Co.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Owner of Good Location

We have property of all kinds, pay the highest rent and good securities and keep property in first class condition. Blum Realty, 472 Grand St., N. Y. C. Orchard 5136.

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YOU NEED A HOME

Send for particulars of our cozy 7-room Brick Homes; glass and screen inclosed porches; ready to occupy; on Brooklyn subway, 30 minutes from Times Square, 8 minutes from Beaches, 5c. fare.

ALCO BUILDING CO.,
217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

STYLISH GEM AT $6,850.

10 rooms and bath, ornamental B. S. and Bk. front; furnace, open plumbing, console mirrors, hardwood trim and doors, hardwood floors; first-class residence block, Greene Av., between Bedford and Nostrand; perfect gem home at a great bargain. William P. Rae Company, 400 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, adj. cor. Gates Av.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

FOR SALE AT JAMAICA, N. Y.

Five modern houses, 9 rooms, all improvements; plots 40x100; easy terms; near trolley and new depot. Write P. O. Box 149, Jamaica, N. Y.

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ON CHESTER HILL

Mt. Vernon's beautiful restricted section, 28 minutes from Grand Central. A fine modern home. Four rooms on first floor. Six bedrooms; two baths. Garage. 100 foot plot, trees and shrubs. Near station. Price $20,000.

Anderson Realty Company
MOUNT VERNON, NEW YORK.

Best Bargains in Larchmont

Stucco, 6 large rooms and garage....$8,500
Stucco, 7 rooms, near station......$8,500
STUCCO & SHINGLE, 8 ROOMS....$7,500
New Colonial 8 rooms, 3 baths, Two-car garage $13,500
WE HAVE OTHERS.
H. M. OLCOTT, 51 E. 42d St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 2326

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HEMPSTEAD HOUSES

Hempstead adjoins Garden City
45 minutes from Penn. Station

New English Stucco: Never occupied, artistic design, modern in every respect. 2 car garage and large plot. Price $14,000. Easy terms.

Dutch Colonial: Remodelled dwelling of unusual charm. Stucco construction. Garage, large grounds. Extra large living room; sun parlor &c. Price $20,000. Convenient terms.

Immediate Possession
Call, Write or Phone Worth 4657.
O. L. SCHWENCKE, JR.,
277 BROADWAY NEW YORK

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Semi-bungalow, 7 rooms, bath, improvements, near water and bathing beach. Price $3,200, fully furnished.

OTHER BARGAINS
ALSO
Furnished houses for rent North and South Shore
CLARENCE A. EDWARDS
Opposite Depot, Freeport, N. Y.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEA GATE, New York Harbor

Furnished Dwellings for the Season
FOR SALE OR RENT

This ideal, perfect rest resort and select seashore residence park convenient by subway service and private boats from Battery, N. Y.

Furnished Houses, Rental $1,000 to $2,000.

Sale prices $10,500 and upward.

WILLIAM P. RAE COMPANY,
192 Montague St., Brooklyn, and on property.

FARMS.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE:

Attractive farm, 100 acres land, 10-room house, two barns, mill and other buildings, large orchard, fine for Summer home; situated in Watertown, Conn. Vernon J. Roberts, Thomaston, Conn. R. F. D.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SOME
DESIRABLE OFFICES
TO RENT IN THE
Mohawk Building
5th Ave. & 21st St.
Apply to
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
21 LIBERTY STREET
OR ON THE PREMISES.
Or to E. H. Van Ingen & Co.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Connecticut.

Country home, furnished; high elevation, wide and beautiful outlook; State road, 18 miles east from Hartford; 4 express trains from New York and Boston stop each day; modern 2½-story house, 9 rooms, furnished; furnace, fireplace, bath, 30-foot veranda and sleeping porch; garage; poultry houses; white oak forest; gardens, &c.; nearby on this property are two bungalows which will be included if desired; all piped for running water; $5,000; half cash. C. L. Backus, Andover, Conn.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Bronx.

For Sale—Ten-room up-to-date house, garage, best section West Bronx; especially adapted for physician, as large practice goes with it. Z 377 Times Annex.

Queens.

WONDERFUL CHANCE.
$500 cash, balance $20 monthly and rent, buys fine two-family brick; modern improvements; 20 minutes to grand Central. Write or call, Electric Store, 199 East 58th St., near 3d Av.

Richmond.

For sale at Great Kills, Staten Island, dwelling, 8 rooms. Easy terms. Full particulars. B. Williams, Tottenville, Staten Island.

Long Island.

Richmond Hill.—Eight rooms, bath; detached one-family; beautiful neighborhood; all improvements; large plot; $7,900; terms. Also seven-room house, detached; all improvements; $6,500. A 130 Times.

Long Beach West, five-room cottage; plumbing, electricity; $1,500; $500 cash, balance mortgage. Call, preferably week days, on Thos. J. Walsh, resident for years.

Westchester County.

500 cash, balance monthly, buys detached cottage, large plot, above Yonkers. Owner, Rose, 7 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2729.

New Jersey.

New 7-room house, real fireplace, white enamel woodwork, hard-wood floors, steam heat, gas, electricity, 30 minutes from New York, $500 cash, balance easy payments; will sell furnished or unfurnished. Address owner, 77 6th St. Ridgefield Park, New Jersey. Take W. Shore or Susquehanna R. R. Phone Rector 1,697.

Beautiful 10-room house, bath, garage, steam heat, hardwood floors, electric light, city water, at Ramsey; 25 acres; near school; commuting distance; ten minutes to station; $800 down, balance like rent; might exchange. Rose, 7 West 45th St. Tel Bryant 2728.

BARGAIN.—Six-room-bath hollow tile stucco dwelling; steam heat; all improvements; large plot; near station; half hour out, Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau. Telephone 3806 Beekman.

Bargain.—5 rooms and bath; hollow tile stucco bungalow; all improvements; large plot; half hour out Erie; $3,250; easy terms. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau St. Telephone 3806 Beekman.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—Completed modern residence, furnished or unfurnished, for sale or rent; see to appreciate; must sacrifice W. L. Sawyer, 15 Park Row, New York.

Grantwood, N. J., Facing Riverside.—Dwelling, 11 rooms; all improvements; open fireplaces, gas, electricity, hot-water heating; $4,000 cash, balance mortgage. 228 Knox Av.

Houses Wanted.

House suitable for tea room. Answer quick. Box 336, Maplewood, N. J.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Have special fund $30,000 to lend on improved city property at 5% on two-thirds appraised value, first mortgage. Will divide. A. T., 135 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Spot cash for great bargains; immediate answer. Call, write or telephone Edward Browning, 110 West 40th. Bryant 7122.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

West side business corner, 25x120; steam heat, hot water, open plumbing; six stores and three basement stores; all rented; price, $40,000; mortgage, $20,000, 5 per cent.; terms to suit. Phelps, 2,678 Valentine Av., near 194th St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

AT A BARGAIN, 431-433 Broadway, Brooklyn, vacant parcel, 50x100; near Williamsburg Bridge; suitable for small factory. R. M. Overlander, 310 West 137th St., Manhattan.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

SOUTH HUNTINGTON, L. I.
20 or 40 acres, highly cultivated, 1,100 feet, fronting on Jericho Turn Pike; high elevation, fine scenery and fruit trees; good residential site or gentleman's farm. E. Kollmer, 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

For sale, at Little Neck, L. I., ¾ acre land with house, barn, and poultry house, 2 minutes from trolley, 10 minutes from station; for quick sale will sell for $4,500. Robert Marvin, owner, Rockville Centre, L. I.

Long Beach plot, 100x100; bargain. C. Mock, 200 West 101st.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

For Sale.—Three-story Summer resort and fifty-acre farm and wood lot of 100 acres; right on State road and near lake; big travel by this place; send for picture and description of this place; must sell to settle estate; big bargain for $7,000 cash; right in the Adirondacks; 1,500 elevation. Address Box 9, White Lake Cors, N. Y.

For Sale at Pleasantville, N. Y., 12-room house, on 1½-acre plot, main thoroughfare; bath, improvements, gas and electricity, large garden; 15 minutes from station, commuting distance; barn or garage; sacrifice on account of health. Z 390 Times Annex.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Nutley.—Ten rooms, bath, stucco construction, perfect condition, gas and electricity, all gas kitchen, laundry in basement, steam heat, instantaneous hot water heater, double garage, coper screens and new awnings for entire house; two glass-enclosed sun porches; located on best street in town; within five minutes' walk from station; price reasonable; no exchanges. G. E. Pell, 68 Broad St., New York, or 349 Hillside Av., Nutley, N. J.

Factories and Factory Sites Everywhere.
ROBERT T. STOUTENBURGH,
20-26 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

Rutherford.—Bargains; $4,500-$5,000; new, high-class six-room houses; all improvements; best location. Goss, 92 Jackson Av.

Caldwell.—Large building plot. Particulars, Owner, 39 Forest St., Montclair, N. J.

Real Estate Wanted.

OWNERS OF PROPERTY.
Spot cash for bargain; immediate answer. Call, write, or telephone Blum Realty, 472 Grand St., N. Y. C. Orchard 5136.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Beautiful plot, Brightwaters, L. I., 100x150; Ackerson Blvd.; will exchange for automobile. G 461 Times Downtown.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—Farm at Cranbury, N. J.; 132 acres, including house and barns, at bargain price, $15,000. Write Albert Hulick, Cranbury, N. J.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

Look, very healthy, high altitude, machine-worked Dairy Farm, with lot of timber, cure for tubercular trouble, great view point, with or without stock, tools. Owner, Box 196, Springfield, Mass.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES — FIVE THOUSAND SQUARE FEET IN HIGHEST GRADE OFFICE BUILDING IN GRAND CENTRAL SECTION FOR MAY 1 OR SOONER; MIGHT DIVIDE. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

For lease or rent in Brooklyn, N. Y.—Factory and dock property, 93x380 ft., 3-story brick building, 60x67; 1-story brick, 33x80; power house, 20x50; shed, 30x145 ft. A 653 Times Downtown.

Broadway and 65th St., 2d floor, 40x100; suitable for billiard, gymnasium, loft, office, or automobile school; opposite Secretary of State's office; all conveniences. Rellim Construction Co., 1,947 Broadway.

Lofts to rent, 15,000 square feet; electric power, steam heat, sprinkler; only those requiring entire 15,000 square feet need apply. Sloane & Moller, 316 East 65th St.

509 FIFTH AV., AT 42D ST.,
1,500-3,000 SQUARE FEET.
F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO.,
TEL. CORTLANDT 7475. 165 B'WAY.

LIGHT SPACE to let, suitable for designers, showroom or office. 2 West 31st St., Cor. 5th Av., 5th floor.

Long-established doctor's office for rent; parlor floor, 3 rooms; rent, $75 per month. Becker, 144 East 89th St.

Mail privileges $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Business space, stores, lofts, buildings, all sizes, localities. Tell me your requirements. Ephraim Buchwald, 113 E. 129th St.

RESTAURANT, lease, Far Rockaway seashore; no competition; must furnish utensils. T. A., 450 Times Downtown.

Auto sales room, 75 feet, 7th Av. Repair shop 37th St., between Broadway and 7th Av. Apply on premises.

Furnished offices and desk room; service, mailing privileges. Suite 308, 51 East 42d.

Two magnificent little offices, 5th Av.; Park view; $1,400 yearly. D 218 Times.

ATTRACTIVE CORNER STORE, $75.
1,186 MADISON AV., AT 87TH ST.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

To lease, by architect, part of office and share telephone and stenographer service; good light, quiet conditions; interested in penthouse or studio. D 220 Times.

Loft, light, above 25th St.; immediate possession. Phone Gramercy 4648.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two room and bath, including excellent meals, $27 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Sq. 6160.

56TH ST., 140 EAST.—Six-room apartment, bath; $175. Plaza 6417.

72D, 203 EAST.—Gentleman's apartment, furnished; bedroom, sitting room, and bath; $45.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Three clean connecting rooms and bath; telephone; rent $15.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath, $17.50 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 34 East 32d St. HOTEL SENTON, 35 East 27th St.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

A charming, completely furnished apartment, eight rooms, three baths, East 50s, near Park Av.; grand piano; $300 per month for Summer. Phone 4463 Gramercy.

MADISON AV., 275, (40th.)—Beautiful, large room and kitchenette.

PARK AV., 940, (81st.)—7 rooms and bath, handsomely furnished; immediate possession; rent reasonable. Telephone Coyle, Vanderbilt 1176.

Furnished—West Side.

10TH ST. (Washington Square.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath, $150; also six rooms, bath, grand piano, $200. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

16TH, 125 WEST.—Four rooms, piano, elevator. Baker, Apt. 140. Chelsea 6600.

15TH, 274 WEST.—Five light rooms; exquisitely furnished; elevator; grand piano; Chinese rugs; beautiful silver, china, and linens; $150. Apartment 11. Telephone Chelsea 4524

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

50TH ST. (near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $110; also 70th St. West, three rooms, kitchen, bath, $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

50TH ST. WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment (high-class building), seven rooms, two baths, $225; also six rooms, two baths, $200. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apt. Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

57TH, 340 WEST, (Hotel Calumet.)—Very desirable apartment of 3 rooms and bath on street level; hotel service; particularly adapted for a physician.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Living room, bedroom, bath, and real kitchen; finest apartment house in New York; attractively furnished. Telephone Circle 3560.

57TH, 27 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—2 and 4 rooms and bath, attractively furnished; immediate possession; rental moderate.

72D, 166 WEST.—Apartment 4 rooms, consisting of bedroom, large living room, dining room, and kitchen, fine bathroom and shower; dining room may be used as extra bedroom and living room as combination dining room; ice refrigeration; $225 until Oct. 1, all appointments of highest standard; maid service if desired. Apply Manager, on premises. Tel. Columbus 7640.

72D ST., 14 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large room, bath, and kitchenette; $80 month. Apply Thompson or phone Columbus 8777.

74TH ST., 41 WEST.—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 2 AND 3 ROOM KITCHENETTE APARTMENTS, PRIVATE BATH, SHOWER, LAVATORY, ELECTRICITY.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Suites, furnished, kitchenettes; reasonable prices; single rooms.

77TH, 168 WEST.—Attractive large, light, kitchenette suite, private bath; electric light.

79TH, 135 WEST, Apt. 7-A.—Exceptionally fine, very spacious; four rooms, two bedrooms; new building; 7th floor; Southern exposure.

89TH 216 WEST, (Broadway.)—Apt. 12-B. Beautifully appointed six rooms, two baths, high, corner, outside rooms, facing Hudson; April 6 to Oct. 1. Call 2 to 5 or phone Murray Hill 422, Mr. Gage.

86TH, 204 WEST.—Seven rooms, attractively furnished; desirable location; sublet to adults. Apt. 4E. Call P. M.

91ST, 27 WEST.—High-class furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath; maid service; $80.

100TH ST. (near Drive.)—Six rooms, bath, $125; also four rooms, bath, grand piano, $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

106TH ST., 206 WEST.—Will sublet 5 rooms furnished apartment, 3 bedrooms, tile bath with shower; white enameled kitchen; half block from Broadway. Academy 2160. Campbell. Apt. 63.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Artistic, sunny 5-room apartment; spotlessly clean. Apt. 64.

110TH.—Seven rooms, two baths, new building, handsomely furnished; $150 month. Columbus 3974.

118TH, 210 WEST, (Hotel Cecil.)—Very desirable rooms, with and without private bath, full hotel service; special weekly and monthly rates.

162D, 601 WEST.—Seven light, airy, well furnished rooms, two baths, corner, June 1-Sept. 1; $150 month. Call Monday eve. Audubon 9941. Lustig.

APARTMENT seeking simplified—For Spring and Summer, bargain opportunities. Consult Wickliffe Gray, apartment specialist, 269 W. 73d. Columbus 3974.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av.
Fully furnished Apartments rented monthly
2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up
3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up.
Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

ATTRACTIVE, newly furnished 5-room front apartment, one door from Drive. Circle 1962, 10 to 5 P. M.

BROADWAY, 1,425.—Furnished apartment, commencing April 1. Suite 33.

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.—Five spacious rooms; fireproof; six months; $175 monthly. B 1051 Times Harlem.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 88, corner 69th, (Apt. 1.)—Facing park, 7 rooms, 2 baths, handsomely furnished, Steinway grand, May 1 to Nov. 1. Call, or telephone Columbus 4733.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

ELEGANTLY furnished, 5 sunny, large rooms and bathroom. Apt. 8B. 2490 Circle.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 227, (Corner 95th St.)—6 rooms and bath attractively furnished; long and short leases. Telephone Riverside 1150. Coyle.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, (116th St.)—Attractively furnished 9 rooms and 3 baths; long and short lease. Telephone Coyle, Vanderbilt 1176.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230, (corner 95th.)—Five-room furnished apartment to sublet. Apply Superintendent.

THE REGAL APARTMENTS,
55th St. and 7th Av. New fireproof apartment house; elaborately furnished suites of 1 room and bath, $75 to $80; 2 rooms, bath, $100 to $150; every modern improvement including maid and valet service; references required. Ownership management.

THE NEW NOBLETON,
126 West 73d St., beautifully furnished two-room suites, with bath; weekly and monthly; reduced rates; near express sub. and "L."

WEST END AV., 926, cor. 106th St., Apt. 5W.—Seven rooms, comfortably furnished, including silver, linen, Steinway grand piano, from April to September, or until September, 1920; reference required; shown 10 to 3 daily; $175 monthly.

Unfurnished—East Side.

GRAMERCY PARK, (143 East 21st.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; maid service; $65.

MADISON AV., 1,270, (91st St.)—Elevator apartment, 8 rooms, from May, (sublet.)

Unfurnished—West Side.

40TH ST., 11 WEST.—4 rooms and bath; housekeeping; beautifully decorated; $2,100.

50S, WEST.—Eight rooms, two baths, $2,300; also 10 rooms, three baths, $3,600; 50s, West, seven rooms, bath, $1,900; also 19th, (Gramercy,) eight rooms, $1,500. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

57TH, 27 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Two and four rooms and bath; rent reasonable; immediate possession. Telephone 4995 Plaza.

59TH ST., 116 WEST.—Charming apartment; two beautiful, spacious rooms, kitchenette, unfurnished, furnished.

94TH ST., 276, (nr. West End Av.)—Two spacious rooms and bath, just completed; $1,100 and $1,200. Tel. Morning. 1114.

100TH, 313 WEST, (Riverside.)—Very high-class room, bath, kitchenette; $83 month.

FORT WASHINGTON AV.—Six rooms; $1,400; long lease; physician preferred. D 267 Times.

SIX ROOMS and foyer; two baths; rent, $100. Inquire Hudson View Const. Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Phone Audubon 4657.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

COUPLE WANTS 4 OR 5 ROOMS; $150. MILLER, 162 West 50th. Circle 3067.

Unfurnished.

Wanted.—Apartment, unfurnished; four rooms and bath; south of 137 St., near subway or L; by two adults. Address Apartment 15, 600 West 127th St.

Responsible business man (no children) desires apartment, 6-7 rooms, west side; about $1,000; would sublease. G 183 Times.

Modern 4 rooms, not above 116th St. West, about $75. Phone 8549 Morningside.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

25TH ST., northeast corner 25th and Lexington Av.—Clean, quiet, respectable hotel; every modern convenience; special weekly permanent rates $7 up. The Hotel Belmore.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $18 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

68TH, 206 EAST.—Elegantly furnished large, clean, heated front room; running water; bath; electricity; telephone; reasonable; gentlemen only; subway station; refined private house.

92D, 70 EAST.—Elegant large rooms; private bath; all conveniences.

Furnished Room.—Large, comfortable, private house; gentlemen; references. Phone Plaza 2955.

West Side.

37TH, 40 WEST.—Nice large front room; private bath; in quiet house; electricity, phone; $12 week. D 136 Times.

47TH ST., 100 WEST, RALEIGH HALL.—Newly opened, refined, comfortable residence for men; all hotel service; $8.25 up weekly, with free use of bath (tub and shower); with private bath, $10.50 up; transients invited.

52D, 47 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large front parlor and bath; piano, electricity, phone.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room for gentleman; electric lights, steam heat.

62D, 100 WEST.—Three large, furnished rooms; piano, sewing machine, library; private hall; suitable for two; conveniences; references. Dumas.

65TH, 164 WEST.—Physician owning modern house, large room; steam; $7.50, $5.50.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Attractively furnished large double front room; running water, electricity, telephone.

70TH, 47 WEST.—Beautifully, newly furnished, select 2-room floor; bath; breakfast privilege.

71ST, 163 WEST.—Large room, running water, electricity, heat.

73D, 106 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private baths, telephone, electricity; $15.

73D, 118 WEST.—Suite 2 rooms and bath; telephone. Col. 4135.

74TH, 41 WEST.—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, SHOWER, LAVATORY; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING.

75TH, 55 WEST.—Elegant, spacious front room; also basement; steam, electricity, phone.

76TH, 112 WEST.—Newly furnished house; attractive front parlor; running water; telephone.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Artistic home, medium room, adjoining bath; $9; electricity; gentleman; exclusive.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Large, sunny; private bath; also medium room; electricity, phone; references.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; gentlemen; reasonable; references.

81ST, 29 WEST, (Facing Parks.)—Elegant large room, four windows, southern exposure, private bath, porch, electricity, steam, maid service, breakfast; exceptional private house. Schuyler 10063.

82D, 1 WEST.—Comfortable single room, business man or woman. Janvrin.

84TH, 301 WEST.—Single, double rooms, private house; exclusive neighborhood; references.

86TH, 140 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, in handsome residence; references required.

88TH, 323 WEST.—Handsomely furnished two-room and bath; all improvements.

88TH, 334 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms and suites.

88TH, 138 WEST.—Beautiful large front room with dressing room, bath, telephone.

89TH, 330 WEST, (Riverside.)—Attractive large room, southern exposure, adjoining bath; single room.

89TH, 56 WEST.—Large room, private bath, southern exposure; also connecting room.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Beautiful large room; private bath; steam heat, electricity, telephone.

91ST, 130 WEST.—Comfortable room, electricity, telephone; subway; elevator. Apt. 2 West.

95TH, 4 WEST.—Several large rooms, elegantly furnished.

99TH, 306 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Attractive, comfortable front room; high-class private family; references. 5 West. River. 9132.

104TH, 247 WEST.—Desirable, clean, home-like room, electricity; corner Broadway; gentleman. Beidler.

107TH, 230 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Two large, sunny rooms, two windows, one adjoining bath; smaller room; elevator. Academy 826, Apt. 61. Baker.

113TH, 536 WEST, (Apt. 21.)—Comfortably furnished front room; gentlemen preferred.

115TH, 404 WEST.—Light, newly furnished; elevator; near Columbia; private. 1E.

122D, 122 WEST.—Large, sunny room, with adjoining bath, in private house; suitable one or two gentlemen; reference.

145TH, (3,544 Broadway.)—Large outside sunny room, all modern conveniences; gentleman. Meyer.

BROADWAY, 2,465.—Nicely furnished large, sunny living room, bedroom connecting, suitable for couple; piano; private family. Apt. 3.

CONVENT AV., 325, (West 143d St.)—Large, light, well-furnished rooms; owner's private residence; business people preferred. Audubon 3526.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Near 115th.)—Large room overlooking Hudson, in refined, private family; moderate. Telephone 4-6 Morningside 1339.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 92, (81st.)—Large, handsome room, private bath, and others, in refined, modern house just opened; newly furnished.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Overlooking Drive; connecting bath; gentleman. Riverside 9043, Apartment 73.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 61, (78th.)—Attractive, large front room; all conveniences.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Two large rooms, fronting Drive; corner. Apt. 2C.

ROOMS WANTED.

A doctor wants furnished or unfurnished back parlor and bedroom, with use of reception room, in strictly private family, between 70th and 80th Sts., Columbus and Amsterdam Avs.; permanent tenant. K 359 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large front room, adjoining bath; also small room.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms, telephone, elevator, complete service, homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up.

West Side.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Boarders wanted; large and small rooms.

72D ST., 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS, ELECTRICITY, STEAM HEAT; TABLE BOARD. COL. 6396.

73D, 302 WEST, (Riverside.)—Attractive double front room, private bath; small room.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, sunny double room; steam; large single; excellent table; reference.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Medium-sized room; all accommodations; good home cooking; table guests.

87TH, 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms, heated, electricity; telephone; excellent table; convenient; Jewish house.

95TH, 65 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small room; all conveniences; table board.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-B'way.)—Modern private residence; spacious double room; overlooking Hudson; every convenience; exceptional table; moderate.

117TH, 421 WEST, (Near Amsterdam Av.)—Large and small room, with board.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Large double room; first-class Jewish table. Brody, Morn. 2123.

THE EVELYN LODGE,
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double rooms, private baths, meals; one flight; facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

BOARD WANTED.

Refined young business woman, pleasant room, conveniences, with or without meals; accessible to "L" or subway. Business, K 325 Times.

Board wanted for two girls, 9 and 11, with refined couple who will treat them as their own; reference exchanged. R 142 Times.

Clergyman wants board and room, private family; homelike; reasonable rate; particulars; east side, 59th to 79th. G 190 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, bungalows, cottages, furnished, unfurnished, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.; city comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 up. Cap. 150, Booklet. Phone 1165 W. Plains.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER,—by young woman with 15 years' experience in charge of office; competent to take charge of credits, correspondence, and office detail. A 886 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER TYPIST, five years' experience controlling accounts; bright, conscientious, quick and accurate. Box 30, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, knowledge stenography, typewriting, general office work; salary $16. L 742 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and typist; 3 years' experience; capable taking full charge; $22. A 745 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; experienced; $15. D. M. 41 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—High school graduate; experienced; controlling accounts, trial balance; $21. S 532 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance. Forsyth 9676.

BOOKKEEPER.—Trial balance, controlling accounts; over 3 years' experience; salary $20. Box 60, 2,121 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience; full charge. Care of Trodden, 103 West 76th St.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' experience; capable, trial balance, controlling accounts. A 898 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; downtown preferred; $20. G 579 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and Typist.—Four years' experience; competent, conscientious. H 649 Times Downtown.

CHAMBERMAID AND SEWING, or as caretaker of residence by experienced woman; excellent references for such work. K 270 Times.

COUPLE, experienced cook and butler, to do the entire work in small house or apartment; city or country; best references. R 211 Times.

DRESSMAKER, fashionable, wishes customers by day; late with leading establishments. 6653 Schuyler.

EXCEPTIONAL experience in advertising and publicity, sales campaigns, organization work, public speaking, publishing; thorough business training; recently finished important Government war service. Address A 895 Times Annex.

FILE CLERK.—Five years' experience as file clerk, mail opener; capable of taking charge of dept.; age 22 years; salary $18. A 900 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS.—Experienced nursery governess; children from 3 to 6 years; Westchester County preferred. F. A., 217 East 62d St. Tel. Plaza 6488.

GOVERNESS.—Refined, experienced; entire charge children over 5; references. E 329 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined, educated widow, daughter 11 years of age, desires position with refined family; references. A 883 Times Annex.

LADY'S MAID.—A lady desires a position for an excellent Scotch lady's maid with highest references. Call Monday and Tuesday, from 2 to 4, at 15 East 86th St.

LAUNDRESS.—First-class washing home; references. A. White, 54 West 99th St.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th St. Riverside 8329.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE or nursery governess wishes position to children over 2 years; mail only. Ode, 217 East 62d St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, understanding bookkeeping and typing; excellent references; moderate salary. A 744 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, Clerical Worker.—Experienced; best references; moderate salary. G 604 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, young lady, 8 years' business experience; capable, efficient, accurate, willing; good knowledge of English, desires permanent position where ability and loyalty will count; reference; $28. G 228 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient, with initiative, tact, pleasing personality, highly recommended, seeks employment. B 1046 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. HIGHLY EFFICIENT; CAN TAKE FULL CHARGE OFFICE; REFERENCES. E 364 TIMES.

SKETCHER, wholesale experience, desires position assisting designer; some selling experience. E 363 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Due to prohibition must liquidate our affairs, therefore desire to place our stenographer, who has 8 years' experience, is accurate, rapid, and reliable; salary $24. B 1050 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Three years' experience; high school graduate; capable answering correspondence and attending office detail. E. J., 2,326 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Expert, 12 years experience; thorough knowledge of every branch of office work; salary, $30. S 536 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wishes position; high school graduate; 1½ years' experience; $15. Wagner Audit Co., 63 Park Row. Beekman 2608.

STENOGRAPHER.—Over a year's experience; high school graduate; $15; references supplied. 2 West 111th. Harlem 2502J. R. Tromberg.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, excellent grammarian, two years with present employers, would like to connect with an active concern. K 290 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; has initiative; familiar with export requirements. S 563 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Two years' experience; best reference; $15. B 773 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' practical experience; knowledge bookkeeping; references; $20. B 774 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, knowledge of bookkeeping; bright beginner; $10 to start. M. K., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; four years experience, one year export; operate switchboard. K 416 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' practical experience; thoroughly reliable; references; $17. G 660 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; reference; $20. Frances Ahern, 342 49th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 5 years' experience; thoroughly competent; bright; $20. K 343 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience; some knowledge Spanish; A1 references. B 793 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, dictaphone operator; six years' experience; A1 references. B 791 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, accustomed confidential work; experienced; college education. K 354 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced, wants position; conscientious and hard worker. G 549 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; conscientious, capable; salary $10. Rose Schneider, 746 Forest Av., Bronx.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR on busy private board; central office experience. R 216 Times.

YOUNG LADY, having had 8 years' experience in a purchasing dept. of detail work, purchasing, dictating, and taking full charge of office, desires position as assistant to purchasing agent; can furnish best references; state salary prospect, &c. V 53 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes position as forelady in Art Linen house; can furnish best references. W 1219 Times Bronx.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

COOKS, first-class, and nurses; country. Hornig's, 944 3d Av. 4010 Plaza.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av., Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, EXECUTIVE, just discharged; manufacturing, mercantile, secretarial, and 4 years' public accounting experience, wishes permanent connection; ambitious and thoroughly efficient; excellent references. H B., 1,418 5th Av.

ACCOUNTANT, EXPERT.
INCOME TAX SPECIALIST.
BOOKS OPENED, AUDITED, SYSTEMATIZED. Part-time bookkeeping; reasonable. W 584 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR, eight years' wide experience, university graduate, desires position for about three days a week; can furnish best of references and bond. H 666 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT desires connection manufacturing concern; 5 years' public accountant practice; cost accounting system, production control methods, auditing tax returns; $2,400. O N. 210 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, in Latin America, by fluent Spanish conversationalist, capable of directing sales work; experienced in Cuba. K 349 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, ABLE.—Income Tax Specialist; established 1909; $5 upward; services guaranteed; references. Phone Beekman 998. Friedlander, 154 Nassau.

ACCOUNTANT, cashier; 15 years in charge of office large corporation; experienced in all financial matters. Box 431 Times, 2 Rector St.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT desires work evenings auditing, systematizing, statements, tax reports, writing up books. X 203 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; audits, tax reports. Cooper, phone Bowling Green 8355. H 703 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, B. C. S. desires position with certified accountant or large mercantile firm; short accounting experience. E 362 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, systematized, investigated; statements drawn by expert. L 746 Times Downtown.

ARTIST, A1 on color and black and white, wishes position or part time; $40 weekly. B 845 Times.

ASSETS in business! Ability, tact, energy, initiative! Place them in your service. College graduate wishes connection where real opportunity is offered. Can write forceful advertising, handle correspondence, assist executive. Pollak, 25 Globe Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

ASSISTANT to executive, (25,) stenographer, typist, good penman, figurer, ambitious, will start at a moderate salary; best references; will consider outside position. O 47 Times.

ASSISTANT, (30,) experienced correspondent, sales records, secretarial, office duties, desires position, prospects; moderate salary; right connections. B 1053 Times Harlem.

ASSISTANT OFFICE MANAGER, (26,) ten years' business experience, desires position with growing concern; best of references. S 535 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER; young energetic married Christian, with all-around experience, capable of taking entire charge or willing to accept subordinate position; not afraid of hard work; moderate expectations. Address Mergott, 115 Franklin St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, expert, 30, 10 years' experience; can take complete charge of office; correspondent, systematizer, experienced in credits and collections; high grade service; possess initiative and am master of detail; best references. K 861 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT,
EFFICIENT EXECUTIVE,
controlling accounts, good correspondent, experienced, college education, 28, seeks opportunity. W 610 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT. — Young man, college graduate, experienced bookkeeper and junior accountant, army discharge, desires position. G 575 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 36; executive ability; take full charge; modern methods; controlling accounts, financial statements, corporation accounting. D 135 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) 3 years' experience general bookkeeper, thorough knowledge principles of accounting, wishes position with future. E 359 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, discharged soldier, 4 years' practical experience, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, financial statements. K 360 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience, accounting training and experience, desires connection with reliable concern or accounting firm. K 426 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.—32; experienced control accounts and modern methods. K 286 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Take full charge; modern methods, controlling accounts, financial statements. G 180 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, stenographer, (19,) high school graduate; references. S 521 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPING position desired by young man; capable, willing to work hard, writes good hand; moderate salary. X L 143 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; young man, high school graduate, college, experienced; references. G 663 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, (24,) thoroughly experienced; highest credentials. D 146 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—5 years' sales and purchase ledger experience; also payroll. G 625 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT. — Experienced; can take charge office, correspondence, credits, collections. A 107 Times.

BUSINESS MEN, ATTENTION!
MORE SERVICE FOR YOU.
Young man, 27, just released from military service, seeks position in business house where he can be of greatest service; a position requiring good reasoning and planning powers very desirable.
Have studied extensively along business lines, including the Alexander Hamilton Institute and Business Training Corporation business courses.
A position in any business house with opportunity for study of business is very desirable; I am anxious to enter business house in small way and study business, making that business my business and giving whole-hearted support and furtherance of the principles and ideals of that business.
I can furnish highest references.
H 697 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS MAN, 40, successful experience in selling, buying, adjusting, accounting, would like to represent some out of town concern in New York; references. B 796 Times Downtown.

BUTLER-VALET.—Man, unmarried, wants position as butler-valet in bachelor's apartment; willing to cook and take charge of apartment; experienced. C. W. Stone, 15 West 135th St.

BUTLER, valet, well recommended, experienced, good cook, wishes position with bachelor or small family. X 227 Times Annex.

CARETAKER—Young couple wish positions city, country; man handy with tools. F. O., 519 East 76th, Apt. 23.

CHAUFFEUR, ten years' experience driving private families; highest references; excellent mechanic; strictly temperate, pleasing personality; go anywhere; moderate salary; trial please. Telephone Greeley, 4956.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, discharged First Sergeant Tank Corps, seeks private position; good driver; competent mechanic; salary $25-$30 weekly. Otto Van Howe, 222 East 115th.

CHAUFFEUR. — Swedish - American, 28, wishes position, private family; neat appearance, sober and willing, own repairs, drive Cadillac, Brewster, Hudson, White; city or country, go anywhere; $25 week. R. Carlson, 203 East 60th St.

CHAUFFEUR-GARDENER, French Swiss, married, one child, wishes position in private family; long experience and best references. Surmont, care Bettex, 163 East 52d.

CHAUFFEUR, American, careful driver; married, experienced on foreign and domestic cars; excellent references; city or country. R 206 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, desires position; references; two years last employer. 2195 Morningside. Robert.

CHAUFFEUR wishes steady work for deliveries on his own one-ton car. Richman, 456 East 141st St., New York City.

CHAUFFEUR, competent, any car; expert mechanic; light colored; references. Tel. Audubon 5318.

CHAUFFEUR, young Finnish man, wishes position, city or country. River, 238 East 124th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married, mechanic, 12 years' experience; best references. Otto, Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR wishes private position repairing; aged 23. Budrie, 219 East 70th St.

CHEMICALS, PHARMACEUTICALS, young man, released from service, desires connection; qualified in either technical or sales end through education and experience. G 547 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL MAN.—High school graduate, familiar with office systems. A 406 Times Downtown.

CLERK, EFFICIENT, EXPERIENCED, college education, bookkeeping, controlling accounts, correspondent, modern methods, 27, seeks opportunity. W 607 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, Scandinavian; man experienced chauffeur, mechanic; wife good cook, clean and willing; wishes steady position in small family; go anywhere. Charles, 54 West 90th St. Phone 4903 Riverside.

COUPLE.—Young Finnish couple wishes position, city or country, wife cook, man chauffeur and useful. Hans Lindberg, 206 East 123d St.

DRAFTSMAN, engineering course graduate, long practice designing machine tools, desires position. B 1047 Times Harlem.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced mechanical, undertakes extra work in spare time; reasonable. W 597 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 14 years' experience, designing, plumbing, heating, building dept. B 749 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, long experience, layout, detailer. Di Piazza, 213 East 107th.

ENGINEER.—Construction engineer, army officer, overseas experience, desires to connect with first-class firm; speaks French, Spanish, and Italian; can handle work of all kinds; will go abroad. G 576 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE SALES AND ADVERTISING MANAGER, AGE 40; POSSESS HEALTH, ENTHUSIASM, SOUND JUDGMENT AND THE FACULTY OF MAKING FRIENDS; GOOD JUDGE OF HUMAN NATURE; 12 YEARS' ROAD EXPERIENCE; AT PRESENT EMPLOYED, BUT WOULD CONSIDER SUITABLE CONNECTION. X 258 TIMES ANNEX.

EXECUTIVE, six years manager of own concern, desires opportunity in export promotion as assistant to general manager, with salary of $2,500 and future; now naval supply officer; speaks French, Spanish; student of business organization and economics; interview desired. G. H. S., 825 West 83d St.

EXPORT SHIPPING.—Young man, five years' shipping experience, familiar with all details relating to export shipping. K 444 Times Downtown.

GARAGE MANAGER motor trucks; nine years last place; best references. K 804 Times.

GARDENER, Italian, vicinity New Rochelle. 89 Mechanic St., New Rochelle. Tel. 2203.

GENERAL MECHANIC wishes connection with large real estate firm as general mechanic. J. Berger, 244 East 81st St.

MANAGER, correspondent, bookkeeper, salesman; man, (37,) executive ability, solicits position. B 741 Times Downtown.

MASSEUR, licensed, colored, experienced barber and dermatologist, Swedish body massager, own electrical device, visiting specialist. B 801 Times Annex.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Wanted, by a man of ability and education, position as office manager or private secretary; best references. Address Room 215, Empire Building, Philadelphia, Penn.

OFFICER of academic training wishes a permanent connection with commercial house which has an opening of $150 monthly to start; well bred, aggressive and practical; interview requested. K 347 Times.

OUTDOOR or traveling position, by capable young man, 2½ years' experience clerk-typist; quick to learn. K 344 Times.

PRINTER, able to manage plant, desires position, estimater, buyer; understands costs; 8 years' practical experience. R 73 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT, thoroughly trained, with successful record in manufacturing plant, seeks connection; keen, judicious; selling and all around experience; just out of U. S. uniform; single, 32 years of age; will consider moderate start with lid off for future. B 795 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, (30,) ambitious, good personality, position at anything; knowledge chemicals, dyes, soaps; city or road. G 630 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 32, married, wishes to connect with mercantile house; ten years' selling experience to retail trade; salary or commission. B 1042 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, experienced, traveled throughout South and Southwest, acquainted with retail and jobbing trade, open for fair proposition. What am I offered; A 127 Times.

SALESMAN wanted; reliable, hustling salesman, representative line of ladies' wash and silk dresses and waists; Northwest and Coast territories. V 52 Times.

SALESMAN.—Live wire desires connection progressive mercantile house; highest credentials to ability; what is your offer? K 295 Times.

SECRETARY; exceptional stenographer; executive ability; excellent references; A1 salary only. E 315 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK AND MANAGER, 32 years, married, wishes position; references. G 245 Times.

SILK.—Young man, textile school graduate, four years' practical and technical experience in broad silk manufacturing desires position in sales rooms of broad silk house. R 205 Times.

SOUTH AMERICA.—American wants situation on plantation or as buyer for native syndicate; Brazil preferred. K 345 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
Ambitious, capable, clean cut, four-year high school education, two years' practical business experience; best references. O 48 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (30,) experienced correspondent, secretarial, office duties, desires permanent position, prospects; moderate salary; right connections. B 1052 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Knowledge of bookkeeping; bright beginner; $10 to start. D. R., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, experienced, seeks position with possibilities for the future. A 124 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, competent, willing worker, desires good connection. B 1048 Times Harlem.

STEWARD-MANAGER; for the last 15 years in service with high class club, hotel and steamship; expert in economical operations, and purchasing of hotel requirements; wishes position in club, hotel or steamship; will leave city. Box A 88 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT ENGINEER. — Thoroughly experienced; good manager and of executive ability; wishes position in modern office or loft building. Howard, 225 5th Av., Room 1147.

SUPERINTENDENT for elevator apartment house; first-class reference; no children; at present position 6 years; wants to make a change. Write Albert, 2,876 Broadway.

TOOLMAKER.—Japanese, long experience machine tool manufacturing, thorough knowledge jigs and tools, repairing and grinder, milling, and shaper hand. Ishi, 330 East 57th St.

UNDERWRITER, liability and compensation, who has also served in capacity of field agent, desires to connect with company, broker, or agency. G 546 Times Downtown.

VALET, actually working, like to change; speaking three languages; willing to travel; if necessary will take charge of small bachelor apartment; first-class personal references. A 28 Times.

VALET.—Japanese young man wants position as valet; best references; without room. T. S., care of Arts Co., 107 East 59th St.

VALET.—Japanese, excellent private valet; trustworthy young man; highly recommended. Yama, 17 Concord St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 8 years' business experience, factory and office manager, qualified bookkeeper; has the ambition, energy, and initiative for your position; salary immaterial; an interview will convince you. A 63 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position with an advertising agency or concern doing national advertising; two years at Wharton School of Finance; practical experience; just discharged from naval aviation. X 250 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, Sabbath observer, desires position with firm, where alertness, intelligence, ambition, good character and high morals can earn future. K 353 Times.

YOUNG MAN, honorable discharge from army, would like to learn wholesale silk business; willing to start at bottom for reasonable salary. B 765 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) high school graduate, thoroughly understands silk line, desires connection with city sales department. S 510 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) adding and statement machine experience, also knowledge of bookkeeping, desires position; best references. R 414 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18,
high school graduate, wishes position with advancement; reference. Address A 125 Times.

YOUNG MAN (20) desires position; advertising experience, knowledge bookkeeping, stenography. A 70 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, bookkeeping knowledge, desires position. B 1041 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position; willing worker; references furnished. B 789 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years, 2 years' experience as cigar clerk, wishes position. K 334 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) high school graduate, evening student New York University, desires position. L 558 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Spanish, 17, wishes position office work. Renz, 216 East 74th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSERS.—Must write neatly. Apply 8:30 A. M., Room 713, 1,480 Broadway.

ARMATURE WINDER, experienced, for magneto work; steady job. Magneto Sales Co., Room 229, 1,779 Broadway.

BILLING CLERK, on Underwood typewriter, must have experience; state age, previous experience and salary desired. Yorkville, Box 80, 1,335 3d Av.

BILLING CLERK for hardware house; must understand Underwood billing machine. Eberhart, 1,501 3d Av., (85th.)

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady fully competent to take full charge of entire set of double entry books; this position offers good opportunities for the right party; don't waste ours or your time by applying for this position unless you are fully competent, have at least 5 years of experience and are quick and accurate in work; we require A1 references. Apply, giving full particulars as to experience, salary wanted, and references. V 376 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.
BOOKKEEPER WANTED WHO IS THOROUGHLY COMPETENT, ONE HAVING KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY PREFERRED. APPLY CLARK & WEINBERG, 634 5TH AV.

BOOKKEEPER thoroughly experienced in double entry; also full charge of office; manufacturing line. Vogel & Saltzman, 750 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER wanted in high-class 5th Av. retail store; salary $20. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience, G 526 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—Must be thoroughly efficient, to take full charge. Abrams & Hammer, 279 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced. Apply between 9 and 10 A. M. Weser Bros., Inc., 87 2d Av., City.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced mfg. business, capable trial balance, &c.; salary $18. Phone Mad. Sq. 6280.

BUSINESS WOMAN Wanted.—In downtown law office, business woman of American family, with intelligence and tact; knowledge of stenography and filing essential; salary $75 per month; write full particulars and address; in case application is approved appointment will be made for interview Wednesday afternoon. A 752 Times Downtown.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress, three in family; best of references; apply between 9-11. Haas, 161 W. 86th. Apt. 4A.

CLERK wanted for temporary work in subscription department of publishing house; salary, $10 per week. Address Opportunity, Box 654, New York City.

COAT MAKER.
On tailored suits and gowns; half-day Saturday. Rohn & Rienzo, 74 East 55th St.

COOK, experienced, for a day nursery. Apply between 3 and 5, Sunday, or 3 and 5, Monday, 21 17th Av., Newark, N. J.

COST CLERK AND TYPIST for Christian firm; state experience, age, salary desired. W 612 Times Downtown.

CREDIT ASSISTANT for temporary work; knowledge of bookkeeping essential; short hours; good pay. V 48 Times.

DEMONSTRATOR.
MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN
to sell well-known article in Brooklyn dept. store; wages $12 weekly.
MANAHAN PAPER CO.,
370 Pearl St., N. Y. C.

DESIGNER
wanted, by large manufacturing concern, one who thoroughly understands manufacturing and can design children's underwear; liberal salary and share in profits. C. W., 811 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER wanted by one of the largest manufacturers of children's and misses' wash and wool dresses; live wire desired; excellent opportunity for right person. H. Linsk & Co., Philadelphia.

DESIGNER, HIGH CLASS,
for children's misses' and ladies' straw hats; steady, all-year-round employment. C. L., 802 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKING. — Finishers and errand girl; steady work, good pay. Ronayne, 255 West 107th St., Apartment 16.

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING.
Will train 20 young women for position as automatic-telegraph operators; short training course, with weekly salary; rapid advancement to $105 monthly; vacation, insurance, benefits; cafeteria serving excellent meals at cost price. Apply all week in person only, between 9-4, room 1702, 24 Walker St., near Canal and Broadway.

ESTIMATING CLERK, for paper box mfr.; only those qualified in this line need apply; state age, salary expected and experience. A 783 Times Downtown.

EXAMINERS,
experienced, on ladies' dresses; good opportunity for right party. Mark Perlman, 31 East 31st.

FORELADY
with executive ability, who is well qualified to take charge of manufacturing sanitary and light paper and sundry products; applicants must be well fitted to manage female help; good opportunity for right person; state all particulars, previous occupation, &c. P. A., 168 Times.

GIRLS
in large cotton goods house; excellent opportunity for advancement.
M. LOWENSTEIN & SONS,
40 West 23d St.

GIRLS GIRLS.
Young girls, make themselves generally useful on the floor of a dress factory; good pay, steady positions. Baum & Wolff, 99 Madison Av., corner 29th St., 10th floor.

GIRLS, GIRLS,
in work room, as learners on children's caps and hats, paid while learning, quick advancement. L. Steinthal & Bro., 906 B'wy.

GIRL wanted for houseworker; steady position. Phone Williamsburg 1413.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, to take charge of small apartment for two professional people with one infant. Lipman, 1,025 Lexington.

HOUSEWORKER wanted, for two adults in Mt. Vernon, good plain cook; no laundry; wages $45. Phone Mt. Vernon 3682; reverse charges.

KITCHENMAID.—Experienced; good worker; references; sleep out. Woman's Club, 133 East 40th St.

LAUNDRESS, a colored woman by the month; private family; call before noon. 153 Riverside Drive, (87th.)

LEDGER CLERK.—Young lady thoroughly capable of handling large number of accounts on costumers' ledger; rapidity and accuracy essential; state salary desired. D 221 Times.

LUNCHROOM WORK.
Young women by New York Telephone Company for general work in girls' lunchroom; pleasant surroundings; good wages; eight-hour day; permanent positions; salary $12 to $14 according to length of service.
Apply 58 West Houston St., N. Y. C., or 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

MARCELLE WAVER and hairdresser, experienced; high salary to right party. Elizabethan, 661 5th Av.

MATRON-HOUSEKEEPER wanted in a school for Jewish delinquent girls; one hour's ride from city. X 223 Times Annex.

MEN'S NECKWEAR
FORELADY
to take charge of
examining department.
I. ISAAC & CO.,
880 B'WAY, COR. 19TH.

MESSENGERS
for dressmaking establishment; half-day Saturday; $8. Rohn & Rienzo, 74 E. 55th St.

MILLINERY.
AN OLD ESTABLISHED HAT MANUFACTURER OFFERS A LUCRATIVE, PERMANENT POSITION TO A SUCCESSFUL DESIGNER OF THE HIGHEST GRADE HAND MADE HATS; ONLY THOSE ACCUSTOMED TO THE BEST 5TH AV. CLIENTELE NEED APPLY, GIVING PAST EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES, WHICH WILL BE CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL. V 339 TIMES.

MILLINERS and trimmers; experienced. Teiser's, Inc., 729 8th Av., near 46th St.

MIMEOGRAPH OPERATORS, expert, wanted. Liberty Loan Committee, Room 2518, 120 Broadway. Apply between 10 and 4.

MODEL to take charge of showroom; must have ability to sell. Write Box CM 1619, St. James Building.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR experienced on print type machine; Christian firm; resident Brooklyn; apply by letter or in person. Hilo Varnish Corporation, Marcy and Flushing Avs., Brooklyn.

MULTOGRAPH OPERATOR. — Experienced only need apply; permanent position for right party. Apply after 10 A. M., Room 549, 42 Broadway.

NURSE or mother's helper, to take care of little girl 4 years and help with infant; good wages, room to self; must be highly recommended. Call, 10-2, Chalmers, 102 West 93d.

NURSES.—Splendid opportunity offered young women who wish to train as nurses' aids and nurses. Apply to Superintendent of Nurses, Beth David Hospital, 113th St. and Lexington Av.

NURSE; middle-aged; capable of taking complete charge 18-month motherless baby; live in hotel, Norfolk, Va.; references. Address P. O. Box 1061, Norfolk, Va.

NURSE GIRL to take care of two little girls, aged 2 and 4; will pay car fare. Mrs. I. H. Bander, Fairview Av., Bayside, Long Island. Phone Bayside 3251.

NURSE, experienced, for baby, hospital training; best references required; appointment by telephone. Mrs. M. D. Cole, Plaza 3445.

NURSEMAID wanted, reliable, to care for one child mornings. Mrs. G. M. Hubbard, 20 Claremont Av. Telephone Morningside 5372.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—2-year-old child; references required; good wages. Mrs. J. Karpen, 645 West End Av.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, 2 boys, 5 and 7; good home; good salary. Gluck, 526 West 111th. Phone Cath. 6423.

NURSE, undergraduate, for sanitarium; pay $35 a month; with maintenance. Address Box 125, Stamford, Conn.

NURSES, undergraduates, for night duty. Apply N. Y. Orthopedic Hospital, 420 East 59th.

NURSE, experienced for a boy 4 years old; call 9-12; references. Apt. 35, 240 West 102d.

NURSE, undergraduate, for small hospital; $30 monthly and found. 233 East 57th.

NURSE, experienced, for infant. S. Brody, 788 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. Call.

OPERATORS. OPERATORS.
Lace runners, lining makers, on infants' caps; steady work; good pay. L. Steinthal & Bro., 906 Broadway.

SALESWOMEN,
DRESS, SUIT, AND COAT
DEPARTMENTS.
SALARY $20 PER WEEK AND
1 PER CENT. ON ALL SALES.
Steady positions; will accept only those having long and thorough experience in these departments.
WORTH,
43 and 45 West 34th St.

SALESLADIES,
EXPERIENCE IN FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS: CORSETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, AND INFANTS' WEAR. STEADY POSITION; GOOD PAY TO THOSE OF ABILITY. I. BERGER, 120 WEST 125TH STREET.

SALESLADIES wanted in high-class 5th Av. retail store; salary $15 and commission. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience, Box G 525 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Perfect in dictation of English-Italian or English-Spanish; perfect knowledge of English, Spanish, Italian important; college graduation and references strictly required; high salary. Reply in all three languages, Z 363 Times Annex.

SKIRT FINISHERS,
experienced; also helpers; half day Saturdays. Rohn & Rienzo, 74 East 55th.

STATIONERY AND ENGRAVING.—A large retail stationery store requires the services of a young lady who has a thorough knowledge of this business and is capable of both buying and selling the various items connected with it. S. J., 526 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, REFINED, INTELLIGENT, EXPERT. K 362 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, must be capable of taking rapid dictation and transcribing notes quickly and accurately, also able to assist bookkeeper, only experienced apply. Sperling, 93 Prince.

STENOGRAPHER, with at least 5 years' experience, in sales office of manufacturer of auto parts located in Upper Bronx; permanent position. Phone Woodlawn 1000. Mr. Fisher.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY wanted; only those with ability and good appearance need apply. Room 307, 229 West 42d St., Monday, 10 A. M.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced in wholesale embroidery house; opportunity for advancement; state experience, salary expected. A. A., 804 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; neat, accurate, willing, rapid; over 21 years old. Call Monday before 9 A. M., Mothers Magazine, 95 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady to take dictation, answer small switchboard, do clerical work; state age, experience, salary expected. E 361 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, understanding billing, and with knowledge of office details; one residing in Brooklyn preferred. B 792 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, for temporary work; one experienced in credit department of large corporation preferred; hours 9-5; good pay. V 47 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted; $18 start; good position for right party. Call 140 Nassau St., Room 1108.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST for large cloak house; must be experienced; no others need apply. 1,333 Broadway, 5th floor.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, experienced only; $15 per week; must have references. Jacobs, 37 East 21st.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with knowledge of bookkeeping; American. M. Mayer, 10 East 33d St.

TYPIST, to operate Remington-Wohl billing machine; must be quick and accurate, experience essential. Weisbecker, 268 West 125th.

TYPIST, good education, experienced, Christian company; desirable opening. K 363 Times.

TYPIST, for copying work, in office large corporation. See Mr. Ball, 346 Broadway, second floor.

WAIST FINISHERS.
Experienced; also helpers; half-day Saturday. Rohn & Rienzo, 74 East 55th St.

WOMEN to trim pumps and slippers. Hanan & Son, 5th Av., Corner 43d St.

YOUNG LADY, with some high school education, for dental office; no experience required. Write S., 1,225 Madison Av.

YOUNG WOMAN. — Large manufacturing company desires services of intelligent young woman, possessing pleasing personality, to sell well-known grocery product direct to housewife in Buffalo, N. Y.; salary to start, $22 per week and allowance for railroad fare; good opportunity for applicants who wish to become saleswomen. Apply Room 431, 44 Whitehall St., New York City.

YOUNG WOMAN, intelligent, to assist in seed store and learn the trade; high school graduate preferred; opportunity for advancement; apply in own handwriting and state salary required. V 44 Times.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words a minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED
in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. Proper training is discussed in our free booklet "Opportunity for Women." Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for complimentary copy of this booklet and for details of training classes now forming.
PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

For Commercial or Professional Life—
THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF
SECRETARIES.
Three months' individual instruction; graduates registered. V. M. Wheat, Director. 85 West 42d St. Phone V-4039 for catalogue.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

$15
Monday, March 17, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; Positions Guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL. Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

TELEPHONE OPERATING. — Ladies, to learn; complete course $10. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Exceptional opportunities; established firms only; banking, export, shipping, technical, legal, commercial, &c.; $18-30; several beginners, $12-16; bookkeepers, $25; assistant, $20; typists, office assistants, switchboard operators. Registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 B'way. Estab. 1897.

LANG AGENCY, 115 Broadway.—Stenographers, typists, clerical, French-English stenographer; call immediately.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY,
489 5th Av. 93 Nassau St.
Stenographers ....$12-$25

ROSE WEBBER AGENCY, 1000 Tribune Building.—Stenographers, Typists, Bookkeepers, Dictaphone; $10-$25.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU, ROOM 600.
Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typists, Clerks.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT and cashier wanted by brokerage firm doing rapidly increasing business; exceptional opportunity to grow up with young concern with assured future; applicant must have at lease 5 years' Wall Street experience, know brokerage accounting thoroughly, and be capable of keeping and supervising all necessary brokerage books and records; must begin work Tuesday. Phone Mr. Johnson, Bryant 7374.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, young, graduate advertising school, clean-cut man, modern proved methods on publicity, for mail order manufacturers; must be result producer. T. P., 264 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.
At once; must have had thorough department store experience; submit specimens of recent work. Katz & Goldsmith, Braddock, Penn.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, familiar with apartment house work. B 1049 Times Harlem.

ATTENDANT with experience for an institution to care for insane patients; pay $40 month. Call at 146 East 28th St. today at 3 P. M.

AUTOMOBILE PAINTERS wanted, brush hands and varnish rubbers, experienced, on high-grade automobile body work; in reply state age and experience. The Locomobile Company of America, Bridgeport, Conn.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS. — Three first-class mechanics experienced on Continental motors; highest wages paid to good mechanics; steady employment. Ask for Mr. Seaholm, 103 West 57th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent for double entry system, experienced in export routine preferred; salary to start $25; advancement as earned; permanent. Write, stating full experience and references, Alpert & Barst, 21 Park Row.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, preferably one who has had statistical experience in the clothing manufacturing business. Address, giving full particulars regarding experience, salary, A 128 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Wanted, man thoroughly competent to take entire charge of set of books as bookkeeper and cashier; also with knowledge of accounting. S 564 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, with experience in commercial banking or commission house. Write, giving experience and qualifications in detail to D 222 Times.

BOY
WANTED BY LARGE WHOLESALE SHOE HOUSE; GOOD CHANCE FOR BRIGHT, WILLING BOY TO ADVANCE. APPLY IN PERSON,
McELWAIN, MORSE & ROGERS,
21 HUDSON ST.

BOYS, 15-18; important business concern, financial district, has permanent positions with opportunities for advancement for several elementary or high school graduates; congenial work, short hours, enabling evening schooling; salary $10 weekly; application confidential. B 656 Times Downtown.

BOY, about 17 years of age, in the stockroom of a manufacturing concern, who is willing to make himself generally useful; must be of American descent, furnish references, and state salary expected. K 438 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted to run stock quotation board in broker's office. Leopold Spingarn, 50 Broad St., room 137.

BOY wanted to assist in the filing and mailing department of a large law office. A 668 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED OVER 15; GOOD HABITS AND AMBITIOUS. V 362 TIMES.

BOY to learn carpet and wall paper designing; bring drawings. Fauser, 373 4th Av.

BOY, 16, wanted; chance for rapid advancement. A. Ruff & Co., 22 West 27th St.

BOY, strong, in shipping department wholesale lining house; salary $12 to $14.

BOY, generally useful; $10 start; advancement. Call Panget-Grimmell, 8 West 38th.

CASHIER-TICKET SELLER, experienced, accurate, polite; high-class theatre; state salary. V 7 Times.

CIGAR CLERK, MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND ACCUSTOMED TO HANDLING HIGH-CLASS TRADE; APPLICATION WILL ONLY BE CONSIDERED BY MAIL. MAX SCHWARZ, 954 3D AV.

CLOCK REPAIR MAN.
A permanent position in our clock maintenance department is open to a skilled man; he will need first-class ability in maintaining time service from house clocks, and ability to learn the maintenance of recording clocks; an attractive factory in a large town; short hours. Write your experience, age, and preferred wage to American Optical Company, Southbridge, Mass.

CREDIT ASSISTANT for temporary work; knowledge of bookkeeping essential; short hours, good pay. V 49 Times.

DESIGNER
wanted by large manufacturing concern; one who thoroughly understands manufacturing and can design children's underwear; liberal salary and share in profits. C. D. 812 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER, experienced on ladies' and misses' coats. The Bischof, Sterne & Stein Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. Apply N. Y. office, room 1101, 404 4th Av., between 12 and 1 o'clock.

DESIGNER.—One also accustomed to machine cutting, qualified men need only apply. Monarch Wash Suit Co., 45 West 4th St.

DESIGNERS for carpets, wall papers, and cretonnes; must be first class. Fauser, 373 4th Av.

DISCHARGED
SOLDIERS AND SAILORS,
ATTENTION!
Are you looking for a position with a future?
If so, it may be to your interest to call after 10 A. M. and before 3:30 P. M. Monday only at Suite 414, 50 East 42d St., New York City, when we will explain to you how you can make more money this year on a commission basis than you ever made before, and next year, if your work has been satisfactory, you will qualify for a permanent position in our merchandising department, which will insure you a substantial income the remainder of your active business life.
We are a successful manufacturing corporation, with a nationally known product; we want salesmen who possess tact and initiative to call on business men in New York and vicinity (with cards of introduction) and take subscriptions to our offering of 8 per cent. preferred stock, with a common bonus; stock-selling experience helpful, but not necessary. If you think you can qualify, call Monday.

DRUG CLERK wanted by homeopathic pharmacy for small retail and put-up mail orders; need not be registered, but must have general knowledge of drugs; no night work or Sunday work; $16 to start. H 730 Times Downtown.

FUR EXECUTIVE MAN
WANTED; A YOUNG MAN WHO THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS ALL BRANCHES OF THE FUR BUSINESS AND WHO CAN MAKE HIMSELF GENERALLY USEFUL. APPLY BY LETTER OR IN PERSON. CLARK & WEINBERG, 634 5TH AV.

GARDENER wanted, single or married, with not more than one child; thoroughly experienced for work on lawns, vegetable garden, hot beds and flower beds; estate about ten acres; gardener's cottage, with electricity and steam heat; located in Westchester County within ten minutes of railway station, not far from Sound; will consider only gardeners of long experience, having held permanent positions to recent date; must have highest references; write fully giving details in confidence; will arrange appointment. Address Box A 688 Times Downtown.

INDUSTRIAL
TRACTOR DESIGNER.
WE REQUIRE AN ENERGETIC, CAPABLE STORAGE BATTERY TRACTOR AND TRUCK DESIGNER; MUST BE EXPERIENCED WITH USE OF TRACTORS IN THE FIELD IN ADDITION TO HAVING TECHNICAL ABILITY TO DESIGN. A PERMANENT POSITION IS CERTAIN TO A LIVE MAN WHO HAS THESE QUALIFICATIONS. THE LAKEWOOD ENGINEERING COMPANY, CLEVELAND, OHIO.

INSURANCE MAN in fire broker's office, with general knowledge of clerical and outside work; experience and salary wanted. G 678 Times Downtown.

JEWELER, merchandise man to take entire charge of department; wonderful opening for the right man. Write full particulars, I. Press & Sons, 1,017 Market St., Philadelphia, Penn.

LEATHER GOODS.
Man thoroughly experienced in buying, selling and manufacturing of leather goods; good opportunity to right party. A 750 Times Downtown.

LITHOGRAPHIC ENGRAVER.—Man capable of good, fast work on drug labels and similar work; state experience and wages expected in first letter. Z 395 Times Annex.

MAN WANTED. — AMBITIOUS, BRAINY MAN, 30 OR LESS, WITH EXPERIENCE AS ONE OF THE UNDERSTUDIES IN CREDIT DEPARTMENT OF A GENTILE CONCERN THAT OPERATES THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY; WE WANT A MAN WHO HAS BEEN AND THINKS BEYOND JERSEY CITY, NOT A JOB HUNTER; STATE AGE, SALARY, AND FULL PARTICULARS; REPLIES STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. WRITE S. W., BOX S 565 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MAN OVER 50 WANTED.
Old gentleman, well educated, of striking appearance, as attendant in reception room of large publishing house; requirements are not exacting; work is light and pleasant; no previous experience of similar nature is required; position is permanent; give age and record of previous employment; salary offered $600 per year. Address Publisher, Box A 669 Times Downtown.

MAN.—A steamship company having in operation 60,000 tons of ships requires the services of competent person to take charge of its freight and charter departments; good place for person having experience and capacity. S 566 Times Downtown.

MEN wanted, experienced, who have worked on the manufacture of buckets; steady work and good wages. University Manufacturing Co., 1023 North Front St., Philadelphia, Penn.

OFFICE BOY wanted by a Christian firm; must be neat, willing, and obliging; hours 8:30 to 5; salary $10 a week; give age, experience, and reference. B 794 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Wanted in large downtown office where neatness and willingness are highly appreciated. L 768 Times Downtown.

PHARMACIST or physician, energetic, young, to travel in the interests of a well known and strictly ethical pharmaceutical preparation; previous business experience desirable; an excellent opportunity for a man of ability who is able to show results. Apply, stating salary expected, and with full particulars, to A 748 Times Downtown.

REPRESENTATIVE, energetic, preferably a physician or pharmacist, is required to travel on a salary basis in Brazil in the interest of a well-known pharmaceutical preparation; fluent Portuguese necessary and previous business experience desirable. An excellent opening for a capable man with some executive ability. Apply, stating salary, age, references, and all other particulars, without which no application will be considered, to A 737 Times Downtown.

REPAIRING jewelers and diamond setters for Philadelphia store, permanent position will pay highest wages. I. Press & Sons, 1,017 Market St., Philadelphia, Penn.

SALESMAN, paper and twine, Greater New York or vicinity; commission basis; experience necessary; applications strictly confidential. A 129 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, bright, energetic, with good social connections, to sell tires to automobile owners; good salary and commission. R 209 Times.

SALESMAN.—To carry our popular line of novelty leather coats, for men and women; commission or drawing account. Queen Leather Goods Co., 23 East 22d St.

SALESMAN.—First-class clothing salesman; must have best reference; salary and commission. Apply Majestic Tailoring Co., 88 University Place.

SALESMEN for muslin underwear, with good following, for New England States; drawing against commission. V 51 Times.

SALESMEN, sell exporters food specialties; commission basis. Manufacturers, Exporters' Alliance, World Building.

SALESMAN.—Experienced on silks; on strictly commission basis, to call on cutting-up trade. V 848 Times.

SALESMAN for wholesale stationery house; good commission to start; opportunity for worker. Room 1006, 32 Union Square.

SALESMAN.—First-class clothing salesman wanted; salary. M. Florman, 326 Central Av., Jersey City.

SALESMAN, familiar with exporting ladies' ready-to-wear; resident men preferred; commission basis. L. M., 86 Times.

SALESMEN.
A REAL OPPORTUNITY
COMES TO EVERY MAN ONCE.
YOU have an opportunity today to make a connection with the fastest growing sales organization in New York.
The men occupying the BIG POSITION today in any national sales organization are the men connected with that organization at the right time.
Now is the psychological time to make a connection with this company—destined to be one of the largest office appliance companies in the United States.
Our products are manufactured under contract by the COLT'S PATENT FIREARMS CO. of Hartford, Conn.
A limited amount of our preferred stock is being sold in order to take advantage of our rapidly expanding business.
YOU can make more money this year than you ever made before selling this stock on a commission basis, and next year can become settled for life in the merchandising end of the business.
If your credentials are right this is YOUR OPPORTUNITY.
Call TODAY ONLY, BEFORE 3:30 P. M., SUITE 414, 50 EAST 42D ST.

SALESMEN.
HERE'S THE OPPORTUNITY
YOU'VE BEEN LOOKING FOR.
We can place several clean-cut, live-wire salesmen, accustomed to interviewing men of affairs, who can prove from past performances that they are capable of earning at least $7,500 a year.
If you are such a man, we will give you the opportunity of making more money this year, on a commission basis, than you ever made before. And next year, if your work has been satisfactory, you may step into a permanent position in our merchandising department as a district manager, which will pay you from $10,000 to $30,000 per year for the remainder of your active business life.
We are a successful manufacturing corporation with a nationally known product. We want real salesmen, who possess tact and initiative, to call on business men in New York and vicinity (with cards of introduction) and take subscriptions to our offering of 8 per cent. preferred stock, with a common stock bonus. Stock selling experience helpful, but not necessary. We instruct you. If you think you can qualify call after 10 A. M. and before 3:30 P. M., Monday only, or write, stating your experience and qualifications, Suite 414, 50 East 42d St., New York City.

SALESMEN.
Unusual opportunity this week for several live-wire salesmen to connect with rapidly growing national publishing organization; our representatives are making from $40 to $75 on commission weekly; selling experience preferred but not necessary; men leaving the service will find this a splendid chance to establish themselves permanently in a civilian position; immediate advancement to those who make good. Apply to Rutland, 10 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M., Room 1612, 220 West 42d St.

SALESMAN.
Can you earn $5,000 a year?
A corporation leading in its line manufacturing equipment from foundries, machine shops, wherever iron and steel are used, will add a successful salesman to its sales staff.
The qualifications are a high grade personality; proven integrity; record of success and a working knowledge of elementary mechanics, preferably foundry and machine shop practice.
Salary, commission and traveling expenses. Z 389 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—FRENCH IMPORTING HOUSE HAS OPENINGS FOR HIGH-GRADE MAN WITH WIDE ACQUAINTANCE AMONG THE MILLINERY AND DEPARTMENT STORE TRADE IN THE MIDDLE WEST, PITTSBURGH TO OMAHA, TO HANDLE ITS LINE OF RIBBONS, SILKS, VEILINGS, &C.; ONLY APPLICANTS WITH EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE WILL BE CONSIDERED; SALARY AND COMMISSION. ADDRESS FULL PARTICULARS, R. C. 818 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN rugs, carpets; traveling own territory; side line or full line, linoleums, axminsters, rag rugs, fibres, mattings, jute, rubber, &c.; new season prices; top commissions paid weekly; experienced, active, real salesmen making upward of $200 weekly; largest mill line in this country; name territory wanted, what you can do, all in strict confidence, of course. V 375 Times.

SALESMEN to sell stock in a large industrial proposition that is a national necessity; this is an exceptional opportunity for a few good live men to make big money; good leads furnished and co-operation assured. Commission only. Apply between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M., Room 407, 120 Liberty St., N. Y.

SALESMAN.—To a man who has sold merchandise an excellent chance is offered to learn the selling of securities; with our co-operation an industrious man can earn over $5,000 a year commissions; only those seeking a permanent position need apply. K 442 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—An opening is offered by a growing grocery firm for an experienced and capable man; one who has handled the hotel and restaurant trade; splendid opportunity; state references and former connections; salary and commission. A 681 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Prominent cloak and suit house is open to engage Middle Western salesman; must positively be $10,000 a year man; useless to apply unless you can submit convincing evidence of having produced over $150,000 annual sales in Middle Western States; commission basis. B. O., 241 Times.

SALESMAN.—No selling experience necessary; investment firm wants man of good character who, with assistance, can make a large income in commissions; this permanent position means later becoming a manager. K 441 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced and well recommended, to sell aprons in following States: Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Iowa; strictly commission; state full particulars. E. B. Kursheedt Apron Co., 134 West 37th.

SALESMAN—UNLISTED SECURITIES.
Wanted, man able to sell unlisted securities having ample value behind them; liberal commission to right man; no leads furnished. H 711 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted, (photo supply,) to undertake exclusive marketing of new specialty promising large sale locally; salary or commission, or both; don't apply unless thoroughly familiar with photo trade. K 858 Times.

SALESMEN, good appearance, with experience in advertising specialty line, calling on city trade; big money for right men; commission basis. Write, giving full information, Specialty, Box 100, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

SALESMEN
to carry as side line popular-priced juvenile boys' suits in serge, corduroy, and velveteen; all territories; small line; commission. Samuel Bernstein & Sons, 20 West 20th St.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced and well recommended, to sell aprons in State of New York, strictly commission; state full particulars. E. B. Kursheedt Apron Co., 134 West 37th.

SALESMEN.—Silk house, open for side line, men to sell Japanese and Seco silk for every State or large city to the good retail trade on commission basis; also A1 city man. Banner Mills, 27 West 24th St.

SALESMEN wanted; no experience necessary, to sell Edison Mazda nitrogen carbon and Tungsten lamps; big opportunity for the right men; good commission. White Electric Co., 147 Dyckman St.

SALESMAN.—Fine line ladies' neckwear, retail and jobbing, Middle West; only experienced need apply; good opportunity for right party; commission. Gelberg-Chenk, 100 5th Av.

SALESMAN, traveling Western territory; drawing account and commission; acquainted with gents' leather goods; must be a hustler. Write, giving full information, Leather Goods, Box 50, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

SALESMEN wanted to sell chocolate to the retail confectionery and drug trade in Greater New York; salary and commission paid. Address, giving qualifications and references, A 708 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—For Middle West, to handle excellent line of children's and juniors' dresses as side line; commission basis. Address, stating references, R. A. 800 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Established linen house; to sell hotels, restaurants, institutions; must have experience; fine opportunity for right man; salary or commission. K. L. 805 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Experienced, sell sanitary line to drug, theatres, department stores, hotels, and steamship companies; salary and commission. American Sanitary Supply Co., 155 7th Av.

SALESMAN to handle line of infants' coats in the South, Middle, and Far West; good strong line and large representative firm; commission basis. G. P. 810 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, for out of town; handle complete line of men's and boys' hats and caps; commission basis. U. K., 807 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Opening for capable men to sell strong line silk bags to department stores for city and out of town; on commission basis. R. R., 807 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, telephone stock, wanted; must be experienced and have a clientele; salary and commission or commission only. Apply 116 Nassau St., Room 707. Mr. Sweet.

SHIPPING CLERK.—MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND KNOW ALL DETAILS IN HIGH-CLASS WHOLESALE DRESS HOUSE; NO OTHERS NEED APPLY. R. S. 849 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SHIPPING CLERK for export Christian firm, experienced and knowledge of Spanish; $25. The Beers Agency, Flatiron, N. Y.

SODA DISPENSER wanted for permanent position. Apply Standard Drug Co., Hudson Terminal Bldg.

STATEMENT CLERKS.
Young men to work from 4 P. M. to 12 midnight in broker's office, on statements. Apply by letter only. L. H. Ware, 62 B'way.

STENOGRAPHER for suburban newspaper; chance to do reporting. Box K 357 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN.
We can use a few more salesmen whose past record as producers will prove you capable of selling an oil stock of a company with production of 50 wells, paying 10% dividend on present selling price, which will materially increase as result of wells being drilled daily; highest bank references; commission. Call room 311, 512 5th Av.; phone Vanderbilt 5224.

STOCKKEEPER. — BRIGHT YOUNG MAN WANTED IN OUR BUTTON DEPARTMENT; REFERENCE REQUIRED. Z. HORIKOSHI & CO., 115 EAST 23D ST.

TABLETMAKER. — Experienced in granulation and operating
STOKES ROTARY MACHINE
AND COLTON MACHINE.
To an able, experienced man we will pay good salary and give contract. Apply, between 11-12 o'clock, Gramatan Co., 15 East 14th.

TABLET MAN thoroughly experienced in all phases of tablet making; state experience, reference, age, and salary. A. R., 844 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN,
age 25 to 30 years, with advertising ability, initiative, and energy; good copy writer and familiar with details regarding drawings, engravings, and use of printers' ink; excellent opportunity; state qualifications, references, salary. Box Z F., 104 East 14th St.

YOUNG MAN, 18-19, wanted for stationery stock department in a large wholesale woolen house; state age, experience if any, and salary desired. A 722 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in high-class retail store to assist in selling; salary $15 to start, with prospect for good advancement. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience. G 524 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for office work, timekeeper; good opportunity for advancement; state experience, salary, &c.; Bush Terminal vicinity. Y. W., 818 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, to manage export metal department; opportunity for good executive; fullest particulars required. W 611 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in builders' office, to estimate cost and quantities. Call with references Monday, 10:30 to 12, G. R. Davis & Co., 30 East 42d St.

YOUNG MAN, about 17, clerical position in wholesale grocery house; opportunity; $12 to start. W 609 Times Downtown.

YOUTH to assist in seed store and learn the trade; high school graduate preferred; opportunity for advancement. Apply, in own handwriting and state salary required. V 43 Times.

Instruction.

ACCOUNTANT teaches privately bookkeeping, business arithmetic, English, evenings. MONDELL, 280 Madison Av.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.
SPECIAL SATURDAY AFTERNOON.
CLASS IN PUBLIC SPEAKING has first teaching sesion on Saturday, March 22, from 2 to 3:45 P. M.; attend and observe class methods and teaching procedures; no obligation incurred. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for booklet, "Talking to Others," and for further details. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

MEN.—Learn photography; good-paying positions in art, commercial, or motion-picture studios; experts instruct by actual practice in E. Brunel's 20 modern studios; enroll now. E. Brunel Training School of Photography, 1,269 Broadway, at 32d St.

For Commercial or Professional Life—
THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF
SECRETARIES.
Three months' individual instruction; graduates registered. V. M. Wheat, Director. 85 West 42d St. Phone V-4039 for catalogue.

$15
Monday, March 17, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; Positions Guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS.
AUSTRIAN DAIMLER SPORTING 4-PASS.
CADILLAC VICTORIA 1917 COUPE.
CADILLAC 4-PASS., 1917 SPORT MODEL.
CADILLAC 7-PASS., 1915 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
DISBROW SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON SEDAN 1917 SPECIAL JOB.
MERCER 4-PASS., 1917; ALMOST NEW.
STUTZ 4-PASS. 1917, VICTORIA TOP.
BE SURE IT'S HARRIS.
1700 BROADWAY. PHONE CIRCLE 1582.

BARGAINS IN HIGH-CLASS USED CARS.
1917 Kissel Kar Sedan.
1916 Peerless, 7 passenger touring.
1915 Cadillac, 7 passenger touring.
1917 Chalmers, 5 passenger touring.
1917 Oakland, 5 passenger touring.
L. A. D. MOTORS CORP.,
1,491 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.
Telephone 5134 Prospect.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
An exceptional "Before Season" opportunity for the prospective purchaser to buy now before prices go sky high.
Buick 1918, 7 passenger touring.
Buick 1918, coupe.
Buick 1917, roadster.
Cole 1918, 4 passenger sport.
Cadillac 1918, 7 passenger touring.
Cadillac 1917, Victoria, practically new.
Cadillac 1917, roadster.
Cadillac 1917, 7 passenger touring.
Cadillac 1917, 4 passenger chummy.
Hudson 1918, 4 passenger sport.
Hudson 1917, 4 passenger sport.
Locomobile 1917, 7 passenger touring.
Lancia 1914, special 4 passenger roadster.
Mercer 1917, 4 passenger touring.
Marmon 1917, 7 passenger touring.
Packard 1917, 4 passenger, Fleetwood.
Pierce 1918, town landaulet.
Stutz 1918, Bearcat, 16 valve.
Stutz 1917, roadster.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., EST. 1902.
1,676 Broadway. Circle 65. Open Evenings.

BERLIN Dodge Bros. car, newly painted; completely gone over. Bishop, McCormick & Bishop, 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Decatur 4100.

BRISCOE runabout, 1918; exceptionally good condition. Bishop, McCormick & Bishop, 1,243 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Decatur 4100.

BUICK 1917 Sedan, exceptional bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918 touring car, in excellent condition; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 Little 6 touring, bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS.
roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK 1918 seven-passenger, six-cylinder. Smith, 154 West 124th St. Morningside 151.

CADILLAC 1918 SPECIAL 7-PASS. SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 SPECIAL SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 4-PASS. ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
LANCIA 4-PASS. SPECIAL. Brand new.
DANIELS 1917 SPORTING ROADSTER.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood, 4-Pass., Sport.
CHANDLER 1918 TOURING.
MERCER 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING 4.
MERCER 1917 SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPORTING FOUR.
STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
ROAMER 1918 TOWN BROUGHAM.
HUPMOBILE 1917 SPECIAL BROUGHAM.
S. G. V. 1915 FLEETWOOD SPORTING—4.
OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 LANDAULET.
MURRAY 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
ISOTTA FRASCHINI SEDAN, LATEST Imp.
FIAT FLEETWOOD, LATEST Importation.
D. C. BURRELLE,
1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1918 LANDAULET.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
LIBERTY 1917 TOWN CAR.
MARMON "34" SEDAN.
MERCER 1918 RUNABOUT.
MERCER 1917 4-Pass. Touring.
PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Runabout.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 Victoria Coupe, 4 pass.
PIERCE latest model "38" landaulet.
CADILLAC 1917 Chummy, 4 pass.
PACKARD 1917 Roadster, 3 pass.
CADILLAC 1917 Phaeton, 4 pass.
MARMON 1917 Club Roadster, 4 pass.
CADILLAC 1917 Touring, 7 pass.
MERCER 1916, 4 pass.
CADILLAC 1916 Limousine, 7 pass.
PACKARD 1918 Touring Bodies.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

CADILLAC 1916 Touring. Price reasonable. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC, 1917, 4-passenger Sport Touring; wire wheels, new top, slip covers; excellent shape. Oberweger, 136 West 52d.

CADILLAC 1916 cabriolet, exceptionally reasonable. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC, 1917, touring, seven-passenger; big bargain. Lincoln Square Tire Co., 1,900 Broadway. Columbus 9698.

CASE.—Sport model, 4-passenger, of the latest type; never been run; list $2,100, F. O. B. factory; can be bought at bargain price; on view at 12 W. 62d St., 4th floor. C. Johnstone.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

EARLE BROTHERS,
66 Broad St.,
New York, N. Y.
We beg to announce that Mr. Wm. P. Earle, Sr., has, as of January 1, 1919, voluntarily retired from the firm of Earle Brothers, and is no longer a partner in its business. The business will be continued under the same firm name by the undersigned at the same address.
R. W. EARLE,
WM. P. EARLE, Jr.,
H. W. LAIRD,
E. W. LAIRD.

PORTRAIT PAINTER, with distinguished record, will be glad to accept commissions for portraits in oil at very low rates because of financial need. A rare opportunity. He is highly qualified for the work and the canvases he has produced have been most successful. Sittings may be arranged at the convenience of patrons. In the first instance address Artist, Z 330 Times Annex.

CERTIFICATE OF STOCK IN THE COOK & BERNHEIMER COMPANY, issued in the name of J. H. Collins, as follows: No. 129, dated June 13th, 1891, for one share of the preferred stock, having been lost, notice is hereby given that application has been made for issue of new certificate.
J. H. COLLINS.

WANTED TO KNOW THE WHEREABOUTS of Patrick Walsh (Jim) or his wife, Mary Burke, or children, living in New York fourteen years ago; Sister "Nell" inquires. Address Mrs. Frank Riley, 280 Laurier Av., West, Montreal, P. Q.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CHANDLER, 1918, semi-roadster, 4-passenger; like new. Odell, 675 East 170th St., Bronx. Telephone 3637 Tremont.

COLT-STRATTON COMPANY.
100 West 64th St. Telephone Columbus 7100.
Fifth floor.
USED CARS WHICH ARE WORTHY OF INVESTIGATION.

3 Dodge Brothers Touring Cars.	
1 Dodge Brothers Jitney Bus.	
1 Apperson Touring	$400.00
2 Ford Deliveries, each	200.00
2 Ford Deliveries, each	235.00
2 Ford Union 1½-ton chassis with cab	
1 Ford Delivery	250.00
1 Ford Touring	310.00
1 Ford Touring	400.00
1 Overland Touring, (1918)	500.00
1 Paige Roadster	200.00
1 Vim Delivery, Model D 20	275.00
1 Vim Delivery, Model D 20	400.00

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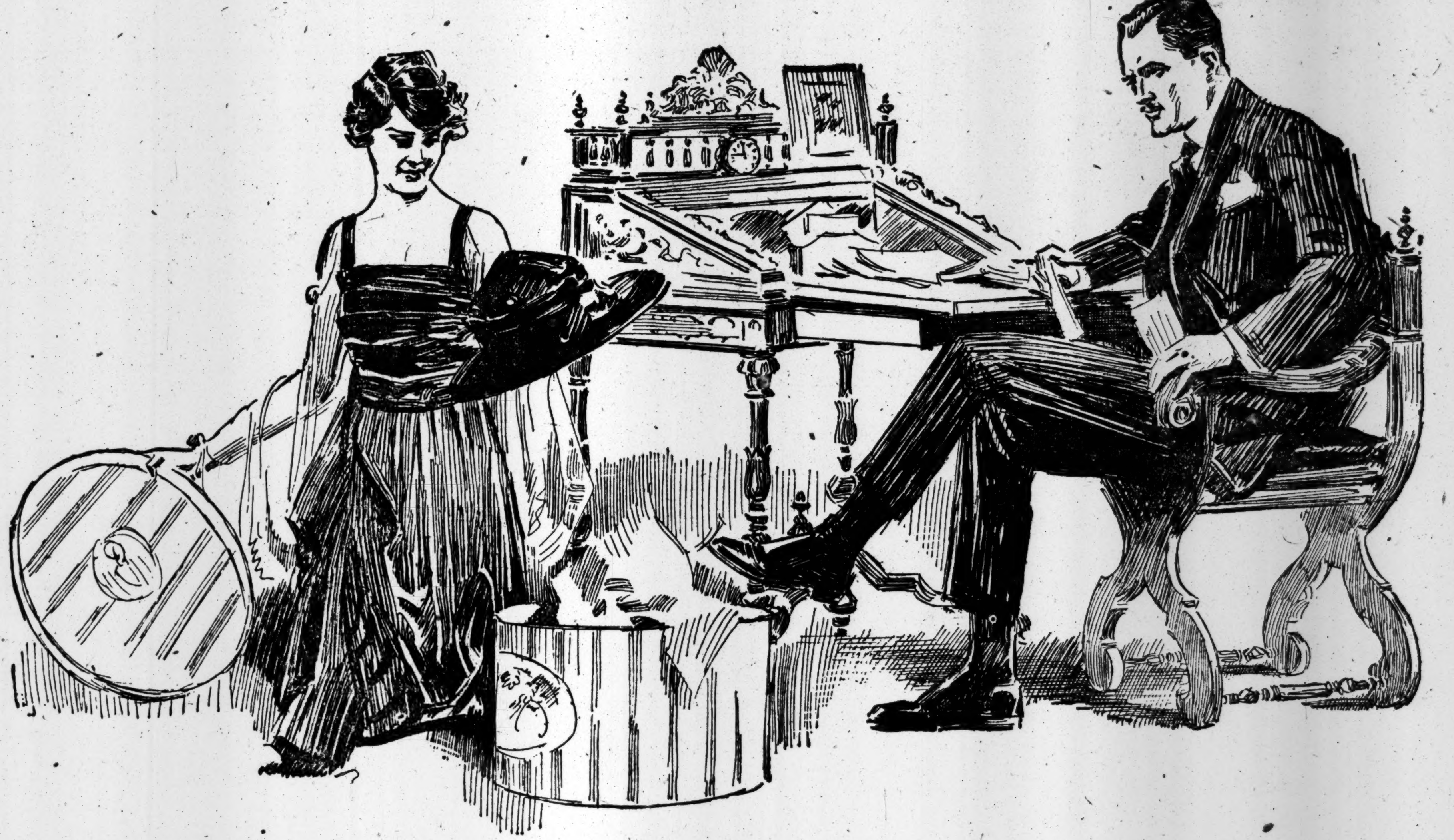

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